THE CHRONICLE

R. W. THOMAS, Editor.

TERMS: $2.00 IN ADVANCE.

CLARKSVILLE, : : : SEPT. 13, 1873.

UNION IS STRENGTH.

A Meridian, Mississippi, paper says that if the whites will unite, and act as one man, they can crush Radicalism at the next election. That is as true of most of the Southern States. But how is that unity to be brought about? There are white men in every State who don't care a straw whether their State is under the control of intelligence and virtue, or of ignorance and vice. There are others who will vote only for a consideration—whether it be money or mistaken preference, and others who pride themselves upon their independence and who assert it by bolting conventions, when, in fact, they are being led by the nose by some designing demagogue who, by flattering their vanity, or playing upon their prejudices, induces them to believe that they—like the fly on the pole of the carriage—are running the machine, whilst, like the fly, they are ignorant of the destination to which they are being driven. These and other elements of discord, whether they originate from a want of patriotism, or the ability to discriminate between statesmanship and selfish demagoguery, do exist and how to harmonize them is the problem to be solved. Proper education may be too late. Division not only weakens, but invites open and covert assaults, by the vicious, upon the rights and the interests of the well meaning, but thoughtless majority. In this way governments are overthrown, or perverted to the vilest uses; and we see this truth illustrated, not only in the Federal and State governments, but in those of cities, towns and villages. The ignorant and thoughtless many are, everywhere, the victims of the shrewd and vicious few, and the counterpoise is to be found only in virtuous motives and intelligent action. Unity of the whites can correct the ills of corrupt governments everywhere, provided that unity is upon correct principles and directed by genuine, patriotic wisdom. But as long as ignorance cannot appreciate those principles, and intelligence will not endorse and act upon them, unity would seem to be impossible. It was once secured in Tennessee, and vindicated its value as the element of political power most effective in crushing usurpation and corruption in office, but scarcely was its triumph felt, ere discord shivered it and disastrous defeat followed. Its broken fragments may be again cemented, by outside pressure, though we have ceased to hope for it through the attraction of affinity.

Of the seventeen Presidents of the United States, predecessors of U. S. Grant, all seem to have been content with $25,000 a year, and by their conduct, seemed to prefer the honor of the position to the salary attached to it. With the present incumbent, the case is different. He esteems it his right to double his salary, to receive bribes, under the guise of friendly presents, whether they be of money or real estate, to sell offices for equivalents, without giving a thought of any other qualification than the ability to pay. The Presidency, with its immense patronage, is his private property, to be used by him in the way that will "do the most good," towards the advancement of his private fortune. Moral and intellectual fitness for office are considerations which weigh nothing with him because he has no standard, within himself, by which to weigh them, and all he wants to know of an applicant for office, is—will he do the dirty work required of him as a party slave!—will he surrender individual scruples and betray his country in return for the office. In this way—whilst degrading himself—he debauches public virtue, and degrades his country to a lower level than has been reached by any other government claiming to be civilized. The blame is not all his, however, for had not circumstances brought him under the influence of Puritanism, he might have been persuaded to do better—though he could never have been made a decent successor of any President, prior to the war. But the wonder is, that the people who are the source of all political power should, so suddenly, have been made slaves and the authors of their own ruin.

One colored member of the Mississippi Legislature has been arrested for stealing a hog and another, who straggled off to St. Louis, for stealing clothes. They ought to be punished but not too severely censured. They hear that their white leaders in office, steal millions and go unpunished, and cannot realize the justice of punishing them for doing a little petty larceny. A Radical and not steal, is too hard a conundrum for them to unriddle. Besides the example which encourages them, they have an inkling of the fact that not a few whites, once deemed decent, are converted to Radicalism by its free license to steal.

Parson Brownlow, in his far-reaching wisdom, has discovered that Hon. Jefferson Davis is to be the Democratic candidate for Governor of Tennessee. In view of that coming event, he has nominated H. L. Foote as the Radical candidate for the same position. Mr. Davis will forgive the insult in consideration of the source whence it comes. But if Brownlow is really anxious to help Foote to a high position he ought to send him back to Mississippi, where Alcorn, Ames and Ham. Carter—a scallawag, a carpet-bagger and a gentleman of color—are candidates for Governor. Foote is the very man to square the triangular fight, and they being foemen worthy of his steel, he can turn himself loose and display all the activity of a little dog in tall oats.

It is rumored that Henry L. Foote is to have a mission to South America, as a reward for labored efforts to tradue the characters of distinguished southerners. If Grant wants to pay, with office, a malignant reviler of his betters we cheerfully endorse Foote as the man, though the destination is not as hot a one as he merits.

The anti-Railroad monopoly party seems to have carried California, and Booth will probably be the Senator from that State.

