SINGLE TAX DEPARTMENT.

WHAT WE WANT.

All hail the dawn of a new day breaking.
When a strong-armed nation shall take away
The weary burdens from backs that are aching
With maximum labor and minimum pay;
When no man is honored who hoards his millions;
When no man feasts on another's toil,
And God's poor, suffering, starving billions
Shall share His riches of sun and soil.

There is gold for all in the earth's broad bosom,
There is food for all in the land's great store,
Enough is provided, if rightly divided;
Let each man take what he needs—no more.
Shame on the miser with unused riches,
Who robs the toiler to swell his hoard,
Who beats down the wage of the digger of ditches
And steals the bread from the poor man's board.

Shame on the owner of mines, whose cruel
And selfish measures have brought him wealth,
While the ragged wretches who dig his fuel
Are robbed of comfort and hope and health.
Shame on the ruler who rides in his carriage
Bought with the labor of half-paid men—
Men who are shut out of home and marriage
And are herded like sheep in a hovel pen.

Let the clarion voice of the nation wake him
To broader vision and fairer play,
Or let the hand of a just law shake him
Till the ill-gained dollars shall roll away.
Let no man dwell under a mountain of plunder,
Let no man suffer with want and cold;
We want right living, not mere alms-giving,
We want just dividing of labor and gold.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox, in N. Y. World.

YOU CAN NOT REACH IT.

John De Witt Warner in Favor of Abolishing Personal Property Taxes.

Last Thursday evening John De Witt Warner delivered an interesting address to the Manhattan single tax club on "The liberation of personal property from taxation." He premised his remarks by asserting that every community should have the right to say how it should raise the money to support itself and pay its dues to the State and general governments. In his opinion direct taxation was the fairest method, though there were many people who did not think so.

Money must be raised to support government, said Mr. Warner, and the question for us to consider is how it can best be raised so as to fall equally on all citizens in proportion to the advantages they receive from the community. Is our present method good enough? I think not. The system of taxing personal property is universally conceded to be a failure, opening the door to fraud, robbery and blackmail. Honest men pay it; but men who are willing to lie always escape. We can not reach personal property to tax it. Read the daily report of bank deposits, you will see that they amount to more than the entire sum on which personal property taxes are paid. A fire in one of our large down town stores shows, in the estimate of loss incurred, how immense must be the amount of personal property in goods in this city subject to tax, but on which no tax is collected. A fire in a Fifth or Madison avenue mansion shows how great is the amount in furniture and articles of house adornment which also failed to be taxed. And even when assessors do try to reach personal property—when they go behind the oath of the person liable to taxation—and find property not included in the schedule—even then it is almost impossible to collect the tax.

Some years ago, despite his oath that the value of his personal property amounted to only some nominal sum, the assessors, on facts in their possession, assessed the late William H. Vanderbilt on $8,000,000. He was cornered, it is true; but he said he wouldn't pay it, because there were other people, to his positive knowledge, who were rich but who did not pay a cent personal taxes. And in the end the matter was compromised on a basis of $2,000,000, which all will agree was not ten per cent. of the value of the taxable personal property held by him. He wasn't altogether wrong in refusing to pay the tax—nobody pays it if they can help it. The truth about this thing is, everybody knows that the personal property tax is a humbug. The bureau for the collection of personal taxes is nothing more nor less than a bureau authorized by law to levy blackmail on our citizens. It rarely makes a return to the city; and half a dozen times within comparatively a few years it has been robbed by the officials conducting it.

New York City is the great commercial center of this country. To it all the capital of the United States would drift if there were no bars in the way. But what is the fact? The personal property tax on banks and corporations drives them to other States and countries to organize—in other words, capital is driven away.

The proper thing to tax is real estate It is here and must stay here. All the progress of civilization, all the increase of population, benefits real estate and increases its value, so that it should be taxed for government support. If we would remove all personal taxes there would be a wonderful increase in the volume of business, and an increased demand for workers. While I am in favor, said Mr. Warner, of putting all taxes on land values, I recognize that the public mind is not yet prepared to accept that idea; so it is wisdom to go only as far as the public will go with us. Having lifted that tax, we will have made the lifting of other taxes that much easier.

At the close of his address Mr. Warner invited questions.

