

A Call.
Realizing the great benefit that would be derived by the people of our State from the incoming of a desirable class of immigrants and improved public roads the Business Men's Association decided to call a Road and Immigration Convention, composed of delegates from the Atakapas district, to meet in Lafayette on Wednesday, June 1st.

A PALPALE INJUSTICE
The recently commissioned member of the town council of Lafayette met last Monday, and among the various matters considered by the organized body was the public printing of the corporation.

The following is, in substance, the discussion that took place, while passing upon the subject:
Moved by I. N. Satterfield, and seconded by A. Cayard, that the printing of the corporation be given to the Advertiser, at the same price that the work is now being done for, that is, \$150 a year.

At this stage of the proceedings H. J. Mouton, one of the proprietors of The Gazette, presented a written request that the public printing be put to a bid, because The Gazette desired to put in a bid for said printing. His Honor, the Mayor, read this request to the meeting.

Whereupon Fred Mouton moved as a substitute to Satterfield's motion that the public printing be put to a bid, adding that it was customary to accept such bids sealed. This was seconded by J. O. Mouton.

Before voting upon the substitute Satterfield made some remarks to the effect that he did not think the work could be done at a lower price than \$150 a year, and for that reason favored giving the printing to the Advertiser; although, he added, he thought it was the duty of the council to have the work of the corporation done as cheap as possible.

The substitute to the motion of Satterfield was then put to a vote, and resulted as follows: yeas, Fred Mouton and J. O. Mouton, 2 votes; nays, Satterfield, A. M. Martin, A. Caillouet and A. Cayard, 4 votes, and the substitute was lost.

The motion of Satterfield was then put to a vote, with the following result: yeas, Satterfield, Martin, Caillouet, Cayard and J. O. Mouton, 5 votes; nays, Fred Mouton, 1 vote, and the motion prevailed.

From the foregoing it will be readily seen that the request of The Gazette that this printing be put to a bid, was rejected, and it was given to the Advertiser, although no proposition to do the work was presented, or read, during the meeting, from the management of that paper.

I. N. Satterfield in his remarks stated that he did not think the work could be done for less than the amount given to the Advertiser, but by what process of reasoning he arrived at this conclusion we do not know, yet in spite of what Mr. Satterfield may think The Gazette was prepared to make the offer to do this work for \$75 a year, and had it been put up at public cry would have bid down to \$10 or less, and besides, would have given bond for its faithful performance.

Although The Gazette is not published in a spirit of philanthropy, but was established solely as a business venture to afford the means for a livelihood to its two owners, still it considered the title of official journal to be of sufficient value to put in a low bid, and would have done so had it not been shut out by the rankest kind of partiality and a total disregard of fair play. The Gazette is frank enough to admit that while it did care for a monetary consideration, it cared more for the title of official journal.

Any person with a modicum sense of fair play must admit, we are confident, after reading what really took place, as published above that, apparently, it was the fixed purpose to give this printing to the Advertiser regardless of any circumstance that might arise.

However, the injustice is done, and we now present these facts to the public, inasmuch as the published official proceedings contains no reference to The Gazette's request for a bid.

JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRACY.
The Advertiser, in its last issue, says "it is to be regretted that the defeated candidates"—in the late

municipal election—"deemed it necessary" to contest, "especially at this time, when Lafayette is making every effort possible for advancement, as it will not redound to the credit of our city abroad," and adds, "but such, we suppose, is 'Jeffersonian Democracy.'"

The last phrase is, evidently, a hit at The Gazette, because it made the statement, some time since, that it was not in keeping with the principles of Jeffersonian and Jacksonian Democracy for Democrats to appoint Republicans to office.

These were the views expressed by The Gazette, at the time, and it still holds to that opinion, and is supported by the political history of this country. The tendency towards a party and party administration of the government, was one of the early features in the political history of our republic. At the beginning of his administration Mr. Jefferson transferred the offices of the government to members of the Democratic party. This policy had, in some measure, been adopted by his predecessor, but the principle was then made universal.

When Andrew Jackson became President, in that particular, he went further than his illustrious predecessor, having even been credited with the famous phrase: "To the victor belongs the spoils." Although we do not here state as an historical fact, that the phrase was originally enunciated by him, but it was certainly adopted and put in full force and effect in his administration of the government.

