For the Chronicle.

WAITING FOR PAPA.

Up at the window are three little peepers,
Ruth and Ross and two-year-old Reta.
What are they doing there all in a row,
Bobbing up, bobbing down, every way so?

Watching for papa to come home to tea,
Dear is their papa John to all of the three;
Which pair of little eyes, sparkling and bright,
Think you will be first to see him to-night?

Hark! who is that now whose footsteps they hear?
Far out are heads stretched to see him draw near;
Somebody's papa, perhaps, but not their'e—
Up at the three eager faces he stares.

Back from the window bobs each little peeper.
"Papa make haste now," says dear baby Reta;
Now they all see him just coming in sight;
Hark, how they clap hands and scream with delight.

Happy at last, not a moment they wait,
Laughing and shouting they run to the gate,
Joyfully "brother John" the little troop meets,
Each rosy mouth with glad kisses he greets.

Up in his strong arms he takes little Reta,
Ross and Ruth go, dancing fleeter;
Into the house now all four of them come,
Mama stands smiling her bright welcome home.

Pulling and tugging they make him sit down,
One brings his slippers, another his gown;
'Round him they hover and chatter with glee,
While they are waiting the summons to tea.

Little they know how their sweet, loving ways,
Comfort him after the wearisome days;
Arms full and lap full of dear little pets,
All of his worries and cares he forgets.

THE MURPHY BAND.

The Murphy men are here to-night,
And work up hard for truth and right;
So come and help them all you can,
To save the soul of every man.

CHORUS:

If you belong to the Murphy Band,
If you belong to the Murphy Band,
If you belong to the Murphy Band,
Here's my heart and here's my hand.

O hear them call, why don't you come?
It is for all, both old and young;
Come sign the pledge and wear the blue,
It is the best thing you can do.

Come, Christians, now and show your hand,
And let the world see where you stand.
This is the time for you to work,
So from your duty do not shirk.

The world is watching you to-day,
Come sign the pledge and lead the way.
Come sign the pledge and show your colors,
'Twill show them how to save their dollars.

You moderate drinker, stop and think!
Just pause a while, before you drink;
O shun the cup, leave off your toddy,
And show the world you are somebody.

Come every woman, every man,
Come sign the pledge and join the band;
O shun the cup, O shun the bowl,
It kills the body, it kills the soul!

Louisville Industrial Exposition.

The Sixth annual Exposition of Louisville will open on the 3rd day of September and continue till the 19th of October. The attractions and pleasures that will be offered promise to exceed in variety and excellence those of any former exhibition held in Louisville. The Secretary has visited prominent points in the East and has secured many articles of real merit which have not been exhibited before, altogether offering an entertainment of great merit, that will be instructive, pleasing and amusing to the masses.

Here all classes of inventions will be found and every late and novel improvement of the age will be exhibited; the natural products of the earth, and especially the coals and minerals of Kentucky will form an interesting feature of the Exposition.

It is well known that the Art Department of the Louisville Exposition has always been made up of the best paintings the country can produce and in this respect the coming Exhibition will not be inferior to former ones.

Many new attractions and novelties will be offered in the Natural History Department which will be enriched by contributions from many of our most noted museums.

The railroads and steamboat lines have as usual offered to carry visitors at greatly reduced rates, and the cheap transportation together with the excellent hotel accommodations which the city affords and the many attractions in the Falls City will induce many of our readers to make the trip. It is a good place to go once a year to see friends and learn something of the progress the world is making.

Points on the Sun—Some Facts About the Great Luminary.

Now that public attention has been called to "Old Sol," the following facts concerning him will be found interesting:

The sun is 320,000 times as large as this earth.

The sun is 400 times as far off as the moon.

A lady who weighes 100 pounds here, would weigh 2,700 pounds if on the surface of the sun.

The heat given off by the sun would melt 287,200,000 cubic miles every second.

The diameter of the earth bears the same relation to its distance from the sun as the breadth of a hair to 125 feet.

A railroad train traveling without stops at the rate of forty miles an hour would get up to the sun in 262 years.

The sun is believed to become 250 feet smaller every year.

The contraction would be sufficient to generate the enormous quantity of heat which it radiates.

Another theory is that comets and meteoric matter falling into the sun may be its ailment to offset the tremendious loss which combustion ceartainly involves.

It would require the combustion of thirty feet of coal over the entire surface of the sun every second to generate the the same heat.

The stars are supposed to average larger than our sun and to have planetary systems like this.

The nearest star is 250,000 times as far off as our sun.

It takes light eight minutes to come from the sun, but it must have required 50,000 years to come from the farthest visible stars.

When the eleven-year storms on the sun occur, the magnetic needle on the earth is variable and sometimes considerably deflected.

The earth is flying around the sun at the rate of 1,000 miles a minute.

