THE CHRONICLE.

ED. C. CAMPBELL, Editor.

Clarksville, Tenn., Nov. 25, 1882

TERMS: $2.00 IN ADVANCE.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

This thing of contesting elections has gone too far. It is a growing evil in both the great political parties and should be frowned down. It has got to be so much the fashion, such a common thing that there can be no close election without a contest by one side or the other. It is nearly always productive of much partisan strife and passion and rarely are the ends of justice and right obtained. As a way or means of obtaining office it is rarely successful and costs the Government large sums of money annually Undoubtedly, in all cases of open and notorious fraud, of bribery, of illegal voting, &c., there should be thorough and impartial investigation, but there is no doubt that contests have been entered into on unsupportable and frivolous grounds, vexing and annoying the successful candidate and greatly abusing the privilege.

The New York Sun commenting on the fact that several Democratic candidates for the House of Representatives who were defeated by small majorities on the 7th inst., have announced their intention to contest the election of their opponents to the next Congress, very sensibly says: "The time has come when contested elections should be frowned down. Both parties have countenanced this abuse too long. The expenses of such contests should be borne by the interested parties themselves, instead of by the Government. Chronic contestants, like Bisbee of Florida—whose place of business is said to be in New York—have repeatedly driven a profitable trade by claiming seats and getting large allowances for alleged expenses. This is very wrong. The Democrats will soon have an opportunity to begin the reform. Instead of following the bad example of the Republicans in this Congress, let them proceed in every contested case on the principle that a Republican's right to occupy the seat to which he has been elected is as good as a Democrat's. This is the correct rule of action and the abuse of the privilege will soon be abandoned.

THURLOW WEED.

This distinguished New York politician, journalist and statesman died at his home in New York City, on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, after a short illness. He was born at Cairo, N. Y., Nov. 15, 1797, making him 85 years of age the 15th of this month. The greater part of his long and distinguished career was spent in the newspaper business, having entered a printing office at Catskill, at the age of twelve. On becoming of age he established a newspaper in his own name. In 1830 he removed to Albany and assumed the editorship of the Albany Evening Journal, in the management of which he acquired great influence and fame. He was a great power in politics, being a wise, keen, shrewd politician and may rightly be called one of the fathers of the Republican party. He was rather a practical, sensible political editor and party manager and adviser, than a great journalist. He was greatly revered and respected by the people of New York, and was looked upon in his latter years as a kind of oracle to whose opinions great deference was paid.

THE press generally condemn the unwarranted action of the Governor and Secretary of State of Mississippi in giving the certificate of election to Congress from the Second district, to Van. H. Manning and not to J. R. Chalmers. There is no doubt that Chalmers received a majority of the votes cast in the district and the same was certified to by the Commissioners of the election. They have done what Democrats have always severely condemned—gone behind the returns and counted Chalmers out. It came about in this way. The returns from Tate county in the district showed 1,472 votes for Chalmers against 1,186 for Manning, whereas the tally sheet on the reverse side of the returns showed the 1,472 votes to be cast for *J. R. Chambler*. There was no such man running and the tally sheet was plainly a clerical error and the Commissioners so regarded it and sent in the returns for Chalmers. The Governor and Secretary of State, however, disregarded the face of the returns and the certificate of the Commissioners, and going behind this to the taliy sheet, threw out the 1,472 for *Chambler* and issued a certificate of election to Manning. Of course Chalmers will appeal to Congress in a contest and it is believed will begiven his seat.

AT Chattanooga, the first of the week, the Mayor directed that a small-pox patient be taken to the United States Barracks, in the suburbs of the city. The commander of the barracks refused to receive the sick man, and when the Mayor insisted, the officer called out the soldiers. The Mayor then called out the police and a collission was feared. The Secretary of War was telegraphed to who answered, refusing to allow the use of the barracks for a hospital, on the ground that such use would render them unfit for other purposes and probably require their destruction. This ended the quarrel.

EIGHT United States Senators have been elected for the term commencing March 4, 1883, leaving eighteen still to be chosen. The eight elected are, Randall L. Gibson, of Louisiana, who succeeds Kellogg; Jas. F. Wilson, of Iowa, who succeeds McDill; H. Riddleberger, of Virginia, who succeeds Johnston; Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon, who succeeds Grover; L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi, Henry B. Anthony, of Rhode Island, and J. B. Beck, of Kentucky (who are re-elected, and A. L. Colquitt of Georgia, who succeeds Brown.

THE Louisville Commercial of Wednesday contains an account of the sudden and unexpected resignation of General Manager DeFuniak and of Assistant General Manager and Purchasing Agent, G. C. Breed, of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. There are no special reasons given for the unexpected resignations of these officials, save that of DeFuniak, who stated that he resigned to take charge of the Pensacola & Atlantic Railroad, of which he is President. The reasons for Mr. Breed's resignation are not stated.

