

The Meridional.

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NO. 14.

ABBEVILLE MERIDIONAL.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Two Dollars a Year,
IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

INCHES.	1 month.	2 mos.	3 mos.	6 mos.	12 mos.
1 inch	\$1.50	\$3.00	\$4.50	\$7.00	\$12.00
2 inches	2.50	4.50	7.00	10.00	15.00
3 inches	4.00	6.00	9.00	13.00	20.00
4 inches	5.00	8.00	12.00	18.00	25.00
5 inches	6.00	10.00	15.00	22.00	30.00
6 inches	7.00	12.00	18.00	26.00	35.00
7 inches	8.00	14.00	20.00	30.00	40.00
8 inches	10.00	18.00	25.00	38.00	50.00
10 inches	12.00	22.00	30.00	45.00	60.00
15 inches	18.00	30.00	45.00	70.00	90.00
20 inches	25.00	40.00	60.00	90.00	120.00

Transient advertisements, \$1.00 per inch, first insertion. Each subsequent insertion, 50 cents per inch.

Announcing candidates for office, \$10.00 in advance. Ward offices, \$5.00 in advance. Death and marriage notices, when not over six lines, published free. Obituaries, resolutions of respect, etc., will be charged for at regular advertising rates.

Articles of a personal nature, when admissible, will be charged double price.

No notice taken of anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. We will undertake to preserve or return rejected manuscripts. In no way will we be responsible for the views and opinions of our correspondents.

Entered at the Post Office, Abbeville, La., as second class matter.

NASHVILLE

JOURNAL OF MEDICINE & SURGERY,

C. S. BRIGGS, M. D., EDITOR.

Only \$2 per annum. Oldest medical journal in the South. Able corps of contributors.

H. A. HASSLOCK, Publisher,
Nashville, Tennessee.

JOHN A. BROOKSHIER,

ABBEVILLE, - - - - - L.

GENERAL BLACKSMITH WORK

-AND ALL-

KINDS OF MACHINERY

REPAIRED.

Gins and Gin STANDS

PUT UP IN ORDER AND REPAIRED!

ENGINES TAKEN DOWN, PUT

UP AND REPAIRED!

ALL KINDS OF IRON WORK DONE.

In short order and guaranteed.

My Corn Mill will run regular every

SATURDAY.

Prompt attention
will be given to all
orders sent by mail.

Feb. 6, '86, ff.

DEEP Sea Wonders exist in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free full information how either sex, of all ages can earn from \$5 to \$25 per day and upwards, wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over \$50 in a single day at this work. All succeed.

W. L. HUTCHINS,
Prop'r, Lake Charles.

J. E. TOLSON,
Agent, Abbeville.

ABBEVILLE LUMBER YARD.

NEXT TO SMEDS & LUGG'S WAREHOUSE.

ABBEVILLE, LA.

The largest and best stock of
DRESSED PINE LUMBER
ever offered for sale at this place.

WE ARE OFFERING OUR

LUMBER

at the lowest cash price. All orders promptly filled, at short notice. Call and examine our stock, as it is no trouble for us to show it.

Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. dec-3-'87.

F. F. FERRY. D. W. WALL.

FERRY & WALL.

DEALERS IN

Rough and Dressed, Pine
AND CYPRESS
LUMBER!

Sawed and Split Shingles.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Closets, Balusters, Ornamental Pickets.

In connection with the above we will soon have established a carpenter's shop to do all kinds of wood work. Give us a call and be convinced that you will get the best bargain.
ABBEVILLE, LA.
April 30, 1887.-Ty.

Isaac Wise,

GENERAL PRODUCE AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,

-DEALER IN-

SUGAR, MOLASSES, COTTON

-AND ALL KINDS OF-

COUNTRY AND WESTERN
PRODUCE,

51 Poydras Street,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

P. O. Box 3215.

All Orders promptly attended to.

J. M. BEAUXIS.

ABBEVILLE, LA.

Keeps constantly on hand a fresh and General supply of Family Groceries of all kinds; Canned and Jarred Goods of a full assortment, and Country Produce of every Variety; and the very best brands of

Whiskeys, Wines and Cigars,
Candies, Cakes
AND FRUITS.

He also retails Liquor by the drink. For cheap bargains and fresh goods I claim to be unsurpassed by any other merchant in this place. Oct-3-'85-ly.

\$1.

13 WEEKS.

THE POLICE GAZETTE will be mailed, securely wrapped, to any address in the United States for three months on receipt of

ONE DOLLAR.

Liberal discount allowed to postmasters, agents and clubs. Sample copies mailed free.

