

THE TRIANGLE

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CURRENT COMMENT.

PRESIDENT DIAZ, of Mexico, is expected to the erection of an ancient Aztec building as a part of the Mexican world's fair exhibit.

EXPORTS OF COFFEE for the seven months ending January 31 were 23,548,845 bushels. The January exports were 14,139,918 bushels.

CAPT. JOHN S. STOUT, a famous Mississippi river pilot and hero of the Robert Lee disaster in 1883, died recently at his residence in New Orleans.

Mrs. THOMAS ENERY, of Clay City, Ill., being in the last stages of consumption, was recommended to eat dog meat, which she did with beneficial effects.

The Omaha & Grant Smelting Co., of Colorado, are about to erect a smelting stack 350 feet high and 16 feet in diameter. This, it is said, will be the largest smelting stack in the country.

The Protestant church at Pirassau which was pillaged and partly burned by a fanatical mob recently was built with money subscribed by Englishmen and Americans, but the ministers connected with it were Greek.

The committee of the national house of representatives on irrigation of arid lands thinks that irrigation and reclamation of arid lands of the United States will involve such enormous cost that the government will never appropriate the sums needed to carry the work to a satisfactory conclusion.

HENRY TEN BROECK GAMMAGE, 87 years of age, a reclusive and classmate of ex-Senator Evaris at Yale, was found dead the other day in his room in the building of the university of the city of New York, where he has lived among his collection of paintings for the past forty-nine years. Death was due to natural causes.

It is stated by Mr. Muller, an oil speculator, that the great Indiana oil field was fast playing out. He said that in Jay, Blackford and Wells counties several dry holes are now found before the usual oil-gusher is struck, and that the flaming reports sent out from Portland about the discovery of gushing wells was a fraud.

DIMITRI MENDELOFF, a Russian and the inventor of dynamite, died recently. As a chemist he had more than a national reputation, and several of his important inventions have been patented, among them being a new method for the reduction of cobalt and nickel ores, and the destruction of phylloxera by means of pyroigneous acid.

As a protest against the imposition of a fuel tax, the inhabitants of Potenza, a fortified town on the eastern declivity of the Apennines, invaded the town hall in a body and proceeded to sack the building. They obtained possession of the archives stored away in the hall and after starting a fire threw the documents into the flames and watched them until they had all been reduced to ashes.

At the West London police court the other day Louis Lucien Bonaparte, son of Prince Louis Lucien Bonaparte, who died recently, and William Alexander Thompson, a solicitor, who were charged with conspiring together to defraud Rosalie Clivia Bonaparte, the alleged wife of the former, of a considerable quantity of jewelry, were arraigned for hearing. After listening to the evidence the magistrate held that a prima facie case had been established and he held the accused for trial. Bail was allowed.

Under an order of Pope Leo XIII., dated at Rome, January 14, 1892, giving Roman Catholic clergy in regions where influenza prevails authority to absolve the faithful from fasting and abstinence on certain days and seasons, Archbishop Elder has promulgated an order to be read in every church in his diocese granting this apostolic indulgence. This not only abolishes the fast Friday, but also church fast days. Prominent Roman Catholics say that those familiar with the slowness with which papal orders are revoked incline to the belief that many if not most of these church fast days will never be resumed.

SENATOR SHERMAN will enter upon his sixth term as senator on March 4, 1892, and if he remains a senator till his close, he will have been in the senate for thirty years. That will be the first case in the history of the government of such a long service in that body. If Mr. Sherman had not resigned to become secretary of the treasury, when but four years of his term had expired, his service would have covered thirty-six years. Mr. William B. King, of Alabama, was like Mr. Sherman, elected six times by the legislature, but owing to two resignations, served but twenty-nine years. Mr. Benton came next in the number of elections by the legislature and served his full six terms—thirty years.

THOMAS L. DORAN and three companions all experienced in desert travel, have started from San Francisco to hunt for the lost "Sugar mine," which has been one of the mysteries of the Colorado desert for thirty years. Doran will make a trail of burros at San Diego with provisions for six months, and he will thoroughly explore the desert country where at least a dozen of his predecessors in the search have left their bones. The lost mine lies somewhere in the Colorado desert, near Warner's ranch, about 100 miles from Los Angeles. It was discovered in 1859 by an old trapper named Pegleg Smith, who found a gold nugget as large as a pea, but didn't know it was gold till he reached Los Angeles.

There is in the price of beef caused by the new French tariff lead to a large demand for horse flesh in Paris. According to a report of the police prefecture horses and mules slaughtered represent over one-third of the whole quantity of meat consumed.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleashed By Telegraph and Mail.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The house ways and means committee has ordered reports on bills placing wool, bidding, twine and cotton bagging on the free list.

WILLIAM TOLIVER and **Minnie Stackhouse** were married on horseback in a pouring rain at Paroli, Ind.