There are many rumors in railroad circles in regard to the condition of the road, many stating that it is in a very precarious condition and will soon be placed in the hands of a receiver. On the other hand, these reports are denied. Certain it is, that there are internal troubles among the management and organization of the road. The stock of the road has lately steadily declined and on Tuesday was down as low as 49¼. It is generally believed, however, that the crisis will be safely tided over.

The Indiana, Alabama and Texas Railroad Again.

She is coming. The times portend it, and we must keep our eye skinned and be sure that she passes through Clarksville. Business men and capitalists all over the country are beginning to interest themselves in the great enterprise. The Memphis Appeal of Tuesday, says:

Col. E. P. Custis Lewis, Col. E. C. Gordon and Major R. W. Hunter are in the city in the interest of a railroad enterprise that promises great results for this section of the country. It will cross the Charleston road at Florence and run to Mobile at the South and Evansville at the North, and will pass through the great iron and coal fields of Alabama, Tennessee and Kentucky. No enterprise now before the people of this county equals this in extent or in the magnitude of the interests involved, or in the prospective results. Col. Gordon, who has had great experience in matters of this sort, is sanguine, as he can afford to be. It has been a pet scheme of his for years, and we are satisfied will "pan out" even more than he claims.

CONSIDERING the fact that the election for Speaker of the next House of Representatives does not come off until December, 1883, it does seem that all talk of who is to be the lucky individual is a little too previous and yet in the absence of something better to talk about, it is perhaps just as well to speculate on the entries for the grand sweepstakes. Candidates are already springing up all over the country. Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, of course wants it and is being nicely groomed for the race by the Philadelphia and other papers. Mr. Carlisle of Kentucky, backed by the great Courier-Journal and its satellites, is being nicely rubbed down. Mr. Hurd, of Ohio, the brilliant free trader, has signified his intention to enter. Mr. S. S. Cox, of New York, has numerous backers and there are other bright and rising dark horses in the hands of the political jockeys, being put in thorough training for the great race.

They are all thoroughbreds and it will be difficult to name the winner. It would seem, however, that Carlisle is first choice with the knowing ones, selling highest in the pools, with Randall a good second. After all there is no use being in a hurry about betting your money, and we would suggest that it would be wisest to wait for "pointers."

PATTISON, the young and brilliant Governor-elect, of Pennsylvania, is a Democrat of the right type and a fit criterion for the older, but less practical and sensible Democratic Governors. In a recent letter to some of the State soldiery who tendered their services on the occasion of his coming inauguration, he says: "There is no reason why the mere taking of the oath by a citizen called by the people to execute a public trust should be made an occasion for scenes of pageantry and demonstration. I am determined that, so far as I can control the matter, my inauguration as Governor shall not cost the people of Pennsylvania a dollar."

THE much talked of transit of Venus takes place on the 6th of December. Parties of astronomers from all the civilized countries have gone to various points of the world to witness the wonderful astronomical event. The planet will pass between the earth and the sun on that day. The last transit of Venus occurred on the 8th of December, 1874, at which time very satisfactory observations were had by our American astronomers. The scientific results of these observations is the determining of the distance of the sun from the earth, the size of the sun &c. The distance the sun is now said to be from the earth is 91,400,000 miles.

NOTWITHSTANDING the alleged instability of the Louisville and Nashville railroad company, it would seem from recent showings that it is now in a prosperous condition and making money. Its estimated gross earnings for the second week of this month, over the corresponding time last year, are $25,702, and from July 1 to November 14, this year over same time last year, were an increase of $832,769. A pretty good showing.

THE Memphis Avalanche says: "Some of the State's creditors in New York say the policy of the bondholders will be to fund no more bonds under the late act and to make no further propositions of settlement, but wait for justice. In other words they will maintain a state of masterly inactivity until the State deals honestly with its creditors. They will not have to wait more than two years."

Senator David Davis's, the present President pro tem. of the Senate, term expires March 4th, 1883, and there will then be no President pro tem. of the Senate who would succeed to the Presidency in case of the death of President Arthur. It is probable an extra session of the Senate will be called to elect a President pro tem. for that body.

Meeting of the Survivors of the 14th Tnenessee Regiment, C. S. A.

In compliance with a call made through the city papers, the following members of the 14th Tennessee Regiment, C. S. A., met at the City Hall, Clarksville, Nov. 20, 1882, at 12 m:

COMPANY A.

B. A. Haskins, Dr. T. D. Johnson, Wm. M. Daniel, Cornelius Mehigan, R. J. Goosetree, J. T. Jenkins, Thos. Strother, A. B. Maxey, John W. Faxon.

COMPANY B.

