THE CHRONICLE

R. W. THOMAS, EDITOR.

J. S. NEBLETT. J. A. GRANT.

NEBLETT & GRANT,

PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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Clarksville, Tenn.:

FRIDAY,.....JULY 31, 1868.

FOR PRESIDENT

OF THE

UNITED STATES:

HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

—o—

THE NATIONAL ISSUES:

Local self government!
A white man's country!
One kind of money for rich and poor alike!

EFFORTS are being made, in various parts of the State, to obtain signatures to memorials to Brownlow and the Legislature urging the repeal of the franchise law and the call of a Convention to amend the Constitution. We think this effort ought to be made in every county and every man ought to sign the memorial who is in favor of peace and Constitutional liberty.

But, say some, what is the use of an effort that is bound to fail? They say that Brownlow and his tools will turn a deaf ear to every such appeal, and denounce those who make it, as rebels and revolutionists. This is, no doubt, true; but does not lessen the wisdom and importance of the movement.—Few are so blind as not to see that the day is at hand when this great question of freedom to the whites must be settled by some means or other.

In view of this fact, and in vindication of the character of those who may be driven to the most effectual means of obtaining redress, it is important it shall appear upon record that every peaceful remedy was diligently tried before resorting to the argument of force. In every revolution, it is desirable that the party struggling for the right shall secure the sympathy of mankind and the support of public opinion by a clear exposé of the wrongs to be redressed and the manifestation of a desire to redress those wrongs, by every means that promised a peaceable adjustment.

The man who can not save life or property by appeals to the humanity or integrity of the assailant, is justified, by divine and human laws, in taking the life of the would be assassin or robber. And how much more fully is he justified, by an intelligent public, when it is known that he did strive, by peaceful means, to avert the necessity for shedding the blood of a fellow-being.

States are but aggregated individuals, and the same principles of justice that apply to individual actions, apply equally to communities driven to the like necessity for self-protection, and the same law-abiding spirit and love of peace that win justification, sympathy and respect for the isolated defender of life and property are no less beneficial and no less readily extended to communities struggling for the preservation of the most valued political rights.

In order to gain the vantage ground here indicated, memorials should go up from all parts of the State to the Legislature, and since it is the last peaceful remedy within our reach, the appeal will throw upon that body the entire responsibility for whatever results may follow. Peace and prosperity, constitutional liberty and political justice are dependent upon the will of the Legislature. If that body in a spirit of malignity, or a base lust for power, denies these blessings to the State, does it expect the great body of the Conservatives to continue the passive victims of its tyranny, or replenishers of a treasury from which thievish fingers are never withdrawn? Such expectation is growing daily more absurd. Every day we are being driven nearer to that point of desperation from which there will be a terrible recoil—that point beyond which human endurance cannot be pressed.

WHEN we see a man of the shrewdness and experience of Andrew Johnson, gravely recommending, in the midst of a revolution involving the very existence of free government, radical changes in the organic law, we are more confirmed in the opinion that the masses are incapable of self-government. It has long been a favorite idea, with the President, that the government ought to be brought nearer to the p-e-e-p-l-e, and that to do this the most conservative features of the federal system should be obliterated, that a wider field may be given to the demagogues whose labors have ever been directed to the approximation of the government to the confusion and instability of a political mob.

We see no grave objection to the election of President by a direct vote of the people; but our observation has satisfied us that the frequency of elections, and the multiplication of elective offices have done more than any single cause to demoralize the country and sap the foundation of free and stable government. Liberty is a brittle plant, and unless fenced in by strong restrictions is never safe from the heedless tramp of a mob. It is a law, no less in physics than in metaphysics, that extremes meet, and the experiment of the last eight years has taught us that the difference between an absolute despotism and a free government degenerated into a mob, is that the latter is the most oppressive rule, and that it is better to trust a single man—an autocrat—than a clique, each vieing for distinction and precedence in the political Pandemonium boiling over with lust, avarice, ambition and every base passion that makes demons of men and their government a hell.

It is conceded by the ablest writers on the subject, that a learned and upright judiciary is the bulwark of liberty—justice being the ground-work of every social or polical system which secures the rights, prosperity and happiness of those subject to its influence. Learning and integrity can never be leading characteristics of an elective judiciary, because integrity yields to selfish ambition and the arts and trickery necessary to secure office, and learning is swallowed up in the whirl of popular excitement, or supplanted by the study of the current questions upon which hang popular favor, and the success of candidates for judicial positions.

Whenever the legislative department holds out the temptation to trail the judicial ermine in the mire of politics, peculiar fitness ceases to command its just reward, and the briefless pettifogger is placed upon an equal footing, before the people, with the profoundest lawyer. At this point, justice becomes a matter of chance and the whole fabric of government begins to totter to its inevitable fall.

