

THE CHALLIS MESSENGER

D. DILLINGHAM Editor and Pub.

Published every Wednesday.

Entered at the postoffice at Challis, Idaho, as second class mail-matter

ALIAS SUMMONS

In the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for Custer County

Margaret Strong, Plaintiff vs. J. W. Strong, Defendant

The State of Idaho sends greetings to J. W. Strong, defendant:

You are hereby notified that a complaint has been filed against you in the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District of the State of Idaho, in and for Custer County, by the above-named plaintiff, and you are hereby directed to appear and answer the said complaint within twenty days of the date of this summons if served with it in said Judicial District, and within forty days if served elsewhere; and you are further notified that unless you so appear and answer said complaint within the time herein specified the plaintiff will take judgment against you as prayed in said complaint. Said action is brought to dissolve the bonds of matrimony between plaintiff and defendant and for plaintiff to have custody of James B. Strong, the minor child the issue of the marriage between plaintiff and defendant.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court this 5th day of October, 1918. Seal E. J. MICHAEL, Clerk W. W. Adamson, Attorney for plaintiff residing at Challis, Idaho 09 n18

Compulsory School Law

Section 150. In all districts of this State, all parents, guardian, and other persons having care of children shall instruct them, or cause them to be instructed, in reading, writing, spelling, English Grammar, geography and arithmetic. In such districts, every parent, guardian, or other person having charge of any child between the ages of eight (8) and sixteen (16) years shall send such child to a public, private or parochial school for the entire school year during which the public schools are in session in such district; Provided, however: That this chapter shall not apply to children over fifteen (15) years of age, where such child shall have completed the eighth (8) grade, or may be eligible to enter any high school in such district, or where his help is needed for its own use or its parents support, or where for good cause shown it would be for the best interest of such child to be relieved from the provisions of this chapter. Provided, further, that if a reputable physician within the district shall certify in writing that the child's bodily or mental condition does not permit its attendance at school, such child shall be exempt during such period of disability from the requirements of this chapter. It shall be the duty of the superintendent of the school district, if there be such superintendent, and if not, then the county superintendent of schools, to hear and determine all applications of children desiring, for any of the causes mentioned here, to be exempted from the provisions of this chapter, and if upon such application, such superintendent, hearing the same, shall be of the opinion that such child for any reason is entitled to be exempted as aforesaid, then such superintendent shall issue a written permit to such child, stating therein his reasons for such exemption. An appeal may be taken from the decision of such superintendent as passing upon such application, to the probate court of the county in which such district lies, upon such child making such application and filing the same with the clerk or judge of said court, within ten days after its refusal by such superintendent, for which no fee to exceed the sum of One Dollar (\$1.00) shall be charged, and the decision of the probate court shall be final. An application for release from the provisions of this chapter shall not be renewed oftener than once in three months.

State of Idaho, this being the place fixed for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated October 28th, 1918. E. W. HOVEY, Trustee of the Estate of K. D. Williams, deceased. 023 n20

WARRANT CALL

The following warrants against Custer County, Idaho, will be paid if presented within sixty days from the date of this notice.

CURRENT EXPENSE FUND Nos. 45 to 71 inclusive. Issued April 12th, 1918.

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND Nos. 1 to 40 inclusive. Issued April 12th, 1918.

Nos. 41 to 83 inclusive. Issued July 11, 1918

Interest ceases in ten days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Challis, Idaho, Oct. 18, 1918.

Alice B. Chamberlain, County Treasurer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Serial No. 014151 Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Halley, Idaho October 5, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that John C. Oiler, of Challis, Idaho, who, on October 24, 1913, made Desert Land Entry, No. 014181, for Lot 1; SE 1/4 NE 1/4, Section 20, Township 14 North, Range 19 East, Boise Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Joseph H. Horton, United States Commissioner, at Challis, Idaho, on the 21st day of November, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: George Ceryell, Jonathan Job, Robert A. Finlay, Ralph Baxter, all of Challis, Idaho. BEN R. GRAY, 016 n20 Register

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Probate Court of Custer County State of Idaho. In the matter of the estate of Chris Peterson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the Estate of Chris Peterson, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to said administrator at the law office of W. W. Adamson, in Challis, Idaho. The same being the place for, the transaction of business of said estate.

