DISHES OF COLD EGGS

WELCOME CHANGES FROM THE METHODS MOST IN USE.

Are Delicious Served in Aspic Jelly or Mayonnaise—Great Variety of Hard Boiled With Most Attractive Decorations.

If a poached egg is to be served cold, either in aspic jelly or masked with mayonnaise in a paper case or pastry shell, it is important that it should be properly poached. Let a bay leaf simmer in the water and add a tablespoonful of tarragon or plain vinegar. Unless the egg is poached in a ring to insure the white keeping its shape, cut the white with a round cooky cutter as soon as the egg is cold.

The making of the aspic jelly does not entail the work it formerly did, as the many canned and condensed beef stocks can be used, with the addition of extra seasonings and gelatine. A thin layer of the liquid jelly should be poured into a shallow enamel pan large enough to hold the necessary number of cold poached eggs. When the jelly begins to harden lay the nicely trimmed eggs at regular intervals, flat side down.

Pour a little of the liquid jelly over the surface of the eggs and arrange a circle of alternate capers and dots of pickled beet. Have four small triangles of cold tongue or thinly shaved lean ham placed at the outer edge, pointing toward the yolk. Make the decoration as highly colored as possible, choosing green peppers, caviare, truffles or pimento to make a good showing through the covering of aspic. Pour on the remaining liquid jelly and chill thoroughly.

Have ready either cases of paper or shells of plain pastry. Cut out the jellied eggs, using a cutter of a size to correspond with the case. Remove the eggs with a cake turner and place one in each holder. With a pastry tube pipe a border of mayonnaise around each.

Hard boiled eggs for cold service admit of great variety. They are served either whole or in halves and in either case the yolk may be removed and mixed with any preferred ingredient, then replaced as a stuffing.

When served whole the stuffed egg is masked with slightly stiffened mayonaisse so that it has the apearance of not having been cut. The elaborate decorations are imbedded in this outer covering and the whole thing mounted for serving in some attractive way.

A thin slice of Bermuda onion, one ring removed from the center, makes a sufficient hollow in which to set an egg and a thick slice of cucumber scooped out to form a little nest, is another bit of variety which is appetizing and pretty. Half an egg can be served in similar fashion, the stuffed yolk rounded well above the white and surrounded with a ring of closely set capers.

To Keep Greens Crisp.

Lettuce, celery, parsley, greens or any foliage vegetable may be restored to perfect crispness and freshness, however limp and wilted they may be, by first plunging them into cold water and allowing them to remain a few moments, then draining them off, leaving them practically dry. Then put them into an air-tight receptacle, leaving for several hours. One large pan turned over another pan of equal size is a satisfactory air-tight receptacle. To purify greens that are to be eaten raw, use a pinch of boric acid powder in the water in which they are to be washed.

To Remove Iron Rust.

Cream of tartar will remove iron rust. To take iodine stains from linen make a thick paste of ordinary starch and cover the stains, and then apply heat—either that of the sun or stove. For carbolic acid burn apply vinegar at once, and then make a poultice of stale bread and vinegar. This holds good for a burn from lye

For Leather Furniture.

Boil half a pint of linseed oil and allow it to stand until nearly cold, then stir in a pint of vinegar. Stir until thoroughly mixed and bottle for use. When needed, shake the bottle well and pour a very little on a soft flannel, rubbing it well into the leather, turning the flannel as it gets dirty.

Keeping Butter..

For keeping butter cool in the hot weather, get some saltpeter, dissolve it in cold water and stand the butter crock in it so that the saltpeter water may reach well up the sides. Cover it with a wet cloth, the ends of which, resting in the saltpeter water, will keep it constantly moist.

Pineapple Salad.

Use two pineapples, shredding them and disposing of core. Put shredded fruit in glass dish and pour over it half a pint of powdered sugar mixed with tablespoonful of lemon juice. Let the salad stand for several hours before serving, so as to dissolve sugar. Serve with mayonnaise or French dressing.

For Mending Overshoes.

When rubber overshoes split down the back, mend them by taking a piece of surgical tape and pasting it upon the inside of the heel.

To Keep Silver Bright.

Always put a lump of camphor into the drawer where silver is kept. It keeps the silver from tarnishing.

Lamb's Unkind Thrust.

Charles Lamb, than whom no gentler or kinder hearted wit ever breathed, at times found it impossible to restrain himself from the personal—as, for instance, when he covered a friend with shame at a whist party by blurting out:

"Gad, James! If—if dirt were t-t-trumps what a hand you would have!"

