THE CHRONICLE.

ED. C. CAMPBELL, Editor.

Clarksville, Tenn., Dec. 17, 1881.

TERMS: $2.00 IN ADVANCE.

REPUBLICAN REFORM.

There is always much talk of reform within the Republican party, but the country waits and looks in vain for any evidence of this devoutly-to-be-wished for reformation. Certainly recent developments at Washington during the past few year do not give rise to any very great hopes that a party which has beetn wenty years in power will now begin the herculean task of reforming itself, or of correcting the frightful abuses which have crept into the government under its management. What has this pious party of great moral ideas recently done to encourage any such halcyon hope. One of its staunch supporters—a stalwart of the stalwarts—has foully murdered the Chief Magistrate of the country and plunged the Nation in sorrow and unhappiness and for many months kept its business interests in a feverish and unsettled state.

Gigantic frauds, peculations and thieveries have been unearthed and so far their perpetrators have gone unwhipped of justice.

The Treasury investigation has come to naught. When the scent got fresh and warm about the heels of influential and powerful men, the investigation was checked and from present indications is not likely to be renewed.

The Star-route thieves are running at large and chuckling in their sleeves at the feeble attempts of this mighty Government to convict and punish them. Instead of being prosecuted to the full extent of the law, convicted and forced to disgorge their stupenduous stealings, they are defiant and arrogant and are reported to be considering what condign punishment they shall inflict upon those who presumed to investigate and expose them. As they are strong and powerful party men, rich with ill-gotten gains and backed by an immense army of servile and dependent henchmen, whom they have completely at their beck and call, of course, their influence is great and they are not to be estranged from the party. They must be dealt with lightly and mildly chided for their sins. They are known to be thieves and robbers of the Government but they are within the party, and help the party in its continuation of power and therefore the party cannot afford to offend them. Besides they have got the money now, and nobody has missed it or been hurt by it much, and if they are exposed it might do the party more harm than good. They "antied up" liberally from their stealings in last years elections, and did much necessary dirty work for the party, and they may need their services again. These are a few of the persuasive arguments the party of great moral ideas is not slow to comprehend and act upon, and consequently any reform within the party is an empty delusion and a dream. It will never come. Look at the prospect before us for it. They now have entire control of Congress and what are the reports that come from Washington. Corruption and extravagance is already beginning to rear its hydra head. "There is said to be a larger gathering of lobbyists there than for many years past and it is believed this session of Congress will be distinguished for the great number of colossal jobs that will be brought before it." Here we have an evidence of what we may expect from their promises of reform. The lobbyists and rings which disappeared under Randall are assembling again in grand force and will soon make themselves respected as in the fat days of Grant.

SHALL THE REPUBLICANS RULE US?

The news comes from Washington that there is a well defined determination on the part of the Republican party and the Administration, flushed with their victory in Virginia, to wrest Tennessee from the Democracy. "The cry has gone forth that Tennessee must be captured by the Republicans, and every effort is being made to induce the fulfillment of that demand. The Stalwart wing of the Republican party is rallying to it, and all that the Administration can do to secure the overthrow of the Democracy in Tennessee, will be accomplished without scruple." The above is a true foreshadowing of what is to come, and yet in the face of this impending calamity what are the Democrats doing to ward it off? Nothing. Day after day we see a restless, suicidal strife kept up by a band of political agitators claiming to be Democrats whose only aim is self-preferment and who have no policy save that of rule or ruin. Can the honest sensible men of Tennessee believe that the crowd which assembled a few weeks ago at Winchester have the good of the State at heart and want to settle the debt? Without further comment and in the light of the present situation which is apparant to all thinking men who are Democrats and love their State, we ask all such to stand by the decision of the Supreme court to-day, no matter what it may be, and working together in union and harmony, prevent our State from falling into the hands of the Republican party. The Democratic party in Tennessee has forty-thousand majority. Shall a Republican minority rule them?