Therefore, if Jefferson the founder of the Democratic party, and Andrew Jackson, its great apostle, have laid it down as a party principle that the Democratic party should give the offices to Democrats, we can not surmise how the Advertiser can insinuate that Democrats should give the offices to Republicans. In the views expressed by us on this subject, we are borne out by the political history of this country, and we propose to adhere to them, notwithstanding the evident contrary opinion of the talented editor of the Advertiser.

These views we expressed, and nothing else, but the Advertiser travels out of the way, and says, in substance, that because the candidates have filed a contest, this is "supposed" is "Jeffersonian Democracy."

With the filing of that contest we have no more to do than that paper, but that it will tend to the discredit of the town abroad we do not so think, especially as the Advertiser notes in the same article, that the new council decided to go ahead with their business as if no "trial" was to take place.

We never before heard that citizens who resorted to the courts, for a redress of their grievances, as guaranteed them by the laws of their country, were an impediment to the progress of a community, as we always thought that they were classed as law-abiding citizens, who are generally considered the pillars of our government; but this, we presume, is an other presumption on Jeffersonian Democracy, to which, however, we lay no claim.

The gentlemen who filed the contest believe that they have been wronged in their rights. We believe that they would have been wronged, had they not applied to the courts for the protection of their rights. They are individually responsible for the result of the trial and as American citizens have the perfect privilege of submitting their rights to a jury of their countrymen.

It is The Gazette's deliberate opinion that those who have rights should dare maintain them; and we are convinced that the credit of our city will not suffer abroad, because some of her citizens have peacefully resorted to the courts for an adjustment of their rights.

VERY TRUE.
Lafayette, Vermillion and St. Mary parishes have just cause to be proud. Judge Allen and District Attorney Gordy have made for themselves, and for the district they represent a reputation of a just execution of the laws that is second to none in the state.—Rayne Ranger.

Very true Bro. Cunningham. These two faithful public servants appreciating the trust reposed in them, are doing their simple duty, and for this they deserve, and we are pleased to state, are receiving the encomiums of the people of the district. It is rare now a days to meet public servants who have a true conception of their positions, and when found, even people outside of their district, look favorably upon and commend the performance of a plain sworn duty.

DECIDEDLY INJURIOUS.

Wednesday was the most disagreeable day that we have yet experienced in the town of Lafayette. A strong wind blew all day, and a great many people were forced to keep their doors closed on account of the clouds of dust, that hung about everywhere.

It seems to The Gazette that the disagreeable experience of Wednesday should be an incentive to our people to hasten to take measures to alleviate this disagreeableness. Not only has this dust proved a source of aggravation to our comfort but it works a loss by the damage it causes to the goods of our merchants as well as to our home and personal apparel.

But this dust does more. It is detrimental to health, as attested by Dr. Moore, of New York City, who charges dusty streets with a grave responsibility in causing and aggravating disorders of the eye and ear. Recently when clouds of dust were whirled all about New York, and grip was prevalent, bronchial and lung troubles occupied the largest share of public attention.

But the eye and the ear were suffering too; and undoubtedly other specialists could tell of many patients in whom these organs were in a state of inflammation, owing to the gritty particles which made their way directly into the ear, or set up some trouble in the ear by disordering the mucus membrane in the head.

This should cause serious reflection on the part of our people.

THE DEADLY PARALLEL.
Extract from the Official Proceedings of the City Council of Lafayette, published in the Official paper, May 30, 1893:
The appointment of officers being in order, will be vested with all the powers of said office, who shall be responsible for all the acts of his office, and the salary of the Marshal and each deputy be and is hereby fixed at \$50 each per month.

Extract from the city charter amendment of Lafayette, La., published in the Official paper, May 30, 1893:
Be it further enacted, etc., That the town Constable may appoint a deputy who for officers being in order, will be vested with all the powers of said office, who shall be responsible for all the acts of his office, and the salary of the Marshal and each deputy be and is hereby fixed at \$50 each per month.

THAT'S RIGHT.
The Brooklyn Eagle (mugwump) is sad and sorry because Secretary Carlisle thus expressed himself to the Washington correspondent of that paper:
If we are going to let Republicans remain in office I would like to know what we held an election for. We might as well have let President Harrison stay in the White House and run the government.