Prior to the war, the cry of the abolitionists was, that the government was controlled by a barbarous slaveocracy. Barring the offensiveness of the term, the declaration is literally true. For seventy, or more, years, southern statesmanship, scrupulous honesty and ability did give shape to the administration of the government, stability, to its fundamental ideas and the highest post of honor amongst the governments of the earth. During that period, official dishonesty was as rare as the advent of comets; public virtue and general prosperity were the fruits of patriotic wisdom and genuine love of country, the grateful return for the blessings conferred by a pure and honest government. And if any doubt existed in the past, of the saving efficacy of southern integrity and statesmanship, that doubt must now be dispelled by the fact, that as soon as these were banished from the several Departments of the government, official thieving, usurpation and almost universal corruption became the characteristics of government and people. If all the existing evils—lawlessness, robbery and monied tyranny, have followed the abolition of slavery, there is no process of legitimate reasoning which can evade the conclusion, that the institution was a blessing and that with it has passed away the last hope of the republic. Instead of extending the area of freedom, the abolitionists have made slaves of all classes, save the few who have robbed the people of their liberties and secured imunity, by fortifying themselves with stolen money and a mercenary soldiery. The innate greed of the puritan yankee, for money and power, suggested the invasion of the South whose saving influence having been destroyed, the yankee mask of purity and piety was at once laid aside and a carnival of crime, inaugurated which, by contrast, gives respectability to the despotisms of the East.

The fuss made about the lawlessness and crime so rife, in portions of Kentucky, tempts one to ask what has become of the chivalry of the famous "hunters of Kentucky?" Has not enough of their manly spirit been inherited to prompt their descendants to repress such outbreaks, without the hazardous experiment of invoking federal aid. If the law has provided no efficient remedy, it seems to us that volunteers enough can be enlisted to clean out the brigands, and that the next Legislature will not only sanction the movement, but liquidate any debt incurred for the accomplishment of so important a measure as the extermination of those brutal robbers and murderers.

The tyranny which Massachusetts did so much to build up, is being felt within its own borders. Whilst the little decency still surviving in that stronghold of higher law Puritanism, is striving to sustain its honor by repudiating Butler, Grant is forcing upon that State, as Governor, a man whom they pretend to despise. We are glad of it, and hope Grant will succeed as well there as in Louisiana. Not until the people of the North feel the force of re-action, will they be awakened to a true sense of their danger, from the usurpations, and oppressive enactments of the party they placed, and have retained in power. Massachusetts will now understand that Grant has the same right to make Butler Governor of that State, that he had to impose Kellogg upon Louisiana.

France paid the last of its debt to Prussia, on the 5th inst. If this country had been blessed with honhonest President, like Theirs, our war debt would have been paid too. As it is, the money squeezed out of the people to pay it, is squandered by officials, and the debt is larger to-day, than it was at the close of the war, and the people, outside of the rings, are poorer.

The Treasury Department has been considering the means by which the national banks be punished for aiding the gold conspirators. The people pay a bonus of $20,000,000 to those banks, but not satisfied with this amount and the heavy profits they make, embark in the business of stealing outside of their own ring. Radicalism has stamped its dishonesty upon every branch of business.

It is reported that ten or a dozen Ku-kluxes have been arrested in Owen and Henry counties, Ky., and as some of them have turned State's evidence, the vile bands may be broken up. The witnesses are doubtless the most criminal of the marauders, but they will be rendered harmless in the future, by the fact that they are known and will be watched.

The Democrats of Massachusetts have met in Convention and nominated a straight ticket. If the decency wing of the Radical party has any State pride or self-respect, it will support that ticket and beat Butler and avert the shame of having a thief for Governor.

Forging on a tremendous scale, is the latest development of Radical ethics, and the perfection with which the work is done, justifies the suspicion that it may not be counterfeit, but done on Treasury plates and with the connivance of the government ring.

The chances in Mississippi are decidedly in favor of Alcorn, for Governor, and against Ames, the regular nominee. No conservative will vote for Alcorn, because he likes him, but because he likes Ames less.

The people of Massachusetts are ungrateful in throwing the Beast overboard. He is their truest representative man, and it is a fraud upon the public, to nominate an honest man, even if they can find one.

It is proposed to establish a permanent emigrant commission, to sit in New York. Anything to multiply offices for greedy Radicals, and add to the strength of the party of centralization.

The Kansas City Times has an interesting article upon the damaging effect of personal puffery and mutual admiration of their newspapers upon dignity, independence and usefulness.

The Iowa Democrats will nominate no State ticket, but vote for the anti-monopolists.

"The Chicago Post thinks that the first duty of the Granges is to extinguish every orator who begins with "I have not the good fortune to be a farmer, but I have always felt the most profound interest in the truly noble and predominant pursuit of agriculture, and never was that interest greater than now."

The Granges can do better still, by extinguishing every orator who makes his calculations to float, like chaff, on the popular breeze, and to be lodged on some high position, far above his merits.

