

THE SUN:

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of the City of Carrollton, and of the
PARISH OF JEFFERSON.

PUBLISHED
Every Wednesday and Saturday,
In the City of Carrollton, Parish of Jefferson, La.,
By M. G. DAVIS.

Office on Dublin, between Second and Burthe streets

Terms of the Newspaper:

VOLUME III. of the "Carrollton Sun" will begin on the 23d June, instant: it will be printed as heretofore, on good type and fair paper, and issued to subscribers at five dollars per volume of 104 numbers, if paid for before the close of the volume; if paid for IN ADVANCE, or before the close of the first half-volume of 52 numbers, four dollars will be received for the entire volume; but if not paid before the end of the full volume of 104 numbers, six dollars will, in all instances, be required.

No subscription will be received for a less term than the volume, unless paid for IN ADVANCE and so stated at the time; the paper will not be discontinued until all arrearages are settled, unless the publisher should choose to do so.

Rates of Advertising:

All Advertisements will be charged \$1 (one dollar) per square of TEN LINES OR LESS, for the first, and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion. All Communications on personal matters, if admitted, will be subject to DOUBLE the above rates, and must, invariably, be paid for in advance of their publication.

Advertisements inserted by the month or for a longer period, will be charged according to the rates: one square, of ten lines, (or less) one month, \$4; two months, \$6; and for longer periods, by agreement.

1 square.....	\$ 8 00.....	\$10 00.....	\$12 00
2 squares.....	15 00.....	16 00.....	18 00
3 do.....	18 00.....	20 00.....	22 00
4 do.....	20 00.....	24 00.....	26 00
5 do.....	22 00.....	25 00.....	31 00
6 do.....	25 00.....	30 00.....	35 00
7 do.....	30 00.....	35 00.....	40 00
8 do.....	32 00.....	40 00.....	45 00
9 do.....	40 00.....	45 00.....	50 00
10 do.....	45 00.....	50 00.....	55 00
11 do.....	50 00.....	55 00.....	60 00
12 do.....	55 00.....	60 00.....	65 00

ANNOUNCEMENTS:

For State Office..... \$10 00
For Parish Office..... 8 00
For Town or City Offices..... 5 00

CITY OF CARROLLTON:

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1860.

In our paper to-day will be found the proceedings of our City Council, at their last session, held on the 25th, instead of the 28th of July, as heretofore stated. We at the same time invite special attention to them.

The applicants for the position of Teachers in the various departments of the Public Schools in this city, will bear in mind that an Examination will take place on Saturday next, 4th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Washington School House, on Washington street. Those interested will, therefore, not fail to be in attendance.

The meeting announced for Saturday evening last at the Carrollton Hotel, in this city, for a special purpose, notwithstanding the outside efforts and city announcements, proved a success. The people choose to think and act for themselves; and why should they be dictated to by disappointed office-seekers of defunct organizations?

MAGNANIMITY.—Mr. F. Divine, whom we announced on Saturday last as having been arrested in the city of New Orleans on the Thursday evening previous, by special officer C. Deibel of this city, and escorted to our Jail, says that we have committed an important error, and have done him great injustice in our remarks; that he was not arrested by C. Deibel; that he voluntarily came up to this city on the 8 o'clock train and magnanimously surrendered himself to the proper authority. Who will deny the facts as stated by him?

The Avenue Road.

The above road, forming one of the most important lines of travel between this city and New Orleans, is regularly progressing toward a final completion under the general and special superintendence of Mayor Ferth, who has been clothed with full powers to that end by resolution of the City Council. Mr. F. informs us that the larger portion of the required material has been contracted for and is now arriving on the ground, in considerable quantities; and also, that the failure in the arrival of material as fast as needed, will now constitute the only obstacle to the speedy and successful completion of the undertaking.

We are gratified to be able to notice amongst our citizens a more general interest in the accomplishment of this most important work, and from the untiring energy and perseverance of the friends of the measure in our Council, there can scarcely exist a reasonable doubt in the mind of any person, but that the Avenue, upon which thousands of dollars have heretofore been expended to no great advantage to the community, will, under existing arrangement and management, be speedily rendered a permanent, durable, and at all times a reliable line of communication between this city and the city of New Orleans.

