

THE INDEPENDENT.

"DEFENDI REPUBLICANAM JUVENIS; NON DESELAM SESEL." - Cicero.

JAMES G. TALLAFERRO, Editor & Proprietor.

HARRISONBURG: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1858

Senator Benjamin has placed us under obligations for the 3d 4th & 5th volumes of the Pacific Rail Road Survey, they are handsomely bound and illustrated, containing a vast amount of useful and entertaining information.

Rumor has reached this place that the Hon. F. Oliver died on Monday last, at his residence on Black river. Though sudden, it was not unexpected, as fears have been entertained for some time that the disease, an affection of the lungs, would prove fatal. There is every probability that the painful report, will prove to be correct.

Several matters that belong more properly to the sphere of the editor proper, have been received. No action therefore will be taken in them during his absence.

Anthony, a slave belonging to James Surget of Concordia parish, was hung in the Jail yard of the same, on the 2d inst., for the murder of another slave.

It is unnecessary to ask attention to the advertisement of Messrs Fleishman & Conn, they are Merchants in every sense of the term, and as such are ever awake to the interests of their patrons, and in this place, we would state that they who liberally patronize the printer invariably prosper.

We acknowledge the receipt of Saturday evening's, New Orleans papers from the Steamer W. W. Farmer. Capt. John Glenn, late of the Paul Jones has taken the Farmer and will continue in the trade during the remainder of the season, she is a comfortable and favorite boat.

THE BEAUTIES OF TRUTH.—On our first page will be found a beautiful illustration of the power and sublimity of unadorned truth, under the head of "A Beautiful Narrative." What devoted mother who has labored in the Christian virtue and duty of instilling into the young hearts of her children the ninth commandment, on reading this article, but will instinctively fold to her bosom the lovely flowers, and breathe a silent prayer in thankfulness for her success. And what a contrast does this simple truth present to that studied and refined dissimulation too frequently taught children by their mothers, under the false and ridiculous notion that it is more genteel to tell a few "white lies," occasionally, than the simple, unadorned truth.

WHAT NEXT?—It is stated in some of our exchanges, that revivals of religion have taken place recently in several of the large printing establishments of the North-east. This startling announcement, in any other than this fast age, would take the most stoical by surprise. Just to think for a moment, of a revival of religion—pure and undefiled religion—going on in a printing office, the officiating person, perhaps, being the devil himself, supported by more or less ex officio devils! Besides, we thought that printers were exempt from all the penalties attached to little earthly delinquencies, in consideration of the trouble and torment necessarily undergone in pursuing their occupation. But even printers, occasionally, are susceptible of moral improvement, and we bid speed to the good work.

The following Act to regulate the terms of Court in the Eleventh Judicial District, was passed at the last session of the Legislature:

- Sec. 1. That the Probate terms of Court, in the parishes composing the Eleventh Judicial District, be and the same are hereby abolished.
Sec. 2. That the terms of Court in the several parishes composing the Eleventh Judicial District shall commence as follows: In the parish of Franklin, jury terms first Mondays of April and October; in the parish of Calcasieu, jury terms first Mondays of May and November; in the parish of Caldwell, jury terms first Mondays of June and December.
Sec. 3. That all laws and parts of laws contrary to the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.
Sec. 4. That this law shall take effect from and after its passage.
APPROVED March 6, 1858.

MURDER OF A SLAVE.—A trial of peculiar interest has just terminated at Sandersville, Ga., in which Green Martin was convicted of the murder of his own slave—a negro boy, 13 years old—by the infliction of inhuman punishment, which was performed on the 9th of May, 1857, commencing at 12 o'clock and lasting until 5 P. M. when the boy was discovered to be dead. The Central Georgian states that the material witnesses in the case were Mr. Martin's own daughters, aged, respectively, 21, 19 and 16, who were introduced by the prosecution to convict their own father of murder, and by their own testimony he was found guilty! This fact alone must have given to the whole proceeding a peculiarly painful and melancholy interest.

MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD.—At the annual meeting of the directors of this road, solemnly held at New Orleans, the President was going home one day to Europe, to purchase iron ore, after being on the road, and he has said that he "needed" some City to make the arrangement of the iron

From Santa Fe.

By the arrival of the San Diego mail at San Antonio we have fifteen days later news from Santa Fe, the dates being to the 27th ultimo.

Capt. Pope, Topographical Engineers, with his corps of Artesian well diggers, was at Dona Ana in New Mexico.

