

Young Lads Help Materially in Assisting in Keeping the City Clean and Healthy.

Chicago. The Boy Scouts of America have done much for themselves and others. Ever ready and anxious to be of service, the boys have by their promptness of action and serviceable work, attracted the entire attention of the country.

In the picture is a detail of Troop Seventy-eight of the Boy Scouts of America.



Boy Scouts Inspecting Building. America scouting on the fire escape of a big tenement building in Chicago. These young fellows make it their business as opportunity affords, to assist the city authorities in keeping the city clean and healthy. They perform this work without increasing the enmity of the people. In fact are cordially welcomed by them wherever they go. Such a movement deserves emulation in all of our large cities over the entire country.

WOMAN SEEKS HER AFFINITY

Travels Far and Wide Looking for Unknown Who Dying Husband Said She Should Wed.

New York.—The most remarkable story told for many moons to ship news reports was recited here by Mrs. Eugene Williams, beautiful, wealthy, aged nineteen, and a widow, as she sailed away for Sweden to find an affinity she has never seen, nor whose name she does not know. "My home was in Detroit," said Mrs. Williams. "When I was sixteen, Mr. Williams, who lived in Pittsburgh, met me. It was love at first sight. We were married. Two years ago he died. On his deathbed he called me to him. 'I don't want you to marry again unless you marry one of my boyhood chums,' said my husband. 'He lives in Sweden. He is your perfect affinity.' Before he could say any more he died. Three times since then I have sailed to foreign lands, looking for my affinity. A dozen times I thought I had found him, and became engaged— and here the little widow displayed a hand covered with solitaires—'but each time I found it was not the right man. I don't know his name, don't know what he looks like. I don't know anything about this man who is to be my second husband except that he lives somewhere in Sweden. 'I was quite discouraged when I got back last time. Then I consulted spiritualists. They located my affinity for me and now I am going to where he is. When I find him we shall be married. I'll let you boys know all about him if I should marry him,' said the girl waving a farewell from aboard the liner.

Rooster a Mollycoddle.

Fulton, Mo.—Mrs. W. H. Stevens of Ashland has a rooster who has proved the answer to the question: "When is a rooster not a rooster?" and he has given that community an entirely new and up-to-date egg incubator. The rooster first gave evidence of his "else-like" inclinations when he was discovered on a nest of eggs in an improvised nest. At first nothing was thought of the matter, but the rooster persisted in returning to the nest after being thrown off. Mrs. Stevens has provided the rooster with a nice setting of "hatchable" eggs and the rooster is faithfully on the job.

Cat Costs a College \$100,000.

Middletown, Conn.—The will of Miss Margaret Van Deursen, who died at an advanced age a few days ago, reveals how Wesleyan university lost a fortune because a Wesleyan student stole Miss Van Deursen's pet cat ten years ago and used it for experimental purposes in the biological laboratory. Miss Van Deursen was the last of her family. Her estate of \$100,000 or \$150,000 is bequeathed to charities.

Lives Three Years in Wine Cask.

Madrid.—Fruitos Garcia of Valdepenas was evicted recently from his wine cask in which he had made his abode since being jilted three years ago by his sweetheart, and hence he issued nightly on foraging raids on farmhouses, on which he was accompanied by a large tomcat.

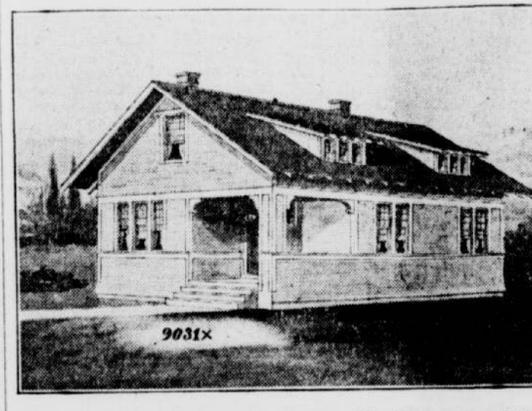
The American Home WILLIAM A. RADFORD Editor

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF CHARGE on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 17, West Jackson Street, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

It is plainly evident to all observers that the number of people who take an intelligent interest in house planning and house building is increasing. The popular press reveals this tendency very clearly. Illustrations of modern houses and discussions of architectural subjects are overflowing from the technical press, finding a place in the newspapers and popular magazines.