The many advantages to the residents of this place as well as the public generally, which must follow the completion of this road, cannot now be estimated; aside from affording to our own citizens and to the public generally, at all times and at all hours a thoroughfare by which they can conveniently transport their freight or produce between New Orleans and this city, it will in a large degree rid the community of a dependence upon a line of travel which is daily becoming far less agreeable to a large number of its former patrons, by the arbitrary rules established in regard to the transportation of freight between those two points. Its final completion will be hailed with joy by the public generally.

The New Levee.

The Levee now being erected in front of a portion of this city, under the superintendence of the Mayor and his officers continues to advance regularly: The force heretofore employed on the work has been somewhat limited, owing partially to the extreme heat of the weather, and the unwillingness of many laborers to expose themselves to the constant rays of the sun. There is no doubt, however, that the progress made already with the work, will warrant its final completion in ample time for the safety of the community, admitting no larger force should hereafter be employed upon it.

Lake Bathing.

The waters of the Lake have been pronounced more than usually impregnated with salt for some days back, by many of our residents who have enjoyed an evening bath, after the sun had disappeared.

As salt water bathing is pronounced to be particularly conducive to health during the extreme heat of the weather, and as it may not be generally known to all our resident population, that a train of cars leaves the Depot in this place a few minutes past six o'clock each evening, by which they may reach the Lake in ample time to enjoy a bath, and return to this city by the last car from the lake, which leaves there some minutes before nine o'clock. Who would not enjoy the invigorating influences of a salt water bath?

POLITICAL.

The following telegraphic items of political intelligence we find in our Cincinnati exchanges of the 25th:

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, July 25. A Douglas mass and delegate State Convention meets at Harrisburg to-morrow afternoon, and the prospects are of a large attendance.

Mr. Hickman's Republican speech contained a severe denunciation of Mr. Douglas's course on Kansas, preferring that of Mr. Breckinridge as out-spoken and evident, while that of Mr. Douglas was concealed and tricky. The speech created considerable excitement among the friends of Mr. Douglas, and will probably call forth numerous able replies. It is understood that John B. Haskin will reply at West Chester, Mr. Hickman's own district.

JUDGE DOUGLAS AT TROY, N. Y.—Troy, Wednesday, July 25.—Judge Douglas arrived here, from Saratoga, at half-past seven this evening. He was received at the depot by an immense concourse of citizens, one or two military companies, and a company of Little Giants, from Albany. The procession formed and marched to the Troy House, where Mr. Douglas was welcomed by the Mayor. In reply, Mr. Douglas made a political speech, defining non-intervention as the true principle, and appealing for its support by all who are opposed to abolitionism and disunionism. He spoke thirty-five minutes, and was listened to by about five thousand people. The reception is considered to have been a great success.

DETROIT, Wednesday, July 25.—A meeting of the friends of Breckinridge and Lane, from different parts of the State, was held in this city, to-day. A State Committee was appointed, who were empowered to call a State Convention to nominate an electoral ticket and perfect an organization. The meeting was not large, but a determined spirit was manifested. After an adjournment, the gentlemen composing the meeting called upon General Cass, at his residence.

The friends of Bell and Everett also held a meeting last evening, to devise measures looking to a State organization. Beside the organization of a Bell and Everett Club, nothing decisive was effected.

GEN. LANE IN NORTH CAROLINA.—Raleigh N. C., Wednesday, July 25.—General Lane is spending a few days at and near Raleigh, visiting the house of his ancestors and numerous relations. The Governor, Judges of the Supreme Court, and many other prominent officials and the citizens generally, have honored him with a hearty welcome, as a distinguished son of the State, and more especially as the site of the city of Raleigh was the old Lane estate, donated by the General's grand-father for the Capital.

SACO, ME., Wednesday, July 25.—The Republicans of the First District in Convention here nominated John N. Goodwin, of South Berwick, for Congress. Lewis O. Cowan, of Benford, was chosen Presidential elector.

CHICAGO, Wednesday, July 25.—The Democratic Congressional Convention of the Fifth District nominated Hon. William A. Richardson for Congress to-day.