The sun and all the stars are moving through space, accompanied by their planetary systems, at a rate varying from 20 to 200 miles a second.

Some of the sun spots (craters) are 100,000 miles in diameter, and one of them would easily swallow up the whole of the planets, Jupiter himself only making a mouthful.

Maedler's curious and brilliant speculation is that the star Aclyone is the central sun of our universe, and that our sun and the visable stars are swinging around it in orbit's measure by millions of years.

A DRAMATIC critic left the Herald in anger, and eventually got very poor. The other day he applied to Mr. Bennett to be reinstated. "Why did you leave?" asked he. "Why did you leave?" asked Mr. Bennett. "Because," was the reply, I was a d—d fool!" "Ah, well," said Mr. Bennett, "that being the case, come right back"—which he did.

Newspaper Patronage.

A cotemporary prepares the following mirror, in which his patrons can "see themselves reflected."

Many long and weary years of experience in the publishing business have forced the conviction upon us that newspaper patronage is a word of many definitions, and that a great majority of mankind are either ignorant of the correct definition or are dishonest in a strict biblical sense of the word. Newspaper patronage is composed of as many colors as the rainbow, and is as changeable as a chameleon.

One man comes in and subscribes for the paper and pays for it in advance, and goes home and reads it with proud satisfaction. He hands in his advertisement, asks the price, pays for it, goes to his place of business and reaps the benefit thereof.

Another man says, "You may put my name on your books and goes off without saying one word about pay. Time passes on, and you ask him to pay what is honestly due you. This is called newspaper patronage.

Another man has been a subscriber a long time, but has never paid a cent, and wants a change. He thinks he wants a city paper. He tells the postmaster he don't want it, and you'll get a paper marked "refused." But does he call and pay? Oh, no! he want his money to pay for his city paper. He will pay you after a while, he says. But he never does unless you sue him. And this they call patronage.

Another man brings in a fifty cent advertisement and wants a two dollar notice given it, and if you refuse he goes off mad. And this is called newspaper patronage.

Another man lives near you—he does not take the paper—he don't like the editor—the paper is too small for him—yet he goes to his neighbors and reads it and finds fault with it, and the opinions of the editor. Occasionally he sees an article that he likes and begs or gives half a dime for the number. This is also called newspaper patronage.

Another man takes two or three city papers and cannot afford to take a home paper, but he likes it and comes into the office and begs one whenever he is in town. This is also called newspaper patronage.

Another man has a patent and wants you to give it a two dollar notice every week: "It will be of interest to your readers," he says, but although knowing it will benefit him most of all, he does not offer to pay for it. This is called newspaper patronage.

Another man has taken the paper several years, but has not payed for it, and comes in with a four dollar advertisement, and asks you to insert it for nothing because he is an old patron of yours. This is also called newspaper patronage.

Another man—"a young man about town"—no use of his taking a paper, he knows all that is going on. By-and-by he gets married and hands in the notice with "just send me a dozen copies." He gets them, and when you mention pay, looks surprised—"you surely do not charge for such things!" And this is called newspaper patronage.

Another man (bless you, it does us good to see such men) comes in and says, "The year for which I paid is about to expire; I want to pay for another." He does so and retires. This is newspaper patronage.

Now isn't newspaper patronage a curious thing? And in that great day when the Gentleman in Black gets his dues, as he surely will, how many of the patrons enumerated above will fail to his share? Now it will be seen that while certain kinds of patronage are the life of a newspaper, there are other kinds of patronage that are more destructive than the "deadly night-shade."

Reader, where do you stand?

A Dog Makes the Acquaintance of a Bee.

St. Louis Republican.

A grocer on Carr street yesterday placed on the sidewalk in front of his store a sugar hogshead, which he had just emptied. The adhering sweets attracted myriads of flies and a few honey-bees, which seemed to think they had found a bonanza. A vagabond looking dog was lying down in the shade of the sugar hogshead, and was pestered much by the flies, which found the dogs's nose a good place to roost after they had filled themselves with sugar. After the dog had wearied himself out by his ineffectual snaps at the flies, he burried his nose between his paws and took the annoyance philosophically. At length a bee came humming around him, and being bigger game, the dog concluded to go for it, and watching his opportunity snapped at it and caught it in his mouth. Then he made a sudden spring to his feet as if he had just thought of something that he had to do in a hurry, and the hair all over him raised on end as if he had been electrified. Then he pranced around for a moment shaking his head frantically as if he were worrying a rat. A little black object dropped from his mouth which he looked at inquiringly for a brief instant, and then started off in haste to see a man around the corner, howling dismally as he went. The man was not there, and the dog came back and once more made an inspection of the little black object that lay upon the sidewalk and poked it timidly with his paw. He perhaps wanted to be able to recognize one of those little things if he should ever encounter one of them again. After satisfying his curiosity he went and lay down again with a sort of grin-and-bear-it you-old-fool look, giving vent to his feelings occasionally by a subdued canine sigh.