The only security for liberty and justice, is to remove, as far as possible, from the p-e-e-p-l-e, every branch of the judiciary and secure to it a tenure of office independent of popular ignorance and caprice, political excitement and party prejudice. Begin with the Supreme Federal Court and come on down to the humblest tribunal known to our system, if you would see the evil consequences of a judiciary connected by interest and sympathy with the political contests of the day, and from the lesson learn enough of wisdom to frown upon all such efforts as that which Andrew Johnson is making to bring the government nearer to the p-e-e-p-l-e by mixing both, as now, in one vast, seething mobocracy, on the surface of which floats the filthy scum, whilst liberty and justice lie stifled under the putrid mass of moral corruption.

THE most savage and fiendish act that has hitherto blackened the character of Radicalism, is the bill for arming the negroes of the South.—True, such is not the professed object, and, with a devilish sort of cunning, they pretend to make it a general law—naming carefully all the Northern States as recipients of their ratio of the distribution of arms. But the framers of the bill know that the Radical Governors of the Northern States will studiously withhold said arms from any but Radical militia, and that the proviso requiring that the Southern militia be loyal to the existing despotism, will withhold from all but negroes and scallywags the guns to be distributed.

None but the most stolid fools can be deceived as to the intent of the law. But the Radical Congress seems to forget that the brave, sturdy and intelligent Anglo-Saxons who can not be induced to bow to the tyranny inaugurated by a portion of their own race, can not and will not submit to the rule of Ethopians no matter by whom upheld, or how armed. They forget, too, that the more brutal their legislation, the more violent the reaction when the point is reached which makes death preferable to the degradation and suffering inflicted by a worse than savage despotism.

The President, obedient, as heretofore, will doubtless see that the arms are placed in the hands of those for whom they are intended; but we shall be deceived if they do not ultimately pass into the possession of those whom they are intended to murder. And if the majority at the North submit to this brutal act, this great national disgrace, the fact will be demonstrated that the rebellion, as it is insultingly called, was a glorious and righteous effort to dissolve all connection with such a people.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

We are authorized by the Montgomery County Democratic Club to announce that there will be a public speaking at the Court-house, on Wednesday evening next at 8 o'clock. It is the wish of the club that there be a full attendance. The crisis in State and Federal affairs is momentous enough to call into active exercise every patriotic emotion and to arouse every latent energy of an oppressed and insulted people. Indifference now means willing submission, and invites additional wrongs at the hands of a despotic minority. Then turn out, and show the spirit of men, so far at least as not to be quiescent when so much is to be done for self-protection.

THE Governor's message is too long for publication this week, and it may be better for the honor of the State to suppress it altogether. It is the most villainous document that has emanated from the same villainous source. In spirit, it is malignant and blood-thirsty; in matter, it is false, insulting and incendiary, and in manner, it is purely Brownlowish—that is, devoid of every thing that characterizes the statesman, the patriot, the Christian, the gentleman. We have no patience to dissect the foul thing, and shall hand it over to our readers, next week, not to please them, but to preserve it as a specimen of the Radicalism of 1868.

Montgomery County Democratic Club.

At a meeting held at McCauley's Hall, Clarksville, Tenn., on the 13th inst., for the purpose of organizing a Democratic Club for Montgomery county, Gen. J. G. Hornberger was called to the chair, and R. W. Thomas appointed Secretary.

On motion of Gen. W. A. Quarles, the following constitution was adopted:

NAME AND OBJECTS.

This organization shall be styled the Democratic Club of Montgomery county.

The sole object is to restore the country to constitutional government; and to this end we propose to consolidate all the elements of conservatism, that they may be hurled in solid column upon the Radical cohorts, in the approaching Presidential election.

In calling ourselves Democrats, we do so without reference to former party issues, and for the reason that the Democratic party North is the only one capable of opposing effective resistance to the radical war upon the Constitution; and in this spirit we earnestly call upon all patriots, irrespective of party or creed, to assemble under that banner; and invite our friends throughout the State to form similar organizations in each county, which shall be in close communion with each other.

OFFICERS.

The officers of this Club shall consist of a President, seven Vice Presidents, two Recording Secretaries, a Corresponding Secretary, a Treasurer, a Finance Committee of Five, an advisory board of five and Committees of Three on Enrollment—three for each civil district of the county.

DUTIES OF OFFICERS—PRESIDENT.

The President shall preside at all meetings of the Club and preserve order. He shall have authority to call meetings whenever he may think the interest of the Club requires it. He shall sign all requisitions upon the Treasurer for funds. And it shall be his special duty to place himself, with the aid of the Corresponding Secretary, in immediate communication with prominent active members of the Democratic party in every county of the State, and maintain such communion with them with the view to the thorough and speedy organization of the party in one compact mass. It shall be his duty to report at each regular meeting, the numerical strength of the Club, and transmit the information to each county club in the State, and solicit a return of like information, that we may ascertain our full strength in the State.

