

GARDEN SEEDS. ONE-PRICE STORE. EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS. LANDRETH'S CELEBRATED GOODS. SEEDS FRESH. RELIABLE. FOR SALE AT

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GRAND Millinery Opening. PARISIAN HATS. BONNETS. DRESS GOODS. C. R. WERTZ. Bottom Prices. One Price Store. SNYDER, 108 Commerce St. Hassler MacBain. A VER. A CARD TO THE PUBLIC. SPRING CLOTHING.

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TOWN TOPICS.

HAPPENINGS IN AND AROUND THE CITY. GATHERED BY OUR REPORTERS. What is Said of the Times Industrial Issue. Rosenbaum's Opening. Officers of the Roanoke Domestic Machine Company.

The inquiry about that hat comes with a chestnut on it; the question comes with earnestness, where did you get that bonnet? Charles D. Fox: "Your industrial issue of the 28th is calculated to do more good for Roanoke than anything of the kind yet gotten out of the newspaper line. It was a splendid piece of work and something for the management to be proud of."

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Roanoke Domestic Ice Machine Company yesterday in the office of Gray & Boswell, the following officers were elected for the first year: Walter P. Huff, president; John W. Stimpson, vice president; W. M. Wolford, secretary and treasurer. The following board of directors: Messrs. G. R. Carr, J. O. Hanes, Paul W. Pope, J. H. Wingate, Capt. S. S. Brooke, with the president and attorney. A committee of three were chosen to go to Washington and look into matters and see if the patent in any way conflicted. R. J. Eckloff, J. O. Hanes and R. W. Derr were appointed.

Monthly Examination. The monthly examinations are now in progress at the Third Ward school under the direction of Professor E. H. Kohn, the principal. Special exercises of a very interesting character will be held in Professor Kohn's room this afternoon, consisting of the reading of compositions and selections, recitations, declamations and variety and instrumental music. The examinations show that the pupils under the careful training of their excellent instructors are making good progress.

Improvements About the Brewery. The Ice Machine Company at their plant yesterday and expect to have it completed by the 15th of May. By which time it is expected that the work of beer-making will also begin. Yager & Co., real-estate agents, are erecting three six-room frame dwellings on Wise street, near the Electric car track, and in the extra addition before the close of summer they will erect at least fourteen nice new houses, if not more.

Cancellation of Christ. The observance of good Friday in commemoration of the crucifixion of Christ being a chief festival of the Lutheran Church, there will be appropriate services this morning at 10 o'clock at St. Mark's, to which the public are cordially invited. The contemplation of the sacrificial death of Christ will be a preparation for the communion of the four orders of the church, which will be administered Sunday morning and evening.

Railroad Accident. One section of a freight train of the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company ran into the rear of another near Dry Branch, on the New River Division, near Eggleston Springs yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock, knocking the engine and four cars off the track, and down an embankment, blocking travel for six hours. Fortunately no one was injured.

Fire This Morning. The alarm of fire at 1 o'clock this morning was caused by a slight blaze between the plastering and studding of a frame house on Second and Robertson streets, owned and occupied by Adeline Preston. The fire company's hose reel and about twenty men were soon upon the scene, but before they arrived the fire was under control. The damage was slight.

Hotel Arrivals. PALACE HOTEL.—Wm. Dickson, Floyd County, Virginia; L. C. Whitehead, Virginia; H. C. Brackerhoff, Gettysburg, Pa.; D. P. Copenhagen, Radford, Virginia; D. C. Baldwin, Geo. W. Carr, Geo. G. Lennie, Virginia; W. J. Hill, Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. D. Daugherty, Danville, Virginia; W. T. Blain, Radford, Virginia; John Aylsworth, Nanticoke, Pa.; J. W. Camper, Virginia; Jas. Evans, Bluefield, W. Va.; J. R. Foster and wife, Pocahontas, Virginia; H. T. Tillington, West Va.; HOTEL ROANOKE.—L. D. Yarrall, Virginia; J. F. Risen, Danville; D. L. Bachman, Pulaski; Jno R. Shinn, Virginia; A. D. Brockett, Virginia; P. Peysen, Baltimore; H. Heller, Philadelphia; J. P. Pettyjohn, Lynchburg; Mrs. Lelia Winston, Miss Rosalie Winston, Richmond; Charles V. Daiger, Baltimore; Miss E. R. Straker, Pennsylvania; George A. Smith, Rogersville, Tenn.; R. Orleng, Henry Whelin, jr., Philadelphia; Jos M. Smith, Cincinnati; Edward Shy, from Gates; L. G. Moore and wife, Minnie Moore, Gussie Moore, Hattie Moore, Bramwell, W. Va.; G. H. Vaden, Galveston, Tex.; L. C. Johnson, Philadelphia; Wm. Warner, Philadelphia; I. B. Tree, Richmond, Va.; R. H. Herndon, Danville, Va.; H. Davin, L. & N. R. Co.; A. M. Gammell, Providence, R. I.; C. J. Jenkins, Baltimore.