THE indications are there will be a larger number of bills introduced into the present congress than ever [illegible] before. Let the Democrats keep a watchful eye on this frightful in[illegible] means [illegible] him blox of bills and they will be able [illegible] where, [illegible] many a colossal fraud in the

THE Hopkinsville [illegible] engaged in a regular [illegible] election of Keifer to fight over the free to[illegible] the Ohio office-tion. We are surprised [illegible] bolder and are bitter warfare among broth[illegible] their applications a little matter of a month [illegible] ments. There is road or two, when only a few we[illegible] applicants ago they were talking of raisi[illegible] one hundred thousand dollar [illegible] subscription to build a railroad or tw[illegible] and ruin Clarksville. Peace brothers, do not let your angry passions [illegible] rise.

THE 100-3 CASE.

The motion to advance the hearing of the 100-3 injunction case on the docket of the Supreme court, came up for argument before a full bench of that court last Monday morning. The Hon. E. H. Ewing, of Murfreesboro, sitting by commission of the Governor, in the place of Judge Wm. F. Cooper, who is incompetent on account of holding Tennessee bends. Messrs. McPhail Smith and T. H. Malone, of the Nashville bar, appeared for the advancement and made weighty and thorough arguments in favor of advancing the case. Ex-Governor Marks, of Winchester, and Mr. Gant, of Memphis, argued against the advancement, and maintained that the case ought to await its regular turn on the docket. A large crowd was in attendance at the hearing and much solicitude is felt as to what will be the decision of the court. It is stated that the court will render its decision to-day, Saturday. It is looked forward to with the profoundest interest by all the citizens of the State and the country at large.

HILL'S ELOQUENT TONGUE.

The people of the country will be pleased to hear that the trouble with Senator Ben. H. Hill's tongue has been entirely cured. At one time it was thought to be a cancer and incurable. The Senator is now in perfect health and says he never felt better fitted or more like work in his life. There is every probability that Mahone and the Republicans will again feel the lash of his eloquent tongue before the present session of Congress is over. In an interview with a correspondent of the Macon, Ga., Telegraph, the Senator said: "There is nothing now the matter except that my tongue has healed a little too far forward and makes me lisp. That can be remedied by a very slight operation called 'clipping.' But the only thing between my tongue and the outside world is a very thin piece of skin." "And the Mahoneites will find that a very slim guard, I presume." "I should not besurprised if they heard from me soon on that line—not at all surprised," said the Senator, resting his hand on his knees and looking fixedly at the questioner. "Mahone's idea was to stand between the two parties and it was my policy to drive him where he belonged. The result in Virginia did not surprise me, except that I expected a larger result for Mahone."

THE retirement of Jas. G. Blaine from the Secretaryship of State will be regretted by a large majority of the people of the United States. It has been many years since that office has been held by a more competent, thorough and energetic secretary than Mr. Blaine, and since we are bound to have a republican in that office we would rather see Blaine hold it than any other man in the party.

WE hear a great deal from our great Metropolitan dailies about the rough uncouth style of Western journalism, but we can't see where they are any more tender in their vernacular than those to whom they would teach the amenities of the profession. The New York World begins an editorial as follows, "The Prize Idiot of the Union seems to be the protectionist editor of the Chicago Inter-Ocean."

THE news comes across the waters of the collapse of a Government balloon at Bath, England, the other day, by which Walter Powell, a member of Parliament, was lost at sea. Wouldn't it be a good idea for our government to get up a grand balloon excursion and persuade Mahone, Guiteau, and a few other "stalwarts of the stalwarts" to take a sail o'er the deep blue sea.

Fredrick T. Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, has been appointed Secretary of State by Arthur, and confirmed by the Senate. He has been twice a United States Senator and was once offered the position of Minister to the court of St. James by Grant, but refused it. His appointment is regarded as a good one by the Senate, but he is not so able a man as Blaine.

