CLAIBORNE GUARDIAN.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE PARISH.

Office Up-stairs, over M. C. Lawrance's Store.

B. D. HARRISON,
Publisher and Proprietor.

DRAYTON B. HAYES,
Editor.

HOMER, LA.,
Wednesday,-------Sept. 18, 1878.

Yellow Fever News.

There has been a slight abatement in the violence of the fever in the last few days in New Orleans, but on the 14th inst the new cases ran up to 309 with 59 deaths. The epidemic continues to spread in the interior of Mississippi. Holly Springs is sending some piteous dispatches for nurses and doctors.

In our latest dispatches we have nothing from Vicksburg.

No new cases reported in Cairo, Ill. A heavy frost fell there on the 13th inst.

At Grenada there is still much suffering. There are yet victims for the pestilence, either among the inhabitants or nurses.

Wm. Keating, editor of the Memphis Appeal, compliments in the highest terms the colored people of that city for their conduct during the prevalence of the epidemic.

At Delhi the fever was reported to be raging. A dispatch was forwarded to A. McCranie to solicit aid. Money was raised and forwarded to Monroe and we now learn that the town was not in so bad a condition as reported.

The people of the North give most liberally.

Register.

Read the Police Jury proceedings in another column.

No quarantine against those books at the post office.

Let all who thirst for knowledge go to the post office and buy books.

Great excitement at the combinations formed for the boquet to-night.

Register if you care for the success of the white people of Louisiana.

How many nickles will it require to get the boquet to-night? Fully 500 we think.

Register and vote.

Don't forget that everybody, his wife, child, and mother-in-law, will be expected at the supper to-night.

We hear no further complaints of the boll worm. The crop will fall short of the usual yield fully one fourth.

The resumption act went into effect on Monday last. The United States now redeems her notes in silver coin.

Minden is quarantined against Homer, and there is only one way for our mails to go North. That is by the way of Hope.

Register! Register!! Register!!!

A frost on the morning of the 12th. Old uncle Daniel Cooper, a most worthy colored man, declares that he saw it with his own eyes.

There yet remain a few books at the post office, and if you want to pass away the dull hours and improve the mind try one of them.

Republican Congressional nominees for this district are J. T. Ludeling for the long and J. W. Fairfax, colored, for the short term.

The supper to-night should be patronized by all who have a good appetite combined with a laudable desire to aid the distressed. The ladies promise an attractive bill of fare and plenty of enjoyment for the young people.

Our readers will hear with extreme regret that our highly esteemed fellow-townsman, A. McCranie, has been seriously ill for several days. As we go to press, we hear that he is slightly better, but is yet very ill.

We have had the pleasure of a visit from Mr. W. P. Hutcheson, lately editor and publisher of the "Sabine Southron." Mr. Hutcheson is an accomplished gentleman, and deserves a far better fate than that which befell him in Sabine parish.

We are in receipt of several private letters from our intimate, personal friends, all containing the advice to move slowly and cautiously in our support of the nominees. We know something by actual experience of that peculiar feeling which actuates these very worthy gentlemen in their opposition. But we have been able to overcome our indignation. We beseech them to do likewise. Let them reflect, and such reflection will surely teach them there is something else to be considered in this race than mere individual preferences. It is not unlikely that all will be pleasantly surprised in the conduct of the nominees. We believe that it is almost a truism in politics, that a man who at first is considered unworthy, will, when he becomes the representative of an intelligent, honorable constituency, endeavor to bring himself up to their plane of thought and intelligence. We make more sacrifices than almost any one else in our support of the full ticket, but the occasion demands it. Let others do likewise.

THE NOMINATIONS.

We hear it frequently stated that the dissatisfaction is growing more intense with the nomination of W. C. Martin for the legislature, with a slighter degree of animosity toward J. H. Hay, because of the alleged combination which it is claimed resulted in his election. We ask our readers to pause and let us reason together for a moment upon this matter. The Guardian proposes to support the nominees of the party, and in doing so we claim to be actuted by purer and higher motives than those of a mere personal nature. If we were to consult our own personal feelings perhaps we might be found agreeing with many of the discontented in the parish; but we have no right, as the organ of the people of Claiborne parish, to force upon them our own views, which would be more or less selfish.

When we review the history of these nominations from the beginning, on the 15th of July to the final count in September, we can but wonder that any man can be found who is bold enough to declare that he will go back upon this work of the people.

It is true that the whole plan was wrong; that by the peculiar method adopted the doors were thrown wide open for the admission of fraud and irregularities; but a large and intensely earnest mass meeting of the people did this thing.