VICE PRESIDENT.

The senior Vice President present shall exercise all the functions of the President in the absence of the latter.

RECORDING SECRETARY.

The Recording Secretary shall keep, in a well bound book, a minute of all the proceedings of the Club, and sign the same.—He shall keep a roll of all members and countersign all orders drawn by the President upon the Treasurer, and shall have the custody of and be responsible for all the books and papers of his office.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARY.

The Corresponding Secretary shall, under the direction of the President, conduct all correspondence with other clubs, and persons acting in concert with us; procure speakers to address the Club and the people of Montgomery county from time to time during the canvass, and shall disseminate such campaign documents in advocacy of our cause as may be procured for the purpose.

TREASURER.

The Treasurer shall receive all moneys collected by the Finance Committee and from other sources, and disburse the same under the orders of the President, sanctioned by the Club, and shall render at each regular meeting a statement of the moneys received and disbursed during the preceding week.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The Finance Committee shall solicit from all classes of our citizens friendly to the cause, material aid in money, stationery, furniture, ect., and turn the same to the proper officer once a week and make report thereof, in writing, at each regular meeting, of their work for the preceding week. They shall, in connection with the President, procure a hall suitably furnished for the Club to meet in.

COMMITTEES ON ENROLLMENT.

The Committees on Enrollment for the respective wards and civil districts, shall each procure a well bound book, and proceed immediately to visit each citizen of the ward or district and solicit his name for enrollment as a member of the Club; and in enrolling a member the committee shall ascertain in each case whether the member labors under any disability which will prevent his voting in the Presidential election; and they shall keep such as cannot vote in a separate list, and we report them to the Recording Secretary, who shall keep separate list of the voters and non-voters, numbering the names in each list in consecutive order, so that the last number entered on each list will show its numerical strength.—It shall be the duty of the Enrolling Committees to report their enrollments to the Recording Secretary at each regular meeting, and they shall impress upon each member enrolled, the vital importance of procuring registration certificates for voting, and of being promptly at the polls on the day of election, and of working night and main in the interval to swell the number of Democratic voters. The enrolling committees shall also report a list of all persons who are in sympathy with us, but from any cause, may not desire to become members; distinguishing in this class, as in the other, the voter from the non-voter; and they shall use every endeavor to obtain and report a correct list of the Radical voters.

Each Enrollment Committee shall be ex-officio a Finance Committee, and shall solicit money from all friendly to the cause, to be expended for the purposes hereinbefore set forth; and they shall pay over all moneys so collected to the Treasurer at each regular meeting, and make report thereof in writing.

OFFICES—HOW FILLED.

The President, Vice Presidents and Treasurer shall be elected by the Club—a majority of those present deciding. All other officers and committees shall be appointed by the President, with the consent of the Club.

REGULAR MEETINGS.

Regular meetings of the Club shall be held at their hall every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

AMENDMENTS.

Amendments to these laws may be proposed at any regular meeting, in writing, and if approved by a majority of the members present at two consecutive regular meetings, shall be considered as adopted.

REMOVAL FROM OFFICE.

Any officer may be removed for neglect of duty, or incompetency, by a majority of two-thirds of the members present at two consecutive regular meetings.

On motion of Judge King, the Club proceeded to the election of permanent officers, with the following result:

President, J G Hornberger; Vice Presidents, N L Thomas, D N Kennedy, R K Gold, G T Abernathy, J B Kilebrew, W H Crouch, Stanford Garrard; Recording Secretaries, W A Solomon, C U McElroy; Corresponding Secretary, John W Faxon; Treasurer, Jas. A. Grant.

The President then read the following list of appointments:

Advisory Board—W A Quarles, D N Kennedy, J F House, J E Bailey, J J Crissman.

Finance Committee—N L Thomas, Chairman, Geo Iacustein, G A Roth, H M Acree, C G Smith.

COMMITTEE ON ENROLMENT.

