THE CHRONICLE.

R. H. YANCEY, Editor.

Clarksville, Tenn., Aug. 16, 1884.

TERMS: $2.00 IN ADVANCE.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

STEPHEN GROVER CLEVELAND,

Of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,

Of Indiana.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,

Wm. B. BATE, of Davidson.

For Electors for the State at Large,
J. D. C. ATKINS, of Henry.
ROBT. L. TAYLOR, of Washington.

For Representatives,
A. H. MUNFORD,
C. P. WARFIELD.

For District Electors.
1—Robert Burrow, of Carter.
2—S. G. Heiskell, of Knox,
3—
4—M. S. Elkin, of Sumner.
5—
6—J. W. Judd, of Robertson.
7—L. P. Padgett, of Maury.
8—R. P. Cole, of Henry.
9—
10—J. Harvey Mathes, of Shelby.

State Democratic Executive Committee.

For the State at large—D. D. Anderson, of Knox; Geo. W. Darden, of Davidson; Jno. T. Hillsman, of Shelby.
First District—John Allison, Jr., of Washington.
Second District—M. P. Sullivan, of Knox.
Third District—Jas. Byles, of Warren.
Fourth District—J. A. Trousdale, of Sumner.
Fifth District—T. D. Gregory, of Franklin.
Sixth District—Chas. W. Tyler, of Montgomery.
Seventh District—R. N. McKay, of Maury.
Eighth District—S. D. Hayes, of Madison.
Ninth District—C. M. Ewing, of Weakley.
Tenth District—C. A. Miller, of Hardeman.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

The Democratic Convention to nominate a candidate to represent the counties of Montgomery and Stewart, in the State Senate, will be held at Indian Mound on Saturday, Sept. 6, 1884, at 12 o'clock.

J. M. SCARBOUGH,
Chm'n. Stewart County Committe.
M. SAVAGE,
Chm'n. Montgomery Co., Committee

THEY ARE "ALLE SAMEE."

The columns of the Clarksville Chronicle and a sort of tariff assimilating hoper into which the most diverse views and declarations may be put, and a few turns of the crank by which it is run, made, and lo they all come out one and the same thing. The Ohio platform, the Democratic National platform and the Montgomery county resolutions are all made to mean exactly the same thing. All reduced to two propositions, reduction of the tariff to the lowest revenue point and protection of American industries. —*Democrat.*

We won't stop to comment on the admirable perspecuity of the above. It is one of those Japanese puzzles to which our neighbor occasionally treats its readers, and which we can't undertake to interpret.

Making a rough guess, we suppose the Democrat has reference to an editorial in a recent issue of the CHRONICLE headed "The Tariff Not an Issue," and intends to dissent from the views therein expressed. Our contemporary would make its assertions more effective if it would place the platforms of which it speaks side by side and point out their differences. The simple declaration that they express "the most diverse views" is not, in itself, convincing.

The editorial alluded to made no mention of the Montgomery county resolutions. Our recollection of them is that they contained a good deal of high sounding buncomb that meant nothing in particular. But in as much as they declared for a discrimination in duties reduced to the requisite revenue point, we do not hesitate to express it as our opinion that they do mean about the same thing as the platforms mentioned in the above.

The Democrat indulges in some fine spun arguments as to the impossibility of adjusting a tariff that raises no more revenue than the Government requires for the purpose of placing American labor and industries on a competing basis with those of foreign countries. That is not to the point. The question we are discussing is whether or not the platforms put forth by both the Republican and Democratic parties declare in favor of just that kind of a tariff and whether or not they are identical in that particular? We would be glad to have the Democrat put the two platforms in juxtaposition and point out the difference in their meaning.

The phrase "requisite revenue" is found in the Republican platform and that document declares strongly for a "reduction of the surplus." The Democratic National platform, as it speaks of reduction, differs from the celebrated Ohio platform only this much: The latter calls for "a tariff for revenue limited to the necessities of the Government economically administered," and the former says, "All taxation shall be limited to the requirements of an economical Government." The National plank is the least definite of the two, as it does not relate purely to the tariff. All three of these platforms clearly express the adjustment idea.

It is only the Republicans who are trying to make the tariff the issue of this campaign. As Carl Schurz says, "they use the tariff question as a great fig leaf which they stretch and spread to make it hide the crookedness of their standard bearer." The Democratic platform was so framed as to prevent this concealment and we shall give our aid in helping to tear away the fig leaf.