ELECTIONS in Japan were attended with bloody riots.

The Pennsylvania republican association, formed to defeat Senator Quay's re-election within party lines has issued an address to the people of that state.

ATTEMPTS to assassinate President Mount and Gen. Canato, of Chili, have failed.

The North German Gazette says Chancellor Caprivi is using all energies to get the education bill passed during the present session of the diet so as to prevent it being used for political capital in the elections to be held in 1893.

The French ministry resigned on the 18th as the result of an adverse vote in the chamber of deputies.

The oldest daughter of United States Chief Justice Fuller was married in Italy recently to Colin G. Manning, son of ex-Gov. Manning, of South Carolina. The long talked of Baltimore Irish local government bill was introduced in the British house of commons on the 18th. Irish members and liberals hotly opposed it.

Gov. Hoog, of Texas, has issued a proclamation convening the legislature in extra session, March 14, for the re-appointment of the state, for enforcing the constitutional amendments submitted by the last legislature, for preventing fraudulent railroad bonds, for protection of live stock interests, for prohibiting trusts and for electing a United States senator and for other matters.

HONOLULU papers of February 9 state that the elections of February 5 passed off quietly. The national reform party elected all of the five nobles on the island of Oahu, while the liberals elected all the representatives in Oahu, except in the First district. Bush, Wilcox and Ashford were elected.

DUNHAM WITNESS, the "sage of Brooklyn," as he is known in the turf world, died the other day.

Answers received from Fort Alcázar, the capital of the state of Ceara, Brazil, state that disturbances occurred in that state and that the people of the capital drove the governor from the city.

The divorce case of Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., was submitted to the court in Deadwood, S. D., the other day.

Mrs. CRISP JUSTICE FULLER declares that her oldest daughter was married at San Remo to Colin G. Manning, of South Carolina, with her full consent, when apparently on her deathbed.

The house ways and means committee has decided to call up the tariff bills the first week in March. This may delay action on the silver bill.

The democratic factions of Louisiana have practically agreed to submit their differences to a state primary election, the stronger ticket to be the state ticket.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Epitaphs of the Proceedings of Both Houses the Past Week.

When the house met on the 15th the speaker announced the committee investigating the case of the Hon. Charles W. Johnson (Miss.)

THE real estate men in congress at Nashville, Tenn., have formed a national organization.

THE United Workmen of Canada have voted not to concede from the United States supreme court.

EDWARD PARKER DRACON, an American, shot and killed a Frenchman who had ruined his home. The tragedy occurred in a hotel at Cannes, France.

THE national real estate congress perfected permanent organization on the 15th and elected officers.

SEVENTEEN men of the bark Tanager were lost in the wrecking of the vessel on one of the Sandwich islands.

AT the national butter makers' convention in Madison, Wis., recently H. J. Noyes, of Richland City, Wis., was elected president; E. J. Burridge, Holly, Ia., secretary and H. E. Loynton, Hudson, Mich., treasurer.

BETWEEN fifteen and twenty wolves made their appearance in West Seneca, a suburb of Buffalo, N. Y., and women and children are afraid to go out of doors.

THOSE interested in the limestone industry have made complaint that an injury has been done by statements made in the census bulletin.

THE actual loss by the fire at New Orleans amounted to \$1,100,000 and the insurance foots up \$750,000.

A fight occurred at Fort Stanton, N. M., on the 17th between Mesquero and Lipan Indians, during which four men were killed and one wounded.

A SALE of 28,000 acres of pine timber land in California was recently made.

WYOMING has quarantined against New Mexican cattle.

W. S. BROWN, a miller of Fosteria, O., in his remarks before the house committee on agriculture said that any anti-option bill should be made uniformly operative on all and should not discriminate.

THE East Tennessee mining troubles have been settled in favor of the free miners.

REPORTS to Dun & Co. of general business in the various trade centers make a good showing. Iron is, however, weak.

KANSAS SUGAR.

Reports of the State Sugar Inspector—Some Interesting Facts in Regard to This New Industry.

The report of State Sugar Inspector George Z. Kellinger has been received, covering the year 1891. Only three of the sugar factories of the state have been operated the past year.

There were 4,000 acres of sorghum planted for the use of these factories as follows:

Medicine Lodge..... 2,000
Fort Scott..... 1,000
Topeka..... 1,000
Total..... 4,000

Only about 300 acres of the Topeka crop were used, the balance being left in the hands of the farmers.

The average quality of the cane for the season was lower at all of the factories than last year. Although there was a sufficient amount of good cane, the business has not resulted as favorably as it should have done, or as it was expected it would. This is due entirely to a disregard on the part of some of the managers to the conditions which the business requires.

The amount of sugar manufactured during the year is as follows:

Medicine Lodge Sugar works & Refining Co..... 300,000 lbs.
Parkinson Sugar Co..... 48,300 lbs.
Fiske & Mansford..... 150,000 lbs.
Total..... 500,300 lbs.

