OLD FASHIONED KABAK.

An old fashioned game which is always amusing at the Christmas gathering is kabak. In this absurd pastime the leader says to the one who sits at his right hand, "My ship has come home from China?" The other then asks, "What has it brought you?" The leader makes reply, "A fan." Thereupon with his right hand he makes gestures as if fanning himself. The next player then takes the place of the leader in stating that his ship has come home from China. The questions and answers are repeated as before until the second player is also engaged in fanning himself.

In this manner the round of players is made, and at the end all are industriously working an imaginary fan with their right hands.

The leader then begins the second round with a similar remark, from which is evolved the fact that he has received two fans, and he illustrates this by fanning himself with both hands. This, in turn, makes a round of the company until all are waving both hands to and fro.

The leader then begins the third series, making three fans in fancy by swaying his right foot back and forth. Then he includes the left foot. Finally the head is nodded. The effect of a whole company engaged in swaying their hands, their feet and heads is altogether ludicrous.

There are many Christmas amusements which depend for their fun on the failure of the players to perform any designated task. Such, for example, is that where each person with blindfolded eyes tries to draw the outlines of a pig. Often the unfortunate subject of the sketch will have an eye in its side and a tail on its head, with a general appearance unlike anything else in air or on earth.

WHO HAS THE BUTTON?

The old game of "Button, button, who has the button?" may be played in a new way at the Christmas merry making. The players sit in a circle. Then the leader takes a button and, holding it between his hands to conceal it, goes around the circle. Each player holds his or her palms together, and as the leader goes around he presses his hands between those of the other players in turn, saying to each, "Hold fast what I give you," being careful not to show into whose hand he drops the button.

When the circuit has been made the leader goes to the first player and says, "Button, button, who has not got the button?" and this person must answer, naming some one that he supposes hasn't it. Thus he proceeds around the ring until all have answered this question according to their belief, when the leader cries, "Button, button, arise!" and the button holder does so.

Then if any one has guessed that the person who really held the button did not hold it he becomes a "ghost" and is out of the charmed circle. The player who held the button becomes leader, and the game goes on. If no one is caught, however, the game proceeds as before, the leader changing places with the player who held the button.

The "ghosts" can only become mortal and again join the circle when they can get some player in the circle to speak to them, and then that mortal must take the "ghost's" place.

THE FROG RACE.

This is a capital Christmas game. The frogs, large and fat, are made of cardboard.

Each frog is threaded on a string, which later is secured at one end to a chair. The other end of the string is manipulated by the player in a series of tugs which jerk the frog along the floor.

It works well on a thick carpet, but should not be put on oilcloth or anything slippery, like parquet or polished boards, for a certain amount of resistance is needed.

As the frogs should be a fair distance apart, allow a chair for each string and tie this to the leg. Ask some one to sit upon the chair so that the jerks, which are sometimes very energetic, may not pull over the starting posts.

Fasten a white tape across the carpet with pins. The first frog that gets over this wins a prize.

The competitors desire speed, but the leisurely manner in which the frogs often respond creates shrieks of laughter from onlookers, especially when the race is a close thing.

MUSICAL THIMBLE HUNT.

Even the very small children find hunt the thimble a delightful game. The home folks may play it with the youngsters or they may play it when other Christmas fun runs low.

One of the company hides the thimble, while the one who is to hunt for it leaves the room. When it is properly hidden some one sits at the piano and plays, and the one who is to hunt for it comes in. Not a word is to be spoken, but when the hunter is near the hidden thimble the piano music must be loud, and when he goes away then the music must be low. It is much more fun than the old way of calling "hot" and "cold."

Music of the Future.

London has listened to a futurist orchestra composed of whistlers, thunderers, cracklers, gurglers, murmurers, rattlers, roarers and buzzers. To get an idea of what it must have been like sit in a New York apartment house neighborhood in the open window season while all the tango music machines on several blocks are in full blast.—New York World.

ROYAL COURT.

This game of royal court will afford amusement for the children at Christmas.