Address all orders to
RICHARD K. FOX,
Franklin Square, N. Y.

IRELAND OF TO-DAY
New Edition Now Ready.
Wanted: 25 Cents. 25 Cents. 25 Cents.

Letter from Shell Beach.

SHELL BEACH, LA., September 12, 1888.
Editor Abbeville Meridional.

I was quite surprised to see in your issue of the 8th the "formal and final demand" of one Amb. Mouton for the name of your Shell Beach correspondent—first, because Mr. Mouton knew very well who the author of the communication was; and, further, because here at home he was as quiet as a "little lamb" about the matter, knowing that the statements were too true. But it seems that the further away from home he gets, where he is less known, the more bluff and bluster he assumes.

Now, to satisfy Mr. Mouton, I will say I, and I alone, am personally responsible for the article from Shell Beach, published in the MERIDIONAL of the 25th ultimo.

One word before I close, to Mr. Investigator. If he will investigate a little further I think he will find that the report made by the jury of freeholders, in the road case from Lake Arthur toward Abbeville, was made in the same way as a majority of such reports that have been accepted by this same police jury have been made, and that none of them comply strictly to the letter of the law. For instance, the jury is required to plow the road, the whole distance. Now, may I ask Investigator how the jury is to plow upon a man's land who opposes the road to the extent that he "will fight them (the jury) to hell before the road crosses his place." Possibly your answer will be that an exception must be made in such a case. I answer, if an exception can be made in this case, it can be made in all cases, as has been done in other reports allowed in this parish.

Respectfully yours,
G. D. OTIS.

Grand Jury Report.

To Hon. C. DeBouillon, Judge 25th Judicial District of Louisiana.

Sir—This grand jury, in completing its labors, beg leave to make this their final report:

1st. Our jail has been examined and found in good condition—prisoners all satisfied.

2d. Public privies are in a very bad condition. We see no necessity to examine the clerk's and sheriff's office, nor the treasurer's office.

3d. All documents of justice of the peace, of this parish, brought before this grand jury for evidence, are in a wretched and deplorable condition, and show almost a total disregard and contempt for business rules.

4th. We are highly pleased in every respect with our police jury and school board.

5th. Our parish finances show a cash balance on hand and no debts.

Very respectfully,
AMBROISE MOUTON, Foreman.

Some public speakers appear to know nothing of the philosophy of the human voice. They either scream or whisper. In the former case there is an explosion of sound but no words can be understood; in the latter what they say is equivalent to saying nothing, since those only who are within a few feet of them can hear anything. Better take a hint from Hamlet: "in the very torrent, tempest and (as I may say) whirlwind of your passion you must acquire and beget a temperance that may give it smoothness." Oh! it offends me to the soul to hear a robustious, periwig-pated fellow tear a passion to tatters, to the very rag to split the ears of the groundlings? There is, of course, a vast difference in voices, but any voice may be cultivated, regulated. It is said that Daniel O'Connell could be heard a mile, and every syllable of Mr. Spurgeon's voice can be distinguished by an audience of six or eight thousand.

Vienna bread has made many fortunes, and one of \$3,000,000 came to Count Zanz, who died recently in Vienna. In 1812 he established the first shop for Vienna bread in Paris, and from that gained his wealth.

Immigration—Division of Louisiana into three Districts.

It was learned yesterday from Col. Geo. Moorman, president, and Major H. H. Baker, secretary, of the State Immigration Association, who were found at the office of the association, No. 159 Common street, hard at work sending out the heaps of printed matter they have accumulated from the different parishes, that in order to give every portion of the State an equal showing for the distribution of immigrants, and so that the interest of every parish would be properly attended to and looked after, the association had determined to divide the State into three districts to be composed of St. Landry and Vernon and the parishes lying south and southeast of them, embracing all the parishes through which the Morgan Railroad runs, as well as others in the limit named, viz: St. Charles, Assumption, St. Martin, Acadia, Cameron, St. Bernard, Lafourche, St. Mary, Lafayette, Calcasieu, Vermilion, Orleans, Terrebonne, Iberia, St. Landry, Vernon, Plaquemine.

Another district, to be composed of the Florida parishes and the district of the State through which the Mississippi Valley road and Texas and Pacific Railroad runs, as far as DeSoto, and including other parishes adjoining this district, viz: Jefferson, Ascension, Natchitoches, St. Helena, Rapides, West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee, Catahoula, St. John Baptist, Iberville, Grant, Washington, De Soto, Livingston, Sabine, East Feliciana, East Baton Rouge, St. James, Acyelles, Concordia, West Baton Rouge, Wine, St. Tammany, Red River, Tangipahoa.