Which is 325,455 pounds less than last year. This does not include the second sugar at Medicine Lodge, which have not been inspected yet, but will increase the output about 100,000 pounds.

The Medicine Lodge factory, which for two years stood at the head of the industry, suffered last year from a change of management, causing delays and mistakes that produced a balance on the wrong side of the ledger.

The Topeka sugar works were leased by Messrs. Pape and Stansford, who are stockholders in the Topeka sugar company. Manufacturing began about Oct. 10, and continued at intervals until November 1, making about 130,000 pounds of sugar, when for lack of capital the factory passed into the hands of a receiver.

The Fort Scott Co. contracted for 1,000 acres of cane, all of which was delivered. The crop was backward and inferior quality, compared with former years, but notwithstanding the fact that over 1,000 tons less of cane was worked for sugar than last year the amount of sugar manufactured exceeded last year's crop by 101,459 pounds. The value of the Fort Scott plant is \$75,000. The total value of the year's product was \$33,173; the total cost of production \$28,903.23, leaving a profit of \$4,269.77.

There were a few bets raised at Medicine Lodge for experimental purposes at the government station, but none for the sugar company. The company has satisfied themselves as to the possibilities of the business, but were in no condition to put in the additional machinery necessary to successfully prosecute the business, the cost of which would be from \$20,000 to \$30,000.

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Under the head of "difficulties of clarifying sorghum sugar," the report says that carbonaceous impurities were satisfactory as to the amount of sugar separated, but the process rendered the molasses unmarketable.

AVENGING HIS HONOR.

A Good Sign for the Foot Weal—The West Shows Up Well—Hatters Beware of More Encouraging.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Dan & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Notwithstanding the fact that reports of wheat have been diminishing and for four days of the present week have been 50,000 bushels from Atlantic ports while western receipts continue large, speculation at Chicago has lifted the price 3 1/2 cents during the week and sales here have been 37,000-000 bushels. An advance from any cause which cuts off exports of breadstuffs at a time when Europe has heavy demands for stocks marketed here would not be wholesome. Corn has declined 1 1/2 cents with large reports but very large receipts. Pork products, oats and coffee are practically unchanged.

At Boston trade is reported satisfactory. At Baltimore the lumber trade is more active. The movement in dry goods at Philadelphia presents an active spring trade, though the south is still behind. At Pittsburgh trade in iron and steel has grown duller and prices are weakening. At Cleveland improvement has been in most lines and trade is larger than last year, and manufacturing at Detroit also exceeds last year's records. At Chicago sales of merchandise show a fair increase over last year and receipts of wheat are double last year's of dressed beef, three-fold; of lard, 50 per cent greater; of flour and barley, a third greater; of hides, 30 per cent greater, and of butter, some larger than last year, while a little decrease appears in corn, oats and rye. Trade at other points is fairly active.

THE CRISIS IN FRANCE.

THE Cabinet urged to reconsider their Resolutions on the Budget.

PARIS, Feb. 26.—President Carnot strongly urged the ministry to reconsider, but M. De Freycinet insisted upon resigning, saying he and his colleagues had decided that they could not remain in power after the session taken by the chamber.

Several generals yesterday called on M. De Freycinet, who was minister as well as premier, and strongly appealed to him not to resign, saying that he would be a great loss to the army. M. De Freycinet, however, remained obdurate.

The lobbies of the chambers were filled with excited leaders, discussing the situation, and when the final decision of the ministry became known the opinion was general that a state of political uncertainty had arisen, in view of the apparent inability of any party to form a working ministry.

A RAIN OF FIRE.

SERIOUS Accident at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 26.—An accident happened at the Edgar Thomson steel works at midnight in which two men were fatally injured and another probably fatally injured. Their names are John Fischer, John McCaffrey and John Ward. Four men were on the platform in front of steel converter No. 3 when a heat of steel was blowing in. The converter turned over suddenly, and the pit being full of steam, the men were unable to see the fiery ball descending upon them.

When the sparks fell, a wild rush was made for the steps. Fischer fell down, striking his head on a red hot ingot. He was unable to rise and was terribly burned by the flying steel. McCaffrey's clothing was burned off and his body was badly charred. Both will die. Ward was also frightfully burned about the head and but slight hopes of his recovery are entertained.

SHOT AND KILLED.

NEOSHO, Mo., Feb. 26.—At Sargin Thomas Whalen was shot and killed by Moses Locke, who surrendered yesterday and is now in jail.

Some years ago Emma Cobbs, a pretty country girl, married Whalen at this place and moved to Denver, Col., where after a life of misery caused by Whalen's brutality, she was compelled to return to her parents with her only child. Later, seeing in a Denver paper an account of the death of Thomas Whalen, she accepted the attention of Moses Locke and married him.

CONDITION OF TRADE.

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