WHAT THEY THOUGHT OF IT.

What Some of Roanoke's Citizens Thought of Our Industrial Issue. F. H. S. Morrison: "A fine paper, and by far the best thing ever gotten out in Roanoke. What struck me with most force was that the paper was not a mere advertising dodge, or what is set forth vividly by the advantages and improvements of the city, at the same time it did not forget that it was a newspaper, and gave the subscribers the same amount of news in that as in every other issue. When other papers undertake to write up places, it is always done at the expense of local news, but in your paper the usual amount of space was given to local affairs. In other words, it shows that the Times is run by men of experience who thoroughly understand the newspaper business."

Charles D. Fox: "Your industrial issue of the 28th is calculated to do more good for Roanoke than anything of the kind yet gotten out of the newspaper line. It was a splendid piece of work and something for the management to be proud of." L. L. Powell: "It was an excellent issue. The city was written up in great shape." R. A. Buckner: "It was a nice piece of work and set forth the advantages of Roanoke in an attractive manner."

THE GREENWOOD LAND COMPANY. A Part of Bedford City That is Attractive to the Attention of Investors. One of the prettiest tracts of land in Southwest Virginia, both for residences and manufacturing sites, is that which lies in the northeastern part of Bedford City, a few hundred yards east of the depot of the Norfolk and Western Railroad.

The land is slightly rolling, with just enough slope to secure good drainage, and the soil is of a rich, fertile, and adaptable for building material in the slightest degree. This land, a company to be called the Greenwood Land Company, intend to purchase and have it graded and laid off in streets and lots, and have the capital stock of the company is of \$250,000 divided into shares of \$100 each.

The officers of the company are all prominent and substantial men, as follows: R. S. Adams, of Lynchburg, president; W. C. Judd, of Bedford City, vice president; H. S. Quarles, of Bedford City, secretary and treasurer. The directors are R. H. T. Adams and J. Gordon Payne, of Lynchburg; R. S. Quarles, of Bedford City; D. Buford, John T. Curtis, M. C. Judd, of Bedford City; P. L. Terry and Colonel Frank Huger, of Roanoke.

The character and standing of the men at the head of the enterprise, and the advantages of the property to be purchased, insure the success of the undertaking. Some of the advantages of the property are these: Its location to the center of the city, and its long line of frontage on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, nearly three quarters of a mile, and its consequent adaptation for manufacturing sites.

The prospectus of the company, which has been made public today, says in part: "The lands which this company propose to purchase and improve by the laying out of lots, grading streets and alleys, the laying out of parks, and the construction of a walk, consist of 185 acres of land, and lies a few hundred yards east of the Norfolk and Western Railroad depot, and along both sides of the railroad for a distance of about three-fourths of a mile, and is the same land now owned by Robert S. Quarles."

Following are some of the contemplated improvements which will render this property very desirable: A steel rail plant, a tobacco stemming machine, a broom factory, a wood working establishment, a furniture factory, a street railway, which no doubt this company will secure through its property.

The line surveyed for the James River and Bedford County Railroad runs through and makes connection with the Norfolk and Western Railroad at the center of the property, and will most probably be built in the near future; and as this is the most feasible route proposed, it is probable that this route will be adopted by the Pittsburg and Atlanta trunk line, as there can be had three-fourths of a mile of switch track along the Norfolk and Western Railroad, it will be seen that the best facilities for receiving material, and loading on and shipping manufactured products can be had. In consequence of its close proximity to the town, it is very desirable for residence lots as well as for business purposes, it being very near to the business center of the town.

IN DURANCE.