Dated October 14th, 1918. WILLIAM GRINNELL Administrator W. W. Adamson, Attorney for said administrator and estate 016 n20

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Charles Raine, Deceased

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, I. U. Hager, Administrator of the estate of Charles Raine, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, at the office of George L. Ambrose, attorney for the said I. U. Hager Administrator, at Mackay, County of Custer, State of Idaho, this being the place fixed for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated Oct. 1st, 1918. 023 n20 I. U. HAGER

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of E. A. Dougherty, Deceased Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Earl J. Michael, Administrator of the estate of E. A. Dougherty, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Earl J. Michael, Challis, County of Custer, State of Idaho, this being the place fixed for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated September 28th., 1918. 023 n20 EARL J. MICHAEL

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Albert S. Harper, Deceased Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Administrator of the Estate of Albert S. Harper, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to E. W. Hovey, Administrator, at the First State Bank of Challis, County of Custer, State of Idaho, this being the place fixed for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated Oct 25nd., 1918. 023 n20 E. W. HOVEY, Administrator

APPLICATIONS FOR GRAZING PERMITS

Notice is hereby given that beginners' applications for permits to graze cattle, horses and sheep within the Lemhi National Forest, during the season of 1919, must be filed at my office at Mackay, Idaho, on or before October 15, 1918. Blank forms to be used in making applications and full information will be furnished upon request. This notice does not apply to present permittees.—O. F. EVANS, Forest Supervisor. 0-31 01

SEALED BIDS

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county commissioners of Custer county, Idaho, at the regular January, 1919, meeting of said board for the necessary newspaper printing for Custer county for the years 1919 and 1920. Said printing to consist of all legal notices and publications of whatsoever kind required by law to be published, for which Custer county would be legally liable, all publications made by order of the board of county commissioners and the auditor's financial statement if not less than 100 copies in pamphlet form; all statements or notices of any county officer, including the printing and furnishing of all election tickets and election supplies required for all general or special elections held during the years of 1919 and 1920.

Bids must be sealed and addressed to the board of county commissioners, marked "Proposals for County Printing," and filed with the clerk on or before January 13th, 1919.

Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the board. _____, Chairman. _____, Clerk.

SEALED BIDS

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county commissioners of Custer county, Idaho, at the regular January, 1919, meeting of said board, for the care and maintenance of the indigent sick and otherwise dependent poor of Custer county, Idaho, for the years 1919 and 1920.

The person whose bid may be accepted will be required to enter into a contract to provide a suitable building to be used as a hospital; to furnish proper food and clothing, lodging and other necessities; to furnish all necessary medicines, medical and surgical appliances, including nurses, in fact to assume all the responsibility of Custer county in the care of the persons committed to his charge as care taker of the indigent sick and otherwise dependent poor of Custer county, including the decent interment of all persons who may die in the county hospital, or while a county charge.

Also to furnish all medicines, medical and surgical attendance and appliances to persons confined in the county jail.

All bids must be sealed and marked, "Proposals for Care of County Poor," and filed with the clerk on or before January 13th, 1919.

Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the board. _____, Chairman. _____, Clerk.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Serial No. 020056 Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Halley, Idaho, October 16, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that John Q. Adams, of Challis, Ida, father of John Q. Adams, Jr, now deceased, of Challis, Idaho, who, on November 2, 1917, made Desert Land Entry, No. 020056, for SE 1/4 NW 1/4, NE 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 32, Township 14 North, Range 19 East, Boise Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Joseph H. Horton, U. S. Land Commissioner, at Challis, Custer County, Idaho, on the 11th day of December, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Harry Waters, Thomas Horton, Frank Nickerson, Everett Baxter, all of Challis, Idaho. BEN R. GRAY, n6 d11 Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Serial No. 016065 Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Halley, Idaho, October 18, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Ward Jones, of Challis, Idaho, who, on January 17th, 1912, made Forest Homestead Entry, No. 016065, for a tract of 137.77 acres within the Challis National Forest, embraced in Homestead Entry Survey No. 264, List 4-603, in section 20, unsurveyed township 17 north, range 19 east, Boise Meridian, more particularly described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at corner No. 1 from whence United States Location Monument No. 70 bears south 37° 20' west 40.47 chains distant; thence south 88° 19' east 28.06 chains to corner No. 2; thence north 8° 22' east 19.10 chains to corner No. 3; thence north 31° 05' east 44.26 chains to corner No. 4; thence north 4° 44' east 21.2' chains to corner No. 5; thence south 85° 16' west 5.15 chains to corner No. 6; thence south 20° 27' west 21.18 chains to corner No. 7; thence south 37° 43' west 63.13 chains to corner No. 8; thence south 0° 43' west 8.42 chains to corner No. 1 the place of beginning, has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Joseph H. Horton, United States Commissioner, at Challis, Idaho, on the 10th day of December, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles Dewitt, John W. Stephens, Earl Milek, Erik Bursaidt, all of Challis, Idaho. BEN R. GRAY, n6 d4 Register

We can turn out anything in the printing line that you need, at a price as low as any one, quality, material and workmanship considered. Come in and see us before placing your order elsewhere.

STEADIER HOG MARKETS PLANNED Hog Producers and Packers Confer With Representatives of the Food Administration and Agricultural Department and Adopt New Plan of Regulation.

In accordance with the policy of the Food Administration since its foundation to consult representative men in the agricultural industry on occasions of importance to special branches of the industry, on October 24 there was convened in Washington a meeting of the Live Stock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board and the special members representing the swine industry to consider the situation in the hog market.

The conference lasted for three days, and during this time met with the executive committee of the fifty packing firms participating in foreign orders for pork products and with the members of the Food Administration directing foreign pork purchases.

The conclusions of the conference were as follows:

The entire marketing situation has so changed since the September joint conference as to necessitate an entire alteration in the plans of price stabilization. The current peace talk has alarmed the holders of corn, and there has been a price decline of from 25 cents to 40 cents per bushel. The fact that the accumulations of low priced corn in the Argentine and South Africa would, upon the advent of peace and liberated shipping, become available to the European market has created a great deal of apprehension on the part of corn holders. This decline has spread fear among swine growers that a similar reduction in the prices of hogs would naturally follow. Moreover, the lower range of corn prices would, if incorporated in a 13-to-1 ratio, obviously result in a continuously falling price for live hogs. In view of these changed conditions many swine producers anticipated lower prices and as a result rushed their hogs to market in large numbers, and this overshipment has added to and aggravated the decline.

The information of the Department of Agriculture indicates that the supply of hogs has increased about 8 per cent, while the highest unofficial estimate does not exceed 15 per cent. increased production over last year. On the other hand, the arrival of hogs during the last three weeks in the seven great markets has been 27 per cent. more than last year, during the corresponding period, demonstrating the unusually heavy marketing of the available supply. In the face of the excessive receipts some packers have not maintained the price agreed last month. On the other hand, many of the packers have paid over the price offered to them in an endeavor to maintain the agreed price. The result in any event has been a failure to maintain the October price basis determined upon at the September conference and undertaken by the packers. Another factor contributing to the break in prices during the month has been the influenza epidemic; it has sharply curtailed consumption of pork products and temporarily decreased the labor staff of the packers about 25 per cent.

The exports of 130,000,000 pounds of pork products for October compared with about 52,000,000 pounds in October a year ago, and the export orders placeable by the Food Administration for November, amount to 170,000,000 pounds as contrasted with the lesser exports of 95,000,000 for November, 1917. The increased demands of the allies are continuing, and are in themselves proof of the necessity for the large production for which the Food Administration asked. The increase in export demands appears to be amply sufficient to take up the increase in hog production, but unfavorable market conditions existing in October afford no fair index of the aggregate supply and demand.