The salary grabbers overreached themselves, in the back pay provision, and this taking money by force, the people think is nothing but highway robbery.

An Exchange says: "Ex-Senator Foote has fought thirteen duels and is now telling the youth of his country to aim high."

Foote may have aimed high, but he hit very low.

The Spiritualists, in Convention at Cincinnati, passed resolutions repudiating free-lovers and their doctrines.

The Agricultural Department at Washington announces the fact that there is a steady decrease in the amount, per acre, of wheat grown in the United States. This is a sad reflection upon the wisdom and energy of the farmers in general. Some philosopher has said that he is a benefactor of his country who grows two blades of grass where only one grew before; he is none the less a benefactor who succeeds in growing upon one acre the equivalent of two. This is easily done, and while doubling the yield per acre, it curtails, by half, the cost of labor employed, hence doubling the yield at half the cost, is the most profitable kind of farming, as well as the strongest argument in favor of the subdivision of large farms and the restriction of each farmer to the cultivation of only so much land as he can till, on the basis of a continually increasing fertility. There can be but little profit in the present system of farming, or in any system which does not add to the fertility of the land in cultivation.—Working poor land is a poor chance for profit, and since the labor upon it costs as much as upon rich soil, the investment pays "over the left." And as long as the policy is persisted in farmers will become poorer, and the cry of hard times! become louder and equally in vain.

DEATH OF JOHN P. CAMPBELL.

The death of this estimable and high-toned gentleman, one of the brightest and most promising of the young lawyers of our bar, occurred Sunday last at 2 P. M. Mr. Campbell was a young man who, by his natural qualifications and close application, had won a position and a reputation seldom attained by one so young. But with a future full of bright promises of honor and fame, he has been called hence, leaving behind him, in the hearts of those who knew him, a memory which will ever be cherished with tenderest feelings.

Circuit Court was adjourned on Monday morning, in respect to his memory, and a meeting of the bar organized to adopt appropriate resolutions. Judge Rice was called to the chair. Feeling and appropriate speeches were made by Hon. C. G. Smith, Col. J. E. Bailey and Dr. J. B. West, all of whom spoke in the highest terms of the deceased as a man, a lawyer and a christian, and pointed to him as one whose example the youth of our land would do well to follow. On motion, a committee of five was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the members of the bar. The officers and the jury of the Court were requested to join with the members of the bar in attending the funeral. The following resolutions were submitted by the committee, and unanimously adopted, and H. M. Doak selected to present them to the Chancery, A. H. Munford to the Circuit, and B. D. Johnson to the Criminal Court:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God in his inscrutable providence to remove from our midst, from the scene of his earnest labors, and the arena whereon he had already begun so nobly the struggle of life, our friend and professional brother John P. Campbell, therefore,

Resolved, That in his untimely death we see the taking off of one richly endowed with those gifts of intellect and of heart, which had made him already an ornament to a noble profession, an honor to the community in which he lived, and a worthy member of society; one who by his industry and his energy, had already in his bief sojourn amongst us won the confidence of his profession and of the community, and the respect and honor of all who knew him. In him we recognized moral worth and purity of the highest type. He was genial and affable in his social relations, earnest and indefatigable in whatever he undertook. Brief as was his period of work in this world, he had sought duty with bared breast, eager for the conflict and earnest in the strife. He was the architect of his own fortune and fame, and unfinished though the work be, we recognize in its half reared columns the hand of a master builder. He labored long enough to give an earnest of what he would have been.

"For can we doubt, who knew him keen
In intellect, with force and skill
To strive and fashion, to fulfill—
We doubt not what he would have been."

He was not permitted to labor longer than the morning hour, and yet he had, with careful industry, gathered many a precious sheaf in the dewy fields ere he was called, before the shadows of night had gathered around him, or even the noonday had come, to rest beyond the river, or mayhap to complete, in tireless fields, a work so well begun and so untimely ended. His life though short has not been in vain, for he left behind him a noble example for others to follow, of earnest labor, untiring energy, and continuance in well doing, while he won not a few bright honors as the results of toil, before he was called to the bar of the highest court to hear the joyful sentence of "well done, good and faithful servant."

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved family, in their sore affliction, our deepest sympathies with their distress.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished to the family of the deceased, and spread on the minutes of the Chancery, the Circuit and the Criminal Courts, and that they be published in our city papers.

H. M. Doak,
W. A. Quarles,
J. E. Bailey,
H. H. Lurton,
R. W. Humphreys,
Committee.

Hon. John F. House, of Clarksville, is conspicuously mentioned in connection with the next Governorship of Tennessee. Mr. House is one of the great lawyers of that State, and is a popular orator of the highest order. He has, as we well know, no political aspirations; but we hope that the people will imperatively demand his services as their chief executive. He would make a magnificent Governor.—*Bowling Green (Ky.) Democrat.*

CLARKSVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY.