W. A. Shelby, Nat Wall, J. N. Robinson.

COMPANY C.

B. F. Madole.

COMPANY G.

Capt. Isaac Brunson, Jack McNeil, R. H. Edmondson.

COMPANY H.

Capt. J. J. Crusman, James E. Franklin, J. H. Achey

COMPANY K.

R. A. Barnes, Kelly Rodgers.

COMPANY L.

E. Manson, M. F. Smith.

On motion of Capt. Crusman (Co. H.) Capt. Isaac Brunson, of Co. G., was called to the chair, and John W. Faxon, of Co. A., was appointed secretary.

Capt. Crusman stated the object of the meeting to be for the purpose of effecting an organization of the comrades of the old 14th Tennessee Regiment and to arrange for compiling a history of the part taken by that regiment during the late war.

Dr. T. D. Johnson, of Co. A., then read the following extract from a circular letter issued by Dr. J. Berrien Lindsey, of Nashville:

"I have ventured to undertake the great work of gathering and making known the records of a State history second to none in intrinsic interest or influence upon the destinies of the American Republic. The first volume I hope to bring out within twelve months. It will be devoted to the Military Annals of Tennessee—1812-1865. The subject matter will be chronological accounts of the Creek War, the New Orleans Campaign, the First and Second Seminole Wars, the War of Texan Independence, The Mexican War, and the Great War Between the States. The latter will, of course, fill the largest portion of the volume. In this part of the work I wish to embrace a brief sketch of each regiment from Tennessee, Confederate or Union, and also a list of Confederates killed or mortally wounded in battle. This and succeeding volumes of this series are intended to bring out Tennessans and Tennessee, and will not be confined to eulogies of the few brilliant leaders, although just prominence will be given these great characters."

Dr. T. D. Johnson then offered a resolution that a committee of nine be appointed to prepare the necessary blanks for each company, and to open a correspondence with the officers, or some surviving member of each of the companies which composed the 14th Tennessee Regiment, with a view to perfecting an historical sketch of the Regiment and to secure the names of those members who had joined the Regiment after its organization at Camp Duncan. The resolution was carried and the following committee was appointed:

Dr. T. D. Johnson, chairman, J. J. Crusman, R. E. McCulloch, W. A. Shelby, R. J. Goosetree, Wm. M. Daniel, John Hurst, B. A. Haskins and John W. Faxon.

The secretary stated that a complete muster-roll of the officers and members of the 14th Tennessee Regiment the day the Regiment was sworn into service at Camp Duncan, had been found printed in the files of the Clarksville Jeffersonian, and that it would furnish the committee an important starting point, which probably no other regiment in the State possesses.

The committee was instructed to have the roll of each company printed on separate sheets, to be used in making up the lists of killed or mortally wounded.

On motion, the meeting adjourned to meet at the Court-house, Clarksville, Wednesday, December 20, 1882, at 12 m.

It is earnestly requested that every member of the 14th Tennessee Regiment in good standing be present at the next meeting, as steps will be taken to perfect a permanent organization, and the subject of a regimental re-union will be discussed.

ISAAC BRUNSON, Capt. Co. G., Chairman.
JNO. W. FAXON, Co. A., Secretary.

THE following is a complete table of the votes cast for Congressman in this, the Sixth District:

COUNTIES.	Caldwell	Dillon	Brooks
Cheatham	831	187	77
Davidson	8141	5503	271
Houston	505	128	3
Humphreys	1213	218	191
Montgomery	2751	1758	142
Robertson	1589	693	97
Stewart	921	369	176
Total	15951	8866	957

IT is suggested that the inauguration of Gen. Bate should be made the occasion for a grand military parade, and all the citizen soldiery of the State will be invited to participate. The indications are that his inauguration will be attended with much eclat and enthusiasm.

MONDAY afternoon at Huntsville, Ala., Dr. Bassett, a prominent physician, was shot and killed in a personal difficulty with Levi Essingler. The affair grew out of a dispute over a bill. Essingler surrendered to the Sheriff soon after the killing.

THERE were 167 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreets during the past week, eighteen more than the preceding week, and fifty-one more than the corresponding week last year.

Capt. Thos. L. Dodd, of Davidson county, the newly elected floterial Senator for Davidson and Cheatham, is prominently spoken of for Speaker of the Senate.

ONE of the first measures that will engage the attention of Congress this winter is the bill so hotly contested by the Democrats last season—the bill for the admission of the Territory of Dakota into the Union.

THE New York Sun says that a million of men who have heretofore voted with the Republican party, at the recent election voted with the Democratic party. Let the good work continue to go on until 1884.

John. L. Sullivan and Tom Allen, the boss bruisers are soon to meet in the prize-ring. Allen for a long time was champion of the world and thinks he can easily whip Sullivan.

