ROANOKE DAILY TIMES.

VOL VI--NO. 10. ROANOKE, VIRGINIA, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 12, 1889. PRICE--THREE CENTS

JUST A MOMENT, PLEASE.

We wish to say to the people of Roanoke and vicinity that our entire stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Cloaks, etc., must be closed out by December 15, and to do this we are now selling regardless of cost.

We have not only a few special bargains, but we have

Bargains in Dress Goods,

Bargains in cloaks, bargains in staple goods, and in fact everything we have at the prices at which we are now selling is a bargain. Many goods way below cost and nothing above cost.

IN DRESS GOODS

We still have nearly everything desired. All wool silk wraps, 38-inch henriettas sold for $1, at 80 cts; all wool silk finish, 46-inch henriettas, sold for $1, at 80 cts.; all wool 46-inch henrietta, sold for 85 cts. now 62½ cts.. all wool 38-inch henriettas, sold for 50 cts. now 37½ cts.; all wool 38-inch henriettas, sold for 37½ cts. now 25 cts.

IN CLOAKS

We have a full line of plush wraps, modjeskas, new markets, and jackets, and we can save you the profits other houses are making.

IN STAPLE GOODS

WE HAVE

Fruit of the loom, bleach, 8½ cts.
Lonsdale, bleach, 8½ cts.
Lonsdale, cambric, 10½ cts.
Wamsutta, bleach, 11 cts.
New York mills, 11 cts.
Pride of the west, bleach, 12½ cts.
Morpotock, 4-4 brown cotton, 6½ cts.
Dundee, 4-4 brown cotton 6 cts.
Mohawk valley, 10-4 bleached sheeting for 24 cts. worth 30 cts.
Utica, 10-4 bleached sheeting for 27 cts. worth 35 cts.
Pepperall, 10-4 bleached sheeting, 22½ cts.
Clark's O. N. T. spool cotton, 4 cts. per spool, 43 cts. per dozen.

It will pay you to examine our stock before purchasing.

WM. F. BAKER & CO.

134 Salem avenue.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT!

—:o:—

And all the People are talking about it.

Yes, it is true. You can buy your goods at

COST FOR CASH

—AT—

GEORGE H. DAVIS & CO.

We wish to sell all that we can before

DECEMBER - 26TH,

On which day we will positively close and ship all goods unsold to Petersburg. So do not fail to

COME AT ONCE

And get the greatest

BARGAINS

Ever offered in Roanoke at

GEO. H. DAVIS & CO.,

44 Salem Avenue.

FIRST BREAK

—OF THE—

SEASON!

WE have a line of Ladies' NEWMARKETS and JACKETS that we are offering at greatly reduced prices:

	Former Prices.	Now.
1 Lot Newmarkets	$ 4.50	$ 3.25
1 " "	5.50	4.00
1 " "	8.00	6.00
1 " "	10.50	8.00
1 " "	14.00	10.00
1 Lot Jackets	2.50	1.75
1 " "	4.00	2.75
1 " "	4.50	3.50
1 " "	5.50	4.00
1 " "	6.50	4.50
1 " "	7.50	5.00
1 " "	8.00	6.00
1 " "	9.00	7.00

FULL LINE of Plush Coats, Jackets, Modjeskas, and ¾ Jackets.

JUST RECEIVED

A new lot Children's and Misses' long Cloaks and Jackets, ranging from 4 to 16 years.

——USEFUL——

Holiday Presents!

Full assortment Silk Hankkerchiefs, Silk Mufflers, Fancy and Plain White Linen Handkerchiefs.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS'

SILK UMBRELLAS.

Blankets, Comforts and Counterpanes, Lace Curtains and Poles.

A WORD FROM OUR

Millinery Department.

We have just replenished our stock of Wool and Fur Felt Hats and Turbines, Birds, Feathers, Plush and Silk Velvets, in all colors.

We haven't the space to enumerate our fine assortment of Dress Goods. All we ask is an inspection, and we guarantee to please you.

ROSENBAUM BROS.

42 Salem avenue.

C. MARKLEY'S

Checkered Front Grocery

—ON—

SALEM AVENUE,

MOOMAW BLOCK,

Is well supplied with a full fresh and varied stock of fancy and select

GROCERIES

—o—

And all kinds of

Fruit in Season.