I noted with great pleasure the very propitious opening of the fall term of this Institution. The new President, Rev. J. M. Wright—a most thorough, classical scholar and accomplished, christian gentleman—comes to us with an unblemished reputation, and an unimpeachable character. He seems to have thrown both brain and soul into his work, with an earnestness of purpose that will inevitably insure him the greatest success. Encomiums and fulsome compliments passed upon one so pre-eminently qualified in all respects for the responsible position committed to him by our citizens—though a pleasant medium of expression to those, who recognize in Mr. Wright, the right man in the right place—we deem tame and unnecessary, if we mistake not, in our interpretation of the character of coming events by the bold prospective shadows already cast in the short time in which he has presided; and I unhesitatingly predict a most decided success for the Academy, under the auspicious management of a President, who combines to so great an extent, such rare scholarly attainments with the firm unfaltering principles of a cultivated, stainless, christian character. And in this great work Mr. Wright will not labor alone; for in all things he will be aided and strengthened by the devoted energies of his whole-souled, accomplished wife.

In all his honest, earnest efforts to establish among us an Institution, that shall rank second to none in the land, he will be sustained and assisted by her hearty co-operation.

Our daughters, under their mutual supervision, will receive the greatest attention and advancement, not only in the regular routine of recitation; but their deportment at all times will be under constant surveillance; and we may expect the indispensable graces of refinement and elegance as well as the attainment of scholarship, to result from labors so earnest and well directed.

Young ladies from a distance, away from the sweet, refining influences of home, will find in Mrs. Wright a lady peculiarly adapted to supply the place of absent friends; in that her counsel and care will be enlisted at all times in their behalf.

The able corps of teachers—many of them so long and so favorably known, previously employed in the Academy by the late President—need no lengthy words of commendation here. They are added evidence to the felicitous discrimination and judgment on the part of Mr. Wright in their selection.

Here, then, we find the most unexceptional educational advantages offered our daughters right in our midst. No need of parting with our children, and sending them away from home for their education. Do we appreciate the value of such an Institution as Mr. Wright proposes to establish and sustain? Are the advantages accruing therefrom to be lightly estimated? Surely, our community will not fail to recognize the importance of rallying around our new President with undivided assistance and patronage. Aside from the educational aspect of the case, Clarksville will reap no insignificant advantage in reputation, and in a more substantial way also, if this be made a first class, flourishing, growing Institution.

Now, with Mr. Wright and his able colaborer, Mrs. Wright, at the helm, assisted by their competent faculty—what is there wanting, but that Clarksville shall now, and in years to come, possess an Institution for her own, and for daughters from other States—that shall redound to her credit and add a lustre to her name that shall increase and brighten as the years go by.

It is scarcely necessary to dwell at length upon the appropriate and healthful location of the Academy buildings.

Clarksville may justly pride herself upon her pleasant people, and quiet, shady streets. There is an air of quaint, old elegance clinging about the place that is irresistibly charming; and in locating the Academy, both taste and convenience have been consulted. Under the management of our enterprising President, repairs and improvements will steadily go on, and no where in the breadth of the land is there a more eligible point for a mammoth Institution to rear its head and live and prosper.

Already Mr. Wright has met hearty support from many of our most prominent citizens, but he can give perfect satisfaction to all. Shall we not, as a community, rise en masse with the earnest support so essential to the perfect success he so much merits? Surely, in a cause so great and good, success will inevitably follow.

Toinette.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Church at Cedar Hill, at their last quarterly meeting, expressive of their appreciation of Rev. A. Mizell's services as Presiding Elder of this District:

Whereas, By the Disciplinary limitation of the M. E. Curch South, our dear brother, Rev. A. Mizell, P. E., Clarksville District, will be removed from us at the next sitting of the Tennessee Annual Conference; and

Whereas, He has served us faithfully for the period of four years, endearing himself to us by both pulpit ministrations and private walk among us, edifying and building up the church by the one, and recommending practical piety by the other, therefore

Resolved, By Cedar Hill Charge, in Quarterly Conference assembled, that while we bow to the constituted authority of the church, we deeply deplore the removal of one whom we have known but to love; and

Resolved, That while we deprecate anything that "invades pragmatically the Bishop's prerogative, we commend him to the kind consideration of Bishop McTyeire and his honored Cabinet—feeling that the interest of Methodism in any department of the church would be safe, under God, in his hands.

Resolved, That we commend him and his kind family to the tender mercies of God who has promised to be with them always, even unto the end of the world.

Resolved, That the Christian Advocate, and secular papers of the District, be requested to publish the above.

C. C Bell,
J. R. Dunn,
J. M. Speer.
Committee.

In Tennessee the number of children of school age is about 400,000: school fund, $2,512,500; amount available for schools, $650,000, and the Peabody fund contributed in aid of fifty-five schools $25,000.