IT is to be regretted that the President failed to say anything about nepotism in touching upon the subject of civil service reform in his message. He ought to have lectured Hunt, who it is said, has appointed to less than ten of his relatives to lucrative positions under the Government since his tenure of the Secretary of the Navy portfolio.

THE Virginia Senatorial election comes off next Tuesday, and from present indications, Mahone's man, Riddleburger, will get the place. Mahone is the boss of his administration allies and whatever he says must be done. The local Virginia Republicans, however, want the seat for "Lewis" and are likely to make a fuss about it.

MAHONE and Riddleburger are bigger men than Chester A. Arthur and the whole Republican Administration. It must be a pleasing sight to the ex-boys in blue to see a Confederate Brigadier bossing this Government.

WHY don't the Nashville World occasionally say something about ex-Governor A. S. Marks? It's intelligent young editor, when editor of the Leaf, in this city, used to be very fond of writing about him.

THERE will be an important meeting of the Knights of the Golden Cross held at the hall of the Knights of Pythias on next Friday night every member is requested to be on hand promptly at 7 o'clock.

RIDDLEBURGER is called Mahone's "Me Too." Platt will doubtless protest against this additional odium being heaped upon him.

COL. JOHN W. FORNEY, a celebrated newspaper man of Philadelphia, and the editor of the Progress, died, in that city, on Friday, Dec. [illegible]

THE VERTREES-SMITH DIFFICULTY.

There was considerable excitement created in Nashville on Friday, of last week, occasioned by the shooting of State Senator, L. T. Smith, of Fentress county, by John J. Vertrees, a lawyer of Nashville, who, it will be remembered was an attorney for the plaintiffs in the 100-3 injunction case, argued before Chancellor Merritt, in Nashville, last June, and who in the course of his argument, openly charged Senators Smith, Morgan and Barrett with being bribed to vote for the bill. Barrett, it will be remembered, sued Vertrees for $10,000, but after his case had been investigated by two grand-juries, who failed to find any indictment against him, he withdrew the suit. Senators Smith and Morgan's cases were also investigated by the grand-jury of Davidson county, which failed to find an indictment in either case. During the meeting of the Senate last Friday, Senator Morgan, who is speaker of the Senate, vacated the chair, and rising to a question of privilege addressed the Senate on the subject of the charges, demanding an investigation, and branded the author of the charge, as a liar and slanderer. He was followed by Senator Smith, who also demanded a thorough investigation at the hands of the Senate, and also branded the author of the charge as a liar. He went beyond Senator Morgan insofar as he called the gentleman by name, saying that "John J. Vertrees had gone before the court and published lies against him as foul as the devil himself, and worthy the son of such a sire." All the while during the delivery of these speeches, Vertrees was in the Senate chamber and sitting within ten feet of Senators Morgan and Smith. He made no demonstration toward either of the Senators. The Senate soon after adjourned for dinner.

The American gives the following particulars of the shooting:

At half-past 12 o'clock yesterday, Senator Smith entered the rotunda of the Maxwell house and took a seat which was placed against one of the columns immediately in front of the elivator and facing northeast. He took a paper from his pocket and commenced to read. A few minutes afterwards Mr. Vertrees entered the rotunda from the Cherry street entrance, and accompanied by his brother, Wm. Vertrees, walked in the direction of the billiard room. All of the witnesses to the affair agree that Vertrees passed Smith a few feet and then turned towards him. The report of a pistol was heard almost simultaneously with this action, and here it is impossible to reconcile all the conflicting statements as to the actual facts of the transaction. Senator Smith ran towards the barber-shop, and Vertrees fired twice before Smith disappeared through the barber-shop door. Smith was not seen to have his pistol in his hand until fairly inside the barber-shop.