A Brother Farmer, Des Moines.—How is this for ground value? I wonder if the farmers can see the difference? This clipping is from the Chicago Times of May 18. I would like to hear from some one—farmer preferred—where the single tax on land values would fall:

The lease of the property bounded by Dearborn, Jackson and Quincy streets, where the new Northern hotel is to be erected, has finally been effected and was filed for record yesterday afternoon. Eugene S. Pike, the owner, leases the block to the Northern Hotel Company for ninety-nine years at an annual rental of $25,000 for the first two years and $50,000 per annum for the remainder of the term. The company is composed of Messrs. Eden, Hurlburt, Chassaing, Burnham and others. At least $1,000,000 will be spent on the structure, and it is intended to make it the finest hotel in the country. Work in clearing off the ground was begun last week.

READING FOR LABORERS.

Which Shows Who Get the Benefit of Public Improvements.

A perusal of the real estate advertisements in our newspapers will edify the laborer as to who are exclusively benefited by "public" improvements. The laborer shoulders the entire expense of these improvements, under our misgovernment, down to the last penny. Let him harken to the truth as it is uttered by the real estate speculators:

These lots are located right in the line of Long Island improvements, and within fifteen blocks of the terminus of the East river and Blackwell's Island bridge, recently authorized by the Legislature.

All city improvements and conveniences—Croton, gas, postal service, police and fire protection, graded avenues, quick transit, cheap fares, unsurpassed educational advantages, etc., all combine to render the choice lots offered especially desirable for investment.

These lots are right in the line of Brooklyn's magnificent improvements.

Private enterprise also results in the enrichment of the land holder. Witness the following:

We give away $—— worth of land as an inducement for people to build and locate, relying on future advances to realize profits.

The old story of the spider and the fly.

Healthy location, very high ground, excellent drainage, graded streets, city improvements and conveniences, quick transit, cheap fares and active building in the vicinity, all unite to render this property unusually desirable for investment.

Portland, Ore., thriftiest city in the United States; real estate improvements giving large returns; lots are rapidly advancing in value.

Spokane Falls, the thriftiest and most progressive city in the West. Investments in real estate bring large returns.

Tocoma, the great money making center of the Northwest; every foot of land will rapidly appreciate.

Here is a prospect for the laborer of the future which is not very encouraging:

These lots are as sure to go to a value of hundreds of dollars each within a few years as the sun is sure to shine tomorrow.

For capitalists—choice offer; cheap investment; block of 120 lots, and 200-acre tract in the finest suburb in Chicago.

The alluring profits set out in the following advertisements will be paid by the sweat of the laborer's brow:

Water, gas, electric light; macadamized road, schools, churches; five blocks from depot; the air is simply divine; ladies find this a desirable investment; money deposited in bank draws only three per cent. interest; here is an opportunity to almost double the investment within a year.

I have exclusive control of some of the most desirable property in Duluth, and can offer investors property paying from eight to fifteen per cent. in addition to the rapidly increasing value in the realty.

Improved city property is the only paying investment where you not only get a sure return on your money, but the security always grows in value. All other values, even not speculative, have an uncertain future.

Here is a man who claims pay for nature's bounties:

Only forty pleasant minutes away. Nature did much, and we have done a quarter-million. Go down and see it.

The following is refreshingly frank:

This, with free land, free stone, and a location unsurpassed in this country, has been the rich man's opportunity.

All the above quotations are culled from a single issue of a metropolitan newspaper, three pages of which were filled with closely crowded advertisements of this nature. Curiously enough, in the same issue we find that laborers to the number of five hundred ask for employment. Their little notices are printed side by side with these alluring advertisements of land speculators. The contrast afforded is instructive, if we bear in mind the fact that, through their privilege of holding this globe as so much private property, the speculators at their own pleasure narrow the confines of the field in which labor employs itself, and force labor to go begging.

High Rent Prevents Marriage.

A correspondent writing to the Evening World gives his opinion as to why our young men do not marry. He lays it to the fact that "Wages are too low and rent too high." Read what he says, and then ask yourself if he does not come near to the true reason why our young men are inclining more each year to celibacy:

Working steadily at my trade I can earn $16 a week, but can obtain no more than nine months' work a year. This sum is not sufficient to support a wife and pay the positive expenses of a home, to say nothing of the unexpected bills. To begin with, no respectably located tenement can be had for less than $15 a month and from that upward. When the items of provisions, clothing, fuel, sundries and the simplest demands of church and society are taken into consideration, the sum is all too small. Yet $12 a week is a fair average salary for a workingman. Granting that the young woman will be equal to the emergency and make it do, there is the furnishing of the home. No man of self-respect wants to start married life in a boarding house. Heaven forbid! It takes a long time to save money enough to furnish even three rooms comfortably out of small wages. I have been hustling for two years to accomplish it.

