Saved Her Sight

"My little girl Hazel two years ago had the grip, leaving her with inflamed eyes, so bad that for seven months we had to bandage them and keep her in a dark room. The family physician and an oculist said the sight of one eye was destroyed and she might lose the other. She suffered intense pains, and when light was admitted to the room would cry as if burned with a hot iron. Hazel Butterfield. We began giving her Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to our surprise her eyes began to improve rapidly. The sight gradually returned and

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

she is now as well as ever. Her eyes are permanently and perfectly cured." W. A. BUTTERFIELD, 1495 Hastings St., Detroit, Mich.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills assist digestion, cure headache. Try a box. 25c.

BRODIE'S ASTRINGENT CORDIAL

CURES DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA INFANTUM, —AND ALL— AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS.

OXFORD, LA., July 7, 1883.
Gentlemen:—We have used your Brodie's Cordial in our family for some time past, and are perfectly satisfied with its effects. Would not willingly do without it. Respectfully, J. E. ROBINSON.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
PRICE, 50c. and $1.00.
Prepared by I. L. LYONS & CO.
New Orleans, La.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.,

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime, and read the Label.

AN ASTONISHING TONIC FOR WOMEN.
McELREE'S
WINE OF CARDUI

It Strengthens the Weak, Quiets the Nerves, Relieves Monthly Suffering and Cures
FEMALE DISEASES.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST ABOUT IT.
$1.00 PER BOTTLE.
Chattanooga Med. Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

"August Flower"

"One of my neighbors, Mr. John Gilbert, has been sick for a long time. All thought him past recovery. He was horribly emaciated from the inaction of his liver and kidneys. It is difficult to describe his appearance and the miserable state of his health at that time. Help from any source seemed impossible. He tried your August Flower and the effect upon him was magical. It restored him to perfect health to the great astonishment of his family and friends." John Quibell, Holt, Ont.

Bile Beans

Positively cure Bilious Attacks, Constipation, *Sick-Headache*, etc. 25 cents per bottle, at Drug Stores. Write for sample dose, free.

J. F. SMITH & CO., Props., New York.

DELICATE WOMEN
Or Debilitated Women, should use
BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

Every ingredient possesses superb Tonic properties and exerts a wonderful influence in toning up and strengthening her system, by driving through the proper channels all impurities. Health and strength guaranteed to result from its use.

"My wife, who was bedridden for eight long months, after using *Bradfield's Female Regulator* for two months is getting well." J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

TREASURES OF EARTH.

Enormous Wealth in Gems and Minerals at the World's Fair.

Piles of Precious Metals from the Western States and Diamonds in the Rough from South Africa—Odd Notes of Interest.

[Special Chicago Correspondence.]

There is in the various departments of the world's fair enough mineral wealth exposed to the gaze of the thousands of visitors each day to furnish ransoms for several kings, and high-priced kings at that. Piled up in glittering profusion in the different state exhibits in the mammoth Mines and Mining building and in the state buildings of several of the western states there are gold and silver bearing ores enough to make a mountain of riches, and molded into various forms throughout the fair there is enough more of the precious metals to make a great many men independently wealthy. Aside from this there is among the multitude of exhibits, in the form of watches, jewelry and ornaments, an enormous amount of gold, silver and precious stones, surpassing in quantity and richness anything of the kind ever before placed on exhibition in this country.

People who have barely enough of the "needful" to keep them on a peace-footing with the butcher, the baker and the rest stroll about among the golden ores with as much unconcern as if they were gazing on so much worthless rock. There, close to their hands, are riches enough to enable them to retire permanently from active business pursuits,

ZULU GUARDS.

and they pass it by with but little more than a passing glance. Of course they couldn't make away with any of it if they wanted to, as there are always plenty of lynx-eyed guards about, but it seems strange that so much loose wealth does not attract more attention than it does.

In the Montana section of the Mining building the other day an oldish couple paused before the silver statue of Justice worth seventy-five thousand dollars on a pedestal of gold worth two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and

ENTRANCE TO MINING BUILDING.

after looking it over for a few moments the woman said:

"I wonder what that figger is made out of? I suppose it's lead, ain't it?"

"Yes, I guess so," said the man, carelessly, "it's lead or tin, mebby," and, without deigning a look at the largest block of gold in the whole country, they passed on and became deeply interested in a pile of coal in an adjacent exhibit.