It must be evident that the enormous shortage in fats in the Central Empires and neutral countries would immediately upon peace result in additional demands for pork products which, on top of the heavy shipments to the Allies, would tend materially to increase the American exports, inasmuch as no considerable reservoir of supplies exists outside of the United States. It seems probable that the present prospective supplies would be inadequate to meet this world demand with the return to peace. So far as it is possible to interpret this fact, it appears that there should be even a stronger demand for pork products after the war, and therefore any alarm of hog producers as to the effect of peace is unwarranted by the outlook.

In the light of these circumstances it is the conclusion of the conference that attempts to hold the price of hogs to the price of corn may work out to the disadvantage of pork producers. It is the conclusion that any interpretation of the formula should be a broad gauged policy applied over a long period. It is the opinion of the conference that in substitution of the previous plans of stabilization the Live Stock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board, together with the specially invited swine representatives, should accept the invitation of the Food Administration to join with the Administration and the packers in determining the prices at which controlled export orders are to be placed. This will be regularly done. The influence of these orders will be directed to the maintenance of the common object—namely, the stabilization of the price of live hogs so as to secure as far as it is possible fair returns to the

producer and the insurance of an adequate future supply. These foreign orders are placed upon the basis of cost of hogs to the packers. As the result of long negotiations between this body and the Packers' Committee, representing the 45 to 50 packers participating in foreign orders, together with the Allied buyers, all under the Chairmanship of the Food Administration, the following undertaking has been given by the packers: In view of the undertakings on the part of the Food Administration with regard to the co-ordinated purchases of pork products, covered in the attached, it is agreed that the packers participating in these orders will undertake not to purchase hogs for less than the following agreed minimums for the month of November, that is a daily minimum of \$17.50 per hundred pounds on average of packers' droves, excluding throw-outs. "Throw-outs" to be defined as pigs under 130 pounds, stags, boars, thin sows and skips. Further, that no hogs of any kind shall be bought, except throw-outs, at less than \$16.50 per hundred pounds. The average of packers' droves to be construed as the average of the total sales in the market of all hogs for a given day. All the above to be based on Chicago. We agree that a committee shall be appointed by the Food Administration to check the daily operations in the various markets with a view to supervision and demonstration of the carrying out of the above. The ability of the packers to carry out this arrangement will depend on there being a normal marketing of hogs based upon the proportionate increase over the receipts of last year. The increase in production appears to be a maximum of about 15 per cent, and we can handle such an increase. If the producers of hogs should, as they have in the past few weeks, prematurely market hogs in such increasing numbers over the above it is entirely beyond the ability of the packers to maintain these minimums, and therefore we must have the co-operation of the producer himself to maintain these results. It is a physical impossibility for the capacity of the packing houses to handle a similar over-flood of hogs and to find a market for the output. The packers are anxious to co-operate with the producers in maintaining a stabilization of price and to see that producers receive a fair price for their products. (Signed) THOS. E. WILSON, Chairman Packers' Committee. The plan embodied above was adopted by the conference. The Food Administrator has appointed a committee, comprising Mr. Thomas E. Wilson, chairman of the Packers' Committee; Mr. Everett Brown, president of the Chicago Livestock Exchange; Major Roy of the Food Administration, Mr. Louis D. Hall of the Bureau of Markets, to undertake the supervision of the execution of the plan in the various markets. Commission men are asked to co-operate in carrying out the plan embodied in the packers' agreement. It must be evident that offers by commission men to sell hogs below the minimum established above is not fair, either to the producer or the participating packers. Mr. Brown has undertaken on behalf of the commission men in the United States that they will loyally support the plan. It is believed by the conference that this new plan, based as it is upon a positive minimum basis, will bring better results to the producer than average prices for the month. It does not limit top prices and should narrow the margins necessary to country buyers in more variable markets. It is believed that the plan should work out close to \$16 average. Swine producers of the country will contribute to their own interest by not flooding the market, for it must be evident that if an excessive over percentage of hogs is marketed in any one month price stabilization and control cannot succeed, and it is certain that producers themselves can contribute materially to the efforts of the conferences if they will do their marketing in as normal a way as possible. The whole situation as existing at present demands a frank and explicit assurance from the conferees represented—namely, that every possible effort will be made to maintain a live hog price commensurate with swine production costs and reasonable selling values in execution of the declared policy of the Food Administration to use every agency in its control to secure justice to the farmer. The stabilization methods adopted for November represent the best efforts of the conference, concurred in by the Food Administration and the

Livestock Subcommittee of the Agricultural Advisory Board, together with special swine members and the representatives of the packers, to improve the present unsatisfactory situation, which has unfortunately resulted because of the injection of uncontrollable factors.