It is altogether unprofitable for Democrats to be warring among themselves at this time on any issue, and we don't care to be a party to such unseemly strife. The Democrat and THE CHRONICLE are striving to elect the same candidates and it won't help the cause along for them to quarrel about the issue on which the fight shall be made. In fact, we fail to find wherein the Democrat differs with us on the tariff, since it agrees to admit discrimination in duties for purposes of protection, but its argument in that regard seems to us to be paradoxical with what goes before.

TWENTY-ONE thousand widows of Mexican veterans are still drawing pensions from the government. A good many Mexican veterans must have been Mormon Elders.—*Democrat.*

Our neighbor seems to be about as well posted in regard to the Mexican pension bill as it is on the tariff. We were under the impression that the Mexican veterans had been trying for a number of years to get the Government to pension them but had, so far, failed.

REFORM THE PARTY.

The Courier-Journal, speaking of the election of Judge Holt, Republican nominee for Appellate Judge in the 5th Kentucky District, over Judge Reed, the Democratic candidate, in a district that had hitherto gone Democratic by a majority of 7,500, says:

In the result there is a lesson—severe, but deserved—to demagogues and wire-workers; to men who, regardless of proprieties, trample on the sensibilities and prejudices of those who believe that there are some things more sacred, more to be regarded, than mere party success. This defeat is a notice served on political bummers, hirelings and professional office holders that it is time for them to take up a march to the rear. They have presumed once too often on the tolerance and good nature of our people. If the party is to succeed it must cashier some insubordinate self-styled leaders, and select its best men for its highest positions.

Some narrow-minded, bigoted partisans may consider this defeat a party calamity, but the people of the State at large will on the contrary hail it as the first indication of a brighter and better day. Hereafter a nomination will not be all that is required to secure an election. The party needs purification, and there are men brave and intelligent enough to undertake the work.

There is a good deal in these remarks that, in a general way, applies to Tennessee politics, and the condition of the Democratic party in this State. We can truly say with the Courier-Journal that "the party needs purification" and we hope there are men "brave and intelligent enough to undertake the work."

A band of domineering demagogues have constituted themselves the Democratic party in Tennessee and try to sustain themselves in power by machine methods in public bodies and unstinted abuse of all who presume to differ with them. If a paper ventures to criticise the actions of this ring it is straightway pronounced a Republican in disguise and there is no epithet too vile to be applied to the individual who is not in accord with all its schemes and mechinations.

It would certainly be a desperate remedy for these evils to turn the State over to the Republicans, and we do not wish to be understood as encouraging any disaffection from the Democratic candidates for State offices. The true interest of the Democratic party is what we have in view and we sincerely believe that unless these Tennessee swash-bucklers are rebuked and the despisable means they employ to control politics, done away with, they will ruin the Democratic party in this State.

One of the fruits of these methods was seen in the defeat of the Democratic nominee for Trustee in Davidson county last week, and the decreased majorities for the other candidates. Commenting on this unexpected result the American says:

Impracticable methods, coercive in their character, if persisted in, will have the effect to disintegrate the party. There is too much intelligence in this community for hectoring self-constituted leaders to manage party affairs. Ignorance and bigotry cannot and will not control intelligence even in party matters; that a few men, or a single newspaper, or a convention even, shall do the thinking for an enlightened people, and give the word of command and apply the lash to all who do not obey orders, even as to matters of form or as to the mode of organizing is as offensive to intelligence as it is wrong in theory. Intelligent men are fit subjects for reason and argument, but the party lash has lost its power, and to attempt it is so offensive that it often drives independence into opposition.

Ignorance misapprehends party relations. To belong to a party does not mean that the right to think and talk and act have been surrendered to the party managers. To belong to a party gives no license to a blatherskite on the stump or the ignorant publisher of a newspaper to chastise for supposed party delinquency. To vote with a party in no way subjects the private citizen to public criticism and censure. Men voting with a party, and not candidates for office, are only private citizens, and as long as a man is a private citizen, to quit the party or not to vote, or vote for a part of the ticket, is a right and publicly making criticism is a social offense, and is only done by uncultured people. This mistake by self-constituted leaders, and constant personal assaults upon private citizens, has had the effect to alienate many intelligent men. This mode of conducting party politics always produces disintegration. It may do among an ignorant people, but will not do among an intelligent people.