We learn from the Gazette that about the 7th of February a horrible outrage was committed at Dona Ana by Mexicans from the Mesilla. It has been officially reported to the headquarters of that department. The Gazette says:

It appears that some Mescaleros had visited the Mesilla Valley, and, rumor says, stolen some animals from that vicinity. Their trail was taken by a party of men, styled the "Mesilla Guard," whose duties appear to be those of a vigilance committee, to watch and punish all evil doers. In following up the trail these Mexicans came to a camp about three miles from Dona Ana, where some of the tribe were living, and after killing three Indians, entered the town in a state of semi-intoxication, following women and children who were fleeing there for protection. Eight or nine Indians, principally women, were killed, two women wounded, and one child taken captive and carried to Mesilla. The Mescaleros have been in the habit for a long time of visiting Dona Ana, where their principal trading was carried on. The people of Dona Ana say that this attack was wanton, and altogether unprovoked.

Lt. Beall, Superintendent of the wagon road ordered to be constructed from Fort Thorn to Fort Yuma had arrived at Santa Fe. He reports the route eminently practicable, even superior to the road from here to Independence. Indeed, the expedition has in every respect been successful. There was not a man lost; the experiment with the camels has been more than satisfactory, and a good practicable road constructed. The camels were left at Fort Yuma.

Col. Clemens, Surveyor, who has for two or three months past been engaged below, had returned with his party to Santa Fe, having finished his contract. The Colonel is looking well, and reports having had a pleasant and successful trip.

The Gazette says: Government wagons were sent from Santa Fe to Fort Cantonment Burgwin, last week, to convey Capt. Bowman's company from that post to Fort Union. This company, consisting of seventy men, will go with Capt. Marcy to Utah. Besides these Capt. Marcy will have fifty men of his own, who came over with him. It is likely that twenty-five mounted men will also accompany Captain M. from Fort Union. He will take with him between 750 and 1000 mules and horses, and probably more. He will leave Fort Union about the first proximo. It is probable that Lt. M. Cogswell, for some time stationed here, will be ordered to go with this expedition.

MODIFICATION OF THE ENGLISH LAW OF LIBEL.—The London Times of the 12th ultimo, has an article on the proposed modification of the law of libel, in relation to reports of public bodies and meetings, introduced into the House of Lords by Lord Campbell. As the law now stands the press is only protected in its fair reports of proceedings in courts of justice; but for reports on all other occasions, however public or lawful, the press is responsible if it gives the actionable matter uttered by a speaker. Under the provisions of Lord Campbell's bill the protection accorded to the press will be extended as follows: Parliamentary reports will be placed on the same footing as law reports, the immunity in each case being complete; and on the occasion of any meeting convened by any duly authorized functionaries, for the purpose of petitioning the Queen or Parliament, or any meeting for the election of members of Parliament, or a meeting of a town council, or a meeting held under the authority of any act of Parliament in relation to local affairs, it will be competent to a newspaper to plead, in bar of an action for libel, that the report is a faithful report of the proceedings at a lawful public meeting, and that the plaintiff has sustained no loss or damage by the publication. Under these limitations the security of the press is to be complete in cases of parliamentary and law reports only. Against this small measure of relief the Times protests with great energy, and demands complete immunity for all fair reports of public meetings, whether held in pursuance of any specific law or otherwise.

MURDER.—We learn that the overseer of Mr. Holly, a planter on the Bayou Macon in Carroll parish, was murdered a few days since. Four negroes were concerned in it. He coming into the field where they were at work, early in the morning, they attacked and overpowered, and then took him to a creek and drowned him, hiding his body among logs. They then went to work again, but at dinner time they took the body from the creek, made a large brush heap, and putting the body in it set it on fire. His absence from breakfast and dinner exciting suspicions of foul play, Mrs. Holly, (her husband being away from home) sent for some of the neighbors, who soon traced out the murder—the four negroes confessing their guilt, and telling all the particulars of the transaction.—They are in prison. On reaching the pyre, nothing but ashes and the charred bones of the unfortunate man remained.—Franklin Sun 26th ult.

RESULT OF THE SUMMER COURT MARTIAL.—The N. Y. Times learns from a reliable quarter that the result of the recent court martial upon Col. Sumner, at Carlisle Barracks, was the acquittal of Col. S. upon both the charges preferred against him by Gen. Harney. The court deliberated less than fifteen minutes before agreeing upon their verdict. Col. S. left Carlisle immediately for Watertown, N. Y., where he will meet his family. He is under orders for Utah, and will leave Fort Leavenworth with his regiment, on the 10th of May.