Several of the mining states of the west have made extensive and elaborate exhibits of ores and minerals, and in some cases the displays of agates and crystals are extremely beautiful and artistic. The facade of the Cali-

HUNTING FOR DIAMONDS.

fornia section is formed of variegated onyx and is exceptionally fine. The stone and marble exhibits of some of the states are also entitled by their beauty to more than a casual glance.

But the center of attraction just now is the diamond exhibit of the Kimberly mines of South Africa in the Mining building. There is in the exhibit about one hundred tons of diamondiferous earth which is to be operated upon day after day during the exposition season, and the process of extracting the precious stones from the clay will be an established feature of the fair. The machinery used is the same as that used at the mines in Cape Colony only built on a much smaller scale the better to demonstrate the process to the visitors.

In the operation of washing the dirt it is lifted into a great pan, where by constant stirring it is worked into a soft mud. It is then passed into a cylinder with a spiral motion and holes of different sizes. The smallest pebbles pass through the first aperture, the next in size through the second and so on until all have been dropped into the sieves. The stones are then passed to a sorter who spreads them out on a table and looks for the diamonds. The exhibit is one of great interest, in that the entire process of getting diamonds is shown. First, there are shown pictures of the mines and the methods of getting out the "blue earth" or diamondiferous soil. Then begins the practical part of the show. The machines for disintegrating the rock and dirt, washing it and getting the dirt away from the stones are shown.

THE WASHING MACHINE.

The big machines are run by Zulus, who are brought from the mines for the purpose of demonstrating the workings. These savages are dressed in short trousers only. They refuse to wear anything else, and under these they have their native trousers, if such they can be called.

The method of cleaving the diamonds to prepare them for cutting is shown by skilled workmen, and then the diamonds are polished after being cut. All the processes are carried on in full view of the audience, for whose especial benefit elevated platforms have been erected about the machinery. Thus the production of diamonds, from the mining of the blue earth in which the native gems lie imbedded to the last touch given the polished crystal, will be shown.

The gigantic Zulus who are constantly on guard over the exhibit are in themselves something wonderful to behold. One of them, called "Big Jim," is a great chief who participated in the late Zulu war. He is a man-killer, if reports be true, and would most likely make it interesting for any night prowler who undertook to trespass upon his preserves. From the waist up these natives of the cape are clad only with bear's claws, strung about their necks, but the nether portion of their costumes is suggestive of an acquaintance with some American "Cheap John" clothing establishment. It does not take the rude, untutored child of nature long to get into the "swim" when he comes to Chicago.

In a case that is guarded by the Zulus is a collection of what might be taken for ordinary crystals, but which in reality are diamonds in the rough, aggregating in value somewhere near one million dollars. The clay that is to be worked is put up in strong sacks and is as jealously guarded as any other portion of the exhibit.

This is indeed a wonderful sight and one that will draw to the Mining building a great many people who have read all about the production of diamonds but have never had an opportunity of witnessing the operation.

MONEY SPENT AT THE FAIR.

So Far It Hardly Comes Up to the Estimate—The Outlook Good.

Much brain matter has been expended in estimating the average amount of money spent by visitors at the exposition after entering the gates. Paul Blackmar, chief of the department of collections, said a few days ago that while he had some figures based on the first month's returns he could not do justice to the exposition, give them out until a more definite average had been arrived at.

At the opening of the fair it was Mr. Blackmar's estimate that the average expenditures of each visitor, exclusive of admission fee, would be between fifty and sixty-five cents. For the first month, however, it is not believed that the figures are quite so large.

The returns for May show that the larger the attendance the smaller the average amount spent within the gates by each visitor. Mr. Blackmar does not believe that this state of affairs will continue during the remaining months of the exposition.

"Our big days," he said, "have been holidays, when the thousands of working people living in Chicago came to the park, bringing their lunches with them. They did not come to spend money and had no money to spend. When the railroads begin to bring in excursion parties and the percentage of people from out of the city attending the fair grows larger, I feel sure that the average daily expenditure of each visitor will also grow larger. It is also doubtless true that the nearer the exposition draws to a close the more will people buy souvenirs and memorials of the great fair. In this way the amount of money spent inside the gates will be greatly increased."

The original estimate of the department of concessions was that the exposition would get five million dollars as its share of the receipts of concessionnaires, and they have as yet no reason to change it.

COLD cash bears the same relation to a belle in the matrimonial market that the chromo does to a pound of tea on Vesey street.—Puck.

FRESH FISH.