Abolitionists Hung.—The Navarro (Texas) Express of the 21st inst., says that an abolitionist was caught at Fort Worth, who had just distributed fifty guns and fifty six-shooters among the negroes. Another man was arrested in Parker county for a similar act. Both men were hung.

Louisiana Items.

Cotton Picking.—The Bayou Sara Ledger says: "The planters in Tunica, this parish, commenced picking cotton on Monday last. The crop generally, is good."

Fire.—We learn, says the Covington Wanderer, that the residence and household furniture of Mr. Starling Dixon, near the Indian Village, this parish, was entirely destroyed by fire, the latter part of last week. How the fire originated we did not learn.

Some Snake.—The Greensburg Imperial says that a rattlesnake was killed near that place last week, which measured seven feet in length, 12 inches in circumference, and had 17 rattles and two buttons.

Franklin.—The Planter's Banner says that business of all kinds is rather dull at present, but that great preparations are being made for the opening of the fall and winter trade.

The West Baton Rouge Sugar Planter of Saturday last, says:

Our neighbor, Wilkerson, manager of the "Carolina Plantation," sent yesterday a specimen of the cane growing on his plantation. One of the canes was nearly six feet high, which there were ten well matured joints. At this time of the year the canes are something extra for size, have not seen their equal, so early, since the great season of 1853.

The Lafourche Union of Saturday last, says:

We learn that a severe hail-storm passed over the upper portion of the parish of Assumption, yesterday afternoon, doing serious injury to the cane on several plantations.

The Point Coupee Democrat of Saturday, says:

Another week has elapsed without a single drop of rain having fallen in this parish, so far as we have been able to ascertain. The appearance of the sky is still for a long continued drought. Crops are suffering very much, except in rich and new soil.

Mississippi Items.

From the Granada Rural Gentleman of Saturday last we extract the following:

The light shower on Monday did not do the crops any material good—a good rain would help potatoes and cotton very much—corn is irretrievably ruined—in many localities the crop cannot possibly exceed a half one. In some localities rains have been abundant and heavy crops are expected.

Two little boys were killed by lightning on Mr. Kirkman's plantation on last Monday evening. They were near an old stump in the field—the lightning struck some vines around the stump—both were burnt on the back—one burnt also between the eyes at the root of the nose—the other burnt in two places on the shoulder.

The Jackson Intelligencer of Thursday last says:

As far as we have been enabled to learn by our short travels, and from our exchanges, we regret that the crops, both corn and cotton, are fast falling for want of rain, as there has been scarcely a refreshing shower for the past three months until Tuesday morning last. The drought appears to extend far beyond the limits of Mississippi.

The Attala Advertiser of Friday last says:

The weather is now decidedly oppressive, and no prospect of a change shortly. Although we had a fine shower not long since, the dust is beyond endurance, and the rays of the sun almost dry the blood in the veins. Crops are generally looking parched, and the blooms on the cotton are now coming out very near the top, which is a very bad state for it to be in. Corn will fall considerably short of a full crop.

The Jackson News has the following:

The artesian well at the Penitentiary is progressing finely. It is now over four hundred feet deep, the water coming within about one hundred feet of the surface, and enough is pumped therefrom to supply the entire premises, which is a very considerable item in the economy of that institution. We hope to chronicle the completion of the artesian well in a few months.

Obituary.—The Natchez Courier records the death of Mr. John J. Home, on the 26th, a venerable and highly-esteemed printer of that city, for the past twenty-five years.

The Aberdeen Sunny South Chronicles an interesting revival in the Methodist Episcopal Church of that city.

Arkansas Items.

River, Weather, Crops.—Arkansas, it would seem, like many of the Southern States, is suffering from long drouth and protracted hot weather. Her crop prospects, too, are beginning to look somewhat gloomy. From the Little Rock Gazette of the 21st we quote:

The river—is below low-water mark, and if it continues to recede, will soon be below its present bottom on the bars, which are now navigable for averaged sized cat-fish. The Alamo, which professes to run on a heavy dew, has failed to get up, and it may be safely said that, for the present, navigation is at an end.