Arrange two rows of chairs back to back and seat the children.

At each end of the double row place a table on which is a cardboard box containing one pack of cards. Two children in turn are selected from among those seated.

They go, one to each table, and when the signal is given race in opposite directions round the chairs till they return to their original starting point at the tables. The cards are hastily placed in the box, and a hurried search is made by each of the two children for picture cards.

The four kings, queens and knaves must, when collected, be deposited on a tray that has been placed in another part of the room as a winning post. The first to accomplish this wins. The successful competitor returns to his seat; the loser vacates his and is then out of the competition.

The last two to remain in the game are proclaimed king and queen of Christmas and receive prizes, while the third is Jack the knave. He gains a funny booby prize. It is amusing to dress the royal pair in regal robes, crown them and present scepters. They may march at the head of the guests and sit together on draped and gilded thrones.

Crowns of cardboard covered with gold paper may be prepared for king and queen. A very grand scepter may be made by fixing an old tennis ball by means of sealing wax on to a bamboo cane and covering the whole with silver or gold paper or going over it with gilt paint.

HOLLY FOR SANTA.

A frolic on the order of the ever popular donkey game is always in order for a Yuletide gathering of young folks. Vary the picture a little to suit the occasion and offer a prize to add zest to the struggle. If the shops are not at hand to offer inspiration for the new version of this contest, any one with some little artistic skill can draw a picture of Santa Claus on a square of muslin and color with tinted chalks.

The youngsters are blindfolded one by one and are sent to pin a spray of holly in Santa's hand. It is, of course, the one who comes nearest to accomplishing this feat who wins the prize, a copy of some popular juvenile story. The children who stick their holly sprays farthest away from the mark may be condemned to perform some funny stunts. For instance, they may draw imaginary reindeer in the air with the index finger in the presence of the rest of the company.

An amusing Christmas trick is to make a small star upon the wall with a piece of white chalk. One by one the players kneel upon the floor at a distance of about two feet from the wall and with arms folded behind the back bend forward and try to kiss the mark. With a tall player the distance might have to be a little greater, but with players of an average height two feet from the wall will make it very difficult to succeed, and the arms must on no account be unfolded. Prizes may be awarded successful players.

IVY AND HOLLY.

Very little people will enjoy a rimed pastime called Ivy and holly.

Chairs are arranged in two rows, and the children sit facing each other. One youngster begins with some adventure, as "Holly and Ivy went out to a party."

The child sitting opposite must complete the rime with another couplet, for instance, "Holly and Ivy came back hale and hearty."

Indeed, there is no reason why the pastime should be entirely relegated to the kindergarten. On account of the rapidity with which the rimes must be thought up the older boys and girls will find it amusing too.

For a pretty search game which young children as well as the school going boys and girls would enjoy at Christmas parties, cut several hundred little holly leaves from green tinted paper and hide them in the festive rooms.

At a given signal the young people scamper off in search of these symbols of the season. The youngster finding the greatest number of them in the ten minutes allowed for the search should receive some inexpensive prize decorated with a design representing holly.

HOLLY BERRY CONTEST.

A contest adapted for children of any age can be played with the loose berries which drop from the holly when the Christmas greens are swung into place. Gather up the little red fruit, and when the game is to be played give each child a dozen berries, a glass tumbler and two match sticks.

The youngsters should be seated around a large table. When the signal is given each child begins to lift his holly berries with the dead matches and to drop them into his tumbler.

The berries must not be touched with one's fingers under penalty of a "foul." The boy or girl first to call out "All in"—that is, that all his holly fruit has been dropped in the glass—is the prize winner.

Congressional Library.

The Congressional Library building was finished in 1897 at a cost of $6,847,000, exclusive of the land, the price of which was $585,000. The collection of books and pamphlets in the library is the largest in the western hemisphere and the third finest in the world, numbering, in printed works, charts, manuscripts, etc., 1,900,000 volumes.

IMAGINARY REPTILE CAUSES MAN'E INJURY.