The Tramps' Beverage.

All tramps must be coffee drinkers. We never heard of one asking for a cup of tea.—Toledo Blade.

NOVEL IDEA THAT SEEMS GOOD

"Telephone Letter" Makes an Amusing Communication for Use in Vacation Period.

A telephone letter is a novelty in the way of vacation correspondence. All that is necessary in order to get into the right frame of mind for such a letter is to imagine yourself at one end of the wire with your correspondent at the other. Write the letter as you would talk.

If you are addicted to the telephone habit you will unconsciously fall into just the right kind of composition. The typical telephone letter should have short paragraphs, well detached. Leave wide margins on both sides of the paper and make not only the wording, but the general appearance quite different from the ordinary letter.

Commence an occasional paragraph with "Yes" or "No" in answer to an imaginary remark of your correspondent. This makes the conversational style more apparent. With a little ingenuity a good deal of news can be incorporated in one of these letters and it can be made interesting as well as amusing.

The preliminary paragraph may be a supposed conversation with "central" as to trouble in getting the right connection, or you may imagine yourself put by mistake on a busy wire, and have difficulty in ringing off. Any one with a sense of humor and fond of using the telephone can make such a letter a thing to be remembered by the one who is fortunate enough to receive it.

WILL SOME DAY BE UTILIZED

Almost Unlimited Power in the Current of Niagara River, at Present Unharnessed.

"But for the efforts of the civic associations whose desire is to preserve the scenic beauties of the world in general, the Niagara river could be made to develop enough power to move every street car, light and heat every house and supply all the power for manufacturing industry in the state of New York," said Edwin W. Trimmer, United States consul at Niagara Falls, Ontario, at the Shoreham. "At present scarcely more than 5 per cent. of the possible power of the Niagara river has been harnessed. The current of the river below the falls will some day be harnessed by some engineer without affecting the scenery in any degree.

"It has been only within the last quarter of a century that even the falls themselves have been utilized. There have been efforts made to use the current of the river below the falls, but these efforts have not proved commercially successful. But one has only to ride over the gorge route from the city of Niagara Falls, N. Y., to Lewiston and back, over the Cliff road, on the Canadian side, to realize at a glance what a terrific force surges through the channel, and to understand the possibilities of power development there."—Washington Post.

Middle Names Once Illegal.

People have not always been allowed the pleasure of having as many names as they wished; indeed, 400 years ago not even a middle name was allowed in England. It was illegal. The old English law was definite and admitted of no infraction of its ruling. The only exception made to this iron-clad regulation was in the case of persons of royal rank. If they really wished it they could boast a middle name, but woe to the person of ordinary rank who was sufficiently unwise or obstinate to insist on having more than two appellations.

For the first offense he would very likely be tied to a whipping post and severely lashed. For a second offense he would endure some more lasting punishment, perhaps the removal of his thumbs or his ears. And if he still persisted in his stubbornness he would be hanged.

There is a case on record of a poor man—in all probability half demented—who insisted on signing four names every time he wrote his signature to any paper. Of course he passed through all the legal stages of punishment until he was finally hanged

Letting Her Slide.

"I was in Connecticut a few days ago to see about some business in my line," said the insurance man, "when it became necessary for me to use the telephone. I stepped into headquarters on the heels of a farmer, and he turned to me and said:

"'If you wish to use the wire first, go ahead.'

"'But you are first,' I replied.

"'Yes, but I'll waive it.'

"'I only wish to ask a business question, while your message may be one of life or death.'

"'Oh, it ain't so bad as that,' he replied with a grim smile. 'My wife eloped with a windmill man last night, but you go right ahead with your talk.'

"'But you want to stop her.'

"'Stranger, that's just what I don't want to do! I want to telephone to the constables all over the country to let her slide, and be durned to her!'"

Salmon Industry Threatened.

Alaskans say that indiscriminate slaughter soon will drive the whales out of the north Pacific, and that this will result in the destruction of the salmon industry. Countless millions of herring, now driven close to shore by the whales, will stay out in the deep water, they declare, and the salmon, which live on the herring, will stay out in deep water with them, except in the spawning season.

Very Little, but Too Much.