—o—

FRESH OYSTERS,

DRESSED FOWLS

—AND—

CELERY - ALSO.

A SETTLEMENT.

TRIAL OF THE CARR-HOCKADAY CASE.

A LARGE CROWD IN ATTENDANCE.

Testimony of Several Witnesses. The Case Against the Mayor Dismissed and Mr. Hockaday Fined Two Dollars.

Rorer Hall was well filled yesterday evening with deeply interested spectators who had assembled there to witness the trial of Mayor William Carr and Mr. J. R. Hockaday for fighting on the street. The cases were tried before Mr. William G. Evans, acting mayor, and the city was represented by Solicitor Henry Gibson, while Mr. F. H. S. Morrison was counsel for Mayor Carr, and Colonel John E. Penn for Mr. Hockaday.

The first case called was that of the city against Mayor Carr and the first witness sworn was Mr. Vest. He said he was present when the difficulty between Mayor Carr, and Mr. Hockaday occurred. Mr Hockaday met the mayor with a letter in his hand, and said the letter was an insult. He then hit the mayor, when they grappled, and he (Mr. Vest) parted them. Mr. Hockaday insisted that the letter was an insult, and tried to get the mayor to admit it was, but the mayor would not say so. Mr. Hockaday struck the first lick. The mayor struck him with a cane. The mayor did not seem angry. He (Mr. Vest) thought Mr. Hockaday was very much excited.

Mr. A. Manoni was next sworn. Said he saw the difficulty; was at the corner of the First National bank; heard Mr. Hockaday call Mayor Carr a fool, and at the same time struck him in the breast. The mayor then struck Mr. Hockaday with his cane.

Mr. L J. Blair sworn: Was present when the difficulty occurred. Mr. Hockaday struck the mayor. The mayor stepped back, raised his stick and struck Mr. Hockaday. They grappled and fell together. Some one pulled Mr. Hockaday off Mayor Carr. He (Mr. Blair) knew nothing of the origin of the difficulty. Hockaday struck the mayor first. After they were parted Mr. Hockaday said the letter was an insult. He did not hear the mayor's reply. The letter was in Mr. Hockaday's hand.

Mayor Carr, sworn said: "In the line of my official duty I was called on to issue some notices which I did. I sent one to Mr. Hockaday as agent. As I was going down the street I met Mr. Hockaday I did not notice him until he was close to me. His first question was, 'Did you send me this letter?' I answered, "I did." He demanded an explanation. I said the notice explans itself. He struck me; I struck him with a cane. I did not tell him the letter was intended as an insult. He [illegible] in assault till we fell. I struck him but once. I tried to strike him again, but was too close. The blood flowed from my blow.'?

As this concluded the evidence the case against the mayor was dismissed

THE TRIAL OF MR. HOCKADAY.

The case of Mr. J. R. Hockaday, charged with fighting on the streets, was then called, and Mayor Carr was the first witness examined. In reply to Colonel Penn, he said:

"In answer to the demand of Mr. Hockaday for an explanation of the letter I said: 'The letter explains itself.' In reply to his question: 'Did I intend to say that he kept a house of ill-fame?' I did not say I did so charge him."

The notice to Mr. Hockaday from the mayor was then read, being in effect that if certain parties were not removed by the 20th of December from a house which Mr. Hockaday had the renting of, that he (Mr. Hockaday) would be held liable for keeping a house of ill-fame.

After this the mayor continued his evidence as follows:

"After the difficulty I did not say I meant the letter as an insult. The letter speaks for itself. I am not responsible for Mr. Hockaday's construction of it. He did not give me a chance to explain anything."

Mr. Blair being sworn, said he was not near enough to hear anything before the attack. He saw an effort by Mr. Hockakay to strike the mayor; did not know whether the blow reached the mayor or not. He heard Mr. Hockaday say after the scuffle that the letter was the cause of the difficulty. He did not hear the mayor's reply.

Mr. Manoni sworn: "Was close to both when difficulty commenced. The first words I heard were by Mr. Hockaday, who said: 'You are a fool,' and struck the mayor in the breast. It staggered the mayor. That was the first blow. Mr. Hockaday attempted to strike again, and the mayor attempted to strike Mr. Hockaday. I did not hear any more words."

