

JOHN W. SCOTT, Publisher.

CENTR D'ALENE, IDAHO

PACIFIC COAST.

Two Indians Kidnap a White Girl.

SALVATION ARMY AT RENO.

Sacramento Dressmakers and Factory Girls to Organize—N. P. R. R. Expenditures.

Work on San Jose's new postoffice will begin next month.

The Salvation Army is credited with good work at Reno.

The Oregonian says Portland's city jail is the filthiest outside of Siberia.

Recent frosts damaged oranges near Ventura to the extent of \$80,000.

The dressmakers and factory girls of Sacramento are to organize a labor union.

The Sacramento brewery has been seized by order of Colonel Byington for a violation of the internal-revenue laws.

A company has been formed to build and operate an electric-light system in Springfield, Or. The capital stock is \$10,000.

Robberies are almost of nightly occurrence at Albuquerque, N. M., and the police are baffled in their efforts to obtain a clue.

Fort Benton, Mont., is to be left five miles from the railroad. It a year ago had a population of 2,000, but it has dwindled to 200.

The body of Joseph Klein, recently lost in the Sierra Nevada between Placererville, Cal., and Carson, Nev., has been found. It was partly mutilated by wild animals.

The rains have raised the water in Salton Lake to an extent nearly as great as last spring. The Gila river is rising, which affects the Colorado and also Salton Lake.

It is rumored that the town of Beaumont on the summit of San Geronimo Pass, Los Angeles county, Cal., has been sold to an English syndicate. The sum named is \$500,000.

The decision in the Stork divorce case at Santa Barbara leaves the case just as it stood before suit was brought. Yda Adla Stork sought separate maintenance, and alimony.

Bradstreet's mercantile agency reports eighty-six failures in the Pacific Coast States and Territories during January, as compared with 108 the previous month and 128 the corresponding month of last year.

Michael Denzer of Davisville has fought suit against the Directors of the California State Agricultural Society for damages. He was injured by the collapse of some seats during the annual convention.

The Palmdale Short Line railroad is to be extended five miles from the Pacific to Palu Valley county, has been sold to an English syndicate. The sum named is \$500,000.

The present fruit growers about Palmdale have manifested considerable interest in the reported scheme of Henry Henthau and P. B. Armstrong of New York to consolidate California fruit farms into an enormous association.

The Board of Directors of the Tulare irrigation district has decided by a vote of 4 to 1 to purchase the Kaweah canal and irrigation system for \$150,000 in bonds of the district. They also have unanimously voted to purchase the Cameron and Rocky Ford system for \$20,000.

Two Indians in Verde Valley, A. T., having taken possession of a white girl, stopped at a ranch, when the girl rescued the person living there to rescue her. The ranch owner gave the alarm and the Indians left, and a posse was organized and started after the Indians to release the girl.

Ogden, Utah, is to have a grand brass and military band tournament by the 15th and 16th. It is to be a Western affair, in which bands from San Francisco, Portland, Butte, Helena, Denver, Salt Lake and others within a radius of 1,000 miles of Ogden are invited to participate. There will be \$2,500 put up in prizes, the first prize being \$1,000 and the others grading down to \$50.

The total expenditures of the Northern Pacific in Oregon, Washington and Idaho for 1901, took up \$3,292,800, of which \$750,000 is in new construction; \$482,000 in buildings, chiefly shops at Astoria; the remainder comprises the filling of ditches, the lining of the Cascades Mountain tunnel with masonry and iron and stone on bridges. One hundred and twenty-five miles of new road have been constructed.

The Liberals still hold their power at Salt Lake, notwithstanding the attempt to divide the Territory into national party lines. At the municipal election recently the total vote of the city was 8,178. Neobich's (the Liberal) vote was 4,900; the Democratic vote, 2,766; and the Republican vote, 852. Liberal plurality, 1,794. The Liberal majority over all was 1,147. These figures are the returns for Mayor.

The Los Angeles Times says: Congressmen Bowers has been advising California raisinmakers through the medium of a Redlands paper to pack their product as an imported article, labeling it "Malaga," because, he says, the United States demands imported raisins. This is the poorest kind of short-sighted advice. How can a section ever build up a reputation and get good prices for its products while thus selling under borrowed colors? Such advice is especially foolish just now, when California raisins are beginning to drive the imported article out.