The magistrates became irritated by a witness' persistent evasions when replying to questions. Although very voluble, he never gave a direct answer Finally the clerk of the court remarked caustically: "A plain yes or no would be simpler and suit very much better. Why don't you answer in that way?"

"Arrah, sorr," replied the witness "yis or no is far too short, an' if Oi'd sey only thim small wurrds, faith, sorr Oi moight sey too much!"—London Express.

PROTECTING ODDS AND ENDS

Paper Covers as Good as Can Be Bought May Be Made at Home by the Clever Housewife.

The housekeeper uses all sorts of dishes—cups, tumblers, pitchers and tins—as receptacles for the left-overs that are inevitable in housework. The white of an egg, a little apple sauce, pieces of butter, half a tumblerful of cream—countless odds and ends have to be saved. Frequently they occupy a large part of the pantry crockery. Most of the improvised receptacles lack covers, yet it is important to protect the contents. Paper covers will do the work. They are light, clean and convenient, and once the knack is acquired are easy to make. Filter paper, such as chemists use, is the best for the purpose. It is inexpensive and so soft and tough that it can be folded several times without breaking.

Cut out a square piece twice the size of the top of the tumbler or dish to be covered. Clip off the four corners; then, with your left hand, hold the octagonal piece in place upon the tumbler. Roll the projecting edges of the paper inward and upward and press them against the outside of the tumbler or dish.

If you have made the cap correctly, you can easily remove it from any smooth-edged receptacle, such as a tumbler, and use it again and again.

SERVING CORN ON THE COB

Typical American Dish Requires Some Care in Its Proper Preparation for the Table.

There is no vegetable of which so much can be made as the typically American sweet green corn. Some persons insist that no dish is more delicious than corn on the cob, but there is a certain art which must be mastered if even this simple dish is to be well prepared. One way to boil it is to select thick, short ears and remove all of the husk excepting the inner layer. Strip that down and take off all the silk and cut out the grains that are dried or discolored. Tie the husk over the ear again and boil it 20 minutes in a deep covered pot, or 15 minutes if the ears are small. Then remove the string which holds the husk in place and serve either in the husks or without the husks on a folded napkin.

Another way to prepare corn on the cob is to remove the outer leaves and silk from six young ears and put them in a saucepan with just enough water to cover them. Add half a cupful of milk, half an ounce of butter and a pinch of salt. Cook for 20 minutes, covered tightly, and then serve. Remember that the sweetest ears are the freshest.

Boiled Bluefish.

Bluefish is always a palatable dish, but prepared in this manner it is even more delicious:

Ingredients:
Two pounds of good broiling fish.
Half a tablespoonful of butter.
One lemon.
Half a bunch of parsley.
Salt to taste.

Clean the fish properly, leaving small ones whole and cutting large ones in slices convenient to serve, or split in two parts, head to tail. Rub each piece with salt, inside and out, and leave to stand two hours before cooking. Wash each portion again, coat with butter and broil on each side over a moderate fire on a gridiron. Serve on lettuce leaves and garnish with parsley, slices of lemon and the red of radishes.

Green Gooseberry Jelly.

This is made almost precisely like cranberry jelly. Add 1½ cups of water to each pint of steamed and cupped berries and simmer gently until the berries break; then turn into a jelly bag and let drain over night. Measure the juice and add sugar in proportion of a pound to pint of juice. First boil the juice steadily for 15 minutes; add the sugar, warmed, and stir until it is dissolved; then let boil steadily for half an hour or until it will jell when dropped on a cold saucer. Skim well while boiling.

Testing Brooms.

Very few housewives know how to tell a good broom from a bad one.

When a new broom wears out quickly they blame the grocer and often refuse to buy another broom at the same store.

If, when they were buying one, they would test it, they would have no one but themselves to blame for a poor broom.

It should be tested by pressing it to the floor. If the straws spread out and bend it is a poor broom. If they remain solid it is a good one.

For Kitchen Shelves.

Instead of continually buying lace shelf paper, you will find it much cheaper in the end to buy coarse torchon lace the desired width, sew on a piece of tape, and tack to the shelf with small tacks. Whenever dirty, take off, wash and iron. This will last for years, and your pantry will always be fresh and attractive.

Shelves for precious china and glassware should have pads of felt to prevent chipping. When fragile plates must be piled one on another, a round piece of blotting paper placed between will save breakage.

Spanish Potatoes.