The colored population in Tennessee has been steadily increasing during the last thirty years. In 1840 it was 188,583; in 1860, 245,881; in 1870, 322,331. The increase in thirty years has been nearly one hundred per cent.

There is a movement on foot in Tennessee to make Col. John Ford House, of Clarksville, the next Governor of that State. If Tennessee should never have a worse Governor than the genial, the accomplished, the brilliant John Ford House would make, she will always be prosperous and happy. He is one of the most gifted of her sons—one of the most charmingly eloquent of her orators—and her highest honors would long since have been his if he had asked them at her hands, which his modest and unambitious spirit has never permitted him to do. — *Courier-Journal.*

The Paducah Kentuckian says:

We understand a proposition has been made by the merchants of Clarksville, Tenn., to the merchants of Paducah to put a boat in the trade between these two points, provided, the merchants of Paducah will obligate themselves to give her their patronage. A regular packet, with Paducah as its Southern terminus, would add to the facilities of trade. We think it would be for the interest of Paducah to accept the proposition.

We clip the following hoggish item from the Humphreys County Journal:

"We learn from Mr. Trotter, of Big Bottom, that he has a hog which possesses six perfect feet, the surplus feet coming out one on the inner side of each fore leg."

The Elkton (Ky.,) Witness, of the 4th inst., says:

"The tobacco worms are ravaging the fields in this section. Farmers in many instances cannot employ sufficient force to clean their crop before it will have sustained considerable damage."

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette writes, Aug. 27: "The Southern Republican members of the next House who are in town say it is generally understood that Horace Maynard, of Tennessee, has given up his idea of attempting to dispute the speakership with Mr. Blaine."

A life of duty is the only cheerful life—for all joy springs from the affection; and it is the great law of nature, that without good deeds all good affection dies, and the heart becomes utterly desolate. The external world then loses all its beauty; poetry fades away from the earth; for what is poetry but the reflection of all pure and sweet, all high and holy thoughts?"

For Sale.—A fine Essex Sow and nine young pigs. For further particulars apply at this office.

Valuable Library For Sale.

I will sell at the Court House, to-day at 12 o'clock, the Law and Literary Library of T. W. King, dec'd.

H. C. MERRITT, Adm'r.

Sept. 13-4w.

Special Term of Criminal Court

Special term of the Criminal Court for Montgomery County will be held at Clarksville, on the first Monday in October, 1873, and continue from that day until final adjournment.

CHAS. W. TYLER,
Judge Criminal Court.

Sept. 13-4w.

DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of Herndon, Gold & Co., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Hambaugh retiring from the business, who is succeeded by Mr. Jas. Brunty. This Sept. 1, 1873.

T. HERNDON,
L. T. GOLD,
WILLIE P. HAMBAUGH.

Sept. 13, 73-4w.

NOTICE.

The stockholders of the Clarksville Co-operative Manufacturing Company are hereby notified to meet Saturday night, Sept. 20th, at 7 o'clock, to elect two Directors. A full attendance is desired. Meeting at the City Hall. W. ROACH, Pres.

A. G. Dick, Sec'y. [sep. 13-2w

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Mayor.

Editors Chronicle: You are hereby authorized to announce my name for re-election for Mayor, at the October election. I feel very grateful for the large vote I have heretofore received. My motto is, I go for my friends, right or wrong.

I will not electioneer for or against any candidate for Alderman.

Geo. R. Harris.

At the solicitation of many friends, I have consented to announce myself a candidate for the Mayoralty, at the October election.

G. A. Ligon

For Aldermen.

We are arthorized to announce T. H. Jackson, as a candidate for Alderman in the 7th Ward. Election 1st Saturday in October. [Aug. 16, '73—tc*.

We are authorized to announce Thos. H. Hyman as a candidate for re-election as Alderman in the 2nd wurd, at the October election.

We are authorized to announce W. S. McReynolds, as a candidate for re-election as Alderman of the 6th Ward, at the October election.

We are authorized to announce W. C. Barksdale as a candidate for Alderman in the 7th ward. Election 1st Saturday in October.

We are authorized to announce Sam. E. Ramey, as a candidate for Alderman in the 4th Ward, at the October election.

We are authorized to announce J. J. Rawls, as a candidate for Alderman in the 5th Ward. Election 1st Saturday in October.

We are authorized to announce Mr. Wm. Ferrell, as a candidate for re-election as Alderman of the 3rd Ward, at the October election.

In response to a call from "Voters" I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election, as Alderman from the 1st Ward. W. M. Kerr.

We are authorized to announce C. Wenzler as a candidate for Alderman from the 8th Ward. Election 1st Saturday in October.

We are authorized to announce Silvy Sullivan as a candidate for Alderman for 7th ward, at the October election.