GOVERNOR HAWKINS has issued his proclamation, naming November 30th, as Thanksgiving day, in accordance with the proclamation of President Arthur.

MR. H. M. DOAK RESIGNS.

Thursday's Nashville Banner contains the resignation and valedictory of Mr. H. M. Doak, the talented editor-in-chief of that paper. He severs his connection with the Banner to accept the position of editor-in-chief of the Cincinnati Daily News, the new daily Democratic paper soon to be started in Cincinnati by ex-Lieut. Governor Underwood, of Kentucky, and a syndicate of capitalists. While we understand this change is very favorable to the personal interests of Mr. Doak and are pleased to hear this, we cannot but feel a deep regret at the thought of his retirement from Tennessee journalism.

For thirteen years pas he has been one of its most—we may with truthfulness say *the most*—brilliant and gifted members and the loss will fall no less on the brotherhood, than on the thousands of his readers and admirers throughout Tennessee. To us here in Clarksville, his old home, where he began his newspaper career and from whence he was first called to a broader and higher field, the loss falls with particular regret.

We are proud of him and wanted him to remain with us and continue to wield his masterly pen among us, in the brave effort for the establishment of right and justice and the greater and more rapid advancement of Tennessee's prosperity. We particularly and in common with thousands of his warm friends and admirers in Tennessee regret his departure, but can at least find much consolation in the knowledge that he will not be far removed and that in his new field he has a still wider scope and plain for the development of his splendid journalistic, talents and his productions will probably reach the eye of more numerous readers. The Cincinnati News will be a welcomed paper with all his old friends in Tennessee, and we predict, and wish, for him all possible success in his new field of labor.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our regular Correspondent.)

In two weeks from to-day, the Thirty-seventh Congress will assemble for its final session. A large number of Senators and members are already here, and, during the past week, many familiar faces, absent during the vacation, have been again seen on the streets and about the lobbies of the hotels. The session will be short, for the term of the present Congress will expire on the 4th of March, and, if the usual holiday adjournment is taken, there will be scarcely more than two months for legislative work.

The message of the President is understood to be nearly ready for presentation to Congress, and it is rumored that it will urge the adoption of radical civil service reform measures, the almost total abolition of the present internal revenue system, and a reduction of tariff duties. It is not believed, however, by those who know the temper of Congress, that any important changes in the tariff will be made this session.

The first business that will come before the House of Representatives will be relative to nearly two hundred bills passed by the Senate, and now awaiting the action of the House. These bills are simple in their character, and many of them have already been favorably reported upon by House committees. It is thought that the larger number will be passed without debate.

The Secretary of War will recommend that no river and harbor bill be passed this session, there being an unexpended surplus of $9,000,000 from the appropriation of last session. Gen. Sherman, in his report, has urged an increase of the army, but it is not probable that Congress will see a necessity for such increase. No important legislation, it is thought, will prevail in relation to either the army or the navy. Appropriations will be passed maintaining the military and naval establishments at about their present status. There is much talk in both the Army and Navy Departments of a more rigid enforcement of real service upon a large number of gilded shirks from West Point and from the Naval Academy, who manage to remain at Washington, New York, Fortress Monroe, Philadelphia and Boston, or who get off to Europe, on full pay, thus securing the delights of society and travel at the expense of the tax-payer, and unfitting themselves for the work they were educated at public expense to perform. It is doubtful, however, if legislation can effect this much needed reform. Army and naval officers are so entrenched by relationship and marriage connection with influential Senators and members that nothing short of the heroism that plucks out the offending right eye will eradicate this evil.

It is expected that the coming fashionable season will be brief, busy and brilliant. I am told by real estate agents that the demand for houses is greater than it has ever been before, and hotel keepers say that this promises to be the most prosperous season they have known. The Garfield Memorial Fair will bring a large number of visitors to the city, and many more are expected to come with the beginning of the Congressional session. A large number will doubtless remain until the adjournment of Congress.

Those who are familiar with the Capital will not fail to observe improvements of both a public and a private character. The work of demolishing and rebuilding has been going on all summer. Many elegant private residences have been built, and many streets have been paved and otherwise improved. A new sidewalk has been laid on the north side of Pennsylvania Avenue the entire distance from the Capitol to the Treasury Department, and this national promenade will doubtless again attract the distinguished and fashionable throng that had almost deserted it.

Washington, Nov. 20, 1882.

THE Atlanta Constitution says: "the Republican party isn't as corrupt now as it was, because there isn't as much of it.

DEMOCRATIC PYRAMID FOR 1882.