A Boston Sensation.

The marriage of a blue-blooded Boston aristocrat to one of the blackest of Chicago negresses has just come to light and caused a sensation at the "Hub." Agustus G. Bartlett, whose mother lives in an elegant residence in a fashionable quarter of the city, visited Chicago about 1872, and, falling sick, was carefully nursed by Mrs. Martha Kemp, the sable keeper of his lodging house, who was also the proprietress of a flourishing laundry. While convalescing, in the depth of his gratitude, Bartlett proposed to wed his benefactor. She laughed at the absurdity, but her prejudices were dissolved by the ardent protestations of her lover, and the nuptials were celebrated. A beautiful boy was born to them, but he died, and soon after the husband started off on his travels, ostensibly to seek work. Once or twice when he got in tight places his wife sent him money, but he finally deserted her and went to Boston. Wishing to get rid of his unfortunate marriage he sought a divorce and learned that, according to the laws of Illionis, which forbid amalgamation of the races, there was no marriage. Mrs. Kemp has followed him to Boston, however, and is making it decidedly unpleasant for his high-toned relations, who think he must have been crazy when he married her.

KEARNEY to the Heathen Chinee: "By the heavens above and the stars that are in it; by the moon, the pale empress of the night; by the sun that shines by day; by the earth and all its inhabitants, and by hell beneath us, the Chinese must go." Heathen Chinee to Kearney: "You no Melican man; dustee you selfee!"

KANSAS has increased her population over 150,000 during the year ending June 30, and over two million acres of government land were taken up.

A Texas Man Leaves His Wife Because She is Visited by the Spirit of a Former Sweetheart.

Dallas (Texas) Herald.

A strange domestic disturbanance, located in a family whose place of residence is on San Jacinto street, fell a prey to a Herald reporter yesterday. The cause of the trouble in this otherwise happy home is novel, indeed, being out of the usual order of such matters. The gentleman and his wife live alone, and while he fondly cherishes his better half, as she does him in return, they are both of the opinion that they will be compelled to separate, which should it occur, will be one of the queerest causes that has ever come to light.

The wife whom he married several years ago has, within the past few months, developed into a spiritual medium; and so troublesome has this become to the husband that he admits that in order to find peace and comfort, he will be compelled to leave his wife, whom he adores above all other creatures on earth. She, too, looks at the matter in the same way, and is free to confess that there will be no peace for them until the separation occurs.

The spirits manifest themselves unbidden by her, and, while they do not particularly frighten, prove nevertheless a source of great annoyance to her and her husband.

The furniture is hauled about the house, the bed on which they sleep is tilted, and a thousand other mischievious pranks are played by them, greatly to their mutual annoyance. At first the husband was horrified by these nightly visitations, but he soon came to regard their visits as a matter of course, although his dislike of them constantly increased.

The spirit that causes the greatest disturbance is that of a young man who was his rival for the hand of his wife, and which insists on their separating, having communicated to the medium the fact that it will never give either of them peace or quiet until they do so.

The gentleman is a most respectable citizen, and his wife a most estimable woman, and they had kept the entire matter a secret, hoping that the noise would cease, but the spirit in question becomes more violent each night, and he and his wife have mutually agreed to live apart for a while at least.

A Noted New Orleans Nurse on Yellow Fever Cure.

Mrs. M. T. Dugan, celebrated at New Orleans for her self-sacrificing labors in yellow fever epidemics, says, in an article in the Picayune:

"I fully believe that almost every death that occurs from yellow fever is caused by not attending to it in time, or by giving injudicious nourishment or ignorant nursing. I have a patient, a little orphan girl ten years old, that I cured with fifteen cents' worth of medicine (magnesia and mustard), and I have enough of it left to cure another. Ice and lemons are luxuries; they are not necessary in yellow fever. A simple purge at the beginning of the disease, a mustard foot-bath, blankets to produce perspiration, orange-leaf tea as a beverage, and perfect quiet, are all that are necessary. No stimulant or food of any kind should be given while the fever lasts.

"After the fever leaves, the slightest kind of nourishment and perfect quiet during several days to prevent a relapse. Quinine should never be given while the fever is on; when the fever has left it may be given in small quanties as a tonic. There seems to be a great deal of conjecture as to what kind of fever prevails here now. It matters little what name is given to it, provided the remedies are known and applied. While we are waiting for all the symptoms of yellow fever to become developed the patient may be past recovery."

Is the Country Poor?