We are authorized to announce Dr. R. D. McCauley as a candidate for Alderman in the 5th ward.

We are authorized to announce John F Shelton as a candidate for Alderman of the 7th ward. Election Saturday, October 4th.

COMPLETE Stock of Trusses, Supporters, Braces, etc., to be found at RYERS', and at low prices.

CLARKSVILLE WHOLESALE MARKET.

CORRECTED BY J. J. CRUSMAN.

Sugar.—Very small stock of Louisiana in market; we quote, Louisiana, in Hhds. 10@11c—½c more in bbls. Clarified; 11@12; Crushed, Powdered and Granulated, 12½ to 13c.

Molasses.—Newcrop, in Louisiana, falling very short of expectations has largely advanced. We quote 65@70 by the bbl.

Syrups.—50c@65.

Coffee—Very firm. We quote Rio 24@25, Java 30@35.

Salt.—Kanawha, 7 bushel bbls, $3 00@$3 25.

Flour—Superfine, $5 50; Extra, $6 50 to 7 50; Choice or Fancy, $8 25@9 00.

Star Candles.—19 to 20c.

Whiskey—Common country, $1 00@1 20; best brands Robertson county, $1 50.

Cheese—No stock.

Rice—Carolina, 10.

Soap—Bar, 6@10.

Oils—Coal oil, 22½c; lard oil, 80 cts; linseed oil, raw $1 00, boiled 1 05.

Spirits Turpentine—65.

Varnish—Copal, $1 65; Japan, 1 10.

Putty—6c.

Window Glass—8x10 $3 40 ℔ box, 10x12 3 65; 12x14, 4 40.

Powder—Rifle, $7 50 ℔ keg; lead, 10 ℔ ℔.

Shot—$2 00.

Caps—40@50c ℔ doz.

Oysters—2 and 1 ℔ cans $2 25@1 25.

Sardines—22c.

Mackerel—No. 3, per bbl, $10 00; kits, No. 1, $2 00@2 50.

Blacking—37½@75, per dozen.

Nails—$5 00.

Iron—Kentucky, 5c; Tennessee, 5c.

Rope—22@25c.

Pittsburg Coal 30 cts. St. Bernard, 20 cts. delivered.

Clover Seed—$5 75 to 6 00 per bushel.

Millet Seed—$1 75.

Hungarian Seed—$2 00.

Timothy Seed—$3 75 to $4 00.

Red Top or Herds Grass—$1 50.

Orchard Grass—$2 50.

Traces—$11 50 to 15 00 per. doz.

Collars—$10 to 27 per. doz.

Hames—$5 to 12 per doz.

Axes—$12 to 15. per. doz.

The following are the prices paid here at this date for country produce.

Bacon—Buying, 11c.

Lard—8½c.

Tallow—7c.

Dried Apples—3c per ℔.

Unpealed Peaches—3c.

Pealed " 8 to 10c.

Pea Nuts—$1 00@1 25 per bushel.

Ginseng—80 to 90c

Beeswax—25c.

Feathers—new—60c.

White Beans—$1 50 to $2 00.

Peas—75c to $1 00.

T. HERNDON. L. T. GOLD. JAS. BRUNTY.

HERNDON, GOLD & BRUNTY,

TOBACCO SALESMEN AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

TRICES' LANDING, NEW PROVIDENCE, TENN,

Special attention paid to Inspection and Sale of Tobacco. Cash advanced on Tobacco in store.

Sept. 13, 1873-1y.

Sozodont.

This word, which has been staring everybody in the face for the past few years, and is now getting into nearly everybody's mouth, is a preparation for cleansing, beautifying and preserving the teeth, sweetening the breath, and arresting the progress of decay

Spalding's Glue, up to the sticking point.

FOR French Tinted and Initial Papers and latest style Envelopes, go to BYERS.

CLARKSVILLE

Pioneer Cigar Store!

N. BAUM, Proprietor,

(HILLMAN'S BLOCK)

I have on hand a large assortment of fine Cigars and Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos Also a fine assortment of Pipes. I sell Cigars at wholesale or retail. Give me a call.

Sept 6, '73-tf.

Dr. T. Berwick Legare,

DENTIST,

Graduate Baltimore College Dental Surgery

Rooms Third St., Next to Franklin,

On Lot of Wm. M. Daniel.

Aug. 30, 73-tf.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

I have qualified as administrator upon the estate of T. W. King, dec'd, and give notice to all creditors to present their claims properly proven, within the time required by law, and I hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to settle up, or they will find their claims or indebtedness in the hands of officers for collection. This Aug. 15, 1873. H. C. MERRITT, Adm'r.

Aug. 23, '73-4w.

FOR SALE.