OHIO.
TEXAS.
KANSAS.
OREGON.
NEVADA.
GEORGIA.
FLORIDA.
INDIANA.
ALABAMA.
MISSOURI.
NEW YORK.
COLORADO.
ARKANSAS.
KENTUCKY.
MICHIGAN.
DELAWARE.
MARYLAND.
TENNESSEE.
LOUISIANA.
WISCONSIN.
CALIFORNIA.
MISSISSIPPI.
NEW JERSEY.
CONNECTICUT.
PENNSYLVANIA.
WEST VIRGINIA.
MASSACHUSETTS.
SOUTH CAROLINA.
NORTH CAROLINA.

REPUBLICAN PYRAMID FOR 1882.

IOWA.
MAINE.
VIRGINIA.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The Debt Issue No Test of Democracy

Jackson Tribune and Sun.

An indiscreet contemporary calls upon Senator Jackson to resign his seat in the U. S. Senate because the Senator is not in harmony with his party in Tennessee on the debt issue.

We sincerely deprecate and earnestly condemn this spirit and policy. The division in the Democratic family of Tennessee is purely local and involves only a local policy. The result of the election shows that there is but a small number comparatively in opposition to the party's policy, and that the party is now secure of carrying out its views. Hence there is no cause for further division and less for resentments of any kind. It should also be remembered that the late bolters from the Democratic party are, though comparatively few in number, most respectable in ability and character. Many of them are able and honest and will prove valuable in the great party contests of the future. Nor is the question of the State debt a just standard of Democracy. Men may and have all along differed upon the issue and were and are still Democrats. In illustration of this we have only to refer to the fact that most of the supporters of Mr. Frassell voted for Democratic congressmen. Then let all bitterness and extremes be relegated to the dead past. Let the test of Democracy remain principles and not local policies. Let the wounds heal and all Democrats come together upon the great national issues of the day and move forward to the accomplishment of reform in the tariff, the uprooting of monopolies and the firm establishment of constitutional principles and methods.

Senator Jackson is a man of fine ability and high character. He is with the Democracy upon all vital national issues and should be encouraged and strengthened for the great struggles for reform pending on the floors of congress.

Chalmers Beaten by a Clerical Error.

JACKSON, MISS, Nov. 19.—The Secretary of the State yesterday canvassed votes in the case of J. R. Chalmers and Van. H. Manning, candidates for Congress in the Second Mississippi district, and decided in Manning's favor. The Governor immediately issued a certificate to Manning. The case turned upon the vote of Tate county. The tally-sheets show that county declared Manning received 1,166 votes and Chalmers 1,472; but on the reverse side of the certificate the name was misspelled, J. R. Chambler. Secretary of State Myers credited these votes to a fictitious candidate of that name, sustaining the returns in other counties. The vote officially announced is: Manning, 8,749; Chalmers, 8,259; Chambler, 1,472; Carter, 120. This extraordinary decision has caused great astonishment. Chalmers sued out an injunction from the Circuit Court enjoining the Secretary of State from giving a certificate of election to Manning, and also obtained a mandamus, both of which were disregarded. He will at once commence a vigorous contest.

The Tobacco Crop of 1882.

The Western Tobacco Journal, writing of the tobacco crop of this year, says:

Since the advent of cool weather house burn and pole rot has been checked, and with this kind of weather for a short time longer, the crop of White Burley and Seed Leaf (these being the only varieties which have been effected any way seriously by these diseases) will be so advanced that no further damage than was inflicted at the beginning of the curing season need be apprehended. For a time the indications were that the crop would be badly damaged from these causes, but happily favorable weather and precautions taken by planters have "turned the tables." The dark and shipping grades of the Clarksville, (Tenn.,) Green River, (Ky.,) Virginia, and North Carolina Districts are in good condition, and while in some districts planting was restricted, as a whole the crop is larger and of a better general character than that which was grown last year. As for the Brights of Virginia and North Carolina, there is no doubt but what a very large crop has been grown this year, and almost invariably reports are to the effect that much of it is of very superior character. The outlook, therefore, is bright for the whole Tobacco trade, and while prices may rule more favorably for manufacturers than they have in the past, yet we think that the increased production and improved quality will fully compensate growers for any decline from present ruling rates.

The Make-Up of the Next Congress.

New York Times.

A Washington dispatch furnishes some data in regard to the composition of the next House of Representatives and the late of several prominent members of the present one, the most interesting of which are that of the 325 members elected 178 are not in the Forty-seventh Congress and 170 have not been members of any previous Congress. This is a somewhat unexampled infusion of new blood, and may tend to increase the liveliness of the legislative session of 1883-4, even if it does give the old hands a disproportionate amount of influence to start with. Of the fifty-seven chairmen of Speaker Keifer's committee only twenty-three have been sent back, a fact which shows that the people and Mr. Keifer do not agree as to the character of the men whom the speaker ought to honor. It may be well to bear in mind the fact that with the Pennsylvania delegation equally divided, and Virginia in the hands of Democrats and Readjusters, the next House will have twenty-two State delegations in which the Democrats have a majority. In the event of a failure to elect by the people in 1884 this would have an important bearing on the choice of the next President.