It is not true that the country is poor, and here are proofs of the falsehood of this cheap assertion: There is of late a large increase in the internal revenue receipts, one of the surest signs of increasing prosperity, for the internal revenue collections mark the condition of many of the most important branches of trade and production. There is a large increase in the savings banks deposits. These amounted, for the whole country, in 1873, the period of great so-called prosperity, to $816,000,000; they had risen at the beginning of last year to $941,000,000, and there is reason to believe that they are still increasing. But besides this, since last February, thirty-seven millions of the four-per-cents have been taken up by the people, and a large part of these in registered bonds of small denominations, which represent the savings of farmers, mechanics and clerks. That is one of the surest evidences of general comfort. That there have been in the same period a great many business failures, denotes only that there have been a good many traders without sufficient capital and a good many speculators, who have been "holding on" until their means are exhausted, or whose bankruptcy was hastened by the threat of Congress to repeal the bankrupt law.—*N. Y. Herald.*

A Beautiful Allegory.

Mr. Crittenden, of Kentucky, was once engaged in defending a man who had been indicted for a capital offense. After an elaborate and powerful argument, he closed his effort with the following beautiful and striking allegory:

"When God in his eternal council conceived the thought of man's creation, he called to him the three ministers who wait constantly upon the throne—Justice, Truth and Mercy, and thus addressed them:

'Shall we make man?' Then said Justice: 'O God, make him not, for he will trample on thy laws.' Truth made an answer also: 'O God, make him not, for he will pollute thy sanctuaries.' But Mercy, dropping upon her knees, looking up through her tears, exclaimed, 'O God, make him; I will watch over him with my care through all the dark paths which he may have to tread.' Then God made man, and said to him, 'O man, thou art the child of Mercy; go and deal with thy brother.'"

Girls All Talk Alike.

Girls all talk alike about marrying, as though it were a jubilee, a gladsome thing, a rose without a thorn, and so it is if it is all right, if they go about it as rational beings instead of merry-making children. It is a serious thing to marry. It is a life business.

Therefore never do it in haste; never run away to get married; never marry for wealth and standing, or fine person or manners, but for both, for the qualities of mind and heart which make an honorable man.

Take time, think long and well before you accept any proposal; consult your parents, then some judicious friend, then your own judgment. Learn all that is possible to learn of your proposed husband. When all doubts have been removed, and not till then, accept him.

"Old Rosin, the Bow."

Some forty years since the most popular song of the day was "Old Rosin the Bow." It was written by Colonel W. H. Sparks, formerly of Natchez, and was called "Old Rossum, the Beau." Old Rossum was a particular friend of the colonel. Col. Sparks is now about 83 years of age, and, it is said, lives on his plantation in Louisiana. His old song is again becoming popular.

Stick to the Democracy.

Winchester Home Journal.

The Republicans of Tennessee will convene at Nashville on the 22d and nominate a man for Governor. They feel considerably encouraged at the defeat of the Democratic nominees in Davidson and Shelby counties by the Independents, and think that the split in the Democratic ranks on the question of finances will give them a chance to elect a Governor. We are sorry to see this new party movement, and fear that it will work to the detriment of Democracy in the coming Gubernatorial campaign.

The Republican party is looking to and relying upon this movement as the sole hope of breaking into our ranks, and it behooves us to be on the alert. No patriotic citizen can fail to see that this is emphatically the time to hold fast to the Democratic party. The man who wanders off after strange gods, after a long term of faithful service is evidently short-sighted. He will serve neither himself nor his party. Let no man throw away his ballot on Independents, but let every Democrat cling to the Democracy and it will never be regretted.

A Distinguished Family.

New Orleans Picayune: The large and distinguished family of which General Wade Hampton is so brilliant a member furnished one thousand men to the Confederate army. Among them may be named Generals Joseph E. Johnston, Albert Sidney Johnston, Edward Johnston, J. B. Floyd, John C. Breckinridge, John S. and William Preston, of Virginia, with Col. R. T. Preston, of the same State. No less than five Governors of Virginia were of this family—Governors McDowell, Campbell, James Preston and the two Floyds; ex-Governors Jacobs, of Kentucky, Gratz Brown, of Missouri, and Weller, of California. Hon.'s Patrick Henry, Thomas H. Benton, W. C. Preston and Ballard Preston were of them, with Professor Holmes and Venable, of the University of Virginia; W. P. Johnson, of Washington and Lee University, and General R. L. Gibson, member of Congress of Louisiana.

Saved by Her Dog.

Mrs. Edwin French, of Londonderry, Vt., attempting to draw water from a well, was thrown into the well by the breaking of a board.

The water was deep, but she managed to keep her head above the surface by clinging to the pump pipe. There was no person within sound of her voice, but the family dog, a faithful and intelligent animal, went to the well and looked in. Mrs. French asked him, as she would have asked a human being, if he could not get help. The dog took in the situation instantly, and bounded away towards the hayfield where Mr. French was at work. Arriving there he made a terrible uproar, and persisted in his wild actions, until Mr. French, fearing that something had happened, followed him to the well, and saved his wife from drowning.