This growing interest among the people is all to the good. Architecture has suffered too long from popular ignorance and popular apathy. Generally speaking, people get the kind of architecture they like and the kind of building they are willing to accept. There is enough architectural genius and enough skilled craftsmanship in our midst today to transform every town and village into a thing of beauty and to provide every family with a beautiful and healthful home.

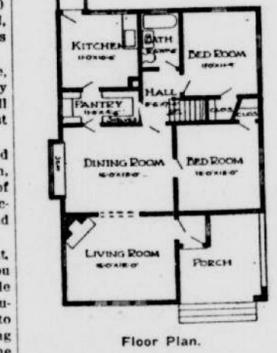
If a genius of the architect and the skill of the workman are employed, or wasted on unworthy objects, it is because the demand for this beautiful architecture has not yet become general and insistent. No doubt, it is also due to the fact that some who appreciate and desire good architecture have not the means to command it.



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But the want of money is secondary. The matter of primary importance is that people should have right ideas as to what constitutes good architecture and sound building, and should insist whenever they cause buildings to be put up upon having only those which are both well designed and well built. Good building, the first essential, and here, no doubt, is a point of danger. The popularizing of architecture is a good thing so long as the demand is for good architecture. A great uneducated public demanding "quaint" houses and "picturesque" bungalows would get what it wants, but the result is not likely to make for real progress in architecture, or for healthy conditions in the building trade.

When the house-hunting man turns with disgust from the 'desirable villa'



Floor Plan.

residence" to which the house agents have directed his attention, and tried to sell to him, and determines to build himself a house according to his own and his wife's ideas, he takes a very right and proper course, but he is apt to go about it in a wrong way. He invites an architect to design him a "picturesque" house with nooks and bay windows and overhanging eaves. It is to contain accommodations which might reasonably be supplied for \$4,000, but it is to cost not a penny more than \$2,000. That is to begin at the wrong end.

If a man's chief ambition is that all the landscape painters in the neighborhood should come and erect their easels before his house, he does well to concern himself primarily with eaves and "nooks" but if he holds with Bacon

Paradoxical Position.

"These is one very queer thing about our system of politics."

"What is that?"

"When a man is running for office he has to tell what he stands for."

Moving Day.

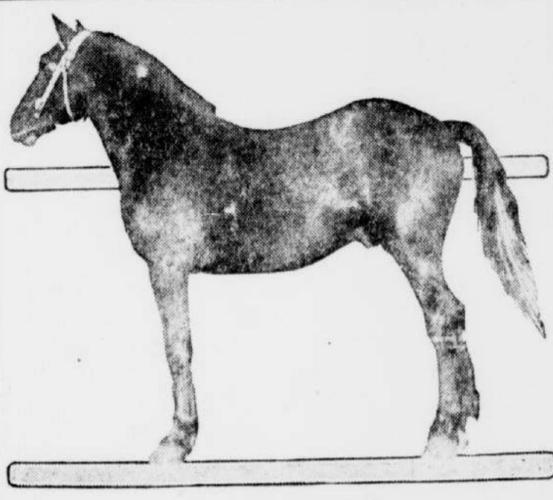
"Bacon—I see salt will remove grease spots from the top of a stove." Egbert—Well, if applied in a certain way kerosene will not only remove the grease spots, but will remove the stove.

Judge Not.

Judge not the motive by the deed. It is not possible for you to look into another's soul and tell the false things from the true. You think you can, and every day you judge them as they pass you by, and every night you ought to ask forgiveness for the blue any cry you raise along some weary way.

It is not just, it is not fair, that you should cast a doubt that may forever its evil course is stayed have stirred

INCREASING DEMAND FOR HEAVY HORSES



Two-Year-Old Percheron Stallion.

The breeding of heavy draft horses is one of the most profitable branches of live stock farming. Few farmers realize the importance of size in a draft horse when put on the market, other in public or private sale. A horse that weighs less than 1,500 pounds is not considered a draft horse in any of the horse markets of the country, yet the mares kept on the ordinary farms are usually lighter than that. This accounts for the small, scrubby lot of horses that are constantly being put on the market at a loss to the breeder.