Mr Vest sworn: "I saw Mr. Hockaday strike at the mayor. I was with the mayor, coming down the street. I did not see Hockaday strike with his open hand, but I cannot say it was with his fist. The mayor staggered back; did not hear any reply from the mayor in answer to Hockaday's assertion that the letter was an insult. Hockaday tried to repeat the assault, but I held him back."

Mayor Carr recalled: "Do not know positively whether Hockaday's fist was doubled or not. I was struck on the neck. Do not know whether he struck again or not. I do know that my neck is very stiff from the blow."

Mr. Hockaday, sworn, said: "I sold the property in question on the 15th of November last. I had nothing whatever to do with the property."(He here produced a contract of sale between Edward White and Adaline Preston.) Continuing he said: "I saw the letter (notice) yesterday afternoon. The letter said action would be brought against me for keeping a house of ill-fame if not vacated by the tenants. I met Mayor Carr and told him I had a letter and asked for an explanation. He said the letter spoke for itself. I asked him if he meant to charge me with keeping a house of ill-fame. He said the letter spoke for itself. I called him an old fool and struck him with my open hand. He struck me. He said the letter meant all it said. I was bound to resist the insult, and would have struck him again if I had not been prevented. I did not understand that he was addressing the letter to me as agent. I admit that if an agent rents a house for purposes of ill-fame knowingly, that he should be prosecuted. Mr. Carr gave me no opportunity to make an explanation, but repeated the insult by saying the letter spoke for itself. When I asked him, did he charge me with keeping a house of ill-fame, he said: 'That is correct.'"

Mr. Webb, sworn, said: "I was about twenty-five yards from the spot where the difficulty occurred. The first I saw was Mr. Carr strike Mr. Hockaday with a stick. They clinched. After they got up I heard Mr. Hockaday say the letter was a gross insult. Heard Mayor Carr say it was intended as such."

Mr. Carter, being sworn, testified as follows: "I did not see the blow. I saw them fall. Somebody pulled Mr. Hockaday off the mayor. Mr. Hockaday reached down for a letter, and asked Mayor Carr if he still intended the letter for an insult. Heard Mayor Carr say that he did."

Mr. F. H. S. Morrison, sworn: "Last Thursday or Friday I went to Mr. Hockaday's office and said to him: 'There's a piece of property on Randolph street occupied by Adaline Preston, who tells me she rents it from you as agent for one White. Mr. Hockaday said the man's name was Edwin White, but Adaline Preston was negotiating for a sale.' He left me with the impression that she was renting from him as agent. He looked at his books and said, 'Yes, yes.' Adaline Preston told me she rented from Mr. Hockaday, as agent, but was negotiating for a sale. Under the law, owners of property and agents could be prosecuted for knowingly renting houses for purposes of prostitution. I wrote the notice for Mayor Carr in order to notify owners and agents."

Mr. Hockaday, recalled: "My recollection is that Mr. Morrison came in and asked the name of the owner of the property, and I gave him the owner's name. He asked me if this woman was renting from me and I told him no; that she contracted to purchase the day she moved in."

Mr. Hockaday was fined $2 and costs.

HONORING THE DEAD.

Citizens of Roanoke Pass Resolutions on the Death of Jefferson Davis.

A public meeting of citizens was held at the opera house last night to pass resolutions of respect to the memory of Hon. Jefferson Davis, ex-president of the Confederate States.

Captain S. S. Brooke was called to the chair and P. Lockett, esq., was elected secretary.

Addresses eulogistic of the dead statesman were delivered by Colonel John E. Penn, Judge H. L. Parrish and Messrs. A. A. Phlegar, W. W. Berkley, J. Allen Watts, Thomas W. Miller and P. Lockett.

Messrs J. Allen Watts, J. E. Penn, R. B Smith, L. H. Cocke, N. T. Foard and Thomas W. Miller were appointed a committee to draft the following resolutions and report:

Whereas, in the passing, which were Jefferson Davis, late president of the confederate states, a distinguished soldier of the Mexican war, former senator of the United States and secretary of war of the United States, this country has lost a son whose valor on the field, whose wisdom in counsel, whose eloquence in debate, whose noble bearing in adversity, have and will continue to reflect imperishable lustre on the name of America. Therefore be it

Resolved, That as a soldier, a statesman and a patriot, Jefferson Davis will always hold an eminent position where bravery is honored and patriotism held in respect.