1st ward—R F McKeage, S B Sent, C M Barker.
2nd ward—Clay Roberts, T D Scott, Jno D Moore.
3d ward—C M Stuart, J J Hamlett, R E Gilbert.
4th ward—J W Jones, B D Johnson, J F Coats.
5th ward—Polk Johnson, L R Clark, J W Hume.
6th ward—C W Beaumont, T H Hyman, J L Yates.
7th ward—J H Jackson, W C Barksdale, Henry Coutts.
8th ward—R Tompkins, Sam Johnson, R H Pickering.
1st Civil District—G W Hampton, John B Porter, J M Fagan.
2d Dis.—R F Ferguson, W F Johnson, Ben Wills.
3d Dis.—B H Thomas, E R Dabney, Jack Anderson.
4th Dis.—J D Kendrick, A J Wooton, Macon Moss.
5th Dis.—T Kirby, N L Northington, Jas Anchey.
6th Dis.—R P Bowling, P A V Johnson, N B Dudley.
7th Dis.—J W Edwards, J W Howell, Stephen Peters.
8th Dis.—A G Brown, A S Woods, Thomas Osborne.
9th Dis.—J F Outlaw, B Candle, A Colman.
10th Dis.—E L Williams, J Basford, Jos Connell.
11th Dis.—John Crouch, B F Moody, J M Rudolph.
12th Dis.—J C Read, W B Fentress, F O Anderson.
13th Dis.—J B Taylor, J M Wilson, R L King.
14th Dis.—S H R Wilson, C E L McCauley, D Brown.
15th Dis.—T Batson, O Tinsley, T H Harper.
16th Dis.—S E Ramey, W M Orgain, C H Roberts.
17th Dis.—S E Ramey, W M Orgain, C H Roberts.
18th Dis.—W R Martin, J P Daly, W Baggett.
19th Dis.—Rolfe Eldridge, C C Wall, Bud Trice.
20th Dis.—J T Nolen, Tine Smith, Wm Allen, Jr.

The Club then adjourned, subject to the call of the President.

J. G. HORNBERGER, Pres't.
W. A. SOLOMON, } Sec's.
C. U. McELROY, }

THE New York Round Table, a literary journal with Republican tendencies, makes the following admission:

If we closely compare and weigh the two present candidates, Grant and Seymour, and are able to consider their merits apart from political bias, it is impossible to deny that the latter, by natural intellectual powers, by education, by social culture, by experience of public affairs, is infinitely the fitter man of the two to be President of the United States."

TELEGRAPHIC.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Both Houses have rushed business through to-day, preparatory to a recess on Monday, which is now certain, notwithstanding the opposition of carpet-baggers.

One of these creatures, Hamilton, of Florida, presented impeachment articles, in accordance with the programme agreed on the other day. The House refused to table them, but consigned them to the Judiciary Committee, where they will sleep.

The Butler-Bingham smelling committee were discharged from the further consideration of their dirty business.

The Senate confirmed and rejected a large number of persons to-day. The confirmation of Foote as Commissioner of Patents relieves Gen. Stout, who again assumes the chief clerkship.

The bill to arm negroes, which was referred in the House to-night, is killed.

Among the confirmations to-day are Alvin Hawkins, of Tennessee, Consul at Havana, and J. J. Naatt, District Attorney of Tennessee.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The Senate was in session from last evening until 2 o'clock this morning. To-day's business was chiefly done in executive session, when a large number of nominations were disposed of. The lobby was present in large numbers, and it was almost impossible to move about the Senate halls.

An attempt was made before the executive session to pass the bill providing for provisional governments for Virginia, Texas and Mississippi, but the Democrats threatened a debate, and it failed.

The tariff bill, the bill to arm the negroes, and the Sandwich Island treaty, all go over. The Funding bill passed the House, but it is reported that the President did not sign it.

When Colfax announced the recess a burst of applause followed, and the members seemed rejoiced like so many delighted schoolboys over a holiday.

The President went to his room in the capitol this morning—the first time he has been there for more than a year

The contest over the Revenue Commissionership continued until the last moment. The vote would have been taken on the nomination of Governor Cummings had not the time for adjournment arrived. It is understood that he would have been defeated. It is uncertain what the President would have done respecting this place. He was pressed strongly by the friends of Gen. Burbridge to send in his name, but declined. A number of prominent Democrats were very active for Burbridge.

The President will not call an extra session.

Col. Mussey, who lobbied the bill through Congress giving St. Marie $10,000 for the apprehension of Surratt, got an injunction to-day restraining payment of that individual until he liquidated Mussey's claim for lobbying it through.

The Radicals have signed an agreement that there will be no reassembling in September unless Gen. Schenck and Senator Morgan, Chairmen of their political committees, notify them of some extraordinary emergency.

Ben. Butler is very restive under the terrible excoriation administered by Senator Henderson. The House granted him the privilege of printing his remarks in reply thereto.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The President has issued orders reorganizing various military districts in the South. Gen. Rousseau, as I telegraphed you a month ago, takes command of the District of Louisana and Arkansas. The President also removes Gen. Emory from this department, which he has purposed doing since that individual acted his part in the impeachment trial.