There is an increasing demand for heavier horses on the farms. Deeper and better tillage must be practiced in the future, and this requires heavier machinery and more motive power. There are two ways of increasing this power. One is by increasing the number of light horses. But the most economical way is to increase the weight of the horses. This will reduce the farm labor force; will decrease the amount of equipment necessary in requiring less stable room and less harness, and the cost of feed will be lessened.

expense of operation. The motor truck has its place on the farm. It can be used for plowing and heavy hauling, but can never replace the draft horse. If the draft horse is a permanent part of agriculture, more attention should be given to its production.

All farmers and breeders who are breeding horses for commercial purposes should replace their small mares with heavier ones. This must be done gradually by adding a few good draft mares to the herd every year and selling the poorer ones. Sometimes good colts may be reared from inferior mares by mating them to a good stallion, but better ones always will be the result of the mating of better mares to the same stallion. There are plenty of good stallions throughout the state, but the mares are lacking, and until the farmers come to realize the value of the right kind of mares the profit in breeding will be low.

POTATOES GROWN IN STRAW STACKS

Unless Ground Is Reasonably Fertile One Should Not Expect Satisfactory Results.

Years and years ago potatoes were grown in old straw stacks, and this suggested hauling out straw to cover the ground no matter where the potatoes were planted. I have heard a great many praise this plan, while others give it as a flat failure. I have tried it with success, and in some cases have failed, but in that failure learned the cause thereof.

One cannot control the season, and for this reason, early potatoes in straw have been an indifferent success, while those planted later are almost always better than when given cultivation and the straw not used. If we have a cold, wet spring, potatoes planted in a deep furrow under straw, are not likely to do well, while if the sun is warm, they will not lack for moisture, and the potato must have sufficient moisture.

I prepare the ground and lay off rows with a single shovel just as if I were going to plant in the regular way except that the rows may be some closer together. The potatoes are then dropped in the row, and barely covered, so that in some cases one side of the piece shows. It is often as well not to cover with dirt at all, but it is safer in case of dry weather to cover a little.

Then with a wogan haul out old or wheat straw and cover the ground solidly to a depth of six inches or a foot. Never fear, for the potatoes, they will come through the straw, and so will nettles which are akin to the potato vine in this respect, but other weeds will be smothered, and the patch will be perfectly clean except for the rows of green potato vines. It will not be necessary to cultivate with either plow or hoe, and if a few bull nettles should be found they may be cut off with a blade. The potatoes will form right at the top of the ground and in the lower layer of straw. There will be some elements of fertility in the rotting straw, but unless the ground is reasonably fertile one should not expect any better results from this plan than by cultivating.

At digging time begin on one side, fork the straw over and pick up the potatoes, then take the next row forking the straw from it over on the row that has just been dug or rather picked. The potatoes will be white and clean, and you will get all of them, whereas by the old method of cultivation and digging among the weeds as high your head you get maybe not more than half.

Set Out Peppers.

It is not too late to set out peppers. This plant should never be set in the open ground until the thermometer stands at about 60 degrees through the night and all danger of frosts is passed.

Begin Spraying.

Spraying vegetables should be commenced the very moment the insects are seen. Every day thereafter makes the work of observing them more difficult.

Potato Spray.

Arsenate of lead is replacing paris green in spraying potatoes because it adheres to the foliage better.

Keep the Hoe Going.

Keep the wheel hoe going all through the month, particularly if the ground is dry.

Strawberry Plants.

Do not set out fresh strawberry plants next spring in a bed that was occupied by the old plants this year.

TRAIN DYNAMITED; 200 KILLED

RAILWAY TRACK NEAR GUAYMAS MINED BY REBELS.

Soldiers Mutiny at Mexico City: Object to Going into Field to Battle Against Rebels.

Nozales, Ariz.—By the dynamiting of a troop train above Guaymas Tuesday, 200 federal soldiers were killed and many more wounded. The track had been mined by rebels. Bill F. Masson, the aviator, is reported to have repaired his aeroplane, and will again attempt to drop bombs on the federal forces. An aeroplane manufactured in Donlax, Ariz., is known to have crossed Tuesday night into Mexico and was taken to Naco, Sonora.

New Mexican Recruits Mutiny.

City of Mexico.—Two hundred irregulars, who were recently recruited, mutinied Tuesday in the Peralillo barracks, in a populous section of the city, when they learned that they were to be sent into the field. They cheered for Carranza, the rebel leader, and were preparing to take chances of gaining a following in the streets against the government when they found themselves looking into the guns of the men of the Twenty-ninth regiment, the same regiment which occupied the palace when Francisco Madero was captured.