The excitement created in San Diego by several incendiary fires rather in excess than diminishes, one of the best buildings there, early the other morning found a lighted lamp almost under her bed. Attached to the lamp was a coil of rope near the window, the intention being evidently to throw the rope out of the window, then from the outside pull the rope and upset the lamp. The villain, however, was evidently scared off. All the hotels, lodging houses and public buildings are well guarded.

Education of the Rising Generation for Useful Employments One of the Greatest Needs.

Among the many proposed additions to Columbia College is a new school to be known as the school of pure science.

The winter term of the Ohio Wesleyan University has opened with the largest enrollment in its history. The attendance for the year will be between 1,100 and 1,200.

It is stated that the recent bequest of \$300,000 from Mrs. Stuart of New York makes Princeton Theological Seminary attendance the largest in its history in the country.

The first feminine candidate to pass the Alabama State medical examination—said to have been an unusually severe written examination—Mrs. H. T. Dillon, a colored woman.

The University of Michigan is to have a school of music. Sufficient subscriptions have been made to secure it. The new school will raise the attendance at the university to over 3,000.

By the will of Richard Berridge, who lately died in England, \$1,000,000 were bequeathed for educational purposes.

One-fourth of each amount of \$250,000 is to be employed exclusively in the teaching of cookery in voluntary schools of England and Wales.

There are at present maintained in Massachusetts 7,239 public schools, taught by 9,277 teachers, which allows \$1.25 for each child.

The schools are supported by a yearly expenditure of more than \$85,000,000. Nearly 90 per cent. of all the children in the state of school age are in regular attendance upon these schools.

Included in the above are 244 high schools, with an average attendance of 20,291 pupils.

Gradually and slowly women are being employed as teachers in the public schools of Germany. From the official statistics of Saxony it appears that the teaching force in the elementary Protestant schools, 2,171 in number, with an attendance of 573,393 consists of 285 directors or principals, 7,823 male teachers and 236 female teachers. The Catholic public and private schools, 125 in number, with an attendance of 12,131, have a teaching force of 7 directors, 112 male teachers and 17 female teachers.

In the high schools of the kingdom there are 79,270 pupils, among them only 1,462 girls.

The growth of the educational system of New York State is interestingly set forth by Hon. A. S. Draper, Superintendent of Public Instruction. The number of children of school age in the State in 1861 was 1,338,167 and in 1891, 1,821,773.

In 1861 there were 423,79 school children in the cities and 915,988 in the towns; in 1891 the number in the cities had grown to 1,074,631, and in the towns had fallen to 747,143. The cities increased 154 per cent., and the towns declined 18 per cent.

The increase of attendance in the cities in the thirty years was from 270,225 to 512,096, or 80 per cent., while in the towns the decline was from 601,928 to 235,047, or a fraction of 10 per cent.

One of the greatest needs of the age is the education of the rising generation for useful employments. This can be done by express messengers.

At a hearing before the House Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures, Leonard R. Howe, representing the American farmer, was asked to state the reasons why the government should not issue a coinage of silver.

He said that the free coinage of silver would go a great way toward bringing it to its former value, and that if all that is said against it were true, the farmer would not lose anything because there was no time when the farmer fared so well as in 1865, when there was depreciated currency.

He is a railroad company's Little Rock, Ark., to recover \$50,000 damages for the loss of her husband, who was killed on the cars by a maniac.

According to the assertions of the American Colonization Society, 1,000,000 colored people are seriously looking toward a change of residence from the United States to Africa.

Lebanon, Mo., is at present the scene of the trial of a murderer named Howard, who is said to have committed four or five murders, and whose last offense is the killing of a poor deaf mute.

All the Jewish-American papers speak of the failure of the appeal recently made to the people of New York, irrespective of creed, to contribute to the fund in aid of the Russian-Jewish immigrants.

Senator Proctor has introduced a bill authorizing the enlistment in the regular army of 3,000 Indians under the same conditions that govern the enlistment of other persons, the strength of the army to be increased to that extent.

The State Treasurer of Georgia has begun the payment of the Confederate widows' pensions. This tax upon the Legislature, entails an annual tax of \$1,000,000. There are 4,000 widows on the rolls.

The Ohio Legislature is struggling with a bill providing for two-cent rate of road fare. For more than twenty-five years the legal passenger rate in Ohio has remained at 3 cents per mile, while freight rates have in the same period declined one-half.