IN 1881 there was paid for fire insurance in this country the enormous sum of seventy-nine million dollars.

MESSRS F. G. WILLIAMS and W. B. Dunlop, of this city and Mr. Ben Williams of Graysville, Ky., left here Monday morning for Arkansas, where they will hunt bear, deer, and other game. They go to a different section of the State from that recently visited by the Christian County Hunting Club and anticipate fine sport.

THE recently elected Legislature is composed of ninety-nine members in the House and thirty-three in the Senate. Heretofore there have been only seventy-five in the House and twenty-five in the Senate.

IT is stated that the Egyptian government has discontinued the proceedings against Arabi Pasha.

Breathes there the scribe with sense so fine,
Who never yet has penned the line;
"The melancholy days are here
When Fall will walk off on its sere."

If such exists, let him be crowned—
His brow with laurel wreath be bound;
And ever shall his praise be sung
In accents of an unknown tongue.
—*The Boomerang.*

PETTIBONE'S majority over Bob Taylor in the First district was 23,181 votes.

PATTISON'S plurality in Pennsylvania over all his competitors is 40,202 votes.

THE Railway Age states that railway construction in the United States during the month of October aggregated 1098 miles of main track, on seventy-one different lines, in thirty States, making a total for ten months of the present year of 9143 miles, on 393 lines, in forty-three States and Territories, and estimates the total construction for the year at 10,000 to 12,000 miles, which far exceeds the construction in any previous year. Dakota leads in the construction during the past month with 131 miles, Texas comes ex next with sixty miles.

DURING the five years 1877-1882, the average loss by fires in the United States and Canada in the month of September alone was $5,950,000. This year omitting the fires in which the loss was less than 10,000 dollars, the record shows 123 in number, and the aggregate loss 6,205,000 dollars.

Advertised Letters.

The following list of letters remain uncalled for in the Clarksville Tenn., post-office up to Saturday, Nov. 25, 1882. If not taken out within thirty days, they will be sent to the dead-letter office at Washington:

Bacon, Mark	Bowers, G W
Braff, Cattie	Baker, Linnie
Burney, J T	Channell, J R
Crouch, Mrs Mary	Cook, J R
Davis, Linnie	Edmonds, David
Frazier, W F	Garth, Hannah
Graves, Henry	Harmon, Lavinia
Jones, Sheda	Johnson, Bettie
Johnson, Lucy	Johnson, Viola
Murphy, Sallie	McCurdy, Wm
Martin, Martha	Marcus, Maria
Miller, Jacob	Owen, W J
Pile, Allen	Price, Jane
Retten, Mrs A E	Rudolph, Sally
Rowland, E L	Reed, Fanny
Sidner, Manda	Swift, E T
Taylor, J T	Trahern, Wm
Tilford, J W 2	Virgil, Jno
Webb, Harrison	Williams, Lon
White, Harriet	Winston, Mrs M
Waller, L	Wright, Mrs G V
Watson, Viola	Wilson, Emma
Williams, A F	Watt, Perry

When calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

SAM'L REXINGER, P. M.

PARENTS who allow their children to grow up with scrofulous humors bursting from every pore are guilty of a great wrong. Think of them pointed out as branded with a loathsome disease, and will readily procure them the Cuticura Remedies.

Insolvent Notice.

Having suggested the insolvency of the estate of Mrs. N. V. Darden, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against said estate to file them with the clerk of the county court, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

WESLEY ORGAIN, Adm'r.
Nov. 25, 1882-4t

Cuticura

THE NEW BLOOD PURIFIER

Resolvent

Mr. Albert Kingsbury, Keene, N. H., troubled with bad humor on hands and neck, caused by lead poisoning. (He is a painter.) At times it would break out, crack open, and the skin separate from the flesh in large pieces, suffering great continual itching and stinging. Purchased your remedies; used CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and in less than three months effected a complete cure, and has not been troubled since. Corroborated by Bullard & Foster, Druggists, Keene, N. H.

Mother Died From it.

J. W. Adams, Newark, Ohio, says: "Cuticura Remedies are the greatest medicines on earth. Had the worst case salt rheum in this county. My mother had it twenty years, and in fact died from it. I believe Cuticura would have saved her life. My arms, breast and head were covered for three years, which nothing relieved or cured until I used the Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally.

Psoriasis.

H. E. Carpenter, Esq., Henderson, N. Y., cured of Psoriasis, or Leprosy, of twenty years' standing, by the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. The most wonderful case on record. Cure certified to before a justice of the peace and prominent citizens. All afflicted with itching and scaly diseases should send to us for this testimonial in full.