In Fit of Delirium Tremens Thomas Martin Stabs Self With Scissors.

Thomas Martin, forty-two years old, of Sumner and Newton streets, had a thrilling encounter Monday with an imaginary reptile around his neck, and in fighting the "monster" he wounded himself in the neck with a pair of scissors. His wound was dressed at the Hospital for Mental Diseases, and he was charged with disturbing the peace.

A hurry call was received at the Eighth Precinct Station, and Patrolmen Brown and Jacob hurried to Martin's home, where they found him on the floor, struggling with the supposed monster. Martin had a pair of scissors clutched in his right hand and blood was flowing freely from a wound in the right side of his neck.

Martin told the policemen that the monster was clinging to him and was strangling him, but the policemen failed to see the reptile and had the wounded man taken to the hospital. Martin still insisted that the repile was following the patrol wagon and begged the police to save him. The physicians diagnosed his case as delirium tremens.

REV. R. M. BROWN RETURNED.

The many friends of Rev. R. M. Brown who has been associated with the Methodist church here during the past two years, were jubilant when they were informed through the press that Mr. Brown would be returned to the Algiers church for two more years. The congregation here have learned to love Rev. Brown and his enthusiasm in his work has been in a sense so contageous that the congregation has been in better shape than it has been for many years. Preparations have been placed on foot during Mr. Brown's two years' stay for the building of a new church ,and it is stated that during Mr. Brown's present stay of two years he will succeed in his efforts.

The Methodist congregation are pleased at the conclusion of the convention at Shreveport. The other ministers who formerly were in Algiers the following dispositions were made as to their future stations: Rev. J. M. Foster to Amite City; Floyd Vaughn to Franklin, La.; H. S. Johns to become the chaplain of the State Penitentiary at Baton Rouge; H. N. Dodson goes to Lake Charles, La.; W. N. Parker becomes the president of Vanderbilt University; J. M. Henry to Ruston, La.; Rev. R. H. Wynn becomes the president of the Centenary College; Rev. J. W. Booth to Merryville, La., and A. J. Gearhard is transferred from McDonoghville to the Louisiana Avenue church and he is succeeded by Rev. T. V. Peters.

WATCH OUR CLASSIFIED COLUMN EVERY WEEK. THERE MAY BE A BOX OF CANDY, A THEATRE TICKET, OR SOMETHING MORE VALUABLE FOR YOU.

CHARTER

OF UNITED DRILLING COMPANY, INC.

United States of America, State of Louisiana, Parish of Orleans.

Be it known, That on this 14th day of December, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fourteen, Before me, Francis P. Burns, a Notary Public, in and for the Parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana, duly commissioned and qualified, and in the presence of the undersigned witnesses, personally came and appeared, the several persons whose names are hereinafter subscribed, of the full age of majority, who declared to me that, availing themselves of the laws of this State relative to the organization of corporations, and more especially of Act 267 of the Acts of 1914, page 521, of the legislative Acts of this State, and Act 232 of 1910, page 393, they have covenanted and agreed, and by these presents do covenant and agree for themselves and their successors and assigns, to form themselves into a corporation and body politic, for the objects and purposes and under the stipulations hereinafter set forth, to-wit:

Article I.—The name and title of this corporation shall be United Drilling Company, Incorporated, and under such title it shall have and enjoy succession and existence for a period of ninety-nine years from date hereof; it shall have power and authority to contract, sue and be sued, make and use a corporate seal, the same to break and alter at pleasure; to hold, sell, lease, mortgage, hypothecate or pledge property, real, personal or mixed, necessary, incidental or proper for the carying on of its business, and to that end to further mortgage all oil or mineral leases, grants or contracts held by it, together with all buildings, constructions and improvements placed and erected on said lands, or to be placed or erected thereon, as well as to issue bonds secured by such mortgages, such bonds to be issued in such amounts at such rate of interest and to run for such length of time not exceeding the terms of said leases as said lessees or grantees may determine; to buy and to hold stock in any other company or companies that may assist this company in its objects and purposes; to make and issue notes and certificates of indebtedness; to name, elect and appoint managers, directors and clerks or other employees to properly conduct its corporate business, and to make such by-laws, rules and regulations as may be found necessary or desirable for the management and business affairs of this corporation, and generally to do every other act, matter or thing necessary for the complete and proper carrying out of said business.