Them's our sentiments. When the "boys in the trenches" pulled off their coats and went into the fight and won, it was certainly not for the purpose of turning over to the enemy the "commissary departments." They believe, and justly, that the principles of the party can be better subserved by "firing out" every foe from every position, big and little, and putting their own faithful workers "in." In the words of Secretary Carlisle "what did we hold an election for?"

BETTER ROADS.
In order to improve the roads money is required. There is no way of avoiding that issue. The present system, while it exacts no direct payment of money, has been shown to be the most expensive of the systems which have been discussed; but there is no tax which when the results are fully appreciated, will be more cheerfully paid by the people than that required to maintain a system which frees them from the octopus grasp of a plan that still remains as a relic of feudalism and the dark ages. The present system of "personal" service is so manifestly wrong that it needs no discussion. In the language of an eminent authority on the subject of roads, "The road tax system of personal service is unsound in principle, unjust in its operation, wasteful in its practice, and unprofitable in its results." It is in fact a "travesty and a failure," having been tried everywhere and always found to be unsuccessful. If the system is to be changed how then is the money to be raised? It is believed in addition to this, since property owners receive the greater benefit from good roads.

Considerations of economy would dictate the kind of tax to be employed without further comment. But there is, beyond and above the saving in the cost of maintenance in either of the two last named systems, an economy resulting from the better roads obtained which it is difficult to estimate accurately or to fully appreciate. Reference is made to the increased capacity of stock by at least one-fifth, five horses easily doing the work of six; the only that, but the increased wear and tear of vehicles an item of economy amounting, as it will, to many hundreds of dollars every year. There is perhaps an equal saving in the fact that hauling an overladen wagon over a road can be done in bad weather when stock would otherwise be standing idle in the stalls; thus all the good weather is left free for farm work. In a county with 3,000 head of horses, at present it is safe to say that thirty days out of each winter finds them in the stalls doing nothing. The food alone during that time involves a money value of \$9,000 at the absurdly low estimate of \$3 per head per day. It will be wise to forget the increased values of lands which invariably come with good roads. Better roads are economical in bringing the farmer in closer contact with the market, affording him increased facilities for the disposition of his produce and for the transportation of his supplies. They conduce in a wonderful degree to the personal pride of the citizen and increase immeasurably the bodily vigor and efficiency of the traveling public. They are potent factors in the advancement of education and the Christian religion, and increased happiness and prosperity follow with no sluggish footsteps along the line of the smooth and ample highway.

Cut the grass down in the yard in front of the Court House. Where is the lawn mower?

man too often arrogates to himself virtues to which he is not entitled. In addition to the faults and vices exclusively masculine, he possesses many of the little weaknesses which belong to the gentler sex. He is often designated as a "sneaking animal;" in too many instances, a selfish animal is the more appropriate distinction.

Notwithstanding the late start, the journey was not attended with any discomfort on account of heat, as the floating clouds kept the sun partially veiled, and the brisk breeze counteracted the effects of the rays that slipped through the broken clouds. We arrived there at 1:30 A. M., without anything to mar the pleasure of the trip. We found an abundance of shade for man and beast under the thick foliage of immense oaks. Immediately upon our arrival the ladies repaired to the bath-house to wash the dust out of their eyes and tresses. It was here that the first marked diversion occurred; for a few seconds the minds of non-lookers were filled with feelings of painful suspense, as they did not know whether the incident would prove serious or ludicrous. I thought that the bottom of the bath-house had fallen out as I heard a splashing which reminded me of sporting nermalis, but instant reflection satisfied me that those sea nymphs do not inhabit little streams like Vermillion bayou. In an instant more, I heard a hoisterous laugh which indicated that nothing serious had happened. Having some curiosity to know what had occasioned that mysterious splashing so nearby, I approached nearer, and met a young lady emerging from the bath-room, presenting the appearance of one just having undergone a baptismal immersion; but as no clergyman was present, and as she does not belong to the Baptist denomination I knew that she had not attempted to wash away her sins in any such emblematical manner. I felt in great compassion for her at the mishap, for she looked so meek and humble. When my sympathetic feelings calmed sufficiently for utterance, I inquired if her dress was ruined, and when informed that it was not, I felt much relieved. Had the accident happened a few hours later, I would have thought it a providential punishment for attributing to me selfish motives, in devising means for the enjoyment of another. Now, Miss—, I am not one bit sorry that you fell into that bathtub without your bathing-suit on. You had the last word in that argument, but I have it now and will forgive you for that charge; moreover, am willing to say of women, with all her faults, "Without the smiles from partial beauty won, what were man? A world without a sun."