Capt. E. P. Turpin, of Gallatin, seized Vertrees, drew a large pistol, and began to flourish it around as if looking for an attack upon himself or Vertrees. He was the more excited of the two, and Vertrees endeavored in vain to quiet him. There were as many as half a dozen pistols out—all drawn by friends of Vertrees—and one man who approached the spot where Turpin and Vertrees were standing was gruffly ordered back by the former. Vertrees was arrested and taken to the police station and gave bond for his appearance before the recorder this morning. He then drove to the office of Justice J. B. Brown, where he was admitted to bail in the sum of $10,000, his bondsmen being E. T. Noel, J. M. Dickinson, D. D. Bell, J. W. Horton, Jr., and J. N. Walton.

One of the shots fired lodged in the facing of the door of the barber shop, and another struck the wall over the register near the same door.

The shooting created widespread excitement throughout the city, and a large number of persons gathered around the Maxwell house in search of all the information possible to be obtained. After Senator Smith had been removed from the Maxwell house barber-shop and taken to the office of Dr. Thomas Menees, and Dr. O. H. Menees the pavement and street were crowded with men gathered around it in the hope of finding out to what extent the senator had been wounded. It was soon ascertained that the wound, though dangerous, was not necessarily fatal.

There were in attendance upon Senator Smith, Drs. Thomas and O. H. Menees, Dr. W. C. Cook, Dr. Gaston (a senator), Dr. Keys and Dr. Dulaney (a senator). They attempted to find the ball, but without success. While the probing was being done, Senator Smith seemed to be suffering a great deal of pain. He was allowed to rest awhile, when he went to his room in the Maxwell house. Dr. O. H. Menees and R. F. Keyes subsequently went to Senator Smith's room and cut the ball out. To do this, an incision eight or ten inches in length had to be made. Pieces of the shoulder bone through which the ball had passed were also removed. The doctors say that the ball struck him a little below and behind the shoulder, passed horizontally into the scapula, through the scapula, on behind the posterior border, resting between the border of the scapula and the spinous processes of the dorsal vertebræ. It was found behind the angle of the ribs. On entering the fleshy part of the shoulder, the ball passed downward, went through the shoulder blade and then glancing upward lodging behind the angle of the ribs, as stated.

Drs. Cook, Keyes, Gaston, Dulaney and R. R. Roberts corroborated the statement made by the Drs. Menees.

While his wound was being examined in Dr. Menees' office, Senator Smith said that he believed that the persons engaged in the affair had entered into a conspiracy to murder him. He said he was seated in a chair, in the rotunda at the Maxwell House reading a newspaper, and that he was not aware of Vetrees' presence until the shot was fired and he felt the ball enter his back. He then arose, and seeing that he could not defend himself, ran into the barber-shop door, where he drew his revolver to protect himself. Vetrees was so close upon him that he could not stop to take time until then to draw his weapon. Vetrees did not spit in his face, as had been reported. He did not expect to be assaulted from behind. Had he known that this was the style of battle to be waged, he would have been standing up and on the lookout.

VETREES STATEMENT.

J. J. Vetrees was interviewed by an American reporter, last night. He said he always made it a custom to pass through the Maxwell house on his way to dinner. He entered the hotel shortly before 1 o'clock with the intention of passing through and going out on the Church street side. He passed the point where Senator Smith was seated before he saw him. He then wheeled back to where Smith was seated and pulled the paper from before his face spat in his face. He then stepped back about two or three steps. Smith started up and put his hand in his bosom as if to draw a pistol. He (Vertrees) then fired. Smith was almost facing him when the shot was fired and was on his feet. He started to turn around, and had probably almost turned when he fired again. There were only three shots fired, the latter two being in quick succession. He did not go to the hotel to shoot Smith, and had no intention of shooting him. He merely desired to spit in his face, and protect himself in case he was forced to do so. He denied that he had shot Senator Smith while he was sitting down.

Death of Mr. Thomas Lockert.