Article II.—The domicile of this corporation shall be in the City of New Orleans, Parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana, where all citation or other legal process shall be served upon the President, or in the absence of the President, upon the Vice-President, or, in the absence of both, upon the Secretary-Treasurer.

Article III.—The objects and purposes of this corporation are hereby stated and declared to be:

1. To acquire by purchase or lease, or otherwise, lands in the Calcasieu oil fields of Louisiana, or in any other location in this State, or elsewhere, for the purpose of prospecting for and obtaining oil, gas, salt, sulphur or other minerals, and to that end to drill or cause to be drilled oil wells, or sink, or cause to be sunk, shafts for mining, and to buy, lease, or otherwise acquire drilling rigs or other machinery or apparatus necessary to fully accomplish said purposes; and if oil or other minerals are found, then to market the same to the best advantage.

2. To engage in the distribution of oil, gas, salt, sulphur or other minerals ,either produced by this corporation or other persons or corporations by means of pipe lines, tramways, railroads, boats, barges or other conveyances, or to lease or sub-lease all or any part thereof to any other persons or corporations for the like purpose, and in order to fully carry out said objects and purposes to purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire pipe lines, tramways, railroads, boats, barges, tank cars, locomotives, pumping stations, steam plants, air plants, and all other machinery, apparatus and paraphernalia necessary or incidental thereto.

3. To build, construct, lease, purchase or otherwise acquire buildings, machinery and other apparatus for refining, smelting, manufacturing or otherwise working up the products of mineral lands either produced by this corporation or other persons or corporations, and to refine, smelt, manufacture or otherwise work up by-products of said minerals, to operate the said plant and market the products or by-products, as manufactured, to the best advantage.

4. To carry on such other business appertaining to oil, gas, salt, sulphur or other minerals as may be necessary or desirable, or such as are generally engaged in by a corporation of this kind.

Article IV.—The capital stock of this corporation is hereby fixed at the sum of Fifteen Thousand ($15,000.00) Dollars, divided into fifteen hundred shares of the par value of ten dollars each; provided that the amount to which the capital stcok of this corporation may be increased shall be One Hundred Thousand ($100,00.00) Dollars.

Fifty per cent of the caiptal stock of this corporation must be subscribed for before the filing of the articles of incorporation. The subscribed capital stock of this corporation shall be payable in cash, property, real or personal, or for services performed or rendered, and provided that if the stock is not paid for in cash that the law as provided for in Section 3 of Act 267 of 1914 be in all respects complied with.

No stockholder shall ever be held liable or responsible for the faults, contracts or debts of this corporation in any further sum than the unpaid balance due the corporation on the shares of stock subscribed for by him, nor shall any mere informality in the organization have the effect of rendering this charter null or of exposing any shareholder to any liability whatever.

This corporation shall not begin to do business and be a going concern until Twelve Thousand ($12,000.00) Dollars of the capital stock shall have been issued and paid for, either in cash, services or in property as aforesaid. If any of the aforesaid stock of this corporation is paid for in property, in that event the terms and provisions of Section 2 of paragraph "C" of Act 267 of 1914 shall be strictly complied with.

Article V.—All the corporate powers of this corporation shall be vested in and exercised by a Board of Directors to be composed of seven stockholders, each of whom shall own in his own right, during his term of office, at least one full paid, non-pledged share of stock, which shall be shown by his written declaration, four of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; provided the board of directors shall have power to increase, in their discretion, the number of directors from seven to fifteen, in which event eight shall constitute a quorum.

The officers of this corporation shall consist of a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer ,all of whom shall be members of the Board of Directors. The offices of Secretary and Treasurer may be held, if desired, by one and the same person.