A Greek lawyer recently moved the Supreme Court of Athens, for the reversal of the sentence against Socrates.

The United States Minister and Mrs. Dallas dined with Queen Victoria on the 21st of February.

COLLEGE ROWDYISM AT YALE.—The Cleveland Herald in speaking of the late disgraceful and bloody fracas between the freshmen and the students of New Haven, says:

From the time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, a feud has existed between the "College boys" and the "town boys." Each college generation must have a fight; hence every four years New Haven is turned into Pandemonium. These battles often interrupt College exercises for days; bullies are chosen by each class; clubs and other weapons are procured, and the student forces are regularly organized for war. The cry of fire at midnight has not half the terrors for the slumberers in the "Elm City," as has that ominous student cry of Yale! Yale!! Yale!!! The rush of students to succor their brother in the hands of the Philistines, has more terrors than the tramp of the invading army.

These College collisions, somehow, often occur with the boys who run with the machine. As long ago as '30—if our memory is not at fault—one night of a "three days" fight, the students, by dint of "moral suasion," were kept in the College yard by the Faculty, when a "squirrel" was hauled up in the street in front and brought to bear on the students. With memory's eye we see the "bully" of the Sophomore Class and his "body guard" make a sortie for that "machine." The fire engine never did service after its attempt to "put out" the college boys.

SYSTEM.—The secret of the success of a great many individuals lies in their manner of doing their business, in systematizing their daily labors and letting their head save their heels. Some men can accomplish in a day an almost incredible amount of labor, while others appear to be weighed down by doing apparently nothing. A man who allows trifles to frustrate him, is no man for business, for he soon wears out his system, and renders himself disagreeable to those around him. It is a good rule to have your daily work allotted out, and with the aid of system you will be able to accomplish wonders. If a spider breaks his thread twenty times, twenty times will mend it again.—Make up your mind to do a thing, and you will surely do it. Fear not if trouble come upon you, keep up your spirits, though the day be a hard one.

UNION-SAVER.—The New York Independent publishes a letter from a late subscriber, expressing the following patriotic and independent sentiments:

Sir I herein inclose, a Few lines to inform you that I wish you to discontinue my paper with you. For such a paper does not agree with my sentiments on government affairs; I am a Believer in our administrative government, and therefore I am opposed to such a paper that goes to break the union.

Yours with Respect, Warren County, N. J.

THE FIRST BOWIE KNIFE.—The editor of the Belton (Texas) Independent says he knows personally, that the first Bowie knife was made in the blacksmith shop of Col. Charles Muholland, on Bayou Teche, in Louisiana, about fifteen miles below Alexandria, La. He says: "We took shelter from the rain in the shop above named, in August, 1834, when the Colonel related the circumstance to us. He said that the knife was made under the instructions of and partly by, James Bowie himself. It was with that knife most of his awful fights were afterwards made."

HITS FROM PRENICE.—A lady correspondent, who professes to be horrified at the indecency of our paper, threatens for the future to set her foot on every copy she sees. She had better not. Our paper has it in it.

A free-soil editor in Ohio, speaks of one of Mr. Giddings' late speeches in Congress as "a remarkable lucid effort." Undoubtedly the arrant old Abolitionist has his "lucid intervals."

Since the desertion of the Democratic party by a distinguished editor of Pennsylvania, once the industrious eulogist and friend of Mr. Buchanan, the crime of political Summers-setting should be called Finney-cation.

The Schenectady Star says that thence is over Erie's bosom, and her waters thro' no more. Under these circumstances we think the Star had better not attempt to 'shine on them.

A stupid lawyer in Illinois got thrashed in a fist fight the other day. The petifogger made as bad a "fist," at his antagonis as he makes at the law.

The red petticoat is a dangerous thing when cattle are about. In England, a lady wearing one was hoisted over the fence by a bull.

ELEGANT LIVING.—An Irishman who lives with a vegetarian, writes to a friend, that if he wants to know what illigal living is, he must come to his house, where the breakfast consists of nothing, and the supper of what is left at breakfast.

Horace Greeley has sent his affidavit to Kansas, swearing that he did not vote at Kickapoo, as reported by the poll books. The Leavenworth Times expresses a hope that James Buchanan, William H. Seward, Thomas Benton, Edwin Forrest, and other distinguished gentlemen, whose names appear in the Kickapoo poll books with that of Mr. Greeley, will lose no time in making their affidavits, and relieving themselves from the taint that must else tarnish their names and character. The people of Kansas demand an explanation of the suspicious circumstances attached to their names.