How the Young Fry Are Hatched Out in the Government Building.

You can see fish hatching by the million in the northeast corner of the Government building, where the fish commission has its display. There are myriads of yellow and pike perch breaking out of their tiny globular gelatinous eggs there every day. Some of them are fed to the big fish in the aquariums and some are turned loose in the lake. The process of the fish hatchery seems simple enough, but the commission people want it understood that it took a long time to perfect it.

The impregnated eggs are brought into the exhibit in big cans nearly every day. They are put into glass jars and slow currents of lake water at the natural temperature are kept flowing slowly through them. The eggs look like a mass of translucent jelly globules. One jar will contain as high as 450,000 perch eggs. It takes from twenty days upward, according to temperature, for the eggs to hatch. Each fish as it hatches seems to consist of two tiny black spots which are eyes and an infinitesimal strip of gelatine, which is the rest of the fish. They can all swim though at a great rate right from the start, and as the young fry are drawn off through the escape tubes of the jars into vats that contain a million or more exceedingly fresh fish they seem to be always on the go.

Of the eggs that are being hatched now, those of the pike perch, known generally as "wall-eyed pike," come from Lake Erie. The yellow perch eggs come from the aquarium. Within a few days the commission expects to be hatching black spotted trout eggs brought from Leadville, Col., and later in the season shad, lake trout and California salmon.

JUNE'S FLORAL DISPLAY.

"Uncle John" Thorpe Provides a Fine Programme for the Month.

June is a fine month for flowers as as well as for weddings and will not be ignored by "Uncle John" Thorpe and his assistants. During the latter part of May the great flower beds about the big greenhouses have blossomed with a display of pansies and tulips that have challenged the admiration of observers.

This month the pansies will be in all their glory. Tulips will be about out, but there are many other flowers to take their place. Peonies will be out in the greatest profusion. The big red and white blossoms will make the flower beds about the greenhouses look like natural carpets. On the wooded island all the hardy flowering plants will be in bloom and that will be the prettiest spot in the fair grounds.

Roses will not be forgotten, nor will they be missed in the floral display for the month. The great variety of the flower affords an opportunity for uncommonly fine displays, and the chances will be made the most of. Designs will be worked out in them, and the display will be literally "acres of roses."

Rhododendrons are flowers of great beauty and adaptibility for display work, and they will be found by their admirers in profusion. So will the campanulas, pretty, bell-shaped blue flowers. So far no particular displays have been arranged for special days, but later such plans will be matured. All in all, the floral features for the month of June will be unexcelled during the time of the fair. It will be the month par excellence for lovers of nature in flowers and foliage to go to Jackson park.

INTERESTING LECTURES.

Forestry, Agriculture and Live Stock to Be Discussed at the Fair.

Chief Buchanan is preparing a programme for a series of lectures or talks on subjects relating to forestry, agriculture, horticulture and live stock, to take place in the assembly hall adjoining the Agricultural building. The lectures will begin June 19, and the first ten days will be devoted to subjects relating to forestry. It is the intention to have these lectures compiled and if possible published in some permanent form hereafter. The subjects to be covered are: "Tree Planting," "The Science of Forestry," "Woods of North America," "Woods of South America," "Woods of Europe," "The Woods of Africa," "The Woods of Asia," "The Woods of Australia," "Effect of Forest on Climate," "Culture and Care of Seedlings," "Government Legislation and Control of Forests," "Diseases of Forest Trees," "Effect of Grazing Woodlands," "Insects Injurious and Beneficial to Forest Trees," "Shade and Shade Trees," "Effects of Careless Lumbering," "Care of Woodlands."

Among the persons invited to discuss these topics are: Prof. B. E. Fernow, chief forestry division United States department of agriculture; Prof. C. S. Crandall, Fort Collins, Ia.; R. W. Furnas, Brownsville, Neb.; Prof. C. B. Waldron, State Agricultural college, Fargo, S. D.; Prof. John C. Smock, Trenton, N. J.; Robert Hudson, J. P., New South Wales; Alfred B. King, commissioner for Liberia; J. J. Grinlinton, commissioner for Ceylon; Prof. C. S. Sargent, New York; Dr. Charles Mohr, Mobile, Ala.; H. P. Kelsey, Linnville, N. C.; Prof. E. R. Lake, Pullman, Wash.; Prof. John Peasley, Cincinnati, O.; E. B. Southwick, Central Park, N. Y. The lectures will be free to all visitors at the fair.