BEN BUTLER.

Those who supposed that Ben Butler would not be a candidate for the Presidency had little conception of the old demagogue's character. With all of his native shrewdness Ben is the greatest egotist in America and greatly magnifies his personal following and influence. The world has never produced a man who possessed a greater degree of that audacious effrontery commonly called "cheek." He would have been a candidate if no party had tendered him a nomination, and he needed no issue to bring him before the public but the personal one of making Ben Butler President. He went into the Chicago convention with the hope of capturing the Democratic nomination, and the certainty of attracting notice. His dissent from the platform adopted there was only made to furnish him a means of escape from the party. He is the embodiment of low cunning and contains in his person all that an elevated idea of character can object to. He doesn't expect to be elected President but wishes to gratify his vulgar love of notoriety by keeping his name before the public. Ben has one of those cast iron natures, impervious to abuse, and takes equal delight in the good and bad things that are said about him. His aim is to be talked about.

THE Athens Post says in reply to the reiteration of some papers that the Republicans of East Tennessee who were Union men during the war are dissatisfied with the nomination of ex-rebel Reid:

We think the Democrats will carry Tennessee this fall, if thoroughly organized and properly worked, by a handsome majority, at the same time it is proper to contradict and deprecate the statements that there is any disaffection in the Republican party in this section toward Judge Reid. It is not true. Instead of cultivating delusions, it is always best to keep the facts of the case at the front.

BROTHER BEECHER wavered awhile when he heard of the charges against Cleveland. The alleged immorality shocked the Brooklyn parson, but he investigated the matter and is now enthusiastic for the Democratic candidate.

FLOTERIAL CONVENTION.

The convention to nominate the Democratic candidate for Floterial Representative from the counties of Cheatham, Montgomery and Houston, assembled in the Court House in this city Wednesday.

The attendance was very small, only one delegate from Cheatham county and three from Houston being present. Montgomery county was mostly represented by delegates from No. 12. Nos. 1, 6 and 7, and probably some other districts, had delegates in attendance.

G. M. Bell, Esq., called the convention to order, saying the duty devolved on him as secretary of the Montgomery County Executive Committee, in the absence of Mr. Savage, the chairman. He announced the first thing in order the election of a temporary chairman.

Mr. Munford moved that Mr. Bell occupy the chair until a permanent chairman should be elected. Carried.

The Chair requested the representatives of the press to act as secretaries.

Messrs. A. H. Munford of Montgomery, J. H. Balthrop, of Cheatham and J. N. McDonald of Houston, were appointed a committee on credentials and basis of representation.

The committee recommended that the same representation be allowed the counties composing the Floterial District in this convention as was allowed them in the recent State convention at Nashville, viz: Cheatham 8 votes, Montgomery 28 and Houston 5. The committee also recommended the adoption of the two-thirds rule. The report was adopted.

S. A. Caldwell, Esq., of Montgomery county, nominated H. H. Buquo, Esq., of Houston county, for permanent chairman and Mr. J. H. Balthrop, of Cheatham county, seconded the nomination. Mr. Buquo was unanimously elected.

On taking the chair he said that although the convention was a small assembly, he felt complimented in being called to preside over it. Every Democratic meeting held this year was an important body. The Democratic ticket was to be elected this year from top to bottom, and every convention the party held was part and parcel of the entire work.

The chair appointed Messrs. Bell, McDonald and Balthrop a committee on resolutions.

Nominations of candidates for Representative were now announced in order.

Mr. Buquo called Mr. DeGraffenreid to the chair and took the floor to place in nomination Mr. L. L. Skelton, of Houston county. He said: "I wish to place in nomination a man whom I have known long and with whom I am well acquainted. There has been a tacit agreement between the three counties represented in this convention that the candidate nominated shall come from Houston county. With this understanding a primary election was held in Houston county to select a candidate and the man whom I will nominate received nearly all the votes cast, though he had several competitors who were gentlemen of eminent respectability. This will of the people expressed at the ballot box was ratified by the county Democratic convention, which recently met at Erin. Gentlemen of the convention, I have known this man to be a Democrat good and true with unswerving devotion to the party for 17 years. He has made an efficient officer and is a citizen of sterling character. He is not a man accustomed to public speaking but belongs to the good, substantial farming class and will make a conservative and trustworthy representative." Mr. Buquo then mentioned the name of his candidate.