THE SUSPECTED MURDERERS TAKEN TO PULASKI. They Claim to Have been Here on Tuesday. And Have a Witness to Prove It. Confident of Acquittal. The Sheriff Does not Identify Them. Deputy Sheriff J. N. Eagles, of Pulaski county, left here yesterday morning on the 10 o'clock west bound Norfolk and Western train for Pulaski with Spiller Foster, and John Tallon, the two young men arrested at Salem Wednesday morning upon the charge of murdering Mr. John H. Caddell, treasurer of the county.

They were delivered to the deputy by Jailer Traynham about 9:30 who started for the Union depot. Tallon asked the deputy to take him down a private street, as he did not wish his friends to see him thus degraded. Foster said he was an innocent man and did not object to any route. Soon after they started, Mr. Eagles met Officer Vest, and asked him to take the men to the depot while he was taking the post office. Mr. Vest, at the request of the men, took them to Lawson's saloon, on Commerce street near the railroad track, where they saw Mr. Wallace, the bartender, who said Foster and Tallon were at the saloon on Tuesday between 10 and 12 o'clock. As the time for the arrival of the train was near at hand, the officer hurried down the railroad track to the depot, where they were again taken charge of by the deputy sheriff, who got on the train with them and started for Pulaski.

Mr. Eagles was not certain that Foster and Tallon were the men seen in Dublin on Tuesday, but thought the resemblance was sufficient to justify him in taking the prisoners to Pulaski. He said the people of that county were very much excited about the murder, but while they were determined, if possible, to bring the authors of the atrocious crime to justice, there was no danger that they would take the law in their own hands. The prisoners, he felt sure, would receive a fair trial and if innocent, they would be immediately released.

Foster and Tallon, when they first left the jail, did not appear to be at all excited, but as they neared the depot, they became quite nervous and evidently did not relish the idea of being taken into a community burning with a desire to avenge the death of a respected citizen.

The return of the men to Pulaski did not meet with the approval of the authorities here, who believed it was not necessary to expose them to the dangers of the mob law when, as far as could be ascertained, the evidence against them was wholly circumstantial.

AMUSEMENTS. "Two Old Cronies." A large audience will no doubt attend the popular performance at the Opera House this evening. The company is an unusually strong one, and the play is built expressly for laughing purposes. The play is a farce comedy, constructed for the purpose of giving full opportunity for several very clever character artists to display their talents. It embraces many entertaining situations. The second act is especially clever, and being supposed to take place on board a ship, the different members are disguised to keep them from being recognized by the Professor and his friend, who are pursuing them. This is the comic company offering the Garden Wall" has enough of plot of good quality to back up the excellent and highly hilarious business for which it was created.

Even the title tickles one's risibilities, and the play when performed here on Monday night is bound to draw. To Manager Beckner, as well as his cleverly constructed Arthur Moseley, are due a debt of gratitude by the people of Roanoke for their efforts during the past winter in furnishing amusement, and everyone will be glad to do something towards the benefit of the company on Monday night, and at the same time spend a pleasant evening.

Mr. Beckner was exceedingly fortunate in securing Mrs. Knight and her excellent company. "Over the Garden Wall" has enough of plot of good quality to back up the excellent and highly hilarious business for which it was created. From the first to the last the fun flows fast and furious, never lagging, inducing the audience to laugh and shout with laughter, as comical situations after situation is introduced. This hedge-podge is in many respects superior to lots of the same school, that have made money for the manager and success for the sketch writer.

The Virginia Nail and Iron Works Company contains the following interesting items from its mines, on the Echols property, at Balcony Falls, from fifty to one hundred tons. Patrick Hogan has sold to the Powells Coal and Iron Company, for \$125,000, about 14,000 acres fine simple and 8,847 acres coal and mineral right of Wise county lands. In order to avoid being compelled to pay a duty on Mercie's statue of General Robert E. Lee when it reaches New York, from Paris, the Lee Monument Association have decided that work of art, as well as the pedestal upon which it is to stand and the grounds, to the State of Virginia. Remarkable, yet true. A. B. O. Alleviate has cured blood diseases after physicians failed.

PROHIBITION IN IOWA.

A Convention of Anti-Prohibition Republicans Recommends Its Repeal. Des Moines, Ia., April 3.—A conference of anti-prohibition Republicans was held in this city, at which about 150 delegates were present, representing twenty of the cities of Iowa. The movement is one started for the purpose of forcing the Republican party in Iowa to throw over its prohibition principles and to return to the advocacy of the license law, the reason being that in many of the cities of the state the law is so openly violated that the saloons are far worse than under a license law.