The friends and acquaintances of of the above named gentleman, who was born and raised in this county, and has many relatives we believe, still residing here, will greatly regret to hear of his untimely death, which sad event occurred at Murfreesborro, on last Sunday. The Nashville American of Monday says:

A telegram, received to-day, announces the death at Murfreesboro, of Mr. Thomas Lockert at that place yesterday. Mr. Lockert was from Montgomery county and, from his long engagement in the milling business here, had many friends in Nashville. He had been for some time in the same business at Murfreesboro, where only a few weeks ago he was married to Miss Lizzie Garret of that city, and went full of life and hope, on a wedding tour to Atlanta, whence he returned to sicken and die before the end of the honeymoon. Mr. Lockert was one of the finest specimens of physical and moral manhood and his energy judgement and attention to business had marked him for great success and as high a place in business as he occupied in the esteem of all who knew him. In the face of such cases as this we feel indeed that life is an inscrutable mystery.

H. H. RIDDLEBURGER, Mahone's "Me Too," has been nominated by the Readjuster element of the Virginia Legislature to succeed Senator Johnston as United States Senator. The election comes off next Tuesday.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular Correspondent.)

But little legislative work will be done until after the Christmas holidays. The formation of the House Committees proceeds very slowly, and they will not be announced until after the recess.

Until within the last three days, we have had no real winter weather in Washington. There has not been a sign of snow, and there is little wonder that the city is attracting visitors from all parts of the country. The fashionable season will be at its hight after Christmas, and promises to be of unusual brilliancy. The number of rich *mater familias*, with marriageable daughters already booked for the race at the different hotels and boarding houses, to say nothing of fashionable West end houses rented for the season, is unprecedented. Within the last ten years, men of wealth and leisure have bought and built in Washington. They are not here except in the Winter, but when Congress assembles, extravagant and erring spirits from all parts of the Union hie them hither to this winter elysium or pandemonium—as you like it. When will it stop? The fashion is increasing. The city is growing. Growing without manufactures, commerce, or trade. Growing on the money spent by wealthy residents, transient gusets, but, chiefly, from the enormous disbursements of the Government. No city in the world, I think, has become great under such circumstances. All other capitals of first class nations have had different sources of prosperity. Paris has always been the headquarters of a gigantic military establishment. London has been the depot of the worlds commerce, and Washington is but a yetty village, when compared with other great capitals. But she is larger and more promising than any of them at her age, and she is brought into quicker contact with broader and richer areas than have supplied the sinews of the great cities of the old world.

When we know the intimate, subtile co-relation of manners, art, architecture, and laws, the growth of the capital of a great country, its adornment, and its sanitrary purification, are subjects in which every intelligent citizen must be concerned. Athens, Rome and Paris have successively dominated the world through influences more enduring than military conquest. Rome subdued her barbarian conquerors by forces gentler but mightier than the sword, and in this new era, and not half developed hemisphere, the political centre of the single great power has a mission beyond anything enacted in the executive, legislative, and judicial departments of the Government. Washington must either be removed from the swamps or the swamps must be removed from Washington. To do either will be a greater work than the fabled tasks of Hercules combined. To remove the swamps will cost perhaps, five millions. To remove the Capital will cost a hundred millions.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Dec. 13, '81.

A Testimonial to Mrs. Polk.

In August last a number of ladies from the North and South were assembled at Dansville, New York, a popular health resort in that State, among whom was Miss Frances E. Willard, of Chicago, who called the ladies together, representatives of ten southern and eight northern states being present, and offered the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted.

Resolved. That we heartily concur in Miss Willard's proposition to honor Mrs. President James K. Polk, of Tennessee, whose noble character is a heritage of which the womanhood of the nation is justly proud, by placing her portrait beside that of her husband at the White House.

Resolved. That by our influence and personal efforts, we will endeavor to secure the necessary funds to carry forward this enterprise, not only as a token of personal esteem for Mrs. Polk, but as an offering in which the women of north and south alike join to express appreciation of a representative southern lady.