W. L. Crosman, of Boston, contributes an article to the labor symposium department of the current number of the Typographical Journal (organ of the printers' international union.) He declares that in the single tax lies the true solution to the labor problem. All the articles that have appeared in the Journal since the symposium was recommended by the international convention have advocated the same thing.

FARM AND GARDEN.

DAIRY MISTAKES.

Some Things That Dairymen Ought Not to Do.

The disheartening prices of 1890 for butter and cheese will very likely have a demoralizing effect upon farmers engaged in this branch of farming. Let me urge you all, says a writer in the Ohio Farmer, not to show the white feather for a moment or lose your grip at all. It will be a better business in the near future. Now is the time to review the work and see where mistakes have been made. I will point you to one or more things to consider.

I think it is very bad policy to let a veal calf suck a dairy cow five or six weeks and have all the milk in April or May, to make a three to four dollar veal carcass. You might just as well make from seventy-five cents to one dollar per week of butter from the same milk and feed the skim milk to the calf, slightly warmed, and when eight to ten weeks old it will then bring more money than the veal calf does at from four to six weeks old, and you come out from five to eight dollars per head better, for the reason that cows will give more milk right along if the calves are never allowed to suck them at all after the milk is good.

This advantage, together with the extra butter made, will amount to fully that sum. Farmers that send milk to cheese factories are the most apt to commit this blunder. If butter commands the very low price it does to-day—eight cents per pound—and I am buying hundreds of pounds of it from merchants at that price this week—it is far better for the farmer to buy some good, large, clean, pork barrels and fill them with a good strong brine about one-third full, and as fast as they make the butter not let it be exposed to the air at all, but make it into rolls and wrap it in thin, cheap cotton cloth, so the rolls will not stick together and put them into this brine and keep a follower with stone weights on to press it down under the brine all the time, and your butter will keep in the best condition from early spring to winter. Packing in crocks or wooden tubs can never be made to do as well as the above plan. You can then hold your butter safely until the hot weather prices are over and get more money for it later on. If it is ever made fit to eat it will be good for many months. These barrels should be placed in some good, cool place and as free as possible from any unnecessary stinks. The butter will not absorb any too much salt from the brine. This reform is possible for every family to observe, and especially where they keep only one or two cows; if they will manage the business as above stated they can keep up their own supply of butter and not feel forced to sell cheap in hot weather and pay dear for it in winter months.

Gopher Trap.

Mr. F. L. Washburn, the entomologist of the Oregon experiment station, writes to the Rural New Yorker that the trap shown herewith has proved very successful in catching gophers in California. In the last bulletin issued from the Oregon station a good deal is said about killing gophers. The picture needs no explanation. The trap is set at the bottom of the gopher's hole. It is doubtful if he knows "what struck him" after the trap springs. Another method is to sink five-gallon oil cans about one hundred feet apart in a ditch a spade wide and about sixteen inches

A GOPHER TRAP.

deep, which is dug around the land to be protected. The ditch must, of course, be wider than the cans. Gophers travel at night, and, on trying to come into the inclosure, tumble into the ditch and run along until they drop into the cans. A "smoker," or "sulphur gun" is sometimes used. This is a sort of rude pump made of two pieces of stovepipe, for forcing the fumes of sulphur into the gopher's hole. Bisulphide of carbon is also used. A piece of cotton half the size of one's fist is saturated with the liquid and thrust into the burrow as far as possible, the opening being carefully stopped. This should be done when the ground is damp. We are also told of an ingenious trap for catching jack rabbits. A piece of ground about fifteen feet square in a locality infested by rabbits, is surrounded by a board fence high enough to prevent their jumping over. On one side a plank runs from the ground, with an easy slope, to the top of the pen, and projects a foot over the inclosure. Above the projecting end, and just far enough in front of it to cause the animal to reach, lose his balance, and fall into the pen, is hung some tempting bait. A little bait is scattered along outside the pen and along the plank to attract the rabbits.