JAPAN'S FINE ART.

Oriental Paintings That Were Recently Opened to the Public.

The opening of the Japanese exhibit in the Palace of Fine Arts a few days ago drew a great many people, who went away delighted as well as astonished at what they saw.

The entrance to the exhibit is guarded on one side by a great bronze eagle, on the other by a bronze cast of a protecting deity. A bas-relief of dragons in clouds, done in bronze, stands just beyond, and near by is a representation of the Kasaka pagoda, an exquisite piece of carving. At the entrance hangs magnificent tapestry of silken chrysanthemums, and a painting of carps by Tukok, greatest of Japanese artists.

There are several landscapes, quiet and restful, in black and white, the finest being by Hashimoto Gaho. Fish and birds predominate, and there is one magnificent tiger.

A magnificent bronze is that of a stump with a rooster perched upon it, while on the ground beside it is the old hen with her brood. The long tail feathers in bronze are supple enough to have been transferred from the living to the bronze fowl.

The entire exhibition is a revelation in Japanese art.

MONEY talks. Yes, but never gives itself away.—World's Fair Puck.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

All other baking powders are shown by the latest United States Government Report to be inferior to the Royal in both Purity and Strength.

(See Bulletin 13, Chemical Division of U. S. Agricultural Dept.)

INTERESTING PARAGRAPHS.

THE president of Yale college, who is required to know a little of everything, has a salary $5,000 a year. The chief cook in the Waldorf hotel, in New York city, who knows only one thing well, gets $10,000 a year.

AFRICAN travelers say that the white rhinoceros frequently dies from eating poisonous plants which have no effect on the black one, probably because the fine scent of the latter tells him it is dangerous.

SCIENTISTS are of the opinion that Avery's island, situated in the delta of the Mississippi, is composed below the top soil entirely of salt. The salt occurs in more or less transparent masses and is quarried for export.

AT the beginning of this year there were 1,701,000,000 francs in gold and 1,257,000,000 francs in silver in the vaults of the Bank of France. It would require 683 cars of a capacity of ten tons each to move the metals.

THE GREAT NORTHWEST.

Its Remarkable Development Shown by a World's Fair Exhibit.

The Transportation building at the World's Fair is the most interesting feature of the great exposition to all persons interested in the development of the United States. It contains a complete exhibit of the latest railway appliances as well as the quaint locomotive and stage coaches of the past. The Northern Pacific railroad went a step further than other transportation companies when it resolved to show two elegant cars, especially built for the purpose, containing samples of products gathered from the states of Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon. The company was, no doubt, prompted to make this display because the completion of its transcontinental line made the development of the states named possible. Had it not been for the enterprise and pluck of the originators and managers of the Northern Pacific railroad, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho and Washington would still be frontier territories inhabited by Indians and wild beasts, instead of being progressive and prosperous commonwealths. The products exhibited by the seven states are handsomely arranged and include all kinds of grains in the straw; threshed grains and seeds, fruits and berries; wild and cultivated grasses; ores, woods, iron and coal; precious metals and stones; hops, tobacco and flax; flour, wool and fish; tanning bark and tanning acid; marble, building stone, potter and brick; aerated, dried, preserved and canned fruits; vegetables, petrified woods, fine mineral specimens, etc., etc. In the season of fresh apples, pears, plums, cherries, peaches, prunes, grapes, berries, melons, roots and garden vegetables will be brought from the northwestern states, daily, for exhibition. In short, the exhibit comprises a general collection of all kinds of products to show the diversified resources of the seven great northwestern states traversed by the Northern Pacific railroad.

Visitors who intend to invest money in the northwest are reminded by attractive placards that the company still retains control of immense tracts of land in that territory, the exact figures being as follows: Minnesota, 1,200,000 acres; North Dakota, 6,850,000 acres; Montana, 17,300,000 acres; Idaho, 1,740,000 acres; Oregon, 300,000 acres; and Washington, 8,700,000 acres.

The two exhibit cars are marvels of the car builder's art. They are vestibuled; have large bay windows reaching from floor to roof; are decorated with ornamental woods from the forests along the Northern Pacific, and are in themselves an exhibit worthy of thoughtful inspection. The cars are placed on one of the tracks in the large annex to the Transportation building.

TOURIST—"What the mischief are you covering up that footprint for, Sandy?" Sandy—"Weel, ye see, mister, the queen passed along here yesterday, and visited our little village, she did, and it was the only thing she left to remind us of he visit. So we'll just be keepin' it carefully."—Punch.