Some little progress in manufacturing enterprise has been made in Mississippi. The Mississippi Manufacturing Company has a factory in Choctaw county, about forty-five miles from Grenada. Its capital is \$80,000. It was established in 1848. Its clear profits for the last four years have not been less than thirty per cent, per annum on the capital invested. Its chief operations are in making cotton yarn, cotton osanburgs and lineys.

According to a Belgian paper, the funded property of the house of Rothschild, of Paris amounts at present to forty millions sterling.

TELEGRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The steamship Persia reached her dock here at 3 o'clock this morning. The mails for the South which she brought from Europe were forwarded in the early train and will be due in New Orleans on Wednesday next; the 7th prox.

Liverpool Cotton Market. The sales in the Liverpool cotton market, on Friday the 19th inst., are reported to have amounted to 4,000 bales.

Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., in their circular, quote Middling Orleans at 7d. per pound.

Havre Cotton Market. The reports from the Havre cotton market brought by the Persia are to the purport that business was dull and prices drooping.

The sales of the week ended on Friday, the 19th inst., had amounted to 4,000 bales. The stock on hand is calculated at 128,000 bales.

The quotations for tres ordinaire are 103 francs.

American Stocks. Messrs. Bell & Son in their circular report American Stocks quiet and unchanged.

General News. The bill providing for the granting of a loan to the East India Company had passed both Houses of the British Parliament.

Resignation of M. Persigny. M. Persigny, the Ambassador from France to the Court of Great Britain, had tendered his resignation.

French Financial Affairs. The Paris Bourse is reported quiet.

Spain and Mexico. It is officially announced that Sr. Zuloaga, at present at the head of the Government in the capital of Mexico, has promised ample reparation to Spain, under the various reclamations she has pending against that country.

Collins Steamers Sold. NEW YORK, April 1.—The Collins steamers were sold to-day. They were bought for \$50,000, exclusive of liens on them to the amount of \$650,000, with interest. Messrs. Brown Bros. are understood to be the purchasers.

New York Markets. NEW YORK, March 31.—Our cotton market has been dull to-day. The news by the Persia quite unsettled business, and caused a decline of from three-eighths to half a cent per pound in prices. Quotations are altogether nominal.

St. Louis Markets. St. Louis, April 1.—Mess pork has advanced in our market to-day, and quotations now stand at \$16 per barrel. Tobacco has also improved.

Louisville Markets. LOUISVILLE, April 1.—Our markets to-day have been generally without material change. Provisions, however, are very firm, and holders are asking higher prices. Whiskey is dull, and prices have declined 1/2c. per gallon. Quotations at the close stood at 16 1/2c. per gallon.

River News. LOUISVILLE, April 1.—The river opposite this point has fallen six inches since last advices. St. Louis, April 1.—The river opposite this point is falling slowly.—Picyune 2d inst.

Congressional. WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Senate disagreed with the House amendment to the Kansas bill (Crittenden's, offered by Montgomery) by 32 votes to 23.

Before the Army bill passed the Senate it was amended by reducing the quota from four regiments to two regiments of volunteers.

The following items of the rivers, we clip from the Concordia Intelligencer of the 2nd inst:

THE MISSISSIPPI AT VIDALIA.—The river here is booming high and rising. We have been politely furnished with the following data by Captain Sylvanus Churchill, of the steam ferry boat Rosalie:

Height of the river within four feet six inches of the top of the bank; stage of water higher than the river attained last year. The rise for the last 24 hours, ending at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, was seven inches, and on Wednesday, 6 P. M., to yesterday, 8 A. M., the rise was three inches and a-half.

RED RIVER.—The Shreveport South-Western, of March 24th, says: "The river continues to rise rapidly, and the latest accounts from above lead to the belief that the water will in a few days be as high as at any time during the season. Planters along the river must look to their levees."

HIGH WATER IN ARKANSAS.—The Little Rock Democrat of the 22d says: "The river is higher than for fourteen years, and still rising. The rain still falling rapidly (Monday) the present prospects is for an extensive overflow and great destruction of property. It yet lacks, at this point, four feet of the great freshet of 1844; though in many places the banks are completely submerged, and the destruction of stock must already be very great."