Filling Up Nail Holes.

The following method of filling up nail holes in wood is not only simple, but said to be effectual. Take fine sawdust and mix into a thick paste with glue, pound it into the hole, and when dry it will make the wood as good as new. Frank Christian, Jr., in Stove and Hardware, says he has followed this plan for thirty years with unvarying success in repairing bellows, which is the most severe test known. Often by frequent attachment of new leather to old bellows frames, the wood becomes so perforated that there is no space to drive the nails, and even if there was, the remaining holes would allow the air to escape. Glue and sawdust paste do the work, while lead, putty and other remedies often fail.

It is easy, says Galen Wilson, to prevent cabbage worms from injuring the plants. Just keep the crowns filled with soil. The earth does no harm to the cabbages, as the heads grow up from the bottom and throw off the earth.

—The Halifax Herald says that we ought to adopt another name, as it thinks the United States of America is about equal to no name at all. "If our cousins," it remarks, without even the suggestion of a smile, "really intend to perpetuate the mistake they made a century ago in separating themselves from their kinsmen of the Anglo-Saxon race, they should try and give themselves a name befitting their ancestry and the land which British prowess won for them."

Watch Your Health.

When you feel chilly and feverish, take warning. An ounce of preventive is worth a pound of cure. A dose or two of Smith's Tonic Syrup, made by Dr. John Bull, of Louisville, Ky., taken at this time may ward off a dangerous or probably fatal illness. It has an immediate beneficial effect upon the mucous membrane and circulatory system. Its timely use will frequently ward off an attack of pneumonia. A slight cold will be gone in the morning if a dose of this remedy is taken at night. It is truly a household necessity and no family can afford to be without it. It tastes good and children will ask for it. It is in fact a great discovery, having all the good effects of quinine and none of its evil qualities. It is harmless to the most delicate invalid and will not derange the system. It is a certain cure for chills and fever, colds, influenza, la grippe and all other effects of malarial influence.

A QUEER thing about a strike is that it always comes to an end as soon as it gets into working order.—Binghampton Republican.

An Enemy with the Rheumatism

May be safely pooh-poohed. He is seldom active. Look out for him, though, when he has used Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for a while, for ten chances to one that beneficent restorative will make him well enough to come down upon you like a thousand of bricks when you least expect it. Dyspepsia, constipation, neuralgia, kidney complaints and malarial maladies are among the bodily afflictions completely "knocked out" by the Bitters.

THE ancient Greeks always marched to battle singing a hymn. It was their fighting chants.—Binghampton Republican.

GREAT mistakes are often made in trying to economize. It is a safe rule to follow that the *best* is always the *cheapest*. A cheap physician may cost you your life. If you have Malaria in your system, you will not only be miserable, but unfit to work. Lost time is money lost. One dollar spent for Shallenberger's Antidote will cure you in twenty-four hours. Sold by Druggists.

THE Chinese carry their devils with them wherever they go. They are great importers.—Texas Siftings.

HAVE you ever *tried* Dobbins' Electric Soap? It don't cost much for you to get *one bar* of your grocer, and see for yourself why it *is praised by so many*, after 24 years steady sale. Be sure to get no imitation. There are lots of them.

HE—"You never call me 'Birdie' any more." She—"Still, I think you are just as much of a jay as ever."—Terre Haute Express.

IF you are tired taking the large old fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

THE man who finds music in a clarionet is doubtless of the opinion that Apollo was a tootle-ary divinity.—Washington Post.

THAT bright and lively little boy used to be sickly and delicate before his mother gave him Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers. He calls them "good candies."

AMMIDOWN is a man's given name, suggestive of an interrogation point, and the proper response frequently is: "I am."

SMITH'S Tonic Syrup gives perfect satisfaction wherever tried.—*J. W. Cochran, Rossville, Ind.*

THE reason that the tide is so slightly felt in the Mediterranean is that the ebb and flow are checked by the Gibraltar strait and the Sicilian ridge.

Confirmed.

The favorable impression produced on the first appearance of the agreeable liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs a few years ago has been more than confirmed by the pleasant experience of all who have used it, and the success of the proprietors and manufacturers the California Fig Syrup Company.

WE sneer at the Siamese for worshiping the elephant; but think of the money that is paid here annually just to see it.—The Jester.