This regiment had been rushed across the town to quell the mutiny and the irregulars surrendered without a fight.

Stories of a most alarming character are prevalent. The mutiny at the Peralillo barracks has been exaggerated by repetition until thousands, remembering the battle in the streets in February, appear to believe the reports of risings in the garrisons in all the suburbs.

Additional patrols are guarding the streets. The specific grievance of the mutineers was that they were to be sent into the field as part of a regiment of captured Zapata adherents who had been drafted into the army.

Capture American Lumbering Town.

El Paso, Tex.—Federal mutineers led by Maximo Castillo took the American lumbering town of Pearson, Chihuahua, after an all-day fight Tuesday. The federal garrison, numbering 150, was captured.

Castillo has announced for the Vasquez Gomez revolutionary cause, operating independently of the Huerta federalists and constitutionalist insurgents.

PRESIDENT HANDS OUT MORE JOBS

President Wilson Nominates Cornelius J. Ford for Public Printer, Also Number of Texas Postmasters.

Washington.—Cornelius J. Ford of New Jersey, a labor leader, was nominated by President Wilson Tuesday to be public printer.

The president Tuesday nominated J. C. French as postmaster at Memphis, Tenn., and H. J. Geary to be postmaster at Lake Charles, La.

Among other nominations were those of Charles M. Galloway of South Carolina and Herman W. Craven of Seattle to be civil service commissioners.

Texas postmasters: Crosbyton, Kate G. Burke; Lexington, J. W. Hardcastle; Roxton, Myrtle C. Bradshaw; Sonora, G. W. Smith; Dilley, J. W. Miller; Pecan Gap, G. B. Taylor; Yoakum, T. P. Woodward; Eastland, Henry Van Geen; Orange, John J. Ball; Hereford, Ralph H. Barnett; Higgins, J. W. Winsett; Jacksboro, J. W. Gaskin; Pilot Point, J. L. Noel; Plainfield, J. O. Sanford; Stephenville, George P. Knight; Toyah, H. H. Lickett; Julia, W. B. Hutchinson; Alpine, W. L. Coleman; Barstow, F. Pingerson; Henrietta, W. H. Cook; Lindale, T. J. Odon; Lott, M. C. Childs; Lovelady, C. B. Moore; Victoria, E. R. Fleming; Woodville, Annie Strykers.

Newspaper Publicity Law Upheld.

Washington.—The validity of the "newspaper publicity" law, enacted in 1912 as a provision of the postal appropriation act, was upheld Tuesday by the unanimous decision of the supreme court of the United States. Chief Justice White announced the court's conclusions.

This law requires every newspaper, magazine or other publication to file semi-annually with the postmaster general and the local postmaster sworn statements of the names of the editors, managers, owners, stockholders and bondholders, and in the case of daily newspapers, of the average daily circulation. Publication of these statements is required and for failure to comply with any of the provisions the publication shall be denied the "privileges of the mail." A second paragraph provides that paid for editorial or reading matter of any such publication shall be marked "advertisement," under penalty of a fine or imprisonment.

Beaumont, Tex.—Sale of the Jackson ranch in Chambers County to J. C. Everett and associates of Dallas for approximately \$1,000,000 was consummated Tuesday. There are 31,000 acres in the tract, which is about ten miles long and from seven to eight miles wide.

Montreal.—Eleven steamship companies operating on the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence river were merged Tuesday into the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, with \$16,000,000 capital.

Beaumont, Tex.—Although so badly scalded that the skin slipped from parts of his body, A. Collett climbed a ladder from a sand barge to the wharf Tuesday and calmly waited for an ambulance to take him to the Sisters hospital. He died in great agony at the hospital.

Port Lavaca, Tex.—Mrs. Bessie Peterson, the newly appointed postmistress for Port Lavaca, took charge Tuesday.

It's Easy to Learn.

Alexander Graham Bell, the inventor of the telephone, hit on his marvelous discovery while studying and while teaching the deaf.

At a dinner in Washington, Professor Bell said, apropos of this fact: "Yes, we can learn valuable secrets from the most unlikely source. A Persian poet, famed for his wisdom, was once asked by his king where he had learned his philosophy. "From the blind, sire," the poet replied—"from the blind, who never advance a step till they have tried the ground."

Information Wanted.