A Fine Large Boiler and Engine

The boiler is 24 feet long, 56 inches across the head; 5 flues, and capable of making steam enough for any purpose. The engine is 50 horse power, sufficient for any merchant mill, saw mill, steamboat or any purpose. The fire front, chimney, grate bars and everything complete. Call on

WHITFIELD, BATES & COO.,
or, GEO. R. HARRIS.

June 7, '73-tf.

Livery and Feed Stable.

S. O. W. BRANDON

Has not sold his stable on Third street, but is still there, and will furnish old and new customers with good horses and vehicles at all times, or feed horses at reasonable rates.

Aug. 16, '73-tf.

H. WESTENBERGER,

MANUFACTURER OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

Opposite Tobacco Exchange,

Clarksville, - - - Tenn.

Feb. 22, '73-1y

South Ky. Female College,

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Session commences Sept. 8, 1873. Ancient and Modern Languages, Music and Art in connection with the Scientific and College Course. Prices moderate. Location remarkably healthy. Full corps of Teachers. Send for catalogue.

T. A. CRENSHAW, President.

July 26, 1873-8w.

PROCLAMATION!

At the regular meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Clarksville it was

Resolved, That the Mayor is hereby authorized and instructed to make proclamation that at the next regular election, to be held on the 4th of October, 1873, a proposition will be submitted to the qualified voters of said city of Clarksville whether or not it is the wish of said voters that the City Council shall levy a special tax for school purposes, not exceeding one-tenth of one per cent. on all property, privileges and polls taxable for city purposes.

Now, therefore, I, Geo. R. Harris, Mayor of the city of Clarksville, Tenn., do by these presents proclaim to all the people of said city of Clarksville, that at the time and place, and for the purpose referred to in the above resolution, the sense of the said voters will be taken. Persons favoring the proposition can signify same by having written or printed on their tickets the words, "School Tax," and those opposed to it can signify same by having written or printed on their tickets the words "No School Tax."

Done at City Hall in city of Clarksville, Tenn., this 3rd day of September, A. D. 1873.

GEO. R. HARRIS, Mayor.

Sept. 6-tde.

Commissioner's Sale of Lots in New Providence.

M. P. Riggins, Ex'r, vs. Victoria Wray et als

In pursuance of a decree made by the County Court of Montgomery county at the September Term, 1873, I will, on

Saturday, September 27, 1873,

offer for sale to the highest bidder, at the court house in Clarksville, all the real estate belonging to the estate of C. Jones, dec'd, situated in district No. 7 of Montgomery county, consisting of 3 lots situated near Dowd's ford on Cumberland river, containing about 2 acres; six lots situated on the hill near where J. N. H. Gee now lives, containing about six acres, also another lot situated on the Hopkinsville pike near James Edlin's shop, containing about one-eighth of an acre.

Terms: Cash enough to pay costs and attorney's fees and the balance on a credit of 6, 12, 18 and 24 months. Notes with good security required, bearing interest from date and a lien retained to secure the purchase money. No redemption.

PETER ONEAL, Cl'k & Com'r.

Sept. 6-4w-pf-adv. & bills $9 50.

Commissioner's Sale of Farm.

W. A. Shelby and wife vs. Arthur and Helen Oneal.

In obedience to a decree made at the September Term, 1873, of the County Court of Montgomery county, I will, on

Saturday, Sept. 27, 1873,

sell to the highest bidder at the court house in Clarksville, a tract of land situated in district No. 8, containing about 170 acres, a plat of which, with full description, will be shown on day of sale. Said land belongs to the heirs of W. T. Brittain, dec'd and is sold for partition.

Terms: Cash to pay costs and attorney's fees; balance on a credit of 1 and 2 years with good security and interest from date.

PETER ONEAL, Cl'k & Com'r.

Sept. 6, 73-4w-pf adv & bills $7.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY COURT.

(Non-Resident Notice.)

Nancy King et als. vs. W. H. Dailey et als. Petition to sell land.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk from affidavit of petitioners that W. H. Dailey, E. Thweat and wife, Sallie Thweat, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law can not be served upon them: It is therefore ordered that publication be made for four successive weeks in the Clarksville Chronicle, a newspaper published in the city of Clarksville, notifying said non-resident defendants to appear before the Hon. C. W. Tyler, Judge of the County Court, at the October Term of said court, to be held at the court house on the first Monday in October, 1873, and plead, answer or demur to said petition, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex-parte.

PETER ONEAL, Clk.

H. W. Watts, Sol'r for Compl'ts.

Sept. 6, '73-4w.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The Comptroller having brought suit against me for taxes for 1870, 1871 and 1872, it will be my duty to collect all unpaid taxes without further delay. All those who do not desire to pay costs will save money by coming forward at ONCE and settling up. This is the last notice you will receive.

A. T. SMITH, Rev. Col.

Sept. 6-2w.

B. F. COULTER

Is now receiving his fall stock of New Goods, and expects to be able to supply his friends and customers with Goods on the most satisfactory terms.