A Candidate's Lament

The Editor of the Tipton Record, who was an unsuccessful candidate at the recent election, thus expresses the feeling of quite a number of his fellow-sufferers. He says:

Among many other merits that our system of elections undoubtedly possesses, it has the crowning merit of making even the rustest man a very Chesterfield for the time being; of making the stingy man generous, the selfish man charitable. How many of the disappointed candidates will look back with regret to the money which they have been forced to subscribe to churches and to the claims of charity which present themselves almost daily? How many will utter a curse when they think of the kisses—"Seals of love but sealed in vain"—that they have given to dirty-faced babies? We pause for a reply. Don't all speak at once, gentlemen.

WASHINGTON special to the Louisville Courier-Journal: The statements which have been made that troops would be used to assist the revenue officers in enforcing the law in Tennessee are not true. Commissioner Raum said to-day that affairs were no worse in Tennessee than they had been at various points in the whisky sections during the present year, and he felt fully able to carry out the law with an increased force of revenue officers.

How to Stop Your Paper.

Occasionally, when for some reason of financial or personal character, individuals wish to stop their papers, and in most cases they return to the mail carrier with instructions not to deliver them any more, thus assuming that he is the agent of the newspaper, which he is not. The proper way is to call at the publication office, settle arrearages, and order the paper discontinued. When orders to discontinue are sent by mail, are not regarded, the reason invariably is that there is an unpaid balance, which should be settled.

Democratic Executive Committee.

The Democratic Executive Committee met in Clarksville on Saturday, June 15, in accordance with the call of the Chairman. The following action was taken:

First—That a mass meeting of the Democratic party be called to meet in Clarksville at 12 o'clock, M., on Monday, August 5th, 1878, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Congressional Convention to meet in Nashville August 15, 1878.

Second—That a Convention of said party be called to meet in Clarksville on Monday, Sept. 2nd, 1878, to nominate a candidate to represent the county of Montgomery in the next Legislature.

Third—That the county of Stewart be requested to send delegates to a convention to meet at Indian Mound, in the county of Stewart, on Saturday, Sept. 14, 1878, to nominate a candidate to represent the counties of Stewart and Montgomery in the next Legislature.

Fourth—That the counties of Stewart and Robertson be requested to send delegates to a convention to be held in Clarksville on Wednesday, Sept. 4, 1878, to nominate a candidate for Senator.

The last two conventions to be held provided the time and place meet the approbation of the party in the counties of Stewart and Robertson.

Fifth—That the Democratic party in the districts of the county be urgently requested to meet in their respective districts on Saturday, August 24, 1878, and appoint delegates to the County, Floaterial and Senatorial Convention.

That the Dover Courier, Springfield Record and Clarksville papers be requested to publish the same.

POLK G. JOHNSON,
Chairman.

Democratic Mass Meeting and Convention.

A convention of the Democratic party is hereby called to meet in Clarksville on Monday, Sept. 2, 1878, to nominate a candidate for the State Legislature.

The Democratic voters are urgently requested to meet in their respective districts on Saturday, August 24, 1878, and appoint delegates to represent them in the County, Floaterial and Senatorial Conventions. The district committees are requested to call the meetings for the above date.

POLK G. JOHNSON,
Chairman.

T. M. RILEY
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CLARKSVILLE, TENN.

Will practice in the Courts of Montgomery, Stewart and Houston counties.
Office up stairs, south side Strawberry St.
March 25 1876-tf

GEO. C. MARTIN, ED. C. CAMPBELL,
Martin & Campbell,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
CLARKSVILLE, - - - TENN.
Will practice in all the Courts of this and adjoining counties. dec27781

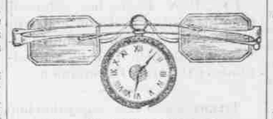
$45 PREMIUM WATCH AND CHAIN—Stem-winder, Free with every order. Outfit free. J. H. Gaylord & Co., Chicago, Ill.

BUGGIES AT BOTTOM PRICES
B. F. Hardin & Co.,
(Successors to Emerie & Million.)
MANUFACTURERS AND REPAIRERS OF
BUGGIES, CARRIAGES,
And Spring Wagons.
We now have in stock a superior class of Buggies, etc., that we offer at Reduced Prices, as we want to keep our men at work through the dull season. Examine our work and be convinced that what we say we mean. We use only the best material in the construction of our work. We have in stock a good lot of second-hand work at low prices. Old work taken in exchange as payment for new. Repairing done on the shortest notice and in the best manner.
Shop at the Old Baptist Church, corner Commerce and Third streets, Clarksville, Tenn.
June 29 1878-tf

AT COST
And Less Than Cost.
Being designated by the will of the late George O. Halliburton to close out the stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., I will, for the next thirty days, sell at cost and less than cost, the stock now on hand. Soliciting the patronage of his numerous friends and customers, I am, respectfully,
August 3, 1878-tf S. B. NICHOLS.