A little girl listened quietly to the serious conversation of her elders. At last, hearing her father make an interesting statement about the postal situation, she could no longer keep silence.

"But, papa," she asked, earnestly, "if the postoffice department doesn't pay for itself, then it can't have any money, can it? Then why do they keep on advertising postal banks?"

No. SIX-SIXTY-SIX

This is a prescription prepared especially for Malaria or Chills and Fever. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the fever will not return. 25c.—Adv.

Not to His Taste.

"Why did you put me at dinner between these two women? They nearly talked me to death."

"Why, I thought you were so fond of tongue sandwiches."

Cures Ivy Poisoning.

For ivy poisoning apply Hanford's Balsam. It is antiseptic and may be used to kill the poison. Prompt relief should follow the first application. Adv.

His Confession.

Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis, of Chicago, confesses that he once worked as an usher in a theater.

To Relieve the Pain of a Burn Instantly and Reduce the Swelling, Apply the Wonderful and Reliable OIL, PITCHER'S ANTI-BURN HEALING OIL. Relieves pain and heals at the same time. 25c. 50c. \$1.00.

Many a married man has made his wife happy by leaving home.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

One hen on a nest is worth two roosters on a roost.

Sold upon merit—Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

A lie is often more respectable than the truth.

EXPERIENCE OF MOTHERHOOD

Advice to Expectant Mothers

The experience of Motherhood is a trying one to most women and marks distinctly an epoch in their lives. Not one woman in a hundred is prepared or understands how to properly care for herself. Of course nearly every woman nowadays has medical treatment at such times, but many approach the experience with an organism unfitted for the trial of strength, and when it is over her system has received a shock from which it is hard to recover. Following right upon this comes the nervous strain of caring for the child, and a distinct change in the mother results.

There is nothing more charming than a happy and healthy mother of children, and indeed child-birth under the right conditions need be no hazard to health or beauty. The unexplainable thing is that, with all the evidence of shattered nerves and broken health resulting from an unprepared condition, and with ample time in which to prepare, women will persist in going blindly to the trial.

Every woman at this time should rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism.

In many homes once children are born, because of the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes women normal, healthy and strong.



If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

CONSTIPATION

may be either a transient or permanent affliction, arising from some error in diet or as a result of constantly weak digestion. For temporary and obstinate cases the best relief is



WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1 & 2. No. 3. Great success in curing chronic constipation, hemorrhoids, piles, kidney, bladder, diabetes, blood, uric acid, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, indigestion, flatulence, biliousness, etc. No. 1 & 2. No. 3. No. 4. No. 5. No. 6. No. 7. No. 8. No. 9. No. 10. No. 11. No. 12. No. 13. No. 14. No. 15. No. 16. No. 17. No. 18. No. 19. No. 20. No. 21. No. 22. No. 23. No. 24. No. 25. No. 26. No. 27. No. 28. No. 29. No. 30. No. 31. No. 32. No. 33. No. 34. No. 35. No. 36. No. 37. No. 38. No. 39. No. 40. No. 41. No. 42. No. 43. No. 44. No. 45. No. 46. No. 47. No. 48. No. 49. No. 50. No. 51. No. 52. No. 53. No. 54. No. 55. No. 56. No. 57. No. 58. No. 59. No. 60. No. 61. No. 62. No. 63. No. 64. No. 65. No. 66. No. 67. No. 68. No. 69. No. 70. No. 71. No. 72. No. 73. No. 74. No. 75. No. 76. No. 77. No. 78. No. 79. No. 80. No. 81. No. 82. No. 83. No. 84. No. 85. No. 86. No. 87. No. 88. No. 89. No. 90. No. 91. No. 92. No. 93. No. 94. No. 95. No. 96. No. 97. No. 98. No. 99. No. 100. No. 101. No. 102. No. 103. No. 104. No. 105. No. 106. No. 107. No. 108. No. 109. No. 110. No. 111. No. 112. No. 113. No. 114. No. 115. No. 116. No. 117. No. 118. No. 119. No. 120. No. 121. No. 122. No. 123. No. 124. No. 125. No. 126. No. 127. No. 128. No. 129. No. 130. No. 131. No. 132. No. 133. No. 134. No. 135. No. 136. No. 137. No. 138. No. 139. No. 140. No. 141. No. 142. No. 143. No. 144. No. 145. No. 146. No. 147. No. 148. No. 149. No. 150. No. 151. No. 152. No. 153. No. 154. No. 155. No. 156. No. 157. No. 158. No. 159. No. 160. No. 161. No. 162. No. 163. No. 164. No. 165. No. 166. No. 167. No. 168. No. 169. No. 170. No. 171. No. 172. No. 173. No. 174. No. 175. No. 176. No. 177. No. 178. No. 179. No. 180. No. 181. No. 182. No. 183. No. 184. No. 185. No. 186. No. 187. No. 188. No. 189. No. 190. No. 191. No. 192. No. 193. No. 194. No. 195. No. 196. No. 197. No. 198. No. 199. No. 200. No. 201. No. 202. No. 203. No. 204. No. 205. No. 206. No. 207. No. 208. No. 209. No. 210. No. 211. No. 212. No. 213. No. 214. No. 215. No. 216. No. 217. No. 218. No. 219. No. 220. No. 221. No. 222. No. 223. No. 224. No. 225. No. 226. No. 227. No. 228. No. 229. No. 230. No. 231. No. 232. No. 233. No. 234. No. 235. No. 236. No. 237. No. 238. No. 239. No. 240. No. 241. No. 242. No. 243. No. 244. No. 245. No. 246. No. 247. No. 248. No. 249. No. 250. No. 251. No. 252. No. 253. No. 254. No. 255. No. 256. No. 257. No. 258. No. 259. No. 260. No. 261. No. 262. No. 263. No. 264. No. 265. No. 266. No. 267. No. 268. No. 269. No. 270. No. 271. No. 272. No. 273. No. 274. No. 275. No. 276. No. 277. No. 278. No. 279. No. 280. No. 281. No. 282. No. 283. No. 284. No. 285. No. 286. No. 287. No. 288. No. 289. No. 290. No. 291. No. 292. No. 293. No. 294. No. 295. No. 296. No. 297. No. 298. No. 299. No. 300. No. 301. No. 302. No. 303. No. 304. No. 305. No. 306. No. 307. No. 308. No. 309. No. 310. No. 311. No. 312. No. 313. No. 314. No. 315. No. 316. No. 317. No. 318. No. 319. No. 320. No. 321. No. 322. No. 323. No. 324. No. 325. No. 326. No. 327. No. 328. No. 329. No. 330. No. 331. No. 332. No. 333. No. 334. No. 335. No. 336. No. 337. No. 338. No. 339. No. 340. No. 341. No. 342. No. 343. No. 344. No. 345. No. 346. No. 347. No. 348. No. 349. No. 350. No. 351. No. 352. No. 353. No. 354. No. 355. No. 356. No. 357. No. 358. No. 359. No. 360. No. 361. No. 362. No. 363. No. 364. No. 365. No. 366. No. 367. No. 368. No. 369. No. 370. No. 371. No. 372. No. 373. No. 374. No. 375. No. 376. No. 377. No. 378. No. 379. No. 380. No. 381. No. 382. No. 383. No. 384. No. 385. No. 386. No. 387. No. 388. No. 389. No. 390. No. 391. No. 392. No. 393. No. 394. No. 395. No. 396. No. 397. No. 398. No. 399. No. 400. No. 401. No. 402. No. 403. No. 404. No. 405. No. 406. No. 407. No. 408. No. 409. No. 410. No. 411. No. 412. No. 413. No. 414. No. 415. No. 416. No. 417. No. 418. No. 419. No. 420. No. 421. No. 422. No. 423. No. 424. No. 425. No. 426. No. 427. No. 428. No. 429. No. 430. No. 431. No. 432. No. 433. No. 434. No. 435. No. 436. No. 437. No. 438. No. 439. No. 440. No. 441. No. 442. No. 443. No. 444. No. 445. No. 446. No. 447. No. 448. No. 449. No. 450. No. 451. No. 452. No. 453. No. 454. No. 455. No. 456. No. 457. No. 458. No. 459. No. 460. No. 461. No. 462. No. 463. No. 464. No. 465. No. 466. No. 467. No. 468. No. 469. No. 470. No. 471. No. 472. No. 473. No. 474. No. 475. No. 476. No. 477. No. 478. No. 479. No. 480. No. 481. No. 482. No. 483. No. 484. No. 485. No. 486. No. 487. No. 488. No. 489. No. 490. No. 491. No. 492. No. 493. No. 494. No. 495. No. 496. No. 497