This dish is achieved by adding cream, butter and seasoning to mashed potatoes and then mixing with some canned pimentoes cut small and forced through a puree strainer. The whole should be well blended, then reheated and piled on serving dish.

A Conundrum.

"Why is a clock like a vain, pretty young lady?"

"I fail to see any resemblance. Why?"

"Because it is all face and figure, has no head to speak of, is hard to stop when once it is wound up and has a striking way of calling attention to itself every hour in the day."—Baltimore American.

The Brute.

Mrs. W.—John, if I should die would you marry again? W.—Perhaps, if the trap was set different.—Exchange.

Church Calender.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY NAME OF MARY.

Thos. J. Larkin, Parish Priest.

Sunday (October 1 till June 1)—Masses: 5:15, 7:00; High Mass, 10:00, Sermon; 8:15, Children's Mass, Sunday School; 4:30 p. m., Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

Sunday (June 1 till October 1)—Masses: 5:15, 7:00 and 9:00; Children's Mass at 8:30. Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament after the last Mass.

Weekdays—Masses, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00.

Wednesday, Children's Mass at 8:15.

Baptisms—October 1 till June 1, from 2 to 4 p. m.; June 1 till October 1, 4 to 6 p. m.

Confessions every day from 6 to 7 a. m. Saturdays and eves of Feasts, from 4 p. m. till 8:30 p. m.

Sick calls at any hour, day or night. It is, however, requested that notice of such calls be given in the forenoon.

Altar Society the first Tuesday, in the Rectory, at 7:30 p. m.

Conference St. Vincent de Paul, every Monday night, in the Rectory, at 7:30 p. m.

Holy Angels Sodality, on the first Wednesday, in the Convent, at 3:30.

Young Ladies' Sodality on the fourth Monday, in the parlors of the Rectory, at 7:30 p. m.

Children of Mary, on the third Sunday.

Altar Boys, St. John Berchman's Sodality, on the third Tuesday in rectory at 7 p. m.

Apostleship of Prayer—Gentlemen promoters on Friday following the third Sunday, in Rectory, at 7 p. m.

Lady promoters on the fourth Sunday, in Rectory, at 5 p. m.

Holy Name Society, every third Sunday in the Church at 7:30 p. m. The Officers and Board of Councillors, on the Friday following the third Sunday in the Presbytery at 7:30 p. m.

MOUNT OLIVET CHURCH.

Rev. W. S. Slack, Rector, 235 Olivier St. Telephone, Algiers 235.

Sundays—Holy Communion, 7:30 a. m.; Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; Morning Prayer or Litany and address, 11 a. m.; Confirmation Class (children), 4 p. m.; Evening Prayer and sermon, 7:30 p. m.

Holy Days, Holy Communion, 7:30 a. m. unless otherwise announced.

Vestry meets first Thursday of each month at the Rectory, 7:30 p. m.

Ladies' Guild meets Tuesday after the third Sunday at the Rectory, 7:30 p. m.

Senior Chapter Brotherhood of St. Andrew, second and fourth Tuesdays at the Rectory, 8:00 p. m.

Choir Guild first Tuesday after practice.

Girls' Friendly Society, second Thursday at 7:00 p. m., homes of members.

Teachers' Meeting, Saturday, 7 p. m.

TRINITY EV.-LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Cor. Olivier and Eliza Streets.

Rev. A. J. Schliesser, Pastor.

Residence: 438 Olivier Street.

German—Every Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

English—Everey Sunday at 8 a. m.

Sunday School—9:15 a. m.

Weekday Services—Conducted in the English language, every Thursday night 7:30, from October to June.

Communion services are previously announced.

Church festivals observed by special services.

A parochial day school, conducted by a special teacher, in connection with the church.

Meetings—Congregational meeting, every second Monday, 7:30 p. m.; German Frauenverein, every first Wednesday, 3 p. m.; Helping Hand Circle, every first Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.; Young People's Society, every second Tuesday, 7:30 p. m.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday Service.

Rev. R. M. Brown, 233 Delaronde street.

Morning service, 11 a. m.; evening service, 7:30 p. m.; Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; Junior Epworth League, 4:00 p. m.; Senior Epworth League, 7:00 p. m.

Junior Epworth League Social and Business meeting at the church on the second Friday, 7:30 p. m.

Senior Epworth League Literary, Social and Business meeting at the church on the fourth Friday, 7:30 p. m.

Woman's Home Mission Society at the church on the first Tuesday of each month and on third Tuesday of each month at the homes of its members at 7:30 p. m.