M. C. PITMAN, ED. H. LEWIS.
PITMAN & LEWIS,
Dealers in
CLOTHING,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC.,
Franklin Street, C. M. Barker's old stand,
CLARKSVILLE, TENN.
April 20, 1878-tf

We are now receiving the largest and finest stock of
MILLINERY
ever brought to this city, selected by Mrs. Hodgson in New York and Baltimore, comprising all the latest styles in
FRENCH & AMERICAN NOVELTIES,
Fine French Chip and Leghorn Hats, Bonnets, Plumes and Flowers, Russia and Torchon Lace Sets, new and elegant.
Ladies' Embroidered Hose,
Colored Silk Mitts, Dressed and Undressed Kid Gloves, all shades. Ties, Bows, Scarfs, Veils, Fans, Combs, Umbrellas,
DRESS TRIMMINGS, LINEN SUITS,
to which we call the attention of our many friends and customers.
Respectfully,
J. Hodgson & Maguire,
Rooms up stairs in the Marble Warerooms on Second street.
April 13, 1878-tf



L. GAUCHAT,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
In V. L. Williams' Store,
Franklin St., Clarksville, Tenn.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.
Feb3-3m

A. C. BRUCE,
Architect and Superintendent,
KNOXVILLE, TENN.
Court Houses and Public Buildings a Specialty.
With sixteen years practical experience. Will guarantee satisfaction and accuracy in all work entrusted to him.
June 1, 1878-3m

A CARD.
The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Clarksville and adjoining counties that he has returned to this city to resume his old and legitimate calling, the
Carriage and Bugg Business
but especially the renovation of pleasure vehicles, as regards
Repairing, Painting, Trimming, Etc.
My place of business is located on First street, between Franklin and Commerce streets, Clarksville. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Terms moderate, to suit the times. The cordial reception and kindness I have uniformly met with since my return is truly gratifying and prompts me to make most grateful acknowledgments.
W. R. Bringhurst, Sr.
March 30, 1878-tf

C. G. SMITH, HORACE H. LURTON
SMITH & LURTON,
Solicitors and Attorneys at Law,
CLARKSVILLE, TENN.
Will practice in all the Courts of Montgomery, Houston and Stewart.

J.W. RUDOLPH, R. H. BURNEY.
RUDOLPH & BURNEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
CLARKSVILLE, TENN.
OFFICE ON STRAWBERRY STREET.
Special attention paid to collections.
Dec. 1, 1877-tf

A. G. GOODLETT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CLARKSVILLE, TENN.
OFFICE IN FRANKLIN BANK.
Is prepared with blanks to attend to cases in Bankruptcy.
Nov. 10, 1877-tf

A. H. MUNFORD, L. G. MUNFORD,
MUNFORD & MUNFORD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
—AND—
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY
Will practice in all the Courts of common law and equity in Montgomery, Stewart and Houston counties, and the Federal and Supreme Courts at Nashville.
Special attention to collections.
Jan. 8, 1876-tf

JOHN J. WEST,
Attorney at Law,
Office on Strawberry Alley,
CLARKSVILLE, - - - TENN.
Special attention paid to Collections.
Jan. 26, 1878-6m

AGENTS If you want to MAKE MONEY pleasantly and fast, address FINLEY, HARVEY & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Clarksville Female Academy.

The 33d annual session of this prosperous Institution will open the 2d day of September, with a Faculty complete in all departments. The Academy is recognized as a leading school of the South. Magnificent buildings out of debt, ornamental grounds, healthy location, superior Boarding Department, apply for an elegant catalogue to
J. R. PLUMMER, Pres't.
July 6, 1878-2m

PUBLIC SALE!
HOUSE AND LOT.
C. C. Everett having bargained for a farm, and wishing to locate on same, will offer for sale the place on which he now lives, to the highest bidder, on
Saturday, the 28th of September,
if not sold privately before that time. The lot contains four acres of good land, located between Clarksville and New Providence, outside both corporations, and in plain view of both cities. The improvements consist of a first rate, well built two-story brick house, with six rooms, two halls and a good cellar, surrounded by beautiful natural forest trees, making it a cool, shady, pleasant, healthy home for any family; good cistern at kitchen door; out buildings comprise stable, wagon, or carriage house, smoke, coal, wash and ice houses conveniently located; ice house self-draining, on bank of a beautiful pond filled with an abundance of fish. The premises abound with choice fruit, consisting of apples, pears, peaches, plums, cherries, grapes, gooseberries, raspberries, etc., etc. This property will suit any man doing business in Clarksville or New Providence. A bargain can be had.
TERMS.—One half cash; balance on one and two year's credit.
The place will be shown by Mr. Everett, on the premises, or by
T. D. LEONARD, Agent.
August 3, tds