A SALLOW skin acquires a healthy clearness by the use of Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

GREAT BRITAIN has a court officer called "Keeper of Seals." Could we borrow him and send him up to Behring sea?—Albany Press.

THOSE who wish to practice economy should buy Carter's Little Liver Pills. Forty pills in a vial; only one pill a dose.

A CHICAGO doctor says railroad conductors are liable to an affection of the spinal cord. Doesn't he mean bell cord?

BRONCHITIS is cured by frequent small doses of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

DEVICE of the age—Gambling.

DATES ahead—In the almanac.

WALL flowers—Floral pictures.—N. Y. Mail and Express.

MEN of the blues—Yale students.

DOWN in the mouth—The tonsils.

EGG-ED the people on—Columbus.

FIRE up when scratched—Matches.—N. Y. Mail and Express.

WHERE no one lies—In garden beds.

GETS down to his work—The tailor.

THE go-between—Meat in sandwiches.

ALWAYS woodcock—The weather vane.

"COME in to your muffins," is a roll-call that all soldiers like.

A COUPLE of soda fountains remind one of a pair of sizzers.—Lawrence American.

A SQUINTING wife may be amiable though always looking cross.—Boston Courier.

WEALTH and happiness seldom trot together in double harness.—Ram's Horn.

A HOWLING success—The dog that is locked out all night next door.—Golden Days.

RUM and an enraged bull help to make a farmer run through his land rapidly.—Texas Siftings.

WITH the blind there is but one test of faith in an oculist—Seeing is believing.—Texas Siftings.

WHEN a man finds that a jury of his peers consists of twelve men selected for their ignorance, pride alone ought to be enough to keep him out of the clutches of the law.—Puck.

A PHILOSOPHICAL and calculating man rises to remark what a singular thing it is that the simple utterance of the word "Yes" at the altar gives a woman the right to "No" so much after marriage.—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE man who keeps getting deeper and deeper in debt is naturally a person of more owes tendencies.—Washington Post.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE is a liquid and is taken internally. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

CONTRARY to some people's supposition, coal oil is not found in quartz.—Terre Haute Express.

Too long deluded—the unhappy victim of catarrh in the head. He's been told that it can't be cured. Don't you believe it. It can be, and it is—no matter how bad or of how long standing. It has been done for thousands—by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Other so-called remedies may *palliate* for a time; this *cures* for all time. By its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties, it conquers the worst cases. Its makers offer, in good faith, a reward of $500 for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure. They are able to pay it. Are you able to take it?

The symptoms of catarrh are, headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in ears, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these symptoms likely to be present at once. Thousands of cases terminate in Consumption and end in the grave, without ever having manifested all these symptoms. Dr. Sage's Remedy cures the worst cases. 50 cents, by druggists.

IF YOU WANT TO KEEP OUT OF THIS COFFIN USE "BILIOUS BUTTONS." SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE DEPENDENT PENSION BILL Grants pensions to Soldiers, Sailors, and their Widows and Children. Present PENSIONS INCREASED. Write immediately, stating your case. J. C. DEMMODY, Att'y-at-Law, Chauncey Building, WASHINGTON, D. C. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

ASTHMA-CURED Swedish Asthma CURE never fails; send us your address. Will mail TRIAL package FREE. COLLINS BROTHERS DRUG CO., ST. LOUIS, MO. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

Is absolutely pure and it is soluble.

No Chemicals are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

DEPENDENT PENSION BILL has become a law. $12 Per MONTH to all honorably discharged Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, who are incapacitated from earning a support. Widows the same, without regard to cause of death. Dependent Parents and Minor Children also interested. Over 20 years' experience. References in all parts of the country. No charge if unsuccessful. Write at once for "Copy of Law," blanks and full instructions ALL FREE to E. McALLISTER & CO. (Successors to Wm. Conard & Co.), P. O. Box 715, Washington, D. C. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

Ask Him! Who? JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y. What? Why on Scales "He Pays the Freight."