The other to be the district of North Louisiana, to be composed of the parishes through which the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railroad runs, and adjoining parishes, viz: Caddo, Calcasieu, Jackson, Caldwell, Franklin, West Carroll, Bossier, Lincoln, Union, Richland, Texas, East Carroll, Webster, Bienville, Ouachita, Morehouse, Madison.

The State Immigration Association has already engaged the services of Hon. Robert Mullenger, formerly of Springfields, D. T., to represent the first above named district. He has resided in this State for about one year and a half, at Lake Charles and Houma, and is therefore well acquainted with all the parishes in his district, excepting St. Landry and Vernon, where he has now gone for a few days to get thoroughly posted, so as to understand fully everything connected with his entire district.

Mr. Mullenger has credentials of the highest character from his former residence, and has shown himself to be thoroughly alive to the interests of Louisiana. He was one of the speakers at the late convention of Northern men held in this city, and showed Louisiana's advantages in an able manner.

Mr. E. C. Payson, formerly of Douglas county, Minn., now of Amite City, has been engaged to represent the second above named district.

He has resided in this State about a year, and stands so well with the citizens of Amite City that he was made one of the directors of their Fair Association.

He was one of the delegates to the late Northern convention held in this city, and is enthusiastic over Louisiana's health and climate, as he came here an almost helpless invalid, and was so helpless that he had to be supported as he walked, and in this short time is now a hale, strong, hearty man.

He is well acquainted with most of the Florida parishes, and for a few days has been up the line of the Texas and Pacific, inspecting that part of the country, and will then make a short trip through St. Tammany and a few other parishes in his district, in order to fully inform himself.

The Immigration Association is now negotiating with several agents, Northern men, to select one for the

North Louisiana district, with the expectation that the arrangements will be consummated in a very short time.

Messrs. Mullenger and Payson will start for the theater of their business operations, the State of Iowa, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Nebraska and Kansas, in a few days, where they expect to distribute the pamphlets giving the proceedings of the late Northern convention, held in this city on the 7th and 8th of August (about 60,000 of which will be printed) which they consider will be the most convincing documents which can be offered to the Northern public who desire to change their residence and come South.

The association has already received about 10,000 copies of the immigration editions of the country papers, which will also be scattered over the North and West, giving information as to the resources, products, soil and climate of the different parishes of this State.

All the advices and letters received from the North are of the most encouraging character, indicating that a large flow of immigration will come this way during the fall and winter.

Everything is being done by the State Immigration Association that is possible to bring these immigrants, home seekers and capitalists to Louisiana, and they will use strong exertions after they reach this State to try and have them to settle in Louisiana.—N. O. Picayune.

Care of Corn Fodder.

An easy way to take care of corn fodder, says The Prairie Farmer, is to shuck in the field and tie in bundles which are afterward stacked. Lay a piece of twine on the ground of a length to suit the size of the bundles you propose making; place an armful of fodder on the twine and shuck out the corn which may be thrown into a wagon. Repeat this operation until you have a bundle of the desired size, which tie firmly. The bales from two to four shucks can be piled together until a convenient time comes for hauling, or until the first snow comes, when they may be hauled to the stack on sleds. In piling in the field lay one bale on the ground and put others crosswise. By using a pitchfork to handle the bales, one man can load with greater ease and rapidity than two in the old ways, loose. In stacking, the staker takes two bales in his hand and sets them up perpendicularly, building on each side of this row until the desired size is obtained. Now lay bales lengthwise on the top of the upright ones to raise the shedding bales to a half pitch, and if necessary the stack can be covered with long slough hay to shed snow and rain. By this method the fodder is kept straight, dry and convenient to feed.

Meanest Thing in the World.

"You want my opinion of what is the meanest thing in the world?" said a veteran sport. "Will I tell you, and it don't take long to decide it. The meanest thing is a gambler, a professional gambler. Not one of them has the hundredth part of honor of a rattlesnake, and they know it by skulking and avoiding the company of decent people." "Are there no exceptions?" "Just enough to prove the rule. As with out and out thieves, there is what they call honor among themselves, which, after all said and done, is often disregarded. Self banished and outlawed, with no hope of ever regaining a good name, the professional preys without mercy or remorse on the innocent public, whom he dignifies with the name of 'sucks.' Ishmaelites, whose hands are against all honest people—and little respect have gamblers for a gentleman who forgets himself and treat them civilly. What a legacy of shame and misery does a gambler leave to his children! A gambler should not be allowed to marry.—New York Mail and Express.