A bill repealing the act requiring life-saving appliances on steamers, so far as it relates to carrying of line-carrying projectiles and the means of propelling them on the lakes, being exclusively on the lake, being a marine act, was passed by the United States, was passed by the Senate at Washington.

A huge coal syndicate is reported to have been formed at New York. The coal-producing companies are to be placed under a board of control, which would establish joint agencies for the sale of the output, thus abolishing the present system of separate State agents and prevailing competition.

The examination of Henry Rossett, clerk in-Major (overman) office, in the court-martial case at Cleveland, O., has brought out the fact that Rossett was the employ of the Domestic Sewing Machine Company in Chicago in 1886 a heavy defaulter. As cashier and book-keeper of the company's Chicago office he sank \$2,000 of their money in a wheat speculation. It is stated the matter was kept out of the newspapers; that not even his most intimate friends or relatives knew of it until the unwelcome admission of Rossett, and that the loss had long since been made good.

A child is reported to have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mortimer at Omaha that is white to the mid-way line and coal black from there down, with the exception of his left limb and foot from below the knee. That portion of the child that is white is dotted here and there with black spots of varying degrees of shade. There are fifteen spots on the face, nearly as many more on the scalp, and more are scattered over the shoulders, arms and body. The left leg below the knee is liberally spotted with black down to the foot and the toes. The parents are healthy, and no negro blood is in the veins of either.

A Peculiar Child Born in Nebraska.

IMMENSE COAL SYNDICATE.

Underclothing of Good Quality Made From Wood Fiber—Negroes to Go to Africa.

The barb-wire trap has collapsed. The Cherokee Strip will be opened in the near future.

The Memphis bridge will be ready for traffic by May 1.

Florida's orange crop was not injured by the late frost.

Mississippi's Legislature meets only once in four years.

Leap Year is the name of a new post-office in Tennessee.

The next river and harbor bill will carry about \$10,000,000.

Philadelphia is to try the pneumatic tube system for mail soon.

A movement is on foot for a permanent Mexican exposition at New York. Chinese the East are very restless. They shift continually from city to city.

The Inman Steamship Company has leased a new and valuable pier at New York.

Indian school students have gone from Carlsbad to Utah as United States soldiers.

The price for cotton in the South is lower than it has been for forty-seven years.

A colored man took an oath in a Kansas court the other day that he was 17 years old.

The European claims agency—E. Ross, manager—at New York is said to be a swindling concern.

Lake Erie is frozen over from the American to the Canadian shore for the first time in six years.

Underclothing of good quality made from a wood fiber is being made, it is said, by a factory in Michigan.

The American bridge manufacturers' combination has been declared illegal by the Supreme Court of New Jersey.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has recommended an allotment of lands in severalty for the Utes in Colorado.

The Court of Claims has affirmed the right of the Postmaster-general to annul contracts made without his approval.

The Commercial Exchange of Kansas City objects to the grain inspection by the Missouri Warehouse Commissioners.

It is said a factory will be built at Anderson, Ind., to employ 1,000 hands and to make aluminum for 25 cents a pound.

Howard Murphy, Missouri farmer, has invented a coal-burner, which he proposes to pay for street improvements.

The Pennsylvania State Penitentiary has reported favorable results from the Pennsylvania State Penitentiary claim bill appropriating \$3,447,345.

Philadelphia's death rate is slowly decreasing, but it is still very far above normal, with diphtheria and influenza as prominent factors in keeping it as high as it is.

A woman has brought suit against a railroad company at Little Rock, Ark., to recover \$50,000 damages for the loss of her husband, who was killed on the cars by a maniac.

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An Attempt to Compromise the Question of Mineral Lands Along the Northern Pacific.

The Committee on Rules has decided there should be an investigation made into the management of the pension office.

Boomers to the number of 20,000 are making arrangements to move to the Cherokee Strip, where the Congress takes action toward opening it before then.

The House Committee on Naval Affairs has ordered a bill to provide for the construction of a dry dock at Algiers, La., favorably reported, with an amendment limiting the total cost to \$40,000.

Representative Johnson of North Dakota has written a letter to the President urging the appointment of John M. Langston of Virginia as Judge of the Court of Claims. Mr. Langston is a colored man, and won a seat in the last Congress.