The following named persons shall constitute the board of directors of this corporation, to-wit: W. A. Collins, Hattiesburg, Mississippi; George H. Carter, Hattiesburg, Mississippi; T. H. Gooch, Hattiesburg, Mississipni; W. H. Harris, Hattiesburg, Mississippi; B. S. Hood, Bond, Mississippi; R. N. Davis, Perkinston, Mississippi; W. W. Hines, New Orleans, Louisiana, with George H. Carter as President, Dr. B. S. Hood as Vice-President, W. W. Hines as Secretary and W. A. Collins as Treasurer, and these directors and officers shall serve until the first Monday in April, 1915, or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified.

Thereatfer the directors shall be elected annually on the first Monday in April of each year, beginning with the year 1915; all elections of directors shall be by ballot, and each stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share of stock standing in his name on the books of the corporation, this vote to be cast in person or by proxy, and it shall require a majority of stock present or represented to elect.

The failure to elect the Board of Directors on the first Monday in April, 1915, or annually thereafter, shall not work a forfeiture of this charter, but the old Board of Directors shall remain in office until their successors are elected and qualified.

Article VI.—The Board of Directors shall hold regular meetings at such times as shall be fixed in the by-laws of this corporation. These meetings shall be held at the domicile of the corporation, but the President may call special meetings of the Board of Directors at such times as he may deem advisable, and he shall be required to call such special meetings whenever requesetd to do so by three members of the Board of Directors. Three days' notice of such special meetings shall be given in writing to the directors, unless waiver of notice is signed by the directors. Any vacancy occuring on the board, or among the officers, either from death, resignation, or inability to serve, shall be filled by the Board of Directors at its next regular meeting after such vacancy shall have occurred. The first board of directors of this corporation shall be required to dratt suitable by-laws for the government of this corporation, which may be altered, amended or changed as the exigencies of the case may require.

Article VII.—The stock of this corporation may be transferred, provided such transfer shall be recorded upon the books of the corporation, before it shall be required to recognize the transfer of the new holder of said stock. The total amount of the subscribed stock, as hereinabove set forth, is the sum of Seven Thousand Five Hundred ($7,500.00) Dollars, which is hereby authorized to be issued, fully paid and non-assesssable, for cash.

Article VIII.—This charter may be modified, or altered, the capital stock thereof increased or decreased, or the corporation may be dissolved with the assent of two-thirds of the capital stock present or represented at any meeting of the stockholders held for that purpose after prior notice in writing to each stockholder or mailed to him at his last known post office address, all in accordance with the terms of Act 267 of 1914.

Article IX.—At the expiration of this charter, or the earlier dissolution of this corporation for any cause, its afairs shall be liquidated by one or more liquidators to be elected by the stockholders, all of whom shall hold stock in said company and said commissioners are hereby vested wiht full power and authority to liquidate the affairs of said company, with full power to act under the terms of Section 30 of Act 267 of 1914 .

Article X.—The appearers hereby declare that they have subscribed to the following number of shares of the capital stock of this corporation, to-wit: T. H. Gooch, Hattiesburg, Mississippi, Nine (9) shares; W. H. Harris, Hattiesburg, Mississippi, Five (5) shares; Geo. H. Carter, Hattiesburg, Mississippi, One (1) share; B. S. Hood, Bond, Mississippi, Ten (10) shares; R. N. Davis, Perkinston, Mississippi, Six (6) shares; W. A. Colins, Hattiesburg, Mississippi, Five (5) shares; W. W. Hines, Maison Blanche Bldg., New Orleans, La., Seven Hundred and Thirteen (713) shares.

Thus done and passed, in my office, in the city of New Orleans, on the day, month and year first above written, in the presence of St. Clair Adams and Joseph Hocke, competent witnesses, who have signed these presents together with the said appearers and me, notary, after due reading of the whole.

(Original signed) St. Clair Adams, Joseph Hocke.