AN AMERICAN MINISTER'S BALL.—The grand ball given by Mr. and Mrs. Mason, at Paris, on the 22d ult., in commemoration of Washington's birth-day, was a brilliant and most satisfactory fete. Invitations had been extended to the friends of the Minister and his family, and it was estimated that not less than eight hundred persons were crowded into the saloons of the Legation. Lord Cowley, English Ambassador, Count Kisselef, Russian Ambassador, Duke De Malakoff were early in attendance. The widow of the late Solomon Rothschild. The widow of the late Wykoff were among the like. The orchestra, an entire arrangement were perfect, and did honor to the liberality and the good taste of the Minister and his amiable family.

A certain editor thinks when a single gentleman can not pass a clothes line without counting all the long stockings, it is a sign that he ought to get married, and the sooner the better.

DEFRADING UZEL SAM.—In accordance with recent instructions from Washington, the postmasters throughout the country are looking up the frauds which are every day committed to avoid lawful postage.

The extent of these frauds will be better understood says the Boston Herald, by enumerating the contents of 28 papers opened by the postmaster at Charleston, within three days: 11 were written upon, 3 continued dress patterns, 3 skeins of silk, 3 contained letters, 2 had pieces of black silk, 1 contained a landscape drawing, 1 a letter and a \$2 bank bill, and 1 a China baby. The amount of postage for these papers was twenty-eight cents while the amount which should have been paid for them was \$7 17.

AN AGREABLE ANNOUNCEMENT.—Mr. Andrew Jackson Davis, the great "boss-spiritualist," in a lecture the other day in St. Louis, made the pleasant little declaration that "death was the merest nothing," only the slightest exfoliation of spirit, a gentle emerging from this state into another about as easy as the passage from one apartment into the next, and as little of the disagreeable about it. Now, this is very refreshing, and capital punishment will lose three quarters of all its horrors; in fact, criminals, like children after Sherman's lozenges, will cry for an immediate execution on the most trivial occasions. Mr. Davis has done humanity a great service.

A CONJUGAL INCIDENT. Lola Montes tells the following anecdote of Dumas: He married a broker's daughter, without wit, good sense, beauty, or even a spotless character, merely to pay a large debt he owed her father. Entering his room suddenly one day, he caught a man in the very act of kissing his wife. "Good heavens," was his only remark, and without being obliged to.

FATAL DUEL.—The European journals announce that in a duel at Konigsberg Gen. de Plewhe fired first; the ball entered Lieut. Jackman's mouth, broke his lower jaw and passed out at the neck, but, after staggering a moment, Jackman fired and shot the general through the heart.

The bachelor who undertook to mend his breeches with the "bread of life," gave it up as a bad job, and sent them to a tailor; and the woman who made a pound of butter out of the cream of a joke, and a cheese from the milk of human kindness, has since washed the close of the year.

New Orleans Markets.

Unfavorable reports from Europe have caused a dull market within the last week. The figures are lowered nearly:

Table with 3 columns: Inferior, Ordinary, Good Ordinary. Values range from 5 a 7 to 11 a 11 1/2.

SUGAR.—There has been a fair demand for the better grades, but the lower qualities have been neglected, and prices easier for those descriptions, the closing rates being as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Inferior, Common, Fair to fully Fair, Prime and Choice, Clarified, Refined, &c. Values range from 2 1/4 to 6 1/2.

COFFEES.—26a27 and 29c for inferior and Feringent.

PEACOCKS.—24a25c for prime ribbed sides 6 1/2a7c for Shoulders.

Wool.—9a9 1/2 for good No. 1. Cottons.—10 1/2a11c.

SALES.—72 1/2a75c assorted cargo, Baggings.—12a14c for Ky. 12 1/2a13 1/2 and 14c for India.

ROPE.—6 1/2a7c for hand spun.

CATTLE MARKET.—Good cattle in demand. Western fine, Rough and choice 6a8. Texas cattle per head \$10a\$35. Veal cattle 81c 50 per head.

(Daily Delta, Friday last.)

New Advertisements.

Fresh Arrivals

SEASONABLE GOODS!!

Fleishman & Conn.

TAKE this occasion to inform their friends, and the public generally, that they are now receiving and opening a large and well selected Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Embracing the Latest Styles of Silks, Trimmings, Muslins, Shawls, Ribbons, Mantillas, Lace, etc. etc.

Ladies and Misses Bonnets, Children's Hats. A superior lot of READY MADE CLOTHING,

Of the latest style and made of the best materials. ALSO—A superior lot of Hardware, Cutlery, Perfumery, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Saddlery, &c., &c.