Though I have already taken up much space in your paper, I cannot close without thanking Major Mouton, the proprietor of the Springs, for the hospitality extended to our party. I am sure he would not feel more pleased than surprised to hear the many kind and complimentary expressions regarding the cordial reception given us. He mingled with us as though he had known us long and well, and seemed to find pleasure in beholding the enjoyment of his visitors. I hope he will derive some pleasure from being told that he made a "friend" of every one of our party. His courteous and affable manners showed how much pleasure a host can contribute to his guests. To those who have never met the Major, I will say that not the least of the attractions of the Springs, is, the gentlemanly and courteous reception which they will receive from him when they visit there.

To those who are fond of pears, I will suggest that they make it convenient to call there in August. I have lived for a number of years in the greatest fruit region of the United States, and have never seen more luscious and vigorous pear trees; they furnish an unquestionable proof of the adaptability of that section for the cultivation of that fruit.

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.
LAFAYETTE, LA., MAY 29, 1893.
From the Official Journal.
The Mayor and members elected at the last election for City Council having received their credentials and being duly qualified there is special meeting for the purpose of organizing. Members present: Wm. Campbell, Mayor; J. O. Mouton, E. N. Satterfield, A. L. Caillouet, F. Mouton, A. Cayard, A. M. Martin, Albert Mouton, F. Dehaussaye.
The message of the Mayor was read and on motion was ordered to be printed and form a part of the minutes.

To the Members of the City Council.
GENTLEMEN:—Before entering upon our duties, I have thought it proper to deliver this message in order to transmit to you a few ideas and suggestions. It is a well known, established principle that the business of the city should first have a solid foundation. Well, upon assuming our new duties, our members of this council our motto should be justice to all, vigilance to the detriment and welfare of our City and exactness in performing our duties without fear, hope or reward.
The most essential committees of this body are the Finance and street and improvement committees. It is also very essential that a sanitary committee be formed.

Now in regard to our police force, my opinion is that it should consist of a day and night police; that there be a Marshal and two deputies, one to be on duty during the day and one during the night under the supervision and appointment of the Marshal. That the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars a month be paid to said police force, that is fifty dollars to the Marshal and fifty dollars to each deputy. I will be paid to said police force, that is fifty dollars to the Marshal and fifty dollars to each deputy. I will be paid to said police force, that is fifty dollars to the Marshal and fifty dollars to each deputy.

I will also call the attention of this body to the work performed by our predecessors. The finance of this City is in a very healthy condition; the corporation is without debt and the welfare of our City and that our successors will prove to be harmonious. I remain respectfully,
Wm. Campbell.

The following was unanimously adopted:
WHEREAS, the Charter of the Town of Lafayette, with amendments thereto, provides necessary or per cent for the services of the members of the Town Council, and
WHEREAS, we deem it proper that the old rate "No Salary" should be adopted in order to carry out the views of our constituents, and in order to apply all the revenues of the town to its improvement and progress, therefore be it
Resolved, that this Council believes that under the law they should draw no salary and they do hereby agree to draw none for their services.

The appointment for officers being in order it was moved and seconded that a Marshal and two deputies be appointed and the salary of the Marshal and each deputy be and is hereby fixed at \$50 each per month.
On motion duly seconded, John Vigneaux was duly elected Marshal.
Moved and seconded, that A. Neveu be re-elected secretary and treasurer with salary of \$250 a year.
On motion duly seconded, the following committee be appointed to prepare a report on the condition of this body with a salary of \$100 a year.
The Mayor then appointed the following committee, to-wit:
Finance Committee—Fred Mouton, Albert Cayard

BEAUSEJOUR PARK.
On the Banks of Beautiful Bayou Vermillion.
EXCELLENT Spring Water,
COMMODIOUS Bath Houses,
Large Dancing Platform. Beautiful Grounds and Plenty of Shade. Elegant Sit for Families, Parties, Etc. Water for drinking and bathing purposes unsurpassed.
Come and see the place and enjoy a splendid bath.
SIDNEY MOUTON, Manager.

New Store!
Alex. Delahoussaye,
Has Just Opened next to Lacoste's a General
Grocery Store
Where at all times will be found the freshest and best quality of goods in his line.
An invitation is extended to all to call on him.