The Homer ring, with their cut and dried resolutions, with their cards stocked for the occasion, made no appearance at any time or place in this nomination.

It has been claimed before the dissatisfaction began that the entire plan was the spontaneous act of the people; and while we predicted the shameful character of the whole thing, others, some of whom now oppose the nominations, were rejoiced to declare the workings good. It is finished. Twenty-eight hundred voters have taken part in the nomination. The first primary election was declared to have been a fraud upon the rights of the Democracy. Those who wished to recede had a chance to do so. Those who desired by non-participation to discountenance the whole proceeding, had their opportunity by refusing to vote in the last primary election. Did they enter their protest either by word, silence or non-action? Not so. On the contrary, the whole vote was largely increased, and over three hundred votes were polled in the last election that were not polled in the first.

The intense eagerness manifested by individuals for the success of their personal friends and special favorites, led them to see the race through; and while there existed the faintest hope for the success of their men, no whisper of dissatisfaction was heard.

Now the end has come. Candidates and their adherents are disappointed. The prize for which they reached has proven to be like the fruit of Tantalus. The goal they were so near winning recedes from their eager gaze into the dim distance. These are denied the delight of possession, and are forced at the same time to give up the pleasure of pursuit.

Will not these gentlemen accept gracefully the lesson of defeat? Will they please to remember that there are other matters in this contest than their own individual wants?

Many of our friends who knew our personal feelings with regard to one of the nominees, have expressed surprise that we should so readily rally to the support of the party ticket. In our answer to these friends may be found the reason why we think that all should, for the *nonce*, lay aside prejudice, dislike and personal animosity.

We have never believed that the Republican party in Louisiana was dead. We have been aware that their leaders possessed a romarkable capacity for political management, and that the signs of the times disclosed to their observing intelligence the possibility, yea, even the probability of dissension within Democratic ranks. Just such dissensions, in fact, as those which are now budding in Claiborne parish, and unless nipped by the frost of public opinion will blossom to our injury. Nothing would please Radical managers better than an independent candidate in Claiborne.

Such candidate would claim to represent a portion of the intellgent, honest Democracy, yet his candidacy would ruin the Democratic party; for so certain as we live would his support be derived in the main from the Republicans of the parish; and in voting for him this would swell his own strength and divide his opponents.

Such independent candidate would more than likely trade. Trading would be necessary for success, and the trade that his emergency required would be to the injury of Burke, King and Young.

We have carefully surveyed the situation, and find that in the western portion of the parish there is a nucleus upon which the Republican party can easily form. There is quite a number of colored Republicans there who have ever been true to the faith. They await the coming of the hour and the man. The hour comes when the disaffection, with the nominations, crystallizes upon an organized opposition, and the man is the independent candidate.

Again, we consider that in this race, with unity among our people, Claiborne is safe for Burke, King, Young and our parochial nominees. But without unity, she is safe for none of these. Yes, more. Without unity in Claiborne parish the Congressional District is lost to us; for all concede that Claiborne's must be large to overcome the Radical vote on the river.

Still further, let us urge that we are too late. Old soldiers will tell the people how dangerous it is to change front in face of the foe.

And last, we urge as a reason why we are truly and consistently Democratic in our support of the nominees, that no great privilege as freemen is lost by our support of Hay and Martin. They neither can nor will bring any disaster upon the great interests of the State and the party. Nothing that they can do will damage our concerns so much as a failure of the people to register and vote, as the running of an independent candidate, as the fostering and encouraging the family quarrels which are grown up in the Democracy.

The true patriot will register—will vote—will get all that he can to support the ticket, from treasurer down—will find consolation sufficient in the success of Young, King and Burke to heal the wound of Martin's election. It will not be very long before the people can be heard again. Then let them profit by the errors of to-day, and in the next election that we have, vindicate their own peculiar views by selecting such men as they may think more their representative than the one of whom they now especially complain. Consider that "it is better to bear the ills that we have than to fly to others that we know not of."

And last of all, the candidates themselves. What of them? Mr. Hay is a gentleman of honor, of ability and of pure morals. He, as well as Martin, received the support of as good men as are to be found in Claiborne parish.

Mr. Martin has been honored by the people twice for the same place he now seeks. We have yet to know that he betrayed the trust reposed in him. It is urged that his Democracy is not sound, and in proof it is said that he ran more than once as an independent candidate against the regular nominee of the party. We submit that the charge comes with bad grace from those who would run independent themselves.

Duty, it seems, would demand that all discourage any independent movement, and that all give their support to the nominees.