To the Cttizens of Clarksville
AND PUBLIC GENERALLY.
I would respectfully inform you that I have at present opened a work shop on the Public Square, near the market house, and back of Mr. S. Sullivan's store. Having associated with me Mr. M. H. Malone, a No. 1 workman, I am prepared to do all kinds of work entrusted to me, such as
ROOFING,
Guttering, Spouting,
And Sheet Iron Work of Every Kind,
just as low as anyone in my line of business. I will guarantee all work to give satisfaction, and would refer you to the roofs of the Central and Grange Warehouses, as a test of my work. Hoping to have a share of your patronage, I am, very respectfully,
CORNELIUS MEHIGAN.
June 22, 1878-3m

Jno. L. Smith,
ARCHITECT,
Office over McClure's Temple of Music, Union street,
NASHVILLE, TENN.
REFERENCES.
Polk G. Johnson, Jno. W. Faxon, Chas. W. Tyler, G. E. Cooke, Sam'l Roringer, Polk Prince.
May 11, 1878-tf

Johnson & Nass,
FASHIONABLE TAILORS!
Would respectfully say to their friends and the public generally, that those wanting good Tailoring done, on short notice and at low prices, to call on them at their shop on First street, westside, ground floor, between Franklin and Commerce. They have made more fine suits this spring than ever before in the same length of time, and have given entire satisfaction in every instance.
June 8, 1878-tf

CLARKSVILLE
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP
COMMERCE STREET.
MANUFACTURE
Steam Engines, Saw Mills,
PLANTER'S PRIZE SCREWS
Machinery Repaired at Short Notice.
Call and see our
STEAM JET PUMP,
and throw away your cold water Pumps—no more use for them when you can do better.
WHITFIELD, BATES & CO.
Aug. 26, 71-tf

E. GAISSER,
BLACKSMITH
Ornamental and other Iron Works. All kinds of repairing done to order, Iron Fences cast, and wrought iron for houses and graveyards. Awning Frames, Iron Doors and Shutters. All kinds of horse and other Blacksmithing done, also Key Fitting, etc. Orders solicited. I have a lot of different sized Strap Hinges on hand, which I will sell cheap.
Shop on First Street, bet. Commerce and Franklin, Clarksville, Tenn.
Nov. 24, 1877-3m

50,000 MEN WANTED
AT HATTLER'S.
I would respectfully inform the citizen of Clarksville and vicinity, that I have opened a Tailor-shop on the corner of First and Franklin streets, and am prepared to make up work on short notice and in good style.
All Work made up in the Shop Guaranteed.
I have an experience of twenty-five years in cutting. My motto is to please the man I work for. Please give me a call.
Respectfully,
R. G. HATTLER.
August 18, 1877-1y

COAL! HAY!
You can buy Diamond Coal and Hay, at REDUCED PRICES, of
J. S. WOODSON & CO.
Office with Dr. Dunn, Franklin street near Third.
March 23, 1878-tf.

THE HOWE
Sewing Machines
Are warranted for five years, and sell as low as any.
Office at JOHN RICK'S,
PUBLIC SQUARE,
Next door to the Postoffice, Clarksville, Tenn.
F. W. Bostelmann,
April 27, 1878-tf AGENT.

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

TO MAKE MONEY
Pleasantly and fast, agents should address FINLEY, HARVEY & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN S. ELDER,
Wholesale and Retail dealer in
HARDWARE, IRON,
Agricultural Implements, &c
CLARKSVILLE, TENN.
HEADQUARTRES
FOR

BUCKEYE
New Light Mower,
New Mower Combined,
New Table Self-Rake Reaper.
New Dropper Reaper.
Sweepstake Separators!
With Steam and Horse Power.
Bellville Vibrator!
Picker and grain saver, something new.
THE BEST THRASHER MADE.
Be sure to call and see it before you buy.
With steam or horse power.
Thomas' Riding Hay Rake,
Advance Riding Hay Rake,
Revolving Hay Rake.
STUDEBAKER FARM WAGON.
Will run lighter, last longer, and is warranted for two years.
Avery's Steel and Cast Plows, Points, etc.
Clarksville Steel and Cast Plows, Points, etc., etc.
Meikel's Steel and Cast Plows, can work either cast or steel points.
South Bend Chill Plows, etc.
Diamond Iron Chill Plows, etc.
Iron Double Shovel Plows, all kinds and make.
Superior Grain Drills, with and without fertilizing attachment.
Hocking Valley Coal Shellers.
Farm, Bells, Baby Buggies, Webster's new Amalgam Pens, Whips of all kinds, Tools of all kinds, Locks, Hinges, Nails, Builder's Hardware of all kinds, Gum Belting, Packing, Leather, etc.
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as you will be waited on politely by
ED. TURNLEY, J. S. ELDER,
FRED NAYLOR, J. H. TURNLEY.
March 2, 1878-tf

ECLIPSE
LIVERY, FEED
And Sale Stable.