Choir practice every Saturday at the church at 7:30 p. m.

AMENDMENT TO THE CHARTER
OF THE EGANIA REALTY COMPANY, LIMITED.

United States of America, State of Louisiana, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it known, that on this twenty-fifth day of the month of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and of the independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and thirty-eighth, before me, W. Morgan Gurley, a notary public, duly commissioned and sworn, in and for the city and the parish of Orleans, therein residing, and in the presence of the witnesses hereinafter named and undersigned, personally came and appeared:

1st. Mr. Arthur B. LaCour, a resident of this city of full age of majority, president of the Egania Realty Company; and

2nd. Mr. Robert E. McEvoy, a resident of this city of full age of majority, secretary of the said Egania Realty Company, herein appearing under and by virtue of authority in them vested by a resolution adopted by the stockholders at their meeting of June 6th, 1913, at the office of the company, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., which said resolution adopted certain changes to be made in the charter of the said Egania Realty Company, Limited, and instructed said president and secretary to appear before the undersigned notary and put said changes into authentic form; a copy of which said resolution in its entirety duly certified to by the secretary-treasurer of said company, is hereto attached and made part hereof.

And here the said appearers declared, that in conformity with the resolution adopted and the furtherance of their instructions to change, amend and alter the charter of said company as hereafter follows, they do now change, and amend the charter of this company, changing the name thereof from the Egania Realty Company, Limited, to the "Andry Realty Company, Limited," so that henceforth, the said company will use only the name, and be known as, the "Andry Realty Company, Limited," and said charter stands so amended.

And in obedience to further instructions under said resolution, instructing them to change alter and modify the charter of said Egania Realty Company, Limited, in reference to the arrangement of the capital stock, without increasing and diminishing said capital stock, and that said charter be amended so as to read that:

"The capital stock of this company shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) divided into and represented by one hundred thousand (100,000) shares of the par value of one dollar ($1.00) each," in lieu and in place of the paragraph reading, that the capital stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) divided into one hundred thousand shares (100,000) at one hundred dollars ($100.00) each.

And the said appearers declare that said meeting was called and held in conformity with law after due publication, and that the entire outstanding stock voted at said meeting.

Thus done and passed in my office, at the city of New Orleans, on the day, month and year herein first above written, in the presence of Alfred D. Preston and Joseph Armshaw, competent witnesses, who hereunto sign their names with the said appearers and me, notary, after reading of the whole.

Original signed: Arthur B. LaCour, president; Robert E. McEvoy, secretary-treasurer. A. D. Preston, Joseph Armshaw.

W. MORGAN GURLEY, Not. Pub.

I, the undersigned, recorder of mortgages in and for the parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing act of incorporation of the "Egania Realty Company, Limited" was amended and was this day duly recorded in my office in book No. 1088, folio No. 4.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 26th, 1913.

(Signed) EMILE J. LEONARD, D. R.

I hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true and correct copy of the amendment of the charter of the Egania Realty Company, Limited, together with the certificate of the recorder of mortgages for the parish of Orleans hereto appended, on file and of record in my notarial office in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana.

W. MORGAN GURLEY, Not. Pub.

aug 28 sept 4 11 18 25 oct 2

Sixteen of the labor leaders convicted of conspiring to illegally transport dynamite are out on bail.

The Minnesota State Federation of Labor will meet in annual convention at St. Cloud Monday, June 16.

The silk workers who were recently on strike in Paterson have won, the employers conceding their demands.

During 1912 the total number of men involved in strikes was 40,500, considerably less than in the previous year.

The United Garment Workers of New York city have secured an advance of $1 per week in wages and a corresponding increase to piece workers.

The eight hour bill for women employed in the District of Columbia failed to pass in the Sixty-second congress. It is predicted that it will become a law in the next congress.

CHARTER
OF VIDENT MOUTH HYGIENE CO.