Senator Eustis.

The coming Legislature will have to elect a Senator to succeed the Hon. J. B. Eustis, whose time expires on the fourth day of March next. We presume that there are many aspirants, but we know of no one whose claims should be considered before those of Mr. Eustis.

We know something of his official record, and what we know leads us to come boldly out in favor of his re-election. We do not remember to have noticed that any other journal has as yet advocated the claims of Mr. Eustis. His official acts have been spoken of kindly, but in the midst of the yellow fever excitement it seems to have been forgotten that his place is to be filled.

We favor Mr. Eustis' re-election for many reasons, not the least of which is that he has shown ever since he entered the Senate, an earnest desire to advance in every way the interest of his State. He responds promptly and courteously to all communications, and especially those which have for their object any project for the good of the people of Louisiana.

Mr. Eustis is a member of the Senate Committee on Commerce, which, for Louisiana, is a most important one. To this committee matters of greatest interest to our people will be presented. New members are not likely to be appointed on these sub divisions of the Senate, and as the term is six years, older Senators are given usually the more important places. Mr. Eustis by his activity and energy, by his well known devotion to the material interests of the country has also won a place on the Railroad Committee. In this and the other one mentioned much business is transacted. Indeed it may be said that almost all the work of the Senate is done by its various divisions into committees. Mr. Eustis' committee work has been for the advantage of Louisiana, as witness the appropriations of Red River; the New Orleans Mint and other bills.

Our space is not great enough this week to justify our going into full details with regard to Senator Eustis' claims upon the people. Suffice it to say that to our mind they are greater than those of any other man who may likely be spoken of in connection with the place.

If there be any charge against the Senator we would like to hear it. With our knowledge of his character we shall insist upon our representatives giving him an active support.

State Politics.

The campaign is beginning to develop briskly in New Orleans. The National party, under the leadership of Frank Hatch, a Democrat of prominence before the war, will receive the support of the Republican party, which will nominate no State ticket. Hatch has telegraphed to Gen. Beauregard offering him the nomination for Treasurer in opposition to Burke.

The usual irresponsible emissaries have began their work of organizing the negroes in Webster parish. An independent candidate for the Legislature is expected in that parish.

Allen Greene, of Lincoln, it is said, will be a Greenback candidate for Congress.

Contrary to the views expressed a few weeks ago we find that there will be some form of radical organization in most of the northern parishes.

The communication published in another column, from "Claiborne," was received too late for any extended comment. The Executive Committee meets here to-day. They will take such action thereon as they may deem necessary.

We are under obligations to our friend G. W. Taylor, of the firm of Taylor & Payne, Hope, Ark., for late St. Louis and Little Rock Dailies. The favor is appreciated highly. We are so closely quarantined that a paper from any city is quite a treat. Now that there is constant communication with Hope, we hope to be frequently remembered by both George and Commodore.

Result of first primary election in Webster parish, Saturday, Sept. 7th: For Representative—J. J. Carter, 309; N. A. Thornton, 209; Geo. W. Tompkins, 160. For Parish Judge—R. C. Drew, 495; M. C. Mosley, 168. For Sheriff—W. N. Collins, 503; John A. Colbert, 186.

The remedy proposed by Blaine for the defeat of the Republicans in Maine, is to fight the war over again. This would imply that the Southern states must secede. If they should refuse to do so, to oblige Blaine, he must, solitary and alone, wave the "bloody shirt" over the heads of a people who are with one heart and one mind working to relieve the sick and the indigent in that portion of the South where yellow fever is an epidemic.

So long as the living issues growing out the financial condition of the country interest the people, it will be very difficult to resurrect the decayed corpse of the confederacy and to galvanize it into life. The Republican party, being as it boasts the war party, has accomplised its mission. The corruption growing out of unlimited power, has made its record since the war so damning that the people from Maine to Califonia have repudiated it. If the Greenbackers and Democrats will co-operate in all financial measures upon which both can agree, waving all discussion of extreme and impracticable ideas until victory is secured, the doom of the Republican party is sealed. They should stand firm upon common ground, and leave to the future an adjustment of difficulties.—*Shreveport Times.*

The London Standard in an article on Gen. Butler as the typical representative of a class of unscrupulous politicians, and on the labor and greenback movement, which he is manipulating, thus concludes: "Though their objects are in themselves impracticable, it is at least possible that they may extort from one side or the other concession discreditable to those who make them—concessions alarming to all, whether American or foreigners, who have staked anything upon American public faith or respect for law; concessions which, by endangering national and municipal credit, may cause very serious mischief, sure to recoil most heavily upon the laboring classes, in whose interest the new faction professes to act, but likely to injure every class and impair every security."