G. LACOSTE,
—DEALER IN—
Stoves, Harness, Carriages
and WAGONS,
Manufacturer's agent for Walking and Riding Cultivators, Disc Harrow, Leaver Drag, Harrow, Stalk Cutter, Corn and Cotton Planters, Sulky Plows,
Turning Plows, Hay Rakes, Road Carts.

Corner of Jefferson and Vermillion Streets, LAFAYETTE, LA.
Land Attorney, Surveyor, and Real Estate Agent.
ALSO REPRESENTING THE
MANHATTAN
2^o Loan Association.

This company negotiates loans on real estate, making payments of principal quite as easy as interest payments on the old plan of loans. For further information address or apply to
Welman Bradford,
Agent, Rayne, La.

THERE IS A STORE
ON THE SOUTHWEST COR. COURT-HOUSE SQUARE.
Where Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Stationary, etc., Fine Cigars, and the best of Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes, are sold at reasonable prices.
Also a few fine Groceries are to be had and some Hardware.

THIS PLACE IS OWNED BY
WM. CLEGG.
The Singer Sewing Machine.
Is the best in the world. Light Running, Durable, Noiseless, Simple.
J. CHARLES BAUDIER
General Agent for Lafayette Parish.
Office at J. P. Buhler Shoe Store

FOR SALE.
Valuable Town Lots.
Lots Nos. 54, 105 and 218, situated in the Mills addition, measuring 100x140 feet; also improved property on Main street opposite J. E. Martin's place. Terms reasonable. For further particulars apply to
THE GAZETTE.
A. Neveu, Secy.

BOSTON.
Standard and Registered.
Boston was sired by Baden-Baden, he by Equity. Baden-Baden the sire of Boston is a Kentucky derby winner. Boston will stand the present season at Le Teche farm of Dr. H. P. Guilbeau & Son, at Breux bridge, at \$15 Cash for the season, with return privilege.

For Sale
A lot, well improved, in the town of Lafayette, next to Wm. Clegg's residence, is offered for sale at a moderate price. For further information apply at The Gazette office, or to
C. H. Broussard, Lafayette, La.

S. Georgiades,
Manufacturer of high grade candies, of every kind, and makes a specialty of the
"BOSS CHEWING CANDY"
and especially the "BOSS CHOCOLATE CHEWING CANDY."
Grand Opening Sunday
OF MY
ICE CREAM PARLOR,
where choice Ice Cream, delicious Lemonades, etc., will always be kept.
Orders for parties, weddings, etc., filled at short notice. He also handles tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, etc., and his establishment is on Main street.

Beausejour Park
On the Banks of Beautiful Bayou Vermillion.
EXCELLENT Spring Water,
COMMODIOUS Bath Houses,
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LIVERY, FEED, AND SALE Stable.
E. CONSTANTIN, Proprietor.
Lafayette, La.

CITY BAKERY, LEONCE GUIDRY,
LAFAYETTE, LA. Proprietor.
NUMA BROUSSARD,
GABINET MAKER AND FURNITURE REPAIRING
OF ALL KINDS.
Turning of Banisters, Scroll Banisters, Fancy and Plain Mantels, Fancy Glass Doors of all kinds, Brackets, etc., etc.
Lafayette, La.

LAFAYETTE BLACKSMITH,
WHEELWRIGHT AND SUPPLY SHOP.
Near Bank Building.
FRED. MOUTON, - - - Proprietor.
Lowest prices, consistent with work done. All work promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ALBERT de la ROUSSAYE,
BAKER & CONFECTIONER
Vermillion street, Lafayette, La.
H. C. Salles,
DENTIST.
Office on Buchanan street.
LAFAYETTE, - - - LA.

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R. W. ELLIOTT,
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O. C. & J. MOUTON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
LAFAYETTE, LA.
RAILROAD BARBER SHOP,
In business, near depot.
JOHN VANDERGRIF, Proprietor.
Ladies' and Children's Haircutting at Domestic.

E. Priollaud,
Watchmaker
and
Jeweler.
and dealer in
Rich Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds, etc.
Clegg's Building, Courthouse Square.
Lafayette, La.

Cash tells the story.
Come and see
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DEALERS IN
GENERAL
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Lowest prices consistent with quality of goods.
H. L. Monnier,
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Fresh Groceries always on hand.

"Old Taylor" Whiskey.
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