The annual estimates of farm animals considered from the local returns of January to the Department of Agriculture indicate an increase of each kind of from 3 to 4 per cent. of sheep, swine and horses; about 2 per cent. in cattle, and scarcely 1 per cent. in mules.

The President has sent to the Senate the following nomination: Walter H. Sanborn of Minnesota, United States Circuit Judge for the Eighth Judicial District; John H. Burford, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Oklahoma; William A. Kelly of Oregon, to be Commissioner in and for the district of Alaska, to reside at Wrangell.

The Secretary of the Interior has appointed A. G. Connor, appointment clerk of the department, and George Evans, disbursing officer, to examine into the condition of the work of the census office under the last administration. The Secretary states he has no suspicion of wrong doing, and he takes this course to satisfy himself as to the exact condition of the office.

Secretary Noble has telegraphed the special land inspector at El Reno, Oklahoma, where a lot of leasing is being done, that notice for a review of the Foreman case had been filed in the department, and until the question was decided Foreman's rights must hold good.

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Jesuits to be Readmitted to Germany.

KANGAROOS IN AUSTRIA.

Eminent Physicians Think Cigarettes the Cause of the Death of the Duke of Clarence.

Anarchists are active throughout Spain.

Heavy floods are reported in Northern Spain.

Influenza cases are rapidly decreasing in London.

Berlin bankers are arranging for the redemption of a \$90,000,000 loan.

Readmission of Jesuits to Germany will be approved by the government.

France's wine of 1891 will be the best since 1884, and there was much of it.

Australians have begun to raise and herd kangaroos as they would sheep.

Edinburgh ladies are collecting money to erect a statue to Mary Queen of Scots.

Queen Victoria is to give the title of "Duke of London" to Prince George of Wales.

The savings banks of France have 5,748,000 depositors with 2,911,000,000 francs due them.

The grand total of charitable bequests in England last year, excluding Baron Hirsch's, was \$15,000,000.

In advocating the German school bill Chancellor Caprivi said atheism is the greatest danger of the future.

The continuance of the strike at Bilbao, Spain, is chiefly due to women inciting the strikers not to yield.

The Stockholm Chamber of Commerce has declared that the whole of Germany is infested with the foot and mouth disease.

Additional government relief to the amount of 90,000,000 rubles has been ordered for the Russian famine-stricken districts.

The French expedition under Colonel Humbert in Senegal has had further engagements with Chief Samory. The enemy was routed.

The sale of live hogs has been stopped in the Atlanta (Georgia) market in consequence of the rapid increase of disease among them.

The United States government is about to send a steamer to the islands of the Pacific by means of a submarine cable.

The story of the London correspondent at Valparaiso that Minister Kain's residence is guarded is pronounced wholly without foundation.

The underground electric railway in London has more traffic than it can conveniently manage, and great complaint is made on account of the inadequate facilities.

The London postoffice employs 4,000 letter carriers, with wages ranging from \$2.75 to \$4 a week. Besides the regulars there are 1,000 casual carriers, paid according to their work.

The greatest sailing vessel of Germany has been launched at Goestemünde. It is built of steel entirely—335 feet long, 45 feet wide, 25 feet deep. It is of 4,500 tons burden.

The foot and mouth disease has been discovered among the animals imported into England from Denmark and the entry of Danish cattle has been prohibited through the kingdom.

The French expedition in Senegal is two battalions with Chief Samory lost on the coast, and a number of men killed and three wounded. The enemy losing 100 killed and 200 wounded.

The Chinese government is paying 100,000,000 taels for the killing of foreigners and the destruction of their property during the recent military riots in Mongolia.

The new government of Brazil has suspended the execution of the sentence of the property belonging to the Princess Isabella and other members of the family of the late Emperor.

Advices from China show that at the Mongolian Mandarins who aided the recent outbreak in Northeast China or did not assist the government in the suppression of the revolt have been discharged from office.

A superb new bridge has been constructed in Rome over the Tiber, and it is considered one of the best modern works in the city. It has been christened by the Margherita by their majesties of Italy.

Siemens, the Berlin electrician, will spend \$25,000,000 on the first exhibit at the World's Fair. At first he asked for space to erect a building, but he has been able to secure this, and he has 70,000 square feet of space.

The cutter of the Grand Fleet, Nonsuch, which was wrecked at the mouth of the River Neve, has been refitted and is now in the harbor of the Admiralty.