

Friday, June 13, 1890.

ITS TRUE IMPORT.

The great question of tariff which agitates the country in connection with McKinley's name, has elicited comments from every nook and corner of the land. That it is a measure in direct antagonism to the enunciated principles of Democracy; that it does not meet the approval of the toiling masses; that its ultimate intentions are the perpetuity of the power that has brought it into existence; that it is a compensation in return for election "boodle;" that it is to be made the future lever to boost its authors again into place and authority, if it can be utilized, have been clearly portrayed.

Notwithstanding the broad and untenable assertions that it is for revenue, and its protective plaudits are in the interests of home productions and the fostering of American industries, no one who carefully scans its provisions, will for a single instant concede. Its whole tendency is in the interest of the manufacturing corporations in order to increase their revenues and profits for the express purpose to secure means to purchase the next election at the polls.

The Maine Democracy, undismayed by long years of defeat, planting themselves with heroic fortitude on the principles of their party; still hopeful of the eventual triumph of enunciated doctrines that are rapidly attaining national ascendancy, boldly announce that the triumph of Harrison and his party was due to corrupt methods, and the open purchase of floaters in New York and Indiana.

They further announce in their recent platform: "Since his accession to power, he (Harrison) has shielded the bribers, rewarded the men who furnished the corruption funds, and muzzled the press, by subsidizing its editors with large offices, and the Republican leaders in Congress propose to enact a tariff act not for revenue, not even for protection, but as a job to procure means with which to purchase the next election at the polls."

This bold denunciation of the administration on this vital question, which has become the great slogan of Democracy, plainly indicates that it will be the paramount issue in the next presidential campaign, and the arraignment of the Republicans on this revenue measure, is undeniably borne out by every step in the progress and eventual adoption of the McKinley tariff bill, by means which are a disgrace to modern legislation in a great republic.

The Senate is now wrestling with the problem, and while some modifications may be inserted in certain clauses of the House bill, it can scarcely be hoped that body will materially deviate from the line marked out, and will further enter to the spirit which encourages robbery and help in order that required "boodle" may perpetuate Republican power and centralization.

CROPS.

We make the following extracts from bulletin No. 13, of the Louisiana Weather Service, issued June 7th:

There was an average of 2.12 inches of rain in North Louisiana in past seven days.

The temperature and sunshine, generally, were above a seasonal average in the northern portion of the State and the combined weather conditions were so generally favorable as to elicit the remark from a correspondent "Crops are doing as well now as heart of man could wish for."

In South Louisiana the rainfall of the past week averaged 2.34 inches, and although excessive in comparison to the weekly normal, and following an average fall of the previous week, yet there is but little complaint of too much rain.

The cotton crop in North Louisiana is doing well on all uplands and in the overflowed portions planters are anticipating at least half a crop. The water is receding rapidly and a report from the Ouachita valley states that planting is nearing completion and that the water is nearly all off the farm lands. Farther south, in Avoyelles, it is anticipated that planting will be resumed about the 15th inst. on overflowed lands and that the damage to cotton will be about fifty per cent. on the overflowed portion of the parish, estimated at about twenty five per cent. of the total parish acreage. No corn crop will be

made in this overflowed section.

From Rapides southward cotton, cane and corn are doing finely. The backwater is falling rapidly and the replanted cotton and corn are springing up with remarkable rapidity.

Where not affected by flood, crops are decidedly promising; the corn and cane are being laid by, and the real growing season for cane is being entered. The cotton in South Louisiana is nearly ready to bloom, and except in a few localities where repeated heavy rains have caused it to become grassy and shedding, presents a favorable appearance. Corn is in tassel in many places and is in a uniformly excellent condition. Rice planting is about completed and a report from Southwest Louisiana states that the acreage has been nearly doubled this year.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

The bill for the proposed division of the parishes into judicial districts was presented to the House last Monday, by Hon. H. P. Wells of Richland. In this proposition the parish of Orleans is excluded, while the act provides for twenty districts, as follows:

First District—Caddo, Bossier and Webster parishes.

Second District—Claiborne, Winn and Bienville parishes.

Third District—Union, Lincoln and Jackson parishes.

Fourth District—Morehouse, Ouachita and Caldwell parishes.

Fifth District—West Carroll, Richland, Franklin and Catahoula parishes.

Sixth District—East Carroll and Madison parishes.