Salt Rheum.

Those who have experienced the torments of Salt Rheum can appreciate the agony I endured for years, until cured by the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, externally.

MRS. WM. PELLINGTON, Sharon, Wis.

Cuticura.

and Cuticura Soap externally and Cuticura Resolvent internally will positively cure every species of Humor, from a Common Pimple to Scrofula. Price of Cuticura, small boxes, 50c.; large boxes, $1. Cuticura Resolvent, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Soap, 25c. Cuticura Shaving Soap, 15c. Sold by all druggists. Depot, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure.

A single dose instantly relieves the most violent Sneezing or Head Colds, clears the head as by magic, stops watery discharges from the nose and eyes, prevents ringing noises in the head, cures Nervous Headache and subdues Chills and fever. In Chronic Catarrh it cleanses the nasal passages of foul mucus, restores the sense of smell, taste and hearing when effected, frees the head, throat and bronchial tubes of offensive matter, sweetens and purifies the breath, stops the cough and arrests the progress of catarrh towards consumption.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

COLLINS' PLASTERS 100 TIMES MORE EFFECTUAL than any other plaster or electric battery for pain and weakness of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys and Urinary organs, Partial Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Female Weakness, Nervous Pains and Weaknesses, Malaria and Fever and Ague. Price 25c. Sold everywhere.

For Rent--1883.

A large and new house on Seventh street, now occupied by Mr. T. P. Major.

Apply to CLAY STACKER.
Nov. 25, 1882-tf

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

State of Tennessee—Montgomery Co.

By virtue of a writ of fi. fa., to me directed, from the Circuit Court of Montgomery county, Tenn., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door in Clarksville, on

Saturday, December 30, 1882,

all the right, title, claim and interest that Thos. G. Keatts has in and to two tracts of land, lying in the 9th Civil District of Montgomery county, Tennessee, and being the lots numbered one and seven, in the plat filed by the Clerk and Master of the Chancery Court in Clarksville, with his report of sales, made in the cases of James Gordon vs. W. A. Jones et al., and Hinson, Neblett et al. vs. Tyson, Jones et al. in the Chancery Court at Clarksville, Tenn., and bounded as follows:

Lot No. 1.—Beginning at two dog-woods, James Johnson's corner, runs south 36 poles to a forked post oak; thence west 230 poles to two small post oaks thence north 209 poles to the Poplar Springs branch; thence down said branch with its meanders 66 poles to the mouth of the lane; thence along the lane south 69° east 61 poles to a bunch of white oaks; thence south 92 poles to a stake and pointers; thence east 110 poles to a hickory, corner to Johnson; thence south 160 poles to the beginning, containing 350 acres.

Lot No. 7.—Beginning at two dog-woods, Johnson's corner, and the beginning corner to Lot No. 1, running south 36 poles to a forked post oak; thence west 231 poles to a stake, corner to No. 5, 6 and 13; thence south 160 poles to a bunch of post oaks; thence east 376 poles to a stake and pointers; thence north 66 poles to stake and pointers; thence east 185 poles to a stake and pointers; thence north 130 poles to a black oak, in Johnson's line; thence west 290 poles to the beginning, containing 336½ acres.

Levied on as the property of Thos. G. Keatts to satisfy an execution in my hands in favor of G. C. Lyle.

GEO. R. HARRIS, Sheriff.
November 25, 1882-6tprf$15 00

CHANCERY SALE.

Mrs. M. A. Darden, Adm'r, vs. William W. Darden, et als.

By decree of the Chancery Court, I will sell at public auction, on the premises, near

Port Royal, December 2, 1882,

336 acres of land, the property of Darden and Weatherford. It will be sold as a whole, or in two tracts, to suit purchasers, and is known as the

Port Royal Mills

property, owned jointy by Wm. Weatherford and Darden & Weatherford. If sold in two tracts, they will be sold as follows:

Lot No. 1, on the south side of Red river, containing about 168 acres. On this lot is a frame house with three rooms, and two stone chimneys; another frame house with stone chimney, also necessary out buildings and two large tobacco barns.

Lot No. 2 contains about 168 acres, and is situated on the north side of Red river. On this is two double frame buildings, with stack chimneys, and three large tobacco barns.

This is the most excellent farming land in Montgomery county, nearly all of it being new and river bottom lands, and will produce fine tobacco, wheat and corn.

Churches and school-houses are in the immediate neighborhood of this property.

TERMS—One third cash, balance in one and two years. Notes with good security and lien retained. No redemption.

Personal Property!

I will also sell the following personal property: 8 Mules, 5 or 6 head Cattle, about 50 head Stock Hogs, 1 Wagon, 6 or 8 Plows, 2 Harrows, 1 Reaper, and about 10 Hhds. of Tobacco, the crop of 1881.