We ask the producer to co-operate with us in a most difficult task. The members of the Conference were:

Producers—H. C. Stuart, Elk Garden, Va., Chairman Agricultural Advisory Board; W. M. McFadden, Chicago, Ill.; A. Sykes, Ida Grove, Ia.; John M. Eppard, Ames, Ia.; J. H. Mercer, Live Stock Commission for Kansas; J. G. Brown, Monon, Ind.; E. G. Brown, President Chicago Livestock Exchange; N. H. Gentry, Sedalia, Mo.; John Grattan Broomfield, Colo.; Eugene Funk, Bloomington, Ill.; James Lincoln, Aberdeen, S. D.; C. W. Hunt, Logan, Ia.; C. E. Yancey, W. R. Dodson.

Food Administration—Herbert Hoover, F. S. Snyder, Major E. L. Roy, G. H. Powell.

Department of Agriculture—Louis D. Hall, F. R. Marshall.

The packers present and others sharing in foreign orders were represented by the elected packers' committee. Those represented were:

Packers—Armour & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cudahy Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Morris & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Swift & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Wilson & Co., Chicago, Ill.; John Agar Co., Chicago, Ill.; Armstrong Packing Co., Dallas, Tex.; Boyd Dunham & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Brennan Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati Abattoir Co., Cincinnati, O.; Cleveland Provisions Co., Cleveland, O.; Cudahy Bros. Co., Cudahy, Wis.; J. Dold Packing Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Dunlevy Packing Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; J. E. Decker & Sons, Mason City, Ia.; Evansville Packing Co., Evansville, Ind.; East Side Packing Co., East St. Louis, Ill.; Hammond Standish & Co., Detroit, Mich.; G. A. Hornel & Co., Austin, Minn.; Home Packing & Ice Co., Terre Haute, Ind.; Independent Packing Co., Chicago, Ill.; Indianapolis Abattoir Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; International Provision Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.; Interstate Packing Co., Waukegan, Minn.; Iowa Packing Co., Des Moines, Ia.; Powers Begg Co., Jacksonville, Ill.; Kingan & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Krey Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Lake Erie Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Layton Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Oscar Mayer & Bro., Sedgewick and Rochester streets, Chicago, Ill.; J. T. Williams Co., St. Paul, Minn.; Miller & Hart, Chicago, Ill.; J. Morrell & Co., Ottumwa, Ia.; Nuckolls Packing Co., Pueblo, Colo.; Ogden Packing and Provision Co., Ogden, Utah; Ohio Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Parker Webb & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Pittsburg Packing and Provision Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Roth Packing Co., Waterloo, Ia.; Roberts & Oake, Chicago, Ill.; Rohe & Bros., New York City; W. C. Routh & Co., Loganport, Ind.; St. Louis Ind. Packing Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Sinclair & Co., T. M. Cedar Rapids, Ind.; Sullivan & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Theurer-Norton Provision Co., Cleveland, O.; Wilson Provision Co., Peoria, Ill.; Western Packing and Provision Co., Chicago, Ill.; Charles Wolf Packing Co., Topeka, Kas.

He Was "Broken" Capt. Wallace, U. S. A., was a victim of sinister forces that sought to betray America to the enemy. But he "came back." On the battlefields of France he fought for the honor of the army that had discarded him. He lived to win vindication and the hand of the "daughter of the regiment" who had never doubted him.

Bride of a Battle Victor Rousseau's romance of the American army in France, which we will print in serial form, is a gripping story in which intrigue, love and war all play a part. It is the first up-to-the-minute novel of America at war.

It's Coming Soon Watch For It

FOR GOOD PRINTING CALL ON US