Seventh District—Tensas and Concordia parishes.

Eighth District—De Soto, Red River and Sabine parishes.

Ninth District—Natchitoches, Grant and Vernon parishes.

Tenth District—Rapides and Avoyelles parishes.

Eleventh District—St. Landry and Acadia parishes.

Twelfth District—Calcasieu, Cameron and Vermilion parishes.

Thirteenth District—East Feliciana, West Feliciana and Pointe Coupee parishes.

Fourteenth District—East Baton Rouge and West Baton Rouge parishes.

Fifteenth District—St. Helena, Tangipahoa, Washington and St. Tammany parishes.

Sixteenth District—St. Mary and Assumption parishes.

Seventeenth District—Lafourche and Terrebonne parishes.

Eighteenth District—St. Martin, Lafayette and Iberia parishes.

Nineteenth District—Iberville, Ascension, St. James and St. John parishes.

Twentieth District—St. Charles, Jefferson and Plaquemine parishes.

For each of the districts there shall be elected at the next general election for State officers, one judge, except for the First district, in which two judges shall be elected. For each district one district attorney shall be elected.

LATER.

In the Times of yesterday morning we find the following special in regard to the judiciary:

The sub-committee appointed by the joint judiciary committee have agreed upon a bill.

First District—Caddo, a judge.

Second District—Bossier and Webster.

Third District—Claiborne and Bienville.

Fourth District—Union, Lincoln and Jackson.

Fifth District—Morehouse, Ouachita and Caldwell.

Ninth District—Sabine, DeSoto and Red River.

It is claimed that this bill will be introduced to-morrow.

The Morning Star, of Marshall, Texas, tells of a meteor which fell in front of the capital hotel, in that city last Friday night. It was fiery red and made a report like a gun when it struck. It made no impression and no portion of it could be found. Queer visitor! Get some grappling hooks and clamp the next one that comes that way.

Samway—"Whom did the President mean when he spoke of 'tried and true Republicans'?" Stragglers—"Not Quay and Dudley, anyhow: they haven't been tried yet."

A man may be maimed for life if he concludes to go on crutches until he gets damages for injuries received in a railroad accident.—P. A. Uue.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

ED. GUARDIAN-JOURNAL—

Considerable business has been transacted since my last letter. The separate car bill, which provides that railway companies shall furnish separate compartments for white and colored passengers, the three cents a mile bill, the anti-trust bill and several others of importance have passed the lower House, with good prospects of passing the Senate.

The committee, of which your correspondent is a member, appointed to revise and reduce the judicial districts of the State has prepared a bill which reduces the district Judges and district Attorneys from thirty to twenty. I think the bill will become a law; if not it will owe its defeat to certain politicians who are seeking to arrange their districts for their own political aggrandizement, and who have no cares for the good of the State.

The Court of appeals will either be abolished or the number of judges reduced to one half the number we now have, that is, a constitutional amendment for one of the purposes just mentioned will be submitted to the people. The members of both houses are practically a unit in regard to reducing the expenses of the Judiciary.

A bill has been introduced appropriating money for the purpose of constructing additional buildings to the Insane Asylum. The only trouble now with the asylum at Jackson is lack of room. They have plenty of means under the appropriation of 1888, but on account of limited space many have been denied admission. Some favor an additional asylum located in a different part of the State, while others simply favor an increase in size of the present buildings. I feel safe in saying that something will be done to better accommodate our unfortunate insane.

The Lottery is still impeding legislation to some extent, though it is conceded by every one except the reporters of the Times-Democrat that the measure is defeated. They claim they have the necessary two-thirds but still they do not introduce the bill. The facts are they lack ten members of having enough to carry the amendment through the House. So far all their efforts to break the solid ranks of our forces have failed, notwithstanding they have offered money and political position for recruits to the Lottery side. We are a small band but time will show that we are strong enough to defeat Morris and Baldwin with all their money.

Should we succeed in establishing a better Judiciary system with less expense to the people and in defeating the propositions of the Lottery, which is the greatest curse both politically and morally that any people ever had, then we will not have hoped against fate or labored in vain. S. Baton Rouge, June 8, 1890.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Notice is hereby given that the listing of taxes for the year 1890 is now completed, and the list will be on file by the 10th of June. The office in the town of Homer will remain open for twenty days, during which time taxpayers may come forward for the purpose of changing and correcting said lists. J. S. RICHARDSON, Assessor. Homer, La., June 2, 1890.