The weather, for the past week, has been exceedingly warm, and but for a small amount of wind which has generally kept in circulation, the heat would have been almost unbearable.

The corn crops, which three weeks since promised the most abundant yield the State has ever produced, have been cut short,

and in many instances ruined, by the excessive and continued drouth. The unplanted cotton crops have suffered some from the same cause. The change of the moon, to which many looked for a change in the weather, has come and gone, and the same parching drouth continues. The moon has lost caste among her votaries, decidedly.

We understand that three men were stricken down by the heat in Little Rock, and all died.

Fire.—We regret to learn (says the Van Buren Press of the 13th) that the residence and out-houses of Mr. J. Foster, who resides on Lees Creek in this county, were yesterday entirely consumed by fire. A considerable quantity of wheat was also consumed. Mr. Foster and family were absent, and we are informed that everything contained in his dwelling was consumed.

Of the crops in Phillips county, the Herald, Shield says:

Ever since 1847, say the knowing men of our county, has there been such a prospect for an abundant corn crop at present. Cotton also looks very promising, and there is no telling should the growing crop escape blight, rust, or other enemy. That amount will be raised in the county—of less than a bale (of 400 lbs. weight) the acre, as an average. As to whether money has been saved of course depends very much upon the character of autumn and early winter.

California Items.

The Pony Express, with San Francisco dates to the 11th inst., arrived at St. Joseph, Mo., on the 26th. We give the following summary of the intelligence:

The steamer Sonora sailed on the 11th for Panama, with 229 passengers and \$1,071,000 in treasure, of which \$983,000 was for New York. No mails were taken. Letters and newspapers were taken by the Express accompanying the steamer, as the only means of transmitting them to Mexico, Central America, Panama, South America and the West Indies. All newspapers for the Atlantic States had also to be expressed by the steamer, as the Overland Mail only carries letters.

A ship will sail in a few days with a cargo of silver ore from the Oplala mines.

Politicians are almost frantic for intelligence from the Baltimore Convention.

Carson Valley advices state that an agent of the Pony Express accompanied the last messenger eastward from the Valley stations with stock to refit the stations and put the route in order as far as Salt Lake. When he gets through, it is supposed that he will return and bring in three or four expresses from the East, after which the route is expected to be thoroughly organized so no more interruptions may occur.

A great number of emigrants were arriving at Carson Valley from Salt Lake. Up to the 7th June, 159 whalers had gone North for the spring season. According to the Port Townsend Register, the Puget Sound Indians were waging a murderous war against the Coast Indians.

The Trouble in Virginia.—The telegraph informed us a few days since that a number of Republicans at Occoquan, Prince William county, Va., had erected a Lincoln and Hamlin flag-pole at that place. This proceeding on the part of a few representatives of the Northern sectional anti-slavery party seems to have caused considerable feeling on the part of the citizens of that and the adjoining counties, as will be seen by the following letter, dated Occoquan, Va., July 25:

Our village has been in a furor of excitement for the last two days, owing to information having been received by the leaders of the Republican party that there was an armed force coming here on Friday next for the purpose of destroying their pole. A meeting was held in Brentsville and Fauquier on Saturday last, when it was determined that some three hundred men should be sent here to take the pole down. Captain Thornton, one of our magistrates and a captain of militia, resigned for the purpose of taking command of the force. They called on General Hutton, our commanding officer and county attorney, to know whether they could get arms. He replied that he could not loan them for such a purpose, but would say nothing if they chose to take them. This gave them encouragement, and they notified the Republicans that they were coming, and that the pole must come down. The folks coming in from the upper part of the county kept adding to the news, and appeared to be very anxious to know whether the Republicans would fight.