Resolved. That we earnestly invite the co-operation of all who desire to give, by this national souvenir, a new expression to the kind and fraternal feelings cherished in so many hearts both north and south.

For the purpose of carrying out the noble object embraced in the above resolutions a society has been formed, of which Mrs. Alex Porter, of Nashville, is president, Miss Clara Barton, of Dansville, N. Y., secretary, and Miss Mary Maxwell, of Nashville, treasurer, to whom all remittances should be sent. It is stated that the portrait will cost about $1,000. It is desired that this sum be raised by voluntary subscriptions from the various states, and thereby made a national testimonial. We re-echo the following sentiments of the Memphis Appeal, when speaking of this subject:

It would be a sad commentary on State pride if Tennessee should fail to furnish more than her proportionate share of the necessary means for an object so worthy. Mrs. Polk reflected honor upon the State during the four years her husband was President. She is admired on this account and still loved and respected on account of the intrinsic virtures which constitute the model Christian lady, and it would add to the historic fame of Tennessee if her portrait should be placed in the White House, the theater of her former triumphs.

This is truly an enterprise worthy the earnest attention of every patriotic lady and gentleman in the land and we hope Clarksville with her proverbial generosity will not be slow to contribute her quota toward so laudable an undertaking. Any money sent to Mrs. Horace H. Lurton, this city will be promptly forwarded to Miss Maxwell the treasurer, at Nahville.

IT is a condition of affairs much to be regretted if the use of the pistol is to enter as a factor in the political contests in Tennessee. While strictly speaking, the affray between Vertrees and Smith, at Nashville last week, was a personal affair, yet it was nothing more nor less than the unfortunate outgrowth of the intense passion and prejudices which have been engendered by this hurtful State-debt question. What true citizen but could wish for its speedy settlement.

THE eyes of all Tennesseeans will be turned to-day upon the Supreme court, and they will await with bated breath and attentive ear the decision of that highest tribunal of the State upon the subject of advancing the 100-3 case upon its docket It is a momentous hour in the history of the State and fraught with the most absorbing interest to all.

Coming Amusements.

Christmas, the annual holiday, the time of good cheer, of "peace on earth and good will toward men," is near at hand, being just one week off, and everything begins to wear a smiling, festive look. The stores are all dressed in their holiday attire and the streets have put on a more crowded, energetic appearance. In this time for festivity and enjoyment our readers will naturally want to know what we are going to have in the way of amusements. From present indications, it seems, we are to be refreshed with several meritorious entertainments during the next few weeks.

On next Wednesday night, the 21st inst., we are to have the famous Madison Square Theatrical Company, at Elders Opera House, in the celebrated society drama, "Hazel Kirke." To people at all conversant with theatrical matters the merits of this play are well known. It is said to be one of the most chaste and pure society dramas now on the stage, while at the same time it is full of dramatic situations and absorbing interest. It ran over three hundred and forty consecutive nights in New York City, where it was played by the same company which will present it here. It will be a rare treat for our amusement loving people and all should see it.

On next Saturday night—Christmas eve—Rice's Evangeline Opera Bouffe Company will give one performance at the Opera House. This incomparable comic organization is known far and near and everywhere they go are greeted with large and enthusiastic houses. As an amusing divertisement their performance is without a rival today on the American stage. We know you will not fail to see Rice's Evangeline Company.

Callander's Georgia Minstrels are booked for January the 3d.

The celebrated Gus. Williams, in his new play, "Wanted, a Carpenter," will be here January the 5th.

Mr. and Mrs. Chanfrau, February the 7th, and 8th.

THE New York Sun says: The country expects nothing from a House of Representatives that choose Keifer for its presiding officer and Secor Rebeson for its leader. It will not be disappointed.

Stockholders' Meeting.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of Clarksville, is called on January 7th, 1882, to elect five Directors for the year 1882.

dec19-2t A. HOWELL, Cashier.

Come to Stay.