TERMS—Cash.

POLK G. JOHNSON, C. & M.
Nov18-3t-prf$10.00

State of Tennessee—Circuit Court of Montgomery County.

Stewart Wilcox (colored), Complainant, vs. Eliza Wilcox (colored), Defendant.
Bill for Divorce.

In this cause it appearing, from the affidavit of Stewart Wilcox, that the defendant Eliza Wilcox is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee.

It is therefore ordered that said Eliza Wilcox appear before the Circuit Court of Montgomery county, at the Court House in Clarksville, on the first Monday in January next, 1883, to plead, answer or demur to the bill filed against her for divorce by said Stewart Wilcox, or the same will be taken for confessed and set down for hearing ex parte. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published four consecutive weeks in the Clarksville Chronicle.

C. D. BAILEY, Clerk.
Nov. 25, 1882-4t

Dr. Clark A. Miner

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Occulist and Aurist,

late of Chicago, has permanently located in Clarksville. Office for the present at Franklin House. Will make calls in the city or country at regular prices. Exclusive agent for Dr. Leslie E. Kelley's DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD remedies for the

Opium Habit and Drunkenness.

Dr. Miner will give special attention to

Chronic Diseases,

such as Catarrh, Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Epilepsy (Fits), Deafness, Cataracts, Blindness, Crooked Eyes, Spinal Curvatures, Club Feet, Piles, Fistula and all Diseases of the Lower Bowels, Genito Urinary Organs, Female Diseases of all kinds and all Chronic Conditions. ☞ Office hour 10 a. m. until 5 p. m. 1yl-tf

COAL!

We are receiving daily full supplies of

St. Bernard and Diamond Coal.

Can Fill all orders promptly.

Car Load and 100 Bu. Lots, 14c Per Bu.
1c Per Bu. Less at Depot.
Lump, Single Loads, 15c Per Bu. Delivered.
Nut, Single Loads, 12c Per Bu. Delivered.

Have in Yard full supply of best

Pittsburgh Coal!

At 20c Per Bu. Delivered.

We handle our coal with forks, and guarantee full weight.

Order by telephone or leave orders at the Wharf Boat, Telegraph Office or Freight Depot. F. P. GRACEY & BRO.
November 18, 1882-tf

The Clarksville, Canton and Mouth of Harpeth Packet.

JULIEN GRACEY.

Leaves Clarksville for Dover, Canton, Eddyville, etc., every Monday and Friday at 3 o'clock P. M.

For Mouth of Harpeth every Thursday at 6 a. m.

F. P. GRACEY & BRO., Agents.
aug28-tf.

FINE

RESIDENCE! FOR SALE.

I am offering for sale my residence, eight elegant rooms, and the

BEST LOT IN CLARKSVILLE,

fronting 99 feet on Second street, and overlooking Madison. A much smaller place, suitably located, would be taken in exchange at fair valuation. If not disposed of privately before the 20th of December next, it will be sold to the highest bidder.

C. W. BEAUMONT.
November 9, 1882-tf

FOR RENT! FOR 1883.

My residence near Greenwood avenue, with 25 acres of land, with all necessary outhouses and an excellent garden. The house is in good repair. Possession given Jan. 1. For terms, apply to C. W. Coulter at Court-house. MRS. LOUISA MCCLURE.
Nov. 11-tf

DUTCH BULBS,

Roman Hyacinths, Narcisses, Tulips, etc., Strawberry Plants AND Raspberry Plants,

Now Ready and for Sale at

EVERGREEN LODGE,

Nov. 4, 1882-4t CLARKSVILLE, TENN.

Headquarters for Fashionable Millinery.

MRS. ROSENFIELD

has just returned from the Eastern markets with an immense stock of *Imported Hats and Bonnets*, endless variety *Plumes, Birds Wings, Velvets, Plushes, Satins*, all of the *Newest Shades*, such as Electric Blue, Hunters' Green, Cadet Blue, Terra Cotta, Crushed Strawberry, including all the old standing colors. *Cloaks, Circulars, Dolmans, Jackets, Palator Ulsterets and Satin Raps. Children's Cloaks* in great variety. In *Fancy Notions and Neck Wear* our assortment is greater than ever. We shall continue to receive the *Latest Novelties* as they appear in the Eastern markets. We invite the public in general to call and examine our stock, and don't forget to call at Rosenfield's for a pair of *Terra Cotta Gloves*, or any other color and style. Respectfully,

Oct. 14, 1882-3m **Mrs. W. Rosenfield.**

MILLINERY.

Our stock of *FRENCH PATTERN BONNETS* and *HATS* is now complete. Our styles are *Superior* in *Taste* and *Combination of Colors*, and will suit the demand of the *Best Trade*.