T. H. Gooch (per W. A. Colins), Nine shares; W. W. Harriss (per W. A. Collins), Five shares; George H. Carter (per W. A. Collins), One share; B. S. Hood (per W. A. Collins), Ten shares; R. N. Davis (per W. A. Colins), Six shares; W. A. Colins, Five shares; W. W. Hines, Seven Hundred and Thirteen shares.

Francis P. Burns, Notary Public.

I, the undersigned, Recorder of Mortgages, in and for the Parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing act of incorporation of the United Drilling Company, Incorporated, was this day duly recorded in my office in Book 1127, Folio —.

New Orleans, December 15th, 1914.

Emile Leonard, D. R.

A true copy. Francis P. Burns, Not. Pub.

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CHARTER

OF TROPICAL ICE COMPANY, INC.

United States of America, State of Louisiana, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it known, That on this 14th day of the month of December, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Fourteen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Thirty-Ninth, Before me, Philip Joseph Patorno, a notary public, duly commissioned and qualified in and for the Parish of Orleans, and in the presence of the witnesses hereinafter named and undersigned, personally came and apeared the several persons hereinafter named and undersigned, all residents of the City of New Orleans, and all of the full age of majority, who severally declared that, availing themselves of the laws of the state of Louisiana and particularly of the provisions of the Act No. 267 of the General Assembly of 1914, relative to the formation of corporations, they have covenanted and agreed, and by these presents do covenant and agree, for themselves, their successors and assigns, to form themselves into a corporation and body politic for the objects and purposes, and under the stipulations following.

Article I.—The name and title of this corporation shall be The Tropical Ice Company, Inc., and under this name it shall have power and authority to corporate existence and continue for a period of ninety-nine years from the date hereof, and shall have and exercise for the purpose of the business to be carried on by it all the powers conferred by law on similar corporations, including power to make and use a corporate seal, and the same to break or change at pleasure, to contract, sue and be sued in its corporate name, to own, hold, receive, purchase, alienate, lien, convey, mortgage, hypothecate, pledge or otherwise encumber property, both real and personal; to name and appoint such officers, managers, directors, agents and employees it deems necessary; the said corporation to acquire and establish such by-laws, rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper, and the same to amend, alter and abolish at pleasure, and generally to do and to perform all such acts as may be proper and necessary to carry out and execute the purposes of this corporation.

Article II.—The domicile of this corporation shall be in the city of New Orleans, state of Louisiana. Citation and all legal process shall be served upon the President, and in his absence or inability to act, upon the Vice-President, and in his absence or inability to act upon the secretary, and in his absence or inability to act, upon the treasurer.

Article III.—The objects and purposes for which this corporation is organized and the general nature of the business to be conducted by it are hereby declared to be: The manufacturing, purchasing and selling of ice, distilled water, to generate electric light and power, and to furnish same to consumers, to conduct the business of cold storage, and do every matter and thing incidental thereto or necessary or proper in the conduct of the above described business.

Article IV.—The capital stock of this corporation is hereby fixed at the sum of One Hundred and Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars, divided into Seventeen Hundred and Fifty Shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars each, to be paid for in cash or its equivalent in labor or property.

The capital stock of this corporation may be increased to Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Article V.—Transfer of stock shall be made only on the books of the corporation, subject to such regulations and formalities as the Board of Directors may prescribe. Any stockholder wishing to sell his stock must offer the same in writing to the other stockholders, through the Board of Directors, at a price not exceeding the book value thereof, who shall have an option to purchase all shares of stock to be disposed of by sale, resignation, death or otherwise of any of its members, and they shall have thirty days in which to accept or decline said offer; should said stockholder have an opportunity of disposing of his stock at a less price than that at which it was offered to the board, he must again offer said stock to the other stockholders at such reduced price in the same manner and under the same conditions as above set forth. Any sale or transfer made by a stockholder in violation of this article shall be void and no transfer of stock shall be made on the books of the corporation unless the provisions thereof are strictly complied with.