A. V. Goodpasture, Esq., moved to nominate Mr. Skelton by acclamation.

A. H. Munford, Esq., said before that motion was put he wished to endorse all that Mr. Buquo had said of Mr. Skelton, and added some very complimentary remarks concerning that gentleman.

Mr. Goodpasture's motion was then put and carried.

Mr. Skelton then came forward in response to calls and in a very manly and unassuming manner expressed his thanks for the honor conferred upon him. He is under the impression that the 4th day of November will be a field day for ex-sheriffs. He belongs to that class and the Democratic voters will see to if that he comes in for his share of the honors.

Hon. Thos. L. Dodd, of Davidson county, who is a candidate for Congress, was present and was called on for a speech. Mr. Dodd is a fluent speaker, with a good voice, and entertained the convention for more than thirty minutes. He overhauled the records of the gentlemen who are opposed to him in the congressional race and spent some time in discussing National politics.

The committee on resolutions then made the following report:

Resolved, That we most heartily endorse the platforms adopted by the State and National conventions and enthusiastically pledge ourselves to support the nominees of said conventions.

Resolved, 2d, That we favor a judicious reduction of the tax upon merchants and farmers, a judicious reform of present privilege tax. The present system being oppressive to the tax payers in many instances.

Resolved, 3d, That we favor a statute of limitation barring the collection of all taxes not collected within a specified time after they become due. The time not to exceed three years, unless the property remains in the hands of the same owner as when the taxes accrued.

The convention then adjourned.

THE result of the county elections throughout the State of Tennessee show large gains for the Democrats especially in the eastern division. This is gratifying, but county elections are so much influenced by personal considerations that they cannot be taken as a fair indication.

THE candidates for Governor will not reach Clarksville until the leaves begin to turn, but the "jint debate" will be no less interesting on account of its nearness to election day.

Subscribe for the CHRONICLE.

Crop Report.

We have received the report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for July. The report is based on over four hundred reports from ninety-five counties.

In regard to the Wheat crop the report says: "From the reports over the entire State, the yield of this crop has fully come up to expectations and in many instances has greatly surpassed the estimate. The rainy season which followed close on the harvest damaged in many instances the grain while in the shock, but in spite of the freezing out in many counties last winter causing the stand to be thin, and other unfavorable conditions during the period of its growth and ripening, the crop generally is reported to be the finest both as to quantity and quality that has been grown in the State for many years, and it is believed by most of those who have kept themselves familiar with the estimates of the yields of the past few years, that it will exceed the crop of 1882, which amounted to nearly 10,000,000 bushels, and which was perhaps the heaviest yield of the past decade, if not in the history of the State. In addition to the abundant yield, the quality of the grain is reported very superior, and the crop is reported to be mostly housed and in good condition."

The corn crop is reported to have improved considerably during July though some of the conditions previous to that time were not favorable. The crop is said to have been greatly damaged in some localities by storms. The excessive rains in the early part of the month had rather a damaging effect on the hay crop, however, a large proportion was saved and in good condition.

"Of the conditions of the tobacco crop, forty-seven counties report improved conditions as compared with the previous month, thirty counties report a decrease, while the remaining twenty report condidions equal. A few counties report some of the crops "frenching" to some extent. Montgomery county reports, that with no further unfavorable conditions the crop will be the heaviest for ten years. Other counties report fine prospects for a heavy crop. In the June report an error appeared which was discovered too late to be corrected. In the general summary we said that the large area planted in tobacco this year was thought to be due to some extent to the legislation permitting the producer to sell one hundred pounds without paying license. It should have been one hundred *dollars worth* without paying license."

MR. HENRY FRECH, of this city, addressed a letter to the Nashville Banner inquiring if the railroad commissioners are still drawing their salaries. The Banner is of the opinion that they will claim every dollar of the pay allowed them. Aside from any consideration of the necessity of a railroad commission, this should not be allowed. Mr. Frech makes a good point when he says: "If the law is void the office is, and some good citizen of Tennessee should file an injunction on the treasurer to stop their pay." If the law is not void it is in abeyance, and salaries should be so too. There should be no pay for services not rendered.

COL. WEST, of Mississippi, who was nominated for Vice-President on the ticket with Ben Butler, has not accepted the nomination, and says he will support Cleveland and Hendricks. If Ben should win on his lone hand however, the Colonel will probably take the second place in the event that the electoral college hands it to him on a silver waiter.