Resolved, That the family of Mr. Davis has the respectful sympathy of this meeting.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be engrossed and sent to the family of Mr. Davis.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished to the papers of this city for publication.

ANDERSON-PATTIE.

The Marriage of a Popular Roanoke Gentleman.

Greene Memorial church was filled to overflowing yesterday afternoon with a deeply interested audience, which assembled there to witness the marriage of Mr. Robert J Anderson and Miss Annie Pattie. The church was tastefully decorated with flowers and evergreens, and Miss Emma Engleby furnished beautiful music on the organ. The marriage ceremony was performed at 4 30 o'clock by Rev. J. H. Boyd and was deeply impressive

The bride was dressed in a plum colored cloth and silk traveling suit, and carried in her hand an exquisite bouquet of Marchal Neil roses and while hyacinths.

The ushers were Messrs. John Chalmers, Ernest Haines, Thomas Coffer and T. G. Anderson, a brother of the groom from Warrenton, Virginia. The bride is the handsome and accomplished daughter of William A. Pattie, esq., of the Third ward, and the groom is assistant chief clerk in the office of the general passenger agent of the Norfolk and Western Railroad company. The happy couple were the recipients of many beautiful and valuable presents. Immediately after the ceremony they left for the Union depot, where they took the west bound Norfolk and Western passenger train for Texas and other Southern states, followed by the good wishes of a host of friends.

Has Arrived.

I have with me Mr. H. L. Cason, who is an expert in his profession as a practical optician, and as he cannot remain longer than Tuesday, December 17th, I advise those who have defective vision to call at once and secure a perfect fit in a pair of A. K. Hawkes' celebrated spectacles. This gentleman will fit glasses at the regular retail price at which they are sold from my store every day. I guarantee satisfaction. No extra charge for fitting.

dec 12-tf CHAS. LYLE & Co.

—A Washington dentist advertises in yesterday's Post that he will pay $100 for the front tooth of a healthy young white man.

SALEM'S BOOM.

A LARGE CROWD ATTEND YESTERDAY'S SALE.

OVER TWO HUNDRED LOTS SOLD.

Amounting in Value to Nearly One Hundred Thousand Dollars. How to Purchase Real Estate in Salem.

If the matured man who attended Roanoke college five or ten years ago and then went west could have returned to Salem yesterday, he would have found a state of activity altogether different from anything he ever knew during his walks and visits and studies there. He would have found Main street, formerly quiet, crowded with people and vehicles, and seen tens of thousands of dollars paid for land which, at one time, could have been bought by the acre instead of by the foot. The occasion was the opening sale of the lots of the Salem Improvement company, and the day will always be remembered as the turning point in the town's history, and the beginning of the development which is to make Salem an industrial city, just as Roanoke and Knoxville and Chattanooga and Birmingham and Anniston have been made cities.

The day was almost an ideal one. The sun shone bright from a clear, blue sky, and the breeze which makes the section such a delightful place for summer residences, blew strong from the northwest. The sale proper did not begin until 12 o'clock, but people began arriving by scores several hours earlier.

Dr. E. A. Parsons, of the real estate firm of Nelson & Parsons, brought a party from Roanoke. They occupied ten carriages and included many prominent citizens.

Main street presented an unusually active scene during the morning. Horses carrying people to look at different lots were driven hither and thither. The streets were filled with vehicles, and the sidewalks with people. The real estate offices and corridors of the Duval house were the principal centres of activity. Every office was equipped with large, blue maps, and buyers and sellers were busy till noon selecting and marking their lots.

At 12 o'clock the crowd proceeded to the town hall, on College street, where the lots, upon which more than one bid had been made, were sold at auction. For the next two hours the scene there was so lively that a prominent lawyer remarked that it reminded him of the New York stock exchange.