The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health. At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence. Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

LOOK! 1c., 2c., 3c., AND 4c., COUNTERS AT

H. SOUR & CO., 127 Texas St., SHREVEPORT, LA. Examine Crockery Bargains for this Week.

Table listing prices for dinner plates, soup plates, large and small steak dishes, large deep dishes, large wash basins, hotel dishes, round deep dishes, cream pitchers, large deep bowls, and sugar bowls.

O. P. OGILVIE, R. L. RICHARDSON, Ogilvie & Richardson, INSURANCE AGENTS, HOMER, LA.

Risks on Buildings, Stocks of Merchandise, Dwellings, Household Furniture, Gin Houses, etc., written. Represents strong and reliable companies. A share of your patronage is solicited.

JOHN W. TABER, Dealer in all kinds of MARBLE SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA.

Champion Wrought Iron Fences which require no brick or stone foundation, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron work for buildings, such as Columns, Verandas, Crestings, Finials, etc.

American and Italian DESIGNS FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

MONUMENTS. We guarantee to sell marble cheaper than any other firm. Get our prices before buying. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

J. W. DOWNS, Manager, SHREVEPORT, LA. THE MOST POPULAR

SALOON IN HOMER IS On the West Side of the Public Square, with

J. W. KELLY As Proprietor.

The very best Brands of WHISKEY, WINES, BRANDY and CIGARS can always be had at this Bar. Connected with the house there is a good

POOL TABLE, Where gentlemen, so inclined, can enjoy a sociable game without being disturbed by rowdiness.

SAM HOUSTON, JR. Now owned by me, was sired by old Sam Houston, he by Washnetaw Chief, he by Hill's Black Hawk; dam by Jim Hickory, a thoroughbred four-mile runner; Sam Houston, Jr.'s, dam by Cassius M. Clay; second dam, Novias Clay; third dam, Gray Eagle.

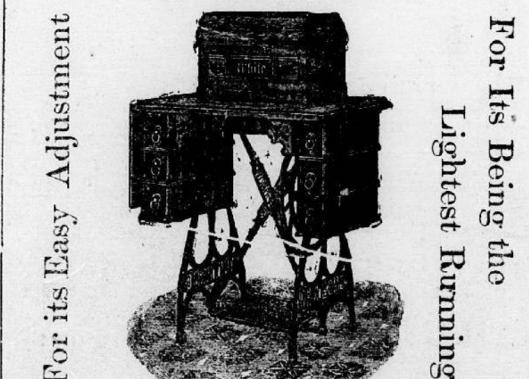
SAM HOUSTON, Jr., is a jet black; stands 16 1/2 hands high; weighs 1,100 pounds; is very stylish and compactly built. He won the 3-minute and 2-40 trotting races at the Laclede County Fair, Lebanon, Mo. A better saddle or buggy horse does not exist in Claiborne parish, and the public are cordially invited to call and see him. Houston will stand the season at R. P. Ragland's stable. Terms \$15.00; \$5.00 in advance.

FRANK GILL, Homer, La.

CITY HOTEL First Class Throughout.

A. J. REYNOLDS, Prop. M'lim, bet. Spring and Market Sts. SHREVEPORT, LA.

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Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubbery, ROSES, FLOWERING PLANTS, Etc., At Prices to Suit The Times

May Peaches, Bright Seed Pears, and the finest Grapes specialties. Also a great variety of Apples, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, Japan Persimmons, Malberries, Strawberry plants, &c., &c. In fact, the best varieties of all classes of Fruit Trees that are adapted to this latitude. All trees insured to live when properly cared for.

A. K. CLINGMAN. COSMOPOLITAN RESTAURANT,

JOE ALLEN, Proprietor. Opp. City Hotel, - Shreveport, La.

WM. ENDERS AND SON, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Furniture, Mattresses, Window Shades

WALL PAPER, GLAZED SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, ETC. Ware-Rooms, No. Texas Street, near Levee, SHREVEPORT, I.A.

Louisiana and Northwest Railroad, TIME TABLE No. 1.

Table with columns for SOUTH No. 3, SOUTH No. 1, NORTH No. 2, and NORTH No. 4, listing stations and departure/arrival times.