The Southern members have agreed on a programme which will startle the country. In a conference with leading Radicals they decided to have electors in the reconstructed States chosen by the Legislatures as was formerly done by South Carolina. This will insure that entire vote for Grant and Colfax, if the Legislatures of those States carry it out, of which there can be no doubt. It is held that the Legislatures have power to prescribe the mode of choosing electors.

MEMPHIS, July 27.—The Merchants' National Bank, of Memphis, which was closed about a month since for the alleged violation of the national banking act, after examination, by a special agent of the Treasury Department, has been turned over to its officers and was reopened this morning.

ATLANTA, July 24.—The military commission for the trial of the Columbus prisoners to-day adjourned sine die. The prisoners were remanded to the custody of the post commandant at Columbus, and will be released on $20,000 bail each for future appearance if called on by the State.

The Democratic convention to-day nominated Gen. John B. Gordon and Hon. John L. Clarke electors for the State at large.—The nominations and platform of the New York Convention were ratified.

The House passed the following by a vote of 117 to 20:

Resolved, That we respectfully and earnestly petition Congress to remove from every citizen of Georgia, irrespective of party association, the disabilities imposed by the third section of the 14th amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

OBITUARY.

DIED, at the residence of her mother, in this county, on the 26th inst., of consumption, Mrs. ELLEN NEBLETT, consort of Dr. W. E. Neblett and daughter of Benj. and Eliza Hatcher. Aged 24 years, 11 months and 22 days.

While attending the Baptist Female College, and during a revival in the Baptist Church in Hopkinsville, she professed religion, but owing to doubts which obscured her mind in regard to the strength of her faith in Christ, she was not baptized until 1864.—She then connected herself with the Graysville Baptist Church, of which she remained a consistent member until her death. She was confined a long time by the disease which finally terminated her life, and during her sickness she had, at times, days of almost intolerable anguish, and yet she bore all with the most composed christian resignation. She frequently conversed with her husband upon the subject of religion, and always expressed the deepest sense of the interest which she felt she had in the love of the Redeemer, and seemed anxious that her suffering might terminate, that she might find rest in Heaven. At times the welfare of her two little children seemed to bear heavily upon her mind, but shortly before she died she committed them to kind friends, and then said to her husband, "Death hath no horrors now." She died in hope of a happy immortality, and left two little children bereaved of a mother's care, and her husband, mother, brothers and sisters to mourn her early loss. But their loss is her gain—she sleeps in peace—she rests in heaven.

"In heaven there is rest—that thought hath the power,
To scatter the shade of life's dearest hour
'Tis a sunbeam that dawns in a stormy sky,
'Tis the first beam of hope to the traveller's eye.

A. D. S.

THE KU-KLUX EXCITEMENT has subsided in our midst and given way to that caused by the arrival of a large lot of the celebrated "Bodly" wagons which, together with the Probe & Bodley Buggies, have made a reputation in this country that *cannot be successfully assailed*. This work is made in Wheeling, Va., to our order, and we warrant it equal to any home work.—Call at our Repository, on 2d Street, and examine for yourselves and you will "doubt no more."

E. S. BRINGHURST & CO.
July 31, 1868-4f

NOT GUILTY.—We are requested to state that Egbert Beaumont has not taken the benefit of the Bankrupt Law.
July 31, 1868-1w

Selling out at cost at Rogers' House Furnishing Emporium.

Postponed—until the First Monday in August—the sale of the desirable family residence formerly occupied by G. W. Leigh, Esq. Sale to take place at the Court-house door, at 11 o'clock A. M. Terms one-third cash, balance in 12 and 18 months. A lien retained.
E. M. THOMAS.
J. H. MALLORY, Auctioneer. [July 24-2w.

Feathers! Feathers!—200 pounds of nice feathers for sale. Apply to
CHAS. G. SHANKLIN.
July 24, '68-2w.

"The Campaigns of General Forrest and Forrest's Cavalry," ready for delivery to subscribers, at Courts & Beaumont's, Clarksville, and at Pettus & Gold's, New Providence.
July 31, '68-1m.

[OFFICIAL]

Abstract of the 28th Annual Statement

OF THE

PHŒNIX

Insurance Company.

OF

HARTFORD, CONN.

On File in the Auditor of State's Office.

ASSETS AT MARKET VALUE:

Cash on hand, in Bank, and due from Agents	$197,373.31
United States Securities	150,865.00
Loans on approved Securities	152,340.00
New York Bank Stocks	99,125.00
Hartford Bank Stocks	242,938.00
Miscellaneous Bank Stocks	55,800.00
Bonds—State, City, Railroad, and Water	285,250.00
Connecticut State Bonds	100,000.00
Ohio State Stock	30,500.00
Accumulated Interest	4,395.96
	$1,318,587.27

Total liabilities $124,697.30

Total income for fiscal year	1,274,925.64
Total disbursements	1,089,162.80

Total Losses Paid by PHŒNIX,

$4,402,169.78.