There is no immediate prospects of the extension of the Texas and Pacific railway from Fort Worth to Weatherford. It is not even known whether the company at its meeting in Philadelphia in August last ratified the proposition agreed upon by Vice-President Brown and the construction company of Parker county. The only hope left is that congress will subsidize the road at its next session. The only encourgement we can give to the friends of extension is. "It is wiser and better always to hope and never despair."

President Hayes in his western tour creates no enthusiasm. The crowds that assemble seem actuated alone by idle curiosity and a desire shake hands with the man who, by the grace or power of the electoral commission, bears the title of president of the United States.

The loss of two members from Maine and one of them Mr. Hale who has been a fixture in the House for years, destroys all chance for the Republicans to get control of the next House.

Evaporators, Pans, Sugar Kettles, Sheet Copper, Galvanized Sheet Iron, Straw Cutters, Cider Mills, Faught Deering Horse Powers, and Hardware in general, for sale by CONWAY & BUCKELEW,
42:3m Shreveport, La.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE,

A WELL-IMPROVED PLACE OF TWO Hundred Acres—eighty cleared—seven miles west of Homer, on the Sikes' Ferry road. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned, or to J. B. Wilder, at M. C. Lawrance's store.
A. E. WILDER.
September 11, 1878. 4:tf

NOTICE.

I WILL BUY OR SELL PARISH BONDS and Approved Accounts allowed since the bonding of the parish debt.
A. McCRANIE.
July 3, 1878. 46:tf

BAR AND BILLIARD SALOON.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY invited to continue the liberal patronage they have bestowed on the undersigned. The best of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

always on hand. Customers always treated with politeness and rigid impartiality.

Don't forget the BAR and BILLIARD SALOON on the west side of the public square.
J. FERGUSON.
August 21, 1878. 1:tj

GREAT INDUCEMENTS
At the Store of
M. C. LAWRANCE!

Ladies' Dress Goods; Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods; a full line of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Varieties, Notions, Groceries, Tobacco and Cigars.

A most complete stock of every article usually sold by the merchants of Homer, at LAWRANCE'S.

Family Groceries at Bottom Figures, for Cash.

The prices are so reasonable that every one wonders why goods can be sold so cheap. A living profit is all that is wanted at this house.

☞ The old style of one hundred per cent. has not been adopted by LAWRANCE. Small profits on frequent sales is the motto. Call and prove the truth of this card.
Homer, La., May 15, 1878. 39:4m

Dr. S. Y. WEBB,
DEALER IN
Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals,

Fine Toilet Soaps,
Fancy Hair and Tooth Brushes,
Perfumery and Fancy Articles,
Trusses and Braces,

Grass and Garden Seeds, Stationery, Glass, Putty, Tobacco and Cigars,

PAINTS and OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

The Purest and Best WINES, BRANDY, WHISKY, &c., for Medicinal purposes.

☞ Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded, day or night.
Homer, La., February 13, 1878. 26:6m

Homer Masonic Institute for Young Ladies.

Nineteenth Annual Session begins Sept. 4th, 1877

EFFICIENT TEACHERS will fill every Department.

Especial attention given to MUSIC.

Prof. A. A. WHEELER will give instruction in the rudiments of music as applied to singing to the entire School, twice a week, *free of charge.*

Board and tuition per month of four weeks, including washing, lights, &c., $15, in advance.

Music on Piano, Organ, Guitar, or cultivation of the voice, included with the above, $20 00, in advance.

Tuition, 3, 4 and 5 dollars per month.

Incidental fee per term, $1—in advance.

Liberal deduction for tuition when paid in advance.

The Institution is strictly non-denominational.

For further particulars, send for Catalogue.

T. S. SLIGH, A. M., Prest.,
Homer, Claiborne parish, La.
Aug. 14, 1878. 52:y

HOMER COLLEGE.