Mr. J. W. F. Allemong, president of the company, and Colonel R. H. Logan called off the lots that had already been taken and those that were to be sold under the hammer, [illegible] blocked the aisles. Mr. Hull, the actioneer, holding a small mallet in one hand, began crying the lots and knocking them off to the highest bidders. Colonel R. H. Logan assisted him and the bidding was unusually lively. There were no pauses, and everything went with a rush. The lots sold and the prices paid follow:

Section 1—Lot 5. A. M. Bowman, $205; 6. A. M. Bowman, $203; 7. A. M. Bowman, $201; 8. C. C. Rowe, $205; 13. Edward Jeter, $201; 14. Edward Jeter, $206; 15. A. M. Bowman, $260; 16. R. B. Jones & Co., $445; 29. John H. Garst, $400; 30. William McClanahan, $405; 31. G. J. Ligon, $420; 32. R. H Ligon, $510.

Section 2—Lot 5. Frier, Webber & Denit, $217; 8. J. P. Houtz, $201; 14. Armstrong & Critz, $210; 15. R. B. Jones & Co., $255; 16. R. B. Jones & Co., $305; 21. A. M. Bowman, $355; 22. A. M. Bowman, $365.

Section 4—Lot 31. R. H. Ligon, $425; 16. J. N. Strickler, $351; 32. A. M. Bowman, $520.

Section 5—Lot 31. Edward Jeter, $470; 32. R. H. Ligon, $555.

Section 6—Lot 15. W. F. Mathews, $211; 16. M. P. Frantz, $340.

Section 12—Lot 16. M. P. Frantz, $460.

Section 13.—Lot 15. Edward Jeter, $405; 16. M. P. Frantz, $565; 21. Robert Logan, $552; 22. A M. Bowman, $559; 23. C. M. Webber, $568; 24. F. K. Clements, $602; 25. William McClanahan, $627

Section 14.—Lot 31. G. J. Ligon, $602; 32. G. J. Ligon, $651.

Section 15.—Lot 16. Elizabeth Campbell 482; 29. Chas. Denit, 570.

Section 16—Lot 20. Ed. Jeter, $621.

Section 19.—Lot 2 and 3. Armstrong & Critz, $423; 12. Ed. Jeter, $505; 28. Ed. Jeter, $505.

Section 20.—Lot 16.—R. B. Jones, 670.

Section 49.—Lot 13. C. B. Strouse, $510.

Section 52.—Lot 7. R. H. Logan, $550.

The sale continued privately during the afternoon, and the Land Improvement company was kept busy till night recording purchases. At 9 o'clock in the evening 235 lots had been sold, aggregating $96,000 in value

Among some of the people who attended the sale were T. W. Spindle, J. P. Sand, Christiansburg; J. W. Turner, Lewis Kirkwood and R. J. Ferguson, Haran, Va.; A. M. Bowman, Saltville; Hon. Samuel Griffin, Liberty, Va; W. G. Repass, Wytheville, Va.; C. J. Murray, C. J. Clements, Petersburg, Va.; George W. Fagg, White Sulphur Springs, Va.; G. R. Piermont, Berlin, Conn.; A. W. Plecker and W. L. Caldwell, Lynchburg; Col. F. H. Frier, Winston, N. C.; James H. McConnell, C. O'Leary, J. S. Simmons, Frank Kemp, C. Markley, W. F. Baker, J. M. Roberts, M. C. Thomas, W. C. Williams, Col. John E. Penn, Judge S. G. Williams, Luther Miller, D. C. Moomaw, R. W. McClelland, Olin Beall, W. H. Horton, Dr. R. J. Simmons, Archie L. Payne, J. R. Cunningham, of Roanoke; Col. John D. Carey, of Richmond; James Logan and J. E. Leps, of West Virginia.

Colonel A. M. Bowman, partner of George W. Palmer, of Saltville, purchased thirty-five lots for himself and friends. He intends to remove to Salem, and will begin the erection of a three-story building on College avenue at an early date. Judge J. H. Palmer will also build a store on the same street, and Messrs. J. W. F. Allemong, T. J. Shickel, S. D. McCommon, E. S. Strayer and Colonel R. H. Logan will also build residences on boulevard. A number of others will also build, and the winter and spring will witness, without doubt, the uprising of several score of handsome stores and residences.

BUSY PLACES.