PROPINQUITY.—She (sketching)—"I suppose I could get your expression better if you sat a little further off." He—"On the contrary, I was just going to quote my favorite hymn." She—"What is that?" He—"Draw me nearer."—Boston Beacon.

THE gas man may have his troubles, but they are always light.

WORRY kills more people than the smallpox.

A LAW SUIT wears out sooner at the pockets than at the knees.—Puck.

IF the organ-grinder doesn't grow rich rapidly it isn't from lack of push.

NATURALLY the expert waltzer is fond of moving in gay circles.—Troy Press.

BARKING dogs sometimes bite the dust.—Puck.

MOTH-PROOF—The ruin they leave behind.—Truth.

WE don't envy the alligator although he has a great snap.—Elmira Gazette.

THE poultry dresser is a lucky fellow—that is, he always gets the pick of the flock.

IN footing up your indebtedness be sure to include what you owe yourself.—Galveston News.

BEATS THE WORLD—The sun.—Truth.

TIME FLIES—Seventeen-year locusts.—Puck.

WHEN money gets tight it is locked up.—Elmira Gazette.

WEAR AND TEAR—Small boys.—Truth.

THE difference between brain and brawn is not so great as some suppose; it is all in your "I."—Lowell Courier.

NO MATTER how much of a brick a man may be, he can't go out on many bats without being broken.—Troy Press.

"ISN'T Murry a valued friend of yours?" "Pooh, man, don't you know that he failed yesterday?"—Inter Ocean.

THE superintendent of a cemetery makes grave charges against the best of us.

MR. VERISICK—"I shall never be myself again." Mr. Verisour—"What poor unfortunate do you expect to be?"—N. Y. Herald.

Our Rapid, Transitory Existence.

Brief as it is at the longest, is liable to be materially curtailed by our own indiscretions. The dyspeptic eat what they should not, the bilious drink coffee in excess, and the rheumatic, neuralgic and consumptive sit in draughts, get wet feet and remain in damp clothes, and then wonder when ill how they became so. To persons with a tendency to neuralgia, we recommend a daily use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and especially after unavoidable exposure in damp or otherwise inclement weather.

HICKS—"You say that Bings is to be tried for heresy?" Wicks—"Yes; he refuses to believe that 'schism' is pronounced 'sism.'"—Boston Transcript.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

"DON'T you wear goloshes, Mrs. Spriggins?" "No. Don't need to. My eyesight's as good as it ever was."—Harper's Bazar.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Proprs., Toledo, O.

FATIGUE can hardly be regarded as an incentive to industry, but a wheel can do very little until its tired.—Binghamton Leader.

SICK HEADACHE, lassitude, weakness and loss of appetite caused by malaria can be immediately cured by Beecham's Pills.

THE circus holds an unconquerable sway over human interest. It is the kind of ring rule tsat a man never can get away from.

HALF-CURED eruptions will return. Eradicate them with Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

NO DIFFERENCE how you play the game of life, you are sure to lose.—Atchison Globe.

"LOOK UP, and not down," if you're a suffering woman. Every one of the bodily troubles that come to women only has a *guaranteed* cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. That will bring you safe and certain help.

It's a powerful general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and it builds up and invigorates the entire female system. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

For ulcerations, displacements, bearing-down sensations, periodical pains, and all "female complaints" and weaknesses, "Favorite Prescription" is the *only guaranteed* remedy. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

In every case of Catarrh that seems hopeless, you can depend upon Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a cure.

It's proprietors are so sure of it that they'll pay $500 cash for any incurable case. Sold by all druggists.

DROPSY Treated free. Positively CURED with Vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases pronounced hopeless. From first dose symptoms rapidly disappear, and in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms are removed. BOOK of testimonials of miraculous cures sent FREE. TEN DAYS TREATMENT FURNISHED FREE by mail. DR. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Specialists, Atlanta, Ga.

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BE NOT DECEIVED with Paste, Rosaline, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn red. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

THE TROUBLESOME LADY,
A Complete Illustrated Novel, by
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LADIES make ten dollars daily selling PURINE. PURITIC Co., 8285 California ave., Chicago.
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PISO'S CURE FOR
Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.
CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K., F. 1453

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"I SAY! BUY A CAKE OF CLAIRETTE SOAP and thank me for calling your attention to it."
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
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THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED
SAPOLIO
GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.