On Monday night the Republicans held a meeting and dispatched parties to Alexandria and Washington, and it was reported on Tuesday that they had sent up for ammunition, and had determined to build a fort around the pole and protect it at all hazards. This report only added the excitement, and it was

supposed they muster but twenty men, and it would appear like wasting their lives to oppose so many. They commenced fixing their guns, etc., and sent a dispatch to Gov. Letcher that they were threatened by an armed force, and that they looked to him for protection; but if he did not protect them they would take up arms and protect themselves. The Governor answered them by saying that he would immediately order General Hutton here with his regiment to protect them. This will be bad news to the general, as he has said that the pole should come down at the risk of his life. When the Republicans received the news last night there was great rejoicing. They fired a salute in honor of the tidings, which were brought by a messenger dispatched by them. We are now waiting to hear from Gen. Hutton, and suppose he will be here this morning to see about the affair. There has been sixty volunteers from the Republicans "to die by the pole." Some of their friends advise them to give up if Hutton does not come, and they swear they will not.

There is a later note, dated yesterday evening, stating that Gen. Hutton has resigned his position in the militia.

DIED:

In this City, on Saturday morning last, at a quarter to 11 o'clock, MARIA CAROLINA BERTHA, daughter of Minna Müller and E. F. Schmidt, aged two months and seven days.

[OFFICIAL.]

CARROLLTON COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS. REGULAR MEETING.

WEDNESDAY, July 25, 1860.

Present: Hon. A. S. Ferth, Mayor—and Messrs. J. Davenport, F. Fischer, William Mayo, G. Herrie and Charles Engleman.

Absent: Messrs. J. R. Hutchison, G. Brookes and F. Schuler.

The minutes of June 27th and July 11th and 17th were read.

A motion to approve the minutes as read was lost.

A motion of Mr. Fischer to strike out that portion of the Minutes of July 11, where it is stated that the "Comptroller, with permission, notified the Council, etc., was carried.

On motion, the minutes as amended, were approved.

The Treasurer's Report for the two weeks ending this day was read, showing a balance of cash on hand of \$3,075 57.

A letter was read from Mr. F. Schuler, Councilman asking leave of absence for one month. On motion of Mr. Engleman, it was granted.

A letter was read from Mr. B. Murphy, asking to have his Coffee-house License transferred to M. J. H. Hodge. On motion, the Mayor and Comptroller were authorized to transfer the License as requested, provided Mr. Hodge complies with the necessary formalities.

A report was read from the Finance Committee in relation to the Examination of the Books and Accounts of the Comptroller, Treasurer and Collector; also a Report and two accounts made up by Mr. Arthur Wire on the same subject. On motion, the report was received.

The following Ordinance and Resolution from the Streets and Landings Committee were read. On motion, the rules were suspended and the Ordinance considered and adopted Section by Section, and then adopted as a whole and the Resolution was also adopted.

AN ORDINANCE CONCERNING Tombs and Vaults in the Carrollton Cemetery.

1. Be it Ordained by the Mayor and Council of the City of Carrollton, That the Mayor is authorized to grant permission in writing, on application to him in writing, for the temporary use of a Cemetery Vault for any period less than one year; provided, the applicant exhibits to him the Treasurers receipt for ten dollars paid for such use.

2. Be it further Ordained, That the Mayor is authorized to grant orders in writing to the Sexton for the gratuitous interment of the corpse of any indigent person whenever it shall be shown to him by a certificate signed by two or more citizens that the deceased was really poor and left nothing wherewith to pay the burial fees.

3. Be it further Ordained, That it shall be the duty of the Sexton to close and keep the Cemetery Vaults closed up with bricks and mortar and to preserve the numbers on the Vaults as much as possible and renew them when necessary.

4. Be it further Ordained, That the Mayor is authorized to grant permission in writing, on application in writing, to any properly interested person to open any Vault or Tomb in the Carrollton Cemetery for the purpose of burying a corpse or for the purpose of removing the remains of a corpse, or for any other proper purpose.

5. Be it further Ordained, That any person who shall place a corpse in any City Vault in the Cemetery without the proper authority shall be liable for a fine of \$25, and any person who shall open without authority, or break or deface a Tomb or Vault in the Cemetery, shall be liable for a fine of \$25—said fines to be recovered before any Court of competent jurisdiction one-half for the informer and the other half for the City.

6. Be it further Ordained, That in the absence or inability of the Mayor, the Comptroller is authorized to issue the orders and permits provided for in this Ordinance.

Resolved, That Mr. George Reichert