The men gathered here, are Republicans who have not followed the party into prohibition and who believe that the party will be wholly defeated unless the law is repealed. Some stirring speeches were made and resolutions adopted declaring that the party in Iowa should not endanger the national party by espousing local issues and denouncing prohibition.

Providence, April 3.—Owing to the inauguration of the Australian voting system returns of Rhode Island's election, delayed later than usual. Full returns from fourteen towns and eight districts, including none of the cities, give Ladd, Republican, for governor, 2,739; Davis, Democrat, 2,156. Last year the same districts gave Ladd 1,558 and Davis 2,422. Returns from this county will be very late. The assembly ticket was started today. The ballots are printed on big sheets of paper with names of candidates arranged in four columns. The voters mark their choice in size of large dry goods cards to contain them. It requires one person an hour to count sixty votes.

Twenty-five towns and districts exclusive of the cities give Davis, 5,397; Ladd, 4,022, for governor. The Annual Peach Crop Year. MAY'S LANDING, N. J., April 3.—The fruit growers of south Jersey have sustained heavy losses by the unexpected severe weather of the past week. Previous to the cold snap the fruit trees, especially peach trees, were budding when the frost ruined nearly all the young trees. Stacy Shuff, of May's Landing, says that he has lost Charles Mason about \$3,000 and several other growers almost similar sums by the damage to their fruit trees. In the great berry raising territory of Atlantic and Gloucester counties the early berries will be a total failure, resulting in a loss of many thousand dollars.

Revolt of Russian Peasants. LONDON, April 3.—The correspondent of The Telegraph at St. Petersburg says the peasantry in the government of Tzarina are revolting and bloodshed is imminent. The agitation is spreading from the north to the south, and a strong force of gendarmes and Cossacks have been sent to quell the disorder and allay the excitement which is intense. The inhabitants of the disturbed regions are in full sympathy with the students.

Cement Workers Strike. NEW YORK, April 3.—The artificial stone masons (cement workers) to the number of 175, and over 300 laborers in sympathy with them, struck for an eight hour contract at a rate of 50 cents per hour for masons and \$2.50 daily wages for their laborers. There are fifty-three firms employing these workmen and over half of them have already signified their approval of the terms of the contract.

Insulted the French Flag. MONTREAL, April 3.—Two young Anglo-Canadians, James Gibbs and Robert Rogers, were arrested in St. Brige's parish and sentenced to six hours imprisonment for insulting the French flag. Last Sunday there was a grand procession in memory of the Roman Catholics and a patriotic display of tricolors. A number of the flags were left flying and Gibbs and Rogers patriotically tore them down.

Plumbers Gaining Ground. CHICAGO, April 3.—The striking plumbers are apparently slowly gaining ground. Several shops have sent word to the secretary of the plumbers' union asking to have their men come back to work until present contracts were completed, the men to receive \$7.5 a day, the wages asked, while the job lasted.

Development of the South. Reports compiled by the Chattanooga Tradesman of the new industries established during the first three months of 1890 in Alabama, Kansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia show a total of 553 against a total of 691 for the same period in 1889. The Tradesman's reports from all sections of the Southern States indicate a greater activity in the planting of new industries in the South at present than at any previous time since the Civil War. The most notable feature in the report show that sixty-four cotton and woolen mills were established during the three months, against thirty-five in the corresponding quarter of last year. Georgia leads with thirteen, Alabama, North and South Carolina, each nine, Texas eight. During the three months twenty-four electric light works were organized, Georgia leading with ten, forty-three flour and grist mills, North Carolina and Virginia each leading with seven. The total during the same quarter last year was fifteen. Forty-three foundry and machine shops were organized. Tennessee leads with ten, and Alabama next with ten. Twenty-three blast furnace companies were organized, against seventeen in the corresponding quarter last year. Alabama seven, Georgia six, Kentucky ten, Tennessee five, Texas and Virginia one each. Twenty-seven ice factories were organized, against twenty-four in the same period last year. Forty-nine mining companies, twenty-one very companies, against seventeen in the corresponding period of last year; eighteen water works companies, 167 wood working establishments, against an aggregate of 180 in the corresponding period of last year. A noticeable feature is the fact that not a single natural gas or oil company has been reported in the past three months as organized in the South.

STILL RISING.