THE average candidate for Congress, "subject to the action of a Democratic convention," walks around the tariff question as he would a case of smallpox.

County Executive Committe.

The newly appointed Democratic County Executive Committee met for organization at the court house last Friday. Present George Barbee, of No 3; Ross Bourne, No. 5; I. P. Howard, No. 8; Thos. Cooper, No. 9; E. M. Nolen, No. 10; P. O. Travis, No 11; G. M. Bell, Jas. H. Smith, F. F. Abbott, C. W. Tyler, No. 12; Ross Wilson, No. 14; Dr. W. H. Crouch, No. 16; H. H. Mockbee No. 18: B. J. Corban No. 19; Wm. Thorn No. 20.

Judge Tyler was made temporary secretary.

Upon motion, M. Savage, Esq., was elected a member of the committee.

The next business in order being the election of permanent officers. Mr. Barbee placed in nomination for chairman Mr. Savage. He was unanimously elected. Messrs Smith and Bell were put in nomination for secretary, Mr. Smith withdrew and Mr. Bell was unanimously elected.

It was moved by Judge Tyler that a district committee be organized in each civil district of the county, the member of the County Executive Committee to be chairman thereof, and the selection of the other two members to be left to him.

The committee adjourned to meet at the court-house Saturday, Sep., 6, 1884, at 11 o'clock a. m.

THE moonlight brandance which was to have been held Friday night of last week, at the residence of Mr. R. J. Ellis, in New Providence, was postponed till Tuesday night last. On that evening a large crowd of the young people of the surrounding country, as well as a good many from this city, were present and a delightful evening was spent by all.

THE following dispatch to the Nashville American, dated at Dickson Station Aug. 9th, will be read by many of our readers with regret. Prof. Guerin, once lived in this county and is well remembered by many of his school-mates and friends:

Prof. Wm. Guerin, who taught school at this point last year, but is now teaching at Cave Mills, about ten miles north of here, was returning home from school yesterday evening with his son, both on a mule, and the animal became frightened, throwing them both off. The boy fell unhurt, but Mr. Guerin received internal injuries from which he died in a short time.

Shooting Mormons.

A bloody affair recently occurred in Hickman county, Tennessee, which recalls the memorable scenes about Norvoo when the early Mormons were driven from Illinois by the outraged citizens. Several Mormon elders went to Hickman county a few years back and by their preaching succeeded in converting a number of natives and founded an organization. Their presence in the county excited the usual animosity against Mormons which grew in intensity until last Sunday when the following tragedy occurred. This account of the affair was given the Nashville Banner by Col. W. M. Johnson of Centreville:

Last Sunday morning, when the Mormons assembled they were attacked, and several parties lost their lives. Col. Johnson says he heard a rumor of the attack in the morning, but could learn no particulars until John DePriest, the mail-rider between Centreville and Ivy Mills, Lewis county arrived. When questioned Mr. DePriest gave the following particulars of the affair: About 11 o'clock three Mormon elders met at the house of an old man named Conder, near Ivy Mills, and proceeded to hold one of their regular meetings. Among the congregation were Mrs. Conder, young Martin Conder and John R. Hutson. Between 10 and 11 o'clock ten or twelve mask men rode up to the house and were met at the door by young Conder and Hutson. The mob demanded the young men to surrender, but they refused and showed fight. One of the mob knocked young Conder in the head, crushing his skull and causing instant death. Hutson, who had by this time siezed a double-barrelled shotgun, fired upon the mob and killed one, who after his mask was removed, proved to be David Hinson, a well-to-do farmer, who lived on Bushy fork of Beaver dam.

The mob drew their weapons and fired upon Hutson, killing him instantly. They then entered the house and opened fire on the Mormon elders, two of whom were killed outright. One of the elders sought protection behind Mrs. Conder, and a bullet aimed at him took effect in the lady's leg, fracturing that member. The other elder seeing his brothers lying dead, fled to the woods. He was pursued and fired upon. It was thought he, too, was killed. On the way to Conder's house the mob stopped at a neighboring dwelling owned by Mr. Garrett, where they captured a Mormon elder. He was taken to the woods, and after all was quieted down at Conder's, several shots were heard in the direction the mob went with their prisoner, and it is thought this man was also killed.