The real estate offices were hives of business all day long. Messrs. Nelson & Parsons have their office in the Duval house, and their room was crowded with customers morning and afternoon. They did a good day's work and were well pleased with the result. Messrs. Frier, Webber, Denit & Co. placed an unusually large number of lots during the day. Early in the afternoon they had disposed of forty. C. B. Strouse also did a rushing business. He had several men employed to attend to customers, and the omnibuses of the town bore big placards containing the firms' names. Messrs. George Allen, Ligon Brothers & Co. and Frantz Brothers also placed a number of lots. The outlook for Salem was never better.

HOW TO BUY REAL ESTATE IN SALEM AS CHEAP AND WELL SELECTED AS IF ON THE SPOT.—There are numbers of persons who would doubtless, like to invest in Real estate in Salem, but are prevented from doing so by their inability to visit this rapidly rising town, through press of business engagements or other causes. To such persons we would say write to the leading and oldest real estate agents in Salem, C. B. Strouse & Co., who guarantee to give their patrons, either personally or by correspondence prompt attention, and to attend to their interests as conscientiously as if they were their own.

This firm has numberless advantages to offer to non-residents and those who haven't the time to visit them. None are better acquainted with the town, old and new, or have a better knowledge of the most advantageous property to invest in. They are thoroughly acquainted with every foot of ground in and around Salem, and especially with the property of the Salem Improvement company. They are not hampered by any lack of capital, thus their customers can feel perfectly safe in their dealings with them, knowing that they have ample capital to back their judgment, which judgment has led them to be extensive investers in the Salem Improvement company, and all the other projected enterprises which are so rapidly building up Salem, besides having invested largely in the same real estate for which they solicit their potrons' custom. Of course, being so thoroughly interested, they are in a very good position to know what property to buy to the best advantage.

To those who intend to visit Salem in the near future we can assure them of courteous treatment if they call at Messrs. D. B. Strouse & Co.'s commodious and comfortable offices on College street, opposite the court house; and, also, that it will be considered a pleasure to drive them over the town and show them, "in the language of visiting Philadelphia capitalists," the coming city of Southwest Virginia.

The City Crowded With Strangers. Mourning Emblems.

By Associated Press.

NEW ORLEANS, La., December 11. The day, notwithstanding the threatening and oppressive character of the weather during the past several days, could not have been more propitious or beautiful. Portentious, pregnant looking clouds of the night previous and great banks of heavy fog that prevailed during the early part of this morning had wholly disappeared by 7 o'clock, as the sun burst forth and a beautiful southern summer day dawned for the obsequies of a southern chieftain.

The city is crowded with thousands of people representing prominence, wealth and chivalry of the Southern states. Six or seven governors are here attended by their staffs and bringing with them great delegations of people. The military parade will be a marked one. A dozen companies from Georgia, Texas, Mississippi and Alabama are here and the Louisiana State National Guards and volunteer militia of New Orleans will participate. The crush on the streets promises to equal anything that has ever been witnessed here on the occasion of a carnival. Across in Lafayette square just opposite the City hall a dense multitude has gathered, and Canal, Camp and St. Charles streets are crowded with people from all over the country Floral decorations were added to this morning. They came from every state and city in the south, and are superb in their design and beauty. The town is draped from one end to the other with the most elaborate showings of black. Business fronts and residences that were barren of mourning emblems yesterday are covered this morning and every bit of bunting there is in the city flies on the staff at half mast. At an early hour this morning the streets were thronged with soldiers and firemen in uniform Members of the various civic organizations and representatives of every profession, avocation and association are all en route to their respective meeting stations, from whence, a few hours later, they are to concentrate in Lafayette square. As soon as the doors of the city hall were opened a stream of citizens began to pour into the death chamber to take a farewell view of the remains of the famous confederate leader. The crowd of visitors was even greater than that of yesterday, there being hundreds of people from abroad whose visit to this city had been delayed until today. It was not until 11.30 o'clock that the lid of the casket closed down forever upon the features of the dead. The remains were then conveyed to the front portico of the city hall building, where the simple but impressive rites of the Episcopal church were performed. Lafayette square, in front of the city hall, banquettes and streets were densely packed with people, and balconies and every available space from which the parade can be reviewed is crowded in the extreme.

Messrs. George Wise, W. H. Hellmuth and Worth Hulfish, of Alexandria, were in the city yesterday prospecting.

SAD DISASTER.

JOHNSTOWN VISITED WITH ANOTHER FATALITY.

MANY KILLED AND WOUNDED.