Owing to the large amount of Eastern work sold to the people since times its worth, I will sell the following named

Home-Made Goods!

AT

Wholesale Prices.

My work will all be hand-made, and no Eastern shoddy, but the buyer will get value received for every dollar.

Wagon Lines	Home-Made		$ 1 50
Yankee Breeching	"	"	3 50
Old Fashioned Breeching	"	"	3 50
Dutch Breeching	"	"	4 00
Hip Straps	"	"	2 00
Blind Bridles	"	"	1 00
Riding Bridles	"	"	75
Back Bands	"	"	20
No. 1 Scotch Collars, Kip			1 50
No. 1 Draft Collars, Kip			1 40
Common Kip Collars			1 10
Hog Skin Collar			65 to 75
Buggy Whips			15 to 5 00
Flat Hog Skin Saddles, Home Made			4 00
Morgan Saddles	"	"	2 00
All Kinds Saddles	"		2 00 to 25 30
Wagon Harness	"		11 00 to 30 00
Buggy Harness	"		9 00 to 40 00
Double Buggy Harness	"		18 00 to 65 00

M. L. JOSLIN.

December 19, 1881-tf

In County Court at Clarksville—State of Tennessee.

CLERK'S OFFICE, Dec. 10, 1881.

G. A. Davie, Complainant, vs. J. E. and Lucinda A. Hough, Defendants.

It appearing from affidavit filed in this cause, that the defendants, J. E. Hough and Lucinda A. Hough are non-residents of the state of Tennessee.

It is therefore ordered that they enter their appearance, herein, before or within the first three days of the next term of the County Court, to be held in Clarksville, on the 1st Monday in Feb'y next, 1882, and plead, answer, or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Clarksville Chronicle.

R. D. MOSELEY, Clerk.

C. H. Bailey, D. C.

SMITH & LURTON, Sol'rs for Comp't.

Dec. 17-4t

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

We have just received a nice lot of FINE LACE TIES, SCARFS, COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES, Striped and Embroidered PLUSH POCKETS and other NOVELTIES, also DOLMANS, CLOAKS, ULSTERS AND JACKETS, besides a fine selection of latest style HATS and BONNETS. If you want PRETTY goods, you will find them at REASONABLE PRICES at

Mrs. Hodgson & Maguire's.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of E. Marion Barker, deceased, I hereby notify all persons indebted to the said estate to come forward and settle, and any persons having claims against said estate will present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

dec10-4t C. M. BARKER, Adm'r.

City Election!

BY authority in me vested, I will, on Saturday the 14th day of January, 1882, open and hold an election at the Market House, in the City of Clarksville, for the purpose of electing a Mayor and eight Aldermen to serve for the next ensuing term.

R. B. WALTHAL, City Marshal.

dec10-te.

PUREST wines and brandies for medical purposes at J. F. WARFIELD'S.

A Christmas Greeting

Accompanied with Catalogue

OF AN

Unusually Choice

AND

Seasonable Stock

HAS BEEN ISSUED FROM

CRUSMAN'S!

AND ALL WHO WANT

CHRISTMAS GOODS,

EITHER FOR

PRESENTS

OR

HOME CONSUMPTION,

Are Cordially Invited to Inspect the Stock in Person.

J. J. CRUSMAN.

Something New,

Nice and Healthful,

Is the Refined

Cotton Seed Oil,

FOR COOKING,

TO BE FOUND AT

CRUSMAN'S.

ALSO

COTTON SEED MEAL!

For the Milch Cows.

IKE H. SHELBY,

(Successor to SHELBY & CO.)

Tobacco Salesman

AND

Commission Merchant,

Bailey Warehouse,

Commerce Street, Near Court House,

CLARKSVILLE, TENN.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Tobacco in store. All Tobacco in my Warehouse, on which advances have been made, will be insured until sold. Tobacco not advanced on will be insured until sold, unless we have written instructions not to insure. dec3-6m

Fresh Groceries!