M. C. PITMAN, Agent,
Clarksville, Tenn.
jy 31, '68-3t.]

SIMPSON COUNTY FAIR!

THE FIRST ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF Simpson County Agricultural and Mechanical Association will commence on the Fair Grounds, one mile north of Franklin, Ky.,

On Tuesday, September 15th, 1868,

and continue five consecutive days. The premium list will be ready by the 1st of August, and can be had upon application to the Secretary.

W. C. MONTAGUE, Pres't.
D. A. CALDWELL, Sec'y.
July 31, 1868-1m.

FEMALE INSTITUTE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL COMMENCE a school for the instruction of YOUNG LADIES, on Monday, the 31st of August, 1868.

TERMS—$11, $16, and $21 per session of 20 weeks; languages, $25.

L. D. RING, A. M.
July 31, 1868-3t*.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

MR. E. W. WEATHERS, OF THE LATE firm of Turnley & Weathers, has been admitted to an interest in our business, the firm name remaining unchanged.

SMITH & HUTCHINGS.
July 31, '68-2m.

NOTICE—CITY TAXES.

THE TAXES FOR YEARS PAST HAVE been unpaid by many to the present time, and if not settled, will positively be returned before the next Circuit Court.—Your attention is called to an ordinance to define the duty of City Marshal as Revenue Collector:

SEC. 4. That the Collector of Revenue shall be liable for all the taxes he ought to be by him collected; *Provided*, he shall not, on or before the first regular meeting of the Board in the month of January of each year, show, on oath, to the Mayor and Aldermen of the same, sufficient reason for having failed to collect the same.

You are all aware that you have not paid. This will give you due notice, and delay will as certainly find your taxes unpaid for as you are living, without regard to friends or foes. All must travel the same route.

M. W. CARKUFF,
City Marshal and Revenue Collector.
July 31, '68-2w.

St. Cecilia's Academy,

THE ATTENTION OF PARENTS AND Guardians is invited to the above institution for YOUNG LADIES, situated in one of the most delightful and healthy locations in the whole country.

The Fall and Seventeenth Session will commence on the

First Monday in September.

For further particulars, apply at the Academy, or address the

MOTHER SUPERIOR,
St. Cecilia's Academy, Mt. Vernon,
jy 31, 1t. near Nashville, Tenn.

CLARKSVILLE

FEMALE ACADEMY.

THE FALL SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION begins on the 7th of September next.

TERMS:

Primary Department	$15 00
Preparatory "	20 00
Collegiate "	25 00

EXTRAS:

Music	$30 00
Use of Instrument	5 00
French and German, each	20 00
Greek and Latin	10 00
Boarding, per month	00
Washing, per dozen	00
Matriculation fee	2 00

JOS. B. WEST, Pres't.
Clarksville, July 24, '68-1f.

FLOYD ST. PLANING MILL.

(One square north of Main.)

LOUISVILLE, KY.

J. DIXON BROWN & CO.,

Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Frames, Moldings, Brackets, Packing Boxes, Flooring, etc., and Dealers in

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,

SHINGLES, AND BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS.

HAVING purchased the stand recently occupied by Mr John Card, No. 12 East Main street, between First and Second, together with his entire stock, consisting of doors, sash and blinds, we will continue the same as a warehouse, in connection with our planing mill, from and after this date.

July 24, '68-3m.

Statement of the Condition

—OF THE—

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

On the 1st day of July, A. D., 1868,

Made to the Secretary of the State of Tennessee.

NAME AND LOCATION.—The name of the Company is the ÆTNA INSURANCE CO., and it is located at Hartford, Conn.

CAPITAL.—The amount of its capital is **THREE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, and is all paid in.**

Invested in Real Estate, U. S. Bonds, Railroad, State and Corporation Stocks—all first class—the value of which are..... $50,652,880.19
Loss liabilities..... 500,103.55

Nett assets..... $4,552,776.64

Call on **C. H. JONES**, and get a Policy.
July 17, 1868-3t.

FARM FOR SALE.

Elizabeth Black et als vs. James B. W. Black et als.

PURSUANT to a decree in this cause entered at the May term, 1868, of the Circuit Court for Montgomery county, Tennessee, on Tuesday, September 8th, 1868, at the Court-house door in Clarksville, Tenn., I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, that very valuable Farm on the south side of Cumberland river, known as Black farm and now occupied by John G. Black.

Said farm consists of two nearly contiguous tracts, one containing 112 acres and the other 62½ acres. The land is fine river bottom, mostly within two miles of Clarksville, plentifully wooded, with never failing springs bordering on the river, with comfortable dwelling and sundry outhouses, a good neighborhood, and where land is rapidly enhancing in value. This land is said to be excellent for producing hay, tobacco, corn, etc. Any one desiring to examine, can visit and be shown the premises.