A Terrible Scene of Excitement. Persons Crush Each Other to Death--Thirteen Killed, Seventy-five Injured.

By Associated Press.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., December 11. Again has this ill-fated town been visited with disaster. This time, instead of water, it was the cry of fire in the theater, that sent nearly a score of lives into eternity and maimed fully seventy-five others, many of whom probably are fatally injured. Park's opera house, where the catastrophe occurred is a three-story building situated on Main street near the corner of Franklin, and was used as a dining room for several months after the flood.

The building has for a long time been considered unsafe, and many people could not be hired to attend any kind of entertainment there.

There were about 500 persons, principally women and children, in the house last night. About 10.30, as the performance was about closing, there was an alarm of fire sounded by the firemen stationed on the corner near the opera house, caused by the discovery of fire in Dr. Wakerfield's stable in Kernville. The alarm being sounded so close by greatly excited the audience and they immediately rushed for the street. They were met at the entrance by the crowd from the outside who thought the fire was in the opera house. The crowds coming together on a close stairway, not over six feet wide, and the frantic efforts of those in the rear of the outcoming crowd caused a terrible jam, which was made still worse by persons jumping from the galleries on to the heads of those on the stairs. The firemen had to turn their hose on those outside to ease the jam, and when the injured could be gotten at, the stairway was found to be piled almost to the level of the upper floor with dead and dying. Thirteen persons were taken out dead.

COMMEMORATIVE SERVICES.

A Large and Brilliant Assemblage in the House.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—The hour for holding the ceremonies in commemoration of the inauguration of George Washington, the first president of the United States, having been fixed for 1 o'clock today, the appearance of the hall of the house was an unusual one. The arrangements on the floor were admirably suited to [illegible] chairs and sofas for the accommodation of the president and his cabinet, and the justices of the supreme court. Two front rows on the republican side were reserved for the diplomatic corps, while the corresponding seats on the democratic side were assigned to the district judiciary and members of the court of claims. The members of the international American conference and marine conference were assigned seats to the rear of those to be occupied by the diplomatic corps. Nearly the whole of the right wing of the chamber was reserved for the senators and representatives, and in the triangular space behind the semi-circle of desks were placed chairs and sofas for the accommodation of distinguished invited guests.

While the galleries (to which admission was to be had by ticket only) were comfortably full, there was an absence of crush around the doors which has characterized similar occasions in the past.

In the private gallery were seated Mrs. Fuller, wife of the chief justice, and her daughters, Mrs. Morton, wife of the vice-president, and families of delegates to the Pan-American conference. Mrs. Blaine, Miss Blaine, Miss Leiter, Mrs. and Miss Halford and Mrs. Wanamaker occupied seats in the diplomatic gallery, and Mrs. Reed and Mrs. Carlisle were accommodated in seats set apart for friends of the speaker The president and members of his cabinet gathered in the president's room adjoining the marble room of the senate corridors, while in the marble room were congregated members of the diplomatic corps and delegates to the Pan-American and International Marine conferences. The latter apartment was a blaze of colored diplomats and delegates, appearing in all the gorgeousness of their official costumes and the insignia of the various orders to which they belong.

At ten minutes of 1 o'clock persons in the senate wing waiting to move to the hall of the house formed in line and the procession started. Two stalwart capitol police headed the line, followed by Charles B. Reade, acting assistant doorkeeper of the senate, representing the sergeant-at-arms in charge of the arrangements.

Then came President Harrison arm-in-arm with Secretary Blaine, Secretary Proctor and Attorney-General Miller, Secretary Tracy and Postmaster-General Wanamaker, Secretary Rush and Private Secretary Halford.

As they passed the supreme court chambers, the associate justices in their robes of office took their places in the rear according to the date of appointment. The members of the senate and employes followed, headed by Captain Bassett, doorkeeper, and Chaplain Butler, Vice-President Morton and Secretary McCook. Following them were the diplomatic corps and delegates to the conferences, led by Chief Clerk Lee, of the state department, and Walter Blaine, examiner of claims.

DO NOT SUFFER ANY LONGER.

Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stages of consumption broken in a week, we hereby guarantee Dr. Acker's English Cough remedy, and will refund the money to all who buy, take it as per directions, and do not find our statement correct. Sold by Budwell Christian & Barbee.