The public are solicited to call at our Old Stand, Front St., where we hope that our LOW PRICES, and the excellent quality of the present stock, combined with prompt and courteous attention, and a determination to please, will gain for them a generous patronage from the community.

April 7, 1858. 47-48

RUNAWAY IN JAIL.

ON Saturday, 3rd inst., committed to Jail in this town a negro man who calls himself Andrew.

He says that he belongs to William Eisey on Little river. Said negro is a light mulatto, of tolerably small stature, and quite young. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property and take him away; otherwise he will be dealt with as the law directs.

D. D. SWINDALL, Jailor. Harrisonburg, April, 7th, 1858.—44-47.

S. D. JONES, PARISH SURVEYOR. Address Trinity La. April 7th 1858. 44 47, 17.

Lumber! Lumber!! Lumber!!! THE undersigned announces to the community that they have just finished and put in operation a

at miles from the CHALK HILL, thirteen are now prepared on the Monroe road, and all bills that may be on the Monroe road, and a satisfactory manner March 17, 1858.—44-47.

The quality shall be good. OVER & Co.

Freemasons

THE Brethren of Harrisburg, 110 of Free and Masons, will dedicate NEW MASS

at Harrisonburg La., on THE T. H. O. R. On Masonry, will be delivered

By Brethren of respective Jurisdictions, and invited to attend and assist in connection and to this end are able to bring their Regalia generally are also provided.

J. A. COHEN, Secy. March, 31 1858.—41.

Dedication

A BALL will be given on the 4th April, the Ladies are requested—Gentlemen can proceed to the undersigned comm

March 31, 1858—44-44

DAVID MARKS, ISIDORE NEW

MARKS & N. DEALER DRY GOODS, G Hardware, Clothing, Medicines

And all Articles generally AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES. CASH OR APPROVED HARRISONBURG

HIGHEST PRICES PAID

THE Senior in the above firm inform the community, that with him in the Mercantile business and in returning his services liberal patronage bestowed last year, respectfully solicited for the firm, which is not usually large and carefully selected Summer Goods, purchasers examine for themselves as our found complete in every particular and measure to the times.

NOTICE

ALL persons are hereby notified to take care against the location No. 23, 665, for 100 acres of land of April, 1858, under the act of October 25th 1850, and directed to give Fla., The same having been applied to the Commissioner of Patents of the same.

WILLIAM W. ALEXANDER

Harrisonburg, Catahoula La. Ma

NEW GOODS

WE are now daily receiving a stock of SPRING SEASON

The public are invited to call for fresh arrivals of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS in variety are not any similar establishment out of the State.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Plantation

March, 31 1858.—44-43.

WYANDOT INDIAN PRODUCE

Sale by, I. S. HILL

March 31 1858. 44-43.

"Cheaper than the C

SELLING AT CITY. WE are now receiving our LA

PLETE SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS which we offer together with our assorted stock at the LOWEST

Our stock consists of Dry Goods and Cloth Boots and Shoes; Hats and Caps;

Crockery and China Cutlery and Hardware Trunks and Carpet Medicines, &c., &c.

A full stock of GROCERIES which we offer at the LOWEST PRICES.

We would call the particular attention of the public to our FANCY DRY GOODS and

them to visit the store and examine supply of the FRENCH PERFUM fine ladies Bonnets and Hats the latest styles.

Ladies' Silk Flats and Planters of this and adjacent counties by calling on us for their TATION GOODS as we can supply low city prices.

Call and examine for yourselves. L. MAYE

COPARTNERSHIP CH

SILVERBERG, would inform this parish, and the public in general, that the public in M. Silverberg & Keler, and will stand, a well selected stock of merchandise in his line, the utmost satisfaction all work done in the shop.

Trinity March 17 1858.

NOTICE

ALL persons are forewarned against a certain promissory note signed some time in December 1857 for the sum of Three hundred dollars, consideration for which said note failed, the said note will not be a judgment of court.

L. A. REY

March 9, 1858—44-41.

VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND situated on Sicily Island, and lands of Dr. Nuttle and Dr. Pennington South half of Section 21, Township 8 East, District North Red River.

Terms—One half cash, the balance in six months, with note and good security interest from date of sale. The land is well situated for planting sugar cane to purchase can do so by calling residence or by writing to me at this office.

Trinity, La., Feb. 10, 1858.

NOTICE

DURING my absence Col. Wm. authorized to receive and receipts for the year 1857.

March 1