United States of America, State of Louisiana, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it known, that on this twenty-eighth day of the month of August, nineteen hundred and thirteen, before me, Alfred D. Danziger, a notary public, duly commissioned and sworn in for the parish of Orleans and city of New Orleans, therein residing, personally appeared: the persons whose names are hereunto subscribed; who declared that, availing themselves of the laws of this state, relative to the organization of corporations, they have covenanted and agreed, and do, by these presents, covenant and agree, bind, form and constitute themselves, as well as such persons who may hereafter join, or become associated with them, into a corporation and body politic in law, for the objects and purposes, and under the agreements and stipulations following, to-wit:

Article I.—The name and style of this corporation shall be "Vident Mouth Hygiene Co.," and, under that name, it shall have and enjoy all the rights and privileges granted by law to corporations; it shall exist for the period of ninety-nine years from this day; to contract, sue and be sued in its corporate name; to make and to use a corporate seal; to hold, receive, purchase and convey, under its corporate name, property, both real and personal; to name and to appoint such managers, directors and officers as the interest and convenience of the corporation may require; and to make and establish such by-laws for the proper management and regulation of the affairs of the corporation as may be necessary and proper.

Article II.—The domicile of said corporation shall be in the city of New Orleans, in this state, and all citations and other legal process shall be served on the president, and, in his absence, on the vice-president, and, in the absence of both, on either the secretary or the treasurer of said corporation.

Article III.—The objects and purposes of this corporation, and the nature of the business to be carried on by it, are hereby declared to be: to deal in at wholesale, and to manufacture tooth brushes, dental floss, tooth powders, mouth washes, lip cream, tongue cleansers, and other articles and preparations for use in the oral cavity.

Article IV.—The capital stock of this corporation is hereby fixed at the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, to be represented by one thousand shares of the par value of one hundred dollars, each, which shall be paid for in cash, or in property, and which shall be full-paid and non-assessable.

Article V.—All the corporate powers of this company shall be vested in, and the management and control of its affairs shall be exercised by, a board of directors, composed of five stockholders. The directors shall be elected by ballot, by the stockholders, on the third Monday of August, of each year. Each stockholder shall be entitled, in person or by proxy to a vote for every share owned by him; all elections shall be held under such rules and regulations as may be determined by the board of directors. The directors thus elected shall continue in office for one year, or until their successors shall have been elected and have qualified. No failure to elect shall be regarded as a forfeiture of this charter. Should any vacancy occur in the board, a meeting shall be immediately called for the purpose of filling the vacancy. The board of directors shall, at its first meeting after its election, nominate, out of its number, a president, a vice-president, a secretary and a treasurer. The board may, in its discretion, choose a secretary and a treasurer from among the stockholders, who need not be members of the board of directors. The board shall employ and dismiss such clerks, managers and other employes as the interest and business of the corporation may require. Any of the directors shall have the right to appoint, by written instrument, another director or stockholder as his proxy to act in his stead at any and all meetings of the board of directors.

Article VI.—No stockholder shall ever be held liable or responsible for the contracts, faults or debts of this corporation, nor shall any mere informality in its organization have the effect of rendering this charter null, or of exposing a stockholder to any liability beyond the unpaid balance due on the shares owned by him.

Article VII.—This act of incorporation may be changed or modified, or this corporation may be dissolved, with the assent of the stockholders owning two-thirds of the stock of the corporation, present or represented at a general meeting convened for that purpose, after at least ten days' written notice has been given, through mail, to each stockholder, at his last known place of residence. In case of dissolution, by the expiration of this charter or otherwise, the stockholders shall elect three liquidators, from among their number, to settle the business and affairs of the company. In case of the death or disability of any one of said liquidators, the survivors shall appoint a successor to him.

Article VIII.—Immediately after the signing of this charter, the stockholders shall meet, and shall elect five directors to serve until the election to be held in August, 1914.

This corporation shall be a going concern as soon as fifty thousand dollars shall have been subscribed to its capital stock.

Thus done and passed in my office, on the day, month, and year first above written, in the presence of Frank B. Twomey and Joseph L. Weiss, competent witnesses, who have signed with the appearers and me, the notary, after reading the whole.

Original signed: (Here follow signatures of incorporators and amount of stock subscribed. Witnesses: F. B. Twomey, J. L. Weiss.

A. D. DANZIGER, Not. Pub.

I, the undersigned, recorder of mortgages in and for the parish of Orleans, state of Louisiana, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing act of incorporation of the Vident Mouth Hygiene Co. was this day duly recorded in my office in book 1119, folio 13. New Orleans, August 28, 1913.

(Signed) EMILE J. LEONARD, Dy. R.

A true copy from the original act.

A. D. DANZIGER, Not. Pub.

204 Carondelet Street, New Orleans.

sept 4 11 18 25 oct 2 9

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CHAS. W. FORD, General Superintendent.

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