WM. A. SETTLE,

DEALER IN

Choice Family Groceries and Country Produce.

Would call the attention of his patrons to the fact that he now has on hand a fresh and recently selected stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries, which he will sell as CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, consisting in part of the following goods:

Canned Goods, Hominy Grits, Rice, Oat Meal,
Cracked Wheat, Buckwheat Flour,
Mixed, Chow Chow and Cucumber Pickles by the gallon,
Mince Meat, Apple Butter, Cranberries,
Currents, Citron, Raisins, Figs, Deviled Ham,
Mess Mackerel in cans, Boneless Codfish,
Dried Beef, Maccaroni, Vermacelli,
Jellies, Fruits, Nuts, and everything nice for the Xmas Holidays,

And solicits a share of the public patronage.

N. B.--SPECIAL--We buy Country Produce of all kinds, and would be glad for friends living in the country to bring in to us everything in their line, and will always give the highest nov19tf

CHRISTMAS

GOODS

E. B. ELY'S

Fresh

OYSTERS.

Raisins. Nuts. Figs. Citron. Currents. Dates. Oranges. Lemons. Grapes. Bananas. Apples. Cider. Sardines. Crackers. Cheese. Fire Works. Torpedoes. Cannons. Cakes. Pies. Fresh Oysters. Canned Goods. Chow Chow. Yarmouth Corn. Tomatoes. Canton Ginger. Condensed Milk. Corned Beef. Pine Apples. Worcester Sauce.

CRANBERRIES. COCOANUTS.

Wax Dolls. China Dolls. Tin Toys. Hobby Horses. Rubber Dolls. Marbles. Masks. Tops. Guns. Swords. Wagons. Wheelbarrows. Doll Buggies. Perambulators. Sleds. Velocipedes. Harps. Banjos. Violins. Music Boxes. Accordeons. Fifes. Drums. Prize Candy. Pickles. Pipes. Cigars. Tobacco. Cigarettes. Snuff. Trunks.

Call at Ely's and see his big stock of FANCY GOODS, TOYS, etc.

Merchants by calling and getting prices before buying.

:o:

ALL KINDS OF

FINE CAKES

ON SHORT NOTICE.

All goods bought for cash, and I can sell at extremely low prices. Give me a call and be convinced. You can have the largest stock of the kind in town to select from.

E. B. ELY.

GREAT

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

DRY GOODS,

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Notions, Furnishing Goods, Show Cases, &c.,

AT COST

AND

LESS THAN COST!

As Harry Joseph, of the firm of J. G. Joseph & Bro., will leave on or about January 1st, 1882, for New Mexico, their entire stock consisting of Ladies' Dress Goods, Fine Cashmeres, Lawns, Percales, Domestics, Flannels of all colors, and in fact everything kept in a Dry Goods house, as well as their entire stock of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Rubber Goods, Notions, etc., must, will and shall be sold out regardless of Cost!

Regardless of Cost!

for the firm of J. G. Joseph & Bro. will be dissolved on January 1st, 1882, by mutual consent. To enumerate each and every article would require too much space. This is a rare opportunity to buy bargains at less than cost, as the firm will quit January 1st, 1882.

Suits at $4 00, former price $7 50 to $8 00,
Good Jeans Pants, lined, $1 00, former price $1 50 to $2 00,
Overcoats at $2 50, former price $4 00 to $5 00,

and in fact everything in proportion. Call and see the prices. Goods of all description at what they will bring, as the firm will be dissolved January 1st, 1882. Remember on the corner of First and Franklin streets, opposite Dority, Wood & Co.

All persons having claims against the firm of J. G. Joseph & Bro., will present them on or before January 1st, 1882, for collection, and all those knowing themselves indebted to the above firm are requested to pay same by January 1st, 1882, or their accounts will be put in officers' hands for collection.

J. G. JOSEPH & BRO.