Especial attention called to his stock of

CARPETINGS!

Lowest price 25 cents. Job lots to close out at less than New York cost. New Styles at low prices. Choice all wool Carpetings at 85, 90, 1.00. New style Bordering for Carpets—very pretty.

Ladies' Trunks in great variety at Coulter's.

Waterproof Dress Goods in New styles at Coulter's.

Black and Mourning Goods in very desirable fabrics at Coulter's.

Very Pretty Fancy Dress Goods and Goods for Wrappers at Coulter's.

If you want a Pretty Belt, a Pretty New Style Collar, a good piece of Flannel, call at Coulter's.

In fact, if you want any article whatever, you should call and look for it at B. F. Coulter's.

The Prettiest Oil Cloths, the largest stock and greatest variety ever exhibited by any house in Clarksville is now for sale at B. F. Coulter's.

Can cut to fit any room or hall. Oil Rugs, very pretty, for washstands, fire places, bureaus, buggies, &c., &c.

Table Oil Cloths, in mahogany, walnut, marble, different styles of oaks, very choice designs also in figures, all at reasonable prices. Door Mats, new and beautiful Rugs. Calf and examine, and oblige B. F. Coulter.

Special attention called to the new style Window Shades offered by B. F. Coulter.

They are more durable, less trouble to put up, work more easily after they are up, and cost less than any other window shade we have ever seen. These Shades meet a want long felt and every housekeeper should look at them.

For Offices, Halls, Bed Rooms, Dining Rooms, Kitchens, they are especially adapted, and if you have a window not shaded, call and examine.

TO GENTLEMEN:

We have largely increased our stock of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS this fall and wish you to remember that fact when in want of any article.

Our stock of Business Suits, Dress Suits and Fall and Winter Over Coats is full and embraces very choice goods made up in best style.

Look first at Coulter's Ready-Made Clothing before you buy. Don't Forget.

Remember Coulter sells Shirts at Wholesale Prices, in half dozen lots. No better goods, styles or fits can be found anywhere. Call.

JEANS! JEANS!

Coulter will offer for sale this fall the most attractive assortment of Jeans in all grades that he has yet brought to Clarksville. Gentlemen and Ladies who wish to purchase good goods and at the most reasonable prices, will do well to remember these facts and when ready, to call at B. F. Coulter's Store and examine his goods. Remember Coulter's Store, when you want to buy Jeans. Remember that if you wish to select your goods from the best assorted stock in this section, that B. F. Coulter's is the place.

ONE THING CERTAIN!

No man or woman will lose anything by giving Coulter's stock of Boots and Shoes an examination this fall.

He is confident that his stock for the fall and winter will be the best ever offered by him. A large part of his stock has been manufactured expressly for his customers and will be warranted to give satisfaction to the purchasers. It is so difficult to get good Shoes that it is worth your attention to call and examine Coulter's Shoes before you buy.

ANOTHER THING CERTAIN.

No house can offer any better goods or sell at lower prices. Very few, if any can offer as good. Remember Coulter, when you want Shoes.

Have you bought goods from Coulter lately? If not, do so this fall. Go and look at his stock of

Ready Made Clothing!

Try Coulter this fall. You will not lose by doing so. You may be better pleased than you have ever been.

MERCHANTS

Will find it to their interest to examine some special lines of good which I have bought on extra good terms, and which I will sell as low as the same can be bought elsewhere. An inspection is respectfully solicited.

B. F. COULTER.

Sept. 13, 1872-tf.

Behold the Advent of the Unabridged & Unequaled

THE MONARCH SHOW OF THE UNIVERSE

WILL EXHIBIT AT

CLARKSVILLE, TUESDAY, SEPT. 23, 1873.

GRAND GALA DAY.

TWO PERFORMANCES, 2 & 7 P. M

Paul Silverberg's Monster Menagerie!

Among the saliant features of the Menagere are the African Elephant, Cleopatra; four large Kaffe Lions; huge black Rhinoceros; Nyl Ghau; Hart Beeste; Gnu, or Horned Horse; Abysinian Ibex; Spotted Leopard; Ichnumon; Laughing Hyena; Monster Rocky Mountain Grizzly Bear; Cayote Wolfe; Ocelots; Sea Lions; a drove of Dromedaries; Wild Tergoo, from India; Cashmere Goat; Black Tiger; White Cammel; Russian Reindeer; Vlack Varks; Malayal Tapir; South American Pecoary; Huge Terrestrial Sloth; Man Faced Ape; White Deer; Koodno; Spotted Axis Deer; Hippopotamus, from South America; Baby Cammel; Badger; White Polar Bear; Long Legged Bear, from Arkansas; Moose; African Porcupine; Wart Hog; a chattering world of Monkeys; African Ostrich; Cassowary; and the Austrian Bird Show, embracing every imaginable variety of the wonders of the upper deep.

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