TERMS—Ten per cent. cash, the balance in four equal payments, each with interest from date, due as follows: January 8th, 1869; September 8th, 1869; January 8th, 1871, September 8th, 1871. Notes with approved security required, and a lien retained for the purchase money.

J. W. WILLIAMSON,
Clerk and Commissioner.
July 17, '68-4w-pr. fee $8.

NEW FIRM!

COULTER, MOORE & CO.

Successors to

B. O. Keesee & Co.

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE!

Guns!

CUTLERY

Queensware,

GLASSWARE

Lime,

Cement,

Pumps,

Plows,

Corn Shellers,

Straw Cutters,

Apple Mills,

LEATHERS,

Wagon and Buggy Timbers,

Horse Shoes and Nails,

Anvils,

Vises,

Bellows,

Stocks and Dies,

Hammers,

Hatchets,

Files,

Steel Hoes,

Carpenters',

Coopers',

Blacksmiths' and Shoe Tools,

Mill,

Cross-cut,

Circular,

Hand Saws,

Axes, Nails,

Chains, Locks,

Hinges, Sifters,

Shovels, Tacks,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

—Also a large assortment of—

GUNS AND PISTOLS,

TABLE KNIVES AND FORKS,

Pocket Knives,

SCISSORS AND SHEARS.

In other words, we keep goods almost

Innumerable

Which we will sell at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES

AT ALL TIMES.

We also keep on hand a large lot of

House Furnishing Goods

AGENTS

—FOR—

FAIRBANKS' SCALES,

and the Patent Iron Double SHOVEL PLOW.

—Also.—

The Grand Prairie Washing Machine.

CARD.

Messrs. Ed. Turnley, Rob't S. Moore, and J. E. Browning will be in attendance, and most cordially invite their friends and the public generally to give them a call.

COULTER, MOORE & CO.

July 17, 1868-1y.

AN ELEGANT AND full assortment of Diamond, Opal, Emerald, Pearl, Ruby, Saphire and plain Gold

RINGS,

English, Geneva and American

WATCHES,

GOLD AND SILVER CHAINS,

JEWELRY,

SOLID SILVER WARE,

Ice Pitchers, Waiters and Goblets,

CASTORS,

Flower and Fruit Stands,

Pickle Stands,

English Knives and Forks,

Gold Pens,

A large lot of real

Pebble Spectacles,

in Gold, Silver and Steel Frames, at

COOKE'S.

WE shall keep on hand a full assortment of all kinds of Glasses, and can suit all. All goods warranted as represented and sold at lowest New York prices.

A fine assortment of SETH THOMAS CLOCKS—the best made, at

COOKE'S.

June 19, 1868-1y.

COULTER, HILLMAN & CO.,

Successors to

Coulter & Hillman,

DRY GOODS

DEALERS,

Boot & Shoe

DEALERS,

Franklin Street,

CLARKSVILLE, TENN.

We invite an examination of our Goods.

We are receiving Goods suitable for the Summer trade, and intend to keep a full stock throughout the season.

It is our purpose to keep much larger stocks than we have heretofore, and by selling at very short profits, hope to be able to make it evident to the public that the Clarksville market is the best place to secure supplies of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes.

We shall adhere rigidly to the one price system, as we intend to try to deal justly with all.

We shall sell only for CASH, because we deem it best for both buyer and seller.

We cordially request every one to visit our Store.

Respectfully,

COULTER, HILLMAN & CO.

July 10, 1868-1y.

RUSH TO THE RESCUE!

COUNTRYMEN, COUNTRY MERCHANTS, and all others desiring Goods, Wares and Merchandise, can save from 25 to 33⅓ per cent. by calling at the

Auction and Commission House

OF

T. H. HYMAN,

South side of Public Square, three doors east from the National Hotel, in Clarksville, Tennessee. Here you can find a good assortment of

Spring and Summer Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Millinery Goods, Notions, Queensware

or anything else you want, at either wholesale or retail.

Don't forget the name and place.

T. H. HYMAN, AUCTIONEER,

South Side Public Square, 3d Door East from National Hotel, Clarksville, Tennessee.

P. S. I will also sell every description of property for Administrators, Executors, Trustees, Agents and Private Parties, either on the street, in the city or country.

May 22, '68-1f.

GREAT

SOUTHERN PREPARATIONS!