I have just received a number of good Saddle and Harness Horses, also several new Buggies, and am prepared to furnish the public with something neat and nice. I also do a general sale business. Call and examine my stock
C. S. DANIEL & BRO.
August 4 1877-tf

HOME ENTERPRISE!
Mrs. Isabella Driscol,
Agent for Madame DEMOREST'S SPRING PATTERNS and Le Roy's Improved Common-sense Shirt Patterns, and is prepared to cut and manufacture both
Ladies' & Gentlemen's Underwear,
of every description. Gentlemen's Shirts cut and made to order, of the best Wamsutta Muslin, for $1 15. CHILDRENS' WHITE BONNETS, various sizes. A large assortment of beautiful EMBROIDERIES, at the very lowest prices. EDGINGS, RIBBONS and NOTIONS kept constantly on hand.
Calico, Linen, Batist, White Suits,
in fact, suits made of all washing fabrics. I give my personal attention to the manufacture of every article offered for sale. My employes are all young ladies residing in the city, and take a personal interest in their own handiwork. I respectfully ask the ladies to call and examine my goods before purchasing. Room in John F. Couts building, near Southern Hotel.
MRS. ISABELLA DRISCOL.
March 23, 1878-tf.

$3200 A YEAR. How to Make it. Something New for Agents. Address—COE & YONGE, St. Louis, Mo.

Otis E. Davidson,

On First Street, between Franklin and Commerce.
GUNSMITH!
BELL HANGER,
And general repairer of Money Safes, Vaults, Jail Locks, Umbrellas, Parasols, Trunks, Keys, Canes, &c., &c. Hotel and Steamboat Bell Enunciators and Telephones put up. Guns stocked to order, Saws dressed, Knives and Scissors ground and repaired with dispatch. By permission I give as reference the following named gentlemen for whom I have hung bells: Hon. John F. House, Walter Deane, Wm. M. Daniel, Thos. Munford, Judge Tyler, Samuel Hodgson, Col. P. G. Johnson, Bryce Stewart, Dr. Beaumont, Messrs. Bloch, Rev. Robt. A. Broadhurst, John W. Faxon, and others. Those who patronize me will enjoy the blessings of good, substantial work at moderate prices.
Respectfully, OTIS E. DAVIDSON.
April 6, 1878-1y

HENRY FRECH
Farm and Garden Implements,
FRESH AND PURE
Buest Garden Seed,
New Crop Turnip Seed,
German Millet,
Missouri Millet,
Hungarian Grass Seed.
CHAMPION REAPERS and MOWERS
For Sale at Cost and Carriage.
Corn Shellers,
Cutting Boxes,
Wheat Fans, Leather,
Salt, Lime, Cement,
Rope, Twine, etc., etc.
Tobacco Fertilizers,
Super Phosphate,
Guano and
Flour of Raw Bone.
April 27, 1878, tf

$66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

FOX & SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
HARDWARE, IRON,
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
Clarksville, Tenn.,
Have for the Season
WALTER A. WOODS'
Self-Binding
Reaper,
a perfect machine, cutting and binding grain better than can be done in any other way. The Old Reliable
SELF-RAKE REAPER,
a machine that does better work and lasts longer than any Self Rake Reaper made.
TWO WHEEL
Iron Mower,
CHICAGO PITTS
Separators and Horse Powers,
AMES & MANSFIELD
Portable Engines
THE THREE RIVERS
INVINCIBLE VIBRATOR,
And the
"Eclipse No Apron Thresher,"
A PATENT
GRAIN CRADLE
that every one can put together; no wedging of blade. And a full line of
Hardware, Horse Shoes, Nails, Wagon and Buggy Timbers, Plow Handles, &c., &c.
We ask our friends to call and see us, or send for prices and terms on machines. We know we have the best goods in market.
FOX & SMITH.
April 13, 1878-tf

FOR SALE.
Wishing to return to my home in California in September, I will offer my place on Greenwood Avenue for sale privately until the 15th of September, and, if not sold by that time, will put it up to the highest bidder. The place contains 10 acres, and is situated on Greenwood Avenue, between the residences of Thomas Munford and Mrs. King. For information apply to me at Coulter, Bro. & Stratton's, or Jones D. Nesbett. If I am not in the city, either of the above will give you my address. I will also offer the Mrs. W. S. Moore place, containing 95 acres, 3 miles from the city; a very desirable home. Respectfully,
July 6, 1878-tf. ROBT'S. MOORE.

STEAM ENGINES,
A. R. FARQUHAR, York, P