Forrest Hill Seminary.

A Charter of Incorporation has recently been issued to Chas. W. Tyler, C. W. Greenfield, M. D., G. M. Pardue, Polk Prince, J. L. W. Power, J. E. Wilcox, and J. W. Grant, as a corporation by the name and style of Forest Hill Seminary, for educational and literary purposes, in the first district of Montgomery county." The date of application for the Charter is May 30th 1884. The object for which it was issued by the State is thus set forth in the Charter:

"Said corporation having for its objects to furnish a thorough education to those who attend it and comply with its requirements; to furnish instruction in the following courses, or schools, viz: The school of English Language and Literature, including Logic; the school of Mathematics; the school of Natural and Physical Sciences; the school of Civil History; the school of Ancient Languages and Literature; the school of Modern Languages and Literature; and the schools of Mental, Moral and Political Philosophy,"

The above named gentlemen met at Forest Hill on Wednesday Aug. 13th, for the purpose of organizing a Board of Directors under the Charter requirements. The meeting was called to order by Prof. Grant, at whose suggestion Capt. J. L. W. Power was chosen temporary Chairman, and Prof. Grant, temporary Secretary. After a reading of the Charter by the Secretary, and a discussion of some of the points in it, Judge C. W. Tyler was elected President of the Board, and J. E. Wilcox, Esq., Secretary. By-laws for the government of the Board were then discussed and adopted. Prof. Grant was chosen Principal of the Seminary for one year, after which the Board adjourned.

The Concert at the University.

A very pleasant entertainment was given in Stewart Cabinet Hall at the University Tuesday night. The affair was almost entirely impromptu, the programme having been arranged with very little preparation.

The performances consisted of recitations and vocal music, and were, on the whole, pleasant and creditable. Misses Settle and Fowlks sung several duetts that were much enjoyed. Miss Poston favored the audience with two songs in a voice remarkably clear and sweet, and Miss Saunders, a pretty and petit debutante, sang twice Her notes could not have been other than charming,—coming from such a source.

Mrs. Byrne, a lady whose old age is crowned with an intellectuality and culture that is really refreshing in one of her years, is so well known in Clarksville as an elocutionist that it would be superfluous for us to praise her performances. She recited two pieces, one humorous and the other pathetic, demonstrating that her talent is superior as well as versatile. Miss Moss made two recitations, both humorous. One was John G. Saxe's laughable version of a doleful romance from the classics. The speaker rendered it in a very articulate voice with finely laid emphasis, much to the amusement of the audience. Miss Anderson recited two well known pieces in a style which evidenced the fact that she has been a student of the emotional and deeply tragic.

We learn that the net proceeds of the entertainment were $29.30, which will be appropriated to the gymnasium fund.

THE Democratic Convention for the 5th Congressional district of Tennessee has been in a dead-lock at Tullahoma for several days. After nearly two hundred ballots the Convention adjourned Wednesday night with the several candidates standing nearly equal. The candidates are Ivie of Shelbyville, Richardson of Murfreesboro and Warner the present encumbant.

IT is estimated that the expenditures of the Postoffice, Department for the last fiscal year will exceed the receipts by $3,000,000.

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By your fireside this winter by using the

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Price for August delivery:
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PURE OLD CLARKSVILLE SMOKING TOBACCO.

Unadulterated, containing the natural flavor of the leaf. Lovers of the weed who wish a pure article should call for the "PIPE OF PEACE," manufactured by E. B. ROSS, ROSSVIEW, TENN.

Put up in Attractive Style and will Sell!

☞Correspondence and orders from jobbers and wholesale dealers solicited.

THE Nashville American of Wednesday gave an account of an old man being found in the Sulphur Spring's bottom in that city, drunk and paralyzed. On being taken to the police station 'twas ascertained that he had nearly a thousand dollars in money and a handsome gold watch on his person. The man was Dr. J. M. Trotter, who is well known to a great many people in Clarksville and vicinity. He has been here several times trying to work up interest in securing a large fortune which he says is due the Trotter heirs in England. He at one time raised considerable money by that means in this locality, but the English fortune has never materialized. The Doctor also lectures on phrenology, and has appeared before a Clarksville audience in that role.

Prof. Emery's Concert.