Article VI.—All the corporate powers of this corporation shall be vested in and exercised by a Board of Directors to be composed of seven stockholders, who shall be elected by ballot. The first election shall be held on the first Monday of January, 1915, and annually thereafter on the first Monday in January in each year, at a general meeting called for that purpose. Fifteen days prior notice of each election shall be given in writing to all stockholders. Each stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for every share of stock owned by him, either in person or proxy, and a majority shall elect; a failure to elect directors on the day fixed shall not dissolve the corporation, but the directors then in office shall continue to act and another election shall be called as soon as practicable, after fifteen days' notice in writing to each stockholder; vacancy on the Board of Directors shall be filled by the remaining directors and four directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The Board of Directors shall elect from among its number a President, a Vice-President, a Secretary and a Treasurer, and it shall appoint such other officers, clerks, agents and employees as it may deem necessary and proper and dismiss same at its pleasure.

Article VII.—This corporation shall be authorized to commence business at once. Whenever this corporation is dissolved, either by liquidation or from any cause, its affairs shall be liquidated by three commissioners to be elected from among the stockholders at a general meeting convened for that purpose after thirty days' prior notice in writing to each stockholder and by publication in one of the daily newspapers in New Orleans. The said commissioners shall remain in office until the business and affairs of the corporation shall have been fully liquidated. In case of vacancy in the number of said commissioners, the stockholders shall fill the vacancy.

Article VIII.—This act of incorporation may be changed, modified or amended or this corporation may be dissolved at a general meeting of the stockholders convened for that purpose after thirty days' prior notice, to each stockholder, in writing and by publication in one of the daily newspapers in New Orleans, on complying with the requisites of the law.

Article IX.—No stockholder shall ever be held liable or responsible for contracts of this corporation or for the faults thereof in any further sum than the unpaid balance due on shares of stock subscribed for by him, nor shall any mere informality in organizing have the effect of rendering this charter null or of exposing a stockholder to any liability beyond said unpaid balance due on stock.

Article X.—The following named persons shall constitute and they are hereby declared to be the first Board of Directors, and they shall hold office until the first Monday in January, 1915, or until their successors are hereby elected and qualified, to-wit: Joseph Vaccaro, Business, Queen & Crescent Bldg.; Residence, St. Charles and Robert Streets. Felix P. Vaccaro, Business, Queen & Crescent Bldg.; Residence, St. Charles and Robert Streets. Lucas Vaccaro, Business, Queen & Crescent Bldg.; Residence, 2821 Esplanade Avenue. Salvator Dantoni, Business, Queen & Crescent Bldg.; Residence, 1516 Robert Street. Charles Leftwich, Business, Queen & Crescent Bldg.; Residence, 2819 St. Philip Street. S. Zemurray, Business, Queen & Crescent Bldg.; Residence, ——— P. J. Patorno, Business, 506 St. Philip Street; Residence, 1100 N. Rampart Street. Of whom Joseph Vaccaro shall be President, Lucas Vaccaro Vice-President, Charles Leftwich Secretary, and Felix P. Vaccaro Treasurer.

Thus done and passed in the City of New Orleans, in the presence of John B. Patorno and Warren Brugier, competent witnesses, who have signed with the appearers and me, Notary, after reading.

(Oorriginal signed) Warren Brugiere, John B. Patorno.

Felix P. Vaccaro, L. Vaccaro, Jos. Vaccaro, S. D'Antoni, Ph. J. Patorno.

Ph. J. Patorno, Notary Public.

I, the undersigned Recorder of Mortgages in and for the Parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing act of incorporation of the Tropical Ice Company, Inc., was this day duly recorded in my office in book 1127, folio —.

New Orleans, December 16th, 1914.

Emile J. Leonard, Dy. R.

I do hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true and correct copy of the original act of incorporation of the Tropical Ice Company, Inc., together with the certificates of the Recorder of Mortgages thereto attached.

Witness my hand and seal this 16th day of December, 1914.

Ph. J. Patorno, Notary Public.

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