—o—

THESE REMEDIES WERE NOT DISCOVERED amid Greenland's icy mountains, nor Africa's burning sands; they were not breathed in thunder from rolling clouds, nor belched from melting volcanoes; they were not brought forth from Chaos by intuition, nor discovered by accident in a far off clime; but they are the result of a long *bedside* experience in the Southern and Western States, being prepared by regular graduated physicians, with great accuracy; from remedial agents that are used by the **Medical Profession all over the Country.**

The public have long demanded a class of **Reliable Family Medicines**, prepared by the medical profession, adapted to the actual wants and necessities of each and every family, and we have now supplied that want.

Physicians Prescribe Them!
Druggists Recommend Them!!
Farmers and Planters are Using them in their Families in Lieu of all other Preparations.

Wherever once introduced their sale has been truly wonderful. While from the frigid climes of the North to the torrid zones of the South, and from the Eastern shores of the Atlantic to the Western shores of the Pacific, the pealing and discordant thunders of humbuggery are greeting harshly upon the ear, the soft and convincing tones of science have come to your rescue, and now make strong appeals upon your calm reason and judgment to try our remedies, promising that they will at once merit your esteem and confidence.

GREAT

Southern Preparations!

These are the standard Family Medicines of America. They are prescribed and used by the medical profession. They are preferred by every mother and father. They immediately merit public esteem and confidence of all who once test their virtues. They are prepared by physicians who are fully authorized by the Congress of the United States, and are the result of a long bedside experience. Being neither secrets nor patents, the medical profession have no hesitancy in giving them a fair trial and a hearty recommendation.

DIARRHŒA.

Thousands of our fellow beings are annually consigned to untimely graves, and the dying groans of old and young are constantly crying aloud for relief from Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, &c. As a result of much scientific research, and a long and faithful experience, we offer a Remedy for all those Summer Complaints which is pleasant and never-failing in its effects.—No mother should fail to have a supply of the

Red Diarrhœa Remedy,

Prepared with artistic beauty, with chemical purity and exactness, selected and combined according to extensive medical experience, unique in finish and appearance, mild, pleasant and cooling to the stomach, and never-failing in remedial effects, the unerring finger points to the RED DIARRHŒA REMEDY as the boasted combination of the day for all forms of Diarrhœa, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Nausea, Vomiting, Cramps, etc.

Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00. Sent to all parts of the country on receipt of price. Sold by all druggists.

J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tennessee.

English Female Bitters.

WHAT WILL THEY DO?

They will restore fading female beauty, will paint the pale cheek, will hurl back the gathering storm that encircles your brow, will add brightness and lustre to your lifeless eye, will give brilliancy and activity to your dull intellect, will soothe and strengthen your shattered nerves, add tone, health and buoyancy to your whole system.

How Will They Do All This?

By arousing, regulating and restoring all sickly functions to a healthy condition. By curing all those complaints peculiar to the female sex, such as Painful, Suppressed or Irregular Menstruation, Hysteria, Leucorrhœa, Prolapsus Uteri, Ulceration and Irritability of the Womb, Pains in the Side and Back, Melancholly, Palpitation of the Heart, Swimming and Giddiness of the Head, Cold Feet and Hands, Nervousness, Sick Headache, a Feeling of Suffocation, Indisposition to enter Society, and all the diseases arising from a deranged condition of the Uterine system, whether affecting old or young, married or single. This compound is neither secret nor patent, but is prepared and offered by the regular medical profession.

We have hundreds similar to the following, from an eminent physician of Carroll county, Miss.:

Messrs. J. P. Dromgoole & Co.:

As your "English Female Bitters" is neither a secret nor a patent, I have frequently prescribed it for the various female complaints for my country, and always with the most satisfactory results. It is decidedly the most valuable combination I have ever known for the treatment of those complaints peculiar to the female sex, old or young, and I do not hesitate to give it a hearty recommendation. Its astonishing cures have won for it many laurels in Carroll county, and I hope its efficiency may be heralded all over the country, that the medical profession and the female community may reap its advantages.

G. W. VASSER, M. D.

The English Female Bitters is accurately and beautifully put up in large bottles, at $2.50 per bottle or three bottles for $5.00—one bottle lasting about two weeks. Shipped to all parts of the country on receipt of price. Sold by all druggists.

J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tennessee.

Kidney and Bladder Affections

Are exceedingly common and troublesome all over the country, and the public have long felt the necessity of a remedy that can be relied upon in all those affections, and none are better qualified to prepare such a remedy than the physician himself. We have practiced medicine about twenty years, and can safely say that we know of no combination to equal our

EXTRACT BEARBERRY AND BUCHU.

It is recommended to cure all derangements of the Kidneys and Bladder, such as Gravel, Urinary Deposits of all kinds, Bloody or Milky Urine, frequent desire to Urinate, Pain in the Small of the Back, Dull Burning Pain in the Region of the Bladder, Gout, Dropsy, Nervous Trembling