THE NINETEENTH Scholastic year of this Institution begins the **Fourth Day of September next.**

R. A. SMITH, A. M., President.

TERMS: Payable monthly in advance:

Primary Tuition, per month	$3 00
Intermediate " " "	4 00
Collegiate " " "	5 00
Contingent fee per session, in advance,	1 50
Board, washing, fuel and lights, per month	13 00

Homer, La., July 21, 1878. 49:1o

HENRY HARDY,

INFORMS his friends and the public that he has just opened, next door to J. C. Drew's Saloon, a

Restaurant and Boarding-House,

where he is prepared to furnish meals at all hours, at the low price of 40 cents for single meal, $1 per day, and $12 50 per month. He promises the best fare, and solicits custom. He also runs a Cabinet Shop—puts up wardrobes, tables, washstands, &c., at very low prices for the cash.
Aug. 7, 1878. 51:6m

J. C. DREW,
BAR AND BILLIARD SALOON,
(At the old Callahan Stand.)

NOW in receipt of a large stock of fine **Whiskies, Brandies, Wines,** And LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS kept at a first-class Bar—Also Fine CIGARS and SMOKING TOBACCO.

Respectfully invites the attention of the people. aug7:51:6m

Z. C. BROWN,
Agent for Soldiers' Homesteads.

ALL persons, or the heirs of such, who served in any Militia or United States service between the years 1790 and March 3d, 1855, will please write to him at Cleburne, Texas. Give name of Captain and state what regiment. aug14:1m

Seed Wheat and Oats.

THE undersigned has for sale **150** bushels of SEED WHEAT, and **150** bushels of RUST-PROOF OATS, at his residence, six miles north-west of Homer.
A. T. NELSON.
Aug. 7, 1878. 51:6t*

W. H. ELLINGTON,
HOMER, LA.,
Family and Fancy Groceries,

PROVISIONS, FRUITS, SUPPLIES OF all kinds. The best of everything at the lowest prices.

☞ Call at the old Furniture Store, south of the Court-house.
Jan. 16, 1878. 22:-

The Kentucky Cane Mill has wrought Iron Shafts, encased Gearing, Rollers separate from gears; parts distinct and easily repaired, at small cost, when worn out or broken; is strong and economical, and is fully guaranteed. For descriptive circulars, apply to
CONWAY & BUCKELEW,
42:3m Shreveport, La.

The cough and consumption remedy of Rev. J. H. STONE is accomplishing wonderful cures wherever it is tried. Applications from abroad are becoming frequent.

J. A. WITTER,
Cabinet Maker and Undertaker.
From the Cradle to the Coffin.

[redacted]

THREE SCORE AND TEN.

FURNITURE MADE, REPAIRED AND VARNISHED. I make a specialty of **Coffins,** from the plainest to the finest, and guarantee better work for less money than any establishment in North Louisiana. A lot of all sizes kept constantly on hand. References—All who know good work when they see it. Feb. 27, 1878.—28:6m

JOSEPH SHELTON,
DRUGGIST,
HOMER, LA.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE and CAREfully selected stock of pure and fresh

DRUGS, CHEMICALS and MEDICINES,

A choice and elegant selection of
TOILET ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY,
STATIONERY, &c.

TOBACCO and CIGARS of best quality.

Pure Liquors for Medical purposes.

The most approved Patent Medicines of the day.

Prescriptions carefully compounded day and night.

New and sound Garden Seed.

☞ Special inducements and reasonable discount to Physicians.
Feb. 6, 1878. 25:-

LOOK AND SEE BEFORE YOU BUY.

Goods at Bottom Prices,
At the Store of
ALEX. WEIL.

I RESPECTFULLY INVITE YOU TO INspect my large, carefully selected stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Consisting of DRY GOODS of every description; CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, and everything usually kept in a regular store.

Having determined to keep my business still changed to CASH, and having purchased my stock in person and exercised the greatest care in their selection, I will make it to the interest of those purchasing goods to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Have also on hand a fine assortment of **Wall Paper** and **Window Shades.**
ALEX. WEIL.
April 17, 1878. 35:tf

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
FOR
LUNG DISEASES:

CONSUMPTION,
COUGHS,
ASTHMA, and
HEMORRHAGE.

A purely vegetable preparation, prepared by the Rev. J. H. STONE, and for sale at Seventy-five Cents per Bottle, at Wenn's Drug Store. It has no equal, and is of wonderful efficacy for the above named and similar diseases. Numerous testimonials can be furnished from citizens of Claiborne. Give it a trial.
Homer, La., April 17, 1878. 35:6m

BOARDING HOUSE.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING IN THE Market, at the most reasonable prices.

Board and Lodging, per day, ...$1 00
Single Meals, ... 50

At the south-west corner of public square.
WILLIAM SMITH.
Feb. 6, 1878. 25:6m

FOR SALE,

A DESIRABLE TOWN LOT IN HOMER, located near the Masonic Female Institute—known as the "Cleveland Lot"—containing two acres of ground. The lot has some improvements. For further particulars, apply to JOE SHELTON.
April 17, 1878. 36:-