In order to fall in with Miss Jonnard's other engagements, the concert announced last week will take place next Tuesday, the 19th inst. It is not necessary for us to proclaim Miss Jonnard's merits as a vocalist, as the reputation of them is spreading far and wide, and the young lady will soon be recognized as the great Southern prima donna. She will be supported this time by the popular Nashville tenor, Mr. Fraley, and Emery's trained orchestra will give two classic overtures.

Moreover, every body will be there whom you would like to see, and you can't afford to miss it.

NOTHING but thoroughbred males will be allowed to compete for prizes at the Stock Show on the 19th and 20th. Grades of the masculine persuasion will not be admitted.

MEMORIAL services in honor of the late Bishop Kavanaugh, were held at Kavanaugh camp-ground, near Louisville, Sunday. A large number of people attended.

Somebody says "it is well enough to be rich but to parade your riches is contemptible." That's the reason why newspaper men never let the world know that they generally have four or five cords of greenbacks and other collaterals hid away in the back attic under a three hundred pound anvil.

CITY RELEASES.

All parties desiring releases on their property assessed for city taxes for the year 1884, will make their application in writing to Jas. H. Smith, Chairman of the Release Committee on or before the 25th day of August, 1884. No applications will be entertained after that date.

By order of the board, August, 1884.

A. HOWELL, Mayor,
C. H. BAILEY, Recorder.
August 16, 1884.—1w

THE FALL SEASON

of our JACK and STALLION will open September 15th and close November 20th, 1884. For the Fall season we charge $10 to insure, payable when the fact is ascertained or mare transferred.

HAMBAUGH & GOODLETT.
Aug. 16, '84—4w

Cincinnati Evening Post

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INDEPENDENT IN POLITICS!

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Are now receiving daily a fine lot of well screened

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All our coal is handled with forks and full weight guaranteed. Leave orders at Telegraph office, Wharfboat or main Coal Office near freight depot. Telephone connection.

aug 9-84-tf P. P. GRACEY & BRO.

Settle at Once!

As I expect to leave Clarksville soon, I will take it as a favor if those indebted to me will pay their bills promptly when presented, and parties living out of the city will please come forward and settle at once.

G. M. WHITESIDE.
Aug. 16, 1884.—1t.

MUSIC AND ART SCHOOL

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Emery.

TERMS:—Instrumental and Vocal Music $30 00 per term of 20 weeks.

Painting, $10 00 per course of 15 lessons, or $1 00 per lesson of three hours.

Instruction in above branches is of the highest grade and equal to the best in cities.

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PIANOS TUNED.

Aug. 9, 1884—tf

Trust Sale.

By virtue of the authority conferred on me in a deed of Trust executed by W. W. Peacher, which is recorded in Trust Deed Book No. 7, page 563 of the Register's office of Montgomery county, I will sell to the highest bidder on

Saturday, the 6th day of Sept. 1884,

at the Court House in Clarksville a tract of and lying in Dist. No. 2 of said county,

Containing 435¾ Acres.

A plat of this land will be exhibited on the day of sale.

TERMS: One third cash, the balance on a credit of one and two years, with interest from date, and lien retained. This Aug. 2, 1884.

H. C. MERRITT, Trustee
of W. W. Peacher.
Aug. 9, 1884—5w.

Broadhurst Institute,

For the Higher Education of Females.

Thorough Teachers in every Department

Will be Reopened September, 1, 1884.

DEPARTMENTS—Preparatory, Scientific, Mathematical, Literary, Modern and Ancient Classics, Teachers, Art, Music. aug2, 84-3m.

20 GOOD FARMS

For Sale!

In Montgomery County, Tenn., and

TODD CONTY, KEN TUCKY

Ranging in size from 100 Acres to 400 Acres, prices from

$4 to $40 per Acre!

Also a nice Cottage Home in the city. Apply to M. V. INGRAM, Agt.,
July 5-tf Clarksville, Tenn

Non-Resident Notice.

In Chancery at Erin, Tenn.

J. L. McMillan, Executor of B. N. Carter, vs. the Heirs and Creditors of B. N. Carter.

In this cause it appearing from the allignation in the bill which is sworn to that the defendants, Harry Crittendon and wife, Sallie Crittendon, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, it is therefore ordered by the Clerk and Master that they enter their appearance and make defense in this cause at the Court House in Erin, Tenn., on or before the first Thursday after the first Monday in September, 1884, or complainant's bill will be taken for confessed as to them, and set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Clarksville Chronicle.