WHOLE FAMILIES TAKEN FROM TREETOPS. HUNDREDS DRIVEN FROM HOME. The Situation Desperate in the Yazoo Section of Mississippi. Greenville Encircled About by Water. Many Fatalities Expected. NEW ORLEANS, April 3.—Reports now being received here from the lower Mississippi valley show that the flooded section is in a deplorable situation, much worse than at any time in years. In some neighborhoods all houses within a mile or two of the river have been literally washed away. In many instances the breaks in the levees have been so sudden and the waters have poured through so furiously that the inhabitants have barely escaped with their lives by fleeing to the hills.

Even on the hills they are not always safe and the relief boats are busy constantly taking whole families from tree tops, where they have taken refuge. Property of all kinds has been ruined, several crops swept away, and all over the muddy Mississippi dotted with the bodies of cattle, horses, sheep and other stock. Occasionally whole houses go floating down with the thousands of drowned swine that were once dwellings, stores or barns.

Many planters south of Helena, Ark. are ruined, having lost everything they possessed save their lives. Their crops are gone, and even if the waters were to subside they could not start another crop because they have also lost all their seed. Just how many lives have been lost no one knows, but the list will probably reach more than 100.

As far as Greenville is concerned the outlook is better, but the situation is growing decidedly worse in the Yazoo section of Mississippi. The Austin crevasse in Tunica county is now 600 feet wide and will flood the Sunflower and Yazoo Pass districts, overflowing portions of the Georgia Central, Louisville, New Orleans and Texas and the Greenwood branch of the Illinois Central.

Greenville's Sorrow Flight. Greenville, Miss., is suffering badly from the breaks in the levee both above and below, and a considerable portion of the town is under water. In order to save the town from being entirely surrounded by water, the rear as well as in the front. The citizens have been fighting hard to keep up the protection levee, but in vain. Several crevasses in the levee have been stopped, but Monday a break which defied closing took place and let in water in the rear.

The crevasse was a small one at first, but a severe storm was raging at the time, and it soon widened to 500 feet, and in a short time the water was two feet to three feet deep in the houses and five feet deep in the streets. It invaded the northern portion of the town, occupied mainly by colored people, and in Newton, a suburb, was ten feet deep. Only three lives were lost, two white and one colored, but there were many narrow escapes from drowning.

The front or business portion of the town escaped the water, and the opera house, public hall, stores, etc., were thrown open for the relief of the sufferers. Greenville is the most important town north of Vicksburg, and contains nearly 10,000 people. It will be a heavy sufferer from the flood.

A Town Abandoned. The breaks at Ottu's, Skippwith and Huntington are continuing to cause a great deal of alarm. They have destroyed nearly all the stock in the surrounding country, swept away the fences and, in some cases, houses. Huntington, with until lately boasted of 400 people, is completely abandoned and there is not a house in the town inhabited. Many houses have floated away. About half the inhabitants, with some of their stock, are crowded up on the levee in a very cramped condition and are suffering greatly from exposure, sickness and destitution. The others have sought refuge in box cars, where they are crowded on the levees.

Some 1,500 people living in the neighborhood of Huntington have also left their homes and are crowded on the levees or have fled to the highlands, some thirty miles back. A similar condition of affairs prevails in nearly all the country around the breaks. The backwater is now spreading far into the interior and Deer creek and other streams are rising rapidly. As yet the water and flooded by until lately boasted of 400 people, is completely abandoned and there is not a house in the town inhabited. Many houses have floated away. About half the inhabitants, with some of their stock, are crowded up on the levee in a very cramped condition and are suffering greatly from exposure, sickness and destitution. The others have sought refuge in box cars, where they are crowded on the levees.

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURE. TRENTON, April 3.—The assembly today passed a bill intended to repeal special privileges of the West Jersey Game association. Mr. Cole, Republican, of Cape May, advocated the bill at length, asserting that the people of the six lower counties of the state, irrespective of party, were in favor of wiping out an association composed almost exclusively of Pennsylvanians, and whose special officer held the power to hunt and bear arms on their own soil unless they held a certificate from that organization. Mr. Marsh, the Democratic leader in the house, introduced the bill reforming the bill limiting the building of any street railway within 1,000 feet of any other parallel lines was recommitted. A bill increasing the salary of the prosecutor of the pleas of the school of deaf mutes; empowering cities to proceed by condemnation for the acquiring of land for public parks.