This July 14th, 1884.

J. L. McMILLANC. C M.
July 19, 84-4w

R. B. TARPLEY,

HOUSE PAINTER.

DECORATIVE PAPER HANGING

A Specialty.

I am now prepared to receive contracts for any of the above work.

July 5-3m R. B. TARPLEY.

SOUTH-WESTERN PRESBYTERIAN UNIVERSITY.

Clarksville, Tenn.

Session 1883-84 Opens Sept. 1, 1883.

FACULTY.

REV. J. N. WADDEL, D. D. LL. D., Chancellor.
REV. J. B. SHEARER, D. D.
S. J. COFFMAN, A. M.
J. W. CALDWELL, A. M., M. D.
E. B. MASSIE, A. M.
G. F. NICOLASSEN, A. M., PH. D.
Rev. ROBERT PRICE, D. D.

There is one Elementary Class in Latin one in Greek, and two in Mathematics.

Especial attention is given to the Commercial Course, and to History and English Literature.

Eight Schools are in operation.

Degrees are conferred in five courses.

TERMS:

TUITION, in advance, per annum. . $50
INCIDENTAL FEE (in advance), per annum. 10

Board in families low. Total expenses $210 to $255 a year. Send for a Catalogue.

July 12, 1884-2m

WE ARE RECEIVING

NEW CROP

ROYAL ROLLER FLOUR.

IT IS NOT EXCELLED.

Send a Sample Order.

CRUSMAN & HOWARD.

Lockert & Reynolds

Are now offering everything in the way of

SCHOOL BOOKS,

PAPER, TABLETS, INKS, PENS, PENCILS, RULERS, &c., lowest market prices, and invite every one to call and lay in a supply of

SCHOOL STATIONERY AND BOOKS.

It has been our aim to supply ourselves with goods, both attractive and desirable, in this line, and having selected from some of the largest stocks in the country, can assure our friends that we will give them *BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.*

Respectfully,

LOCKERT & REYNOLDS.

August 16, 1884.

THE ANCHOR MILLS

Are Still in Town!

And are in better shape to do Custom Work than ever before. I make a specialty of that kind of work and am prepared to do your grinding in the best possible manner AT ALL TIMES.

I run *EVERY DAY*, so you can come to mill when it suits your convenience,

AND DON'T YOU FORGET IT!

I will give good work and big turnouts every time. I wish to say to those who live near the river or railroad, send me your wheat and corn, by boat or cars, and I will take it from Wharf or Depot and return without any charge for cartage. Send your grain to me, as I have the Only First-Class Custom Mill, operated by a practical miller, in Clarksville.

Respectfully,

E. H. WILKINSON.

NOTWITHSTANDING

The fact that our Sales for the Spring Season have been much

Larger than Ever Before,

Our stock of Seasonable Goods is still complete, and will be

Sold at Remarkably Low Prices,

FROM THIS DATE.

To make room for our Fall Stock.

To our White Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Handkercheifs, Collars, Hosiery, Gloves and Corsets we invite your special attention.

All Gents' Gauze Underwear marked down to cost.

A full line of Ladies' and Children's

FINE SHOES AND SLIPPERS

embracing the best styles and makes to be found.

Are offering bargains in all kinds of

SUMMER CLOTHING.

WANTED—5,000 yds. Home-made Lindsey.

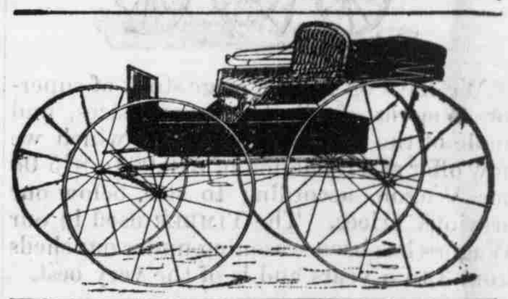
Remember that we keep constantly on hand the largest stock

Carpets, Oil Clotsh, Mattings in the city.

Respectfully,

BLOCH BROS.

B. F. HARDIN & CO.,



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—MANUFATURERS OF—

CARRIAGES,

BUGGIES AND SPRING WAGONS

Experienced Workmen, Best Material Used.

☞*Special attention given to REPAIRING, and work guaranteed as represented.* may17,84-3m

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Of Every Description Done in First-class Style, at Moderate Price, at the

CHRONICLE OFFICE.