PENSIONS OLD CLAIMS SETTLED. Under NEW LAW. Soldiers, Widows, Parents send for BLANKS. PLICATIONS AND INFORMATION. PATRICK O'FARRELL, Pension Agent, Washington, D.C. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PENSIONS Thousands ENTITLED under the NEW LAW. Write immediately for BLANKS for application. J. R. CRALLE & CO., Washington, D. C. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully PROSECUTES CLAIMS. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PENSIONS Write us for new laws. Sent free. Beneficiaries relieved. Success or no fee. 20 yrs. experience. A. W. McCormick & Sons, Washington, D. C., & Cincinnati, O.

PENSION CLAIMS PROSECUTED UNDER NEW LAW. Circular showing who are entitled sent FREE. Fee $10 if successful. Otherwise nothing. Address TALLMADGE & TALLMADGE, Chicago, Ill., & Washington, D. C. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

FLIES AND COCKROACHES. Instant death; No a year. Send 3c stamp and receipts will be forwarded. Get it at any drug store. George Rimmell, 729 Franklin Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

EDUCATIONAL.

HARDIN Ladies COLLEGE and CONSERVATORY, MEXICO, MO. Schools, 16 Teachers, 8 Professors. A $1,000 Piano to best Music Pupil. Fine grounds and buildings, Electric Lights, Steam Heaters, etc. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

STANBERRY, MO., NORMAL, BUSINESS and SHORTHAND COLLEGE. Board, tuition and room rent $125 per year. 9 years old, 20 teachers. No saloons. Send for free catalogue.

UNION COLLEGE of LAW, Chicago. Fall Term begins Sept. 25. For circular add. H. Booth, Chicago.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

BE UP TO THE MARK

Not to Split! Not to Discolor!

BEARS THIS MARK.

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

WE TAKE GREAT PLEASURE IN CALLING TO YOUR NOTICE THE FACT THAT, IN ADDITION TO OUR UNSURPASSED READY-PRINT SERVICE, THIS HOUSE CAN ALSO FURNISH TO THE TRADE

Job Electrotyping and Stereotyping IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

OUR FACILITIES FOR THIS VALUABLE AND HELPFUL BRANCH OF SERVICE ARE AMPLE, AND WHILE SOLICITING YOUR ORDERS IT IS GRATIFYING TO US TO BE POSITIVE IN ASSURING YOU THAT

Our Work is Not Only Good, but Absolutely THE BEST!

IN ORDERING BE CAREFUL TO SPECIFY EITHER WOOD OR METAL BASE, AS WE AIM TO FILL ORDERS WITHOUT DELAY, BE THEY LARGE OR SMALL. OUR PRICES WILL BE FOUND CONSISTENT WITH THE HIGH GRADE OF MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP FURNISHED. ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY GIVEN.

A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO., 368 & 370 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

224 & 226 WALNUT STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.
71 & 73 ONTARIO STREET, CLEVELAND, OHIO.
177 & 179 ELM STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.
401 WYANDOTTE STREET, KANSAS CITY, MO.
38 & 40 JEFFERSON ST., MEMPHIS, TENN.
74 TO 80 EAST 8TH STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

RIDGE'S FOOD IS THE LEADING FOOD IN 26 countries. WOOLRICH & Co., Palmyra, Mass.

IT IS USED by CHILDREN'S CHILDREN. Thousands of young men and women in the U. S. A. owe their lives and their health and their happiness to Ridge's Food their daily diet in Infancy and Childhood having been Ridge's Food. By Druggists.

PENSIONS! DO YOU WANT A Pension? Invalid, Widow's or Minor's, or are you drawing less than $12 PER MONTH? Have you a claim pending but want relief—now? Write us and receive by return mail appropriate blank and full instructions for your case, with a copy of the new and liberal Law. LONGSHAW & BALLARD, Box 56, WASHINGTON, D. C. References given. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

DO YOU Live in a House? If so, you want a HARTMAN Steel Wire Mat. Absolutely Durable. Endorsed by Physicians and U. S. Government. Send for prices. HARTMAN MFG. CO., Beaver Falls, Pa. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PENSIONS The Great PENSION BILL is Passed. Soldiers, Sailors, Widows, Fathers and Mothers are entitled to $12 a mo. Fee $5 when you get your money. Blanks free. JOSEPH H. BENTON, Atty, Washington, D. C. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PATENTS! Invent something and make your FORTUNE! $1,000 Prize. 300 Page BOOK OF INSTRUCTIONS FREE. Address W. T. FITZGERALD, WASHINGTON, D. C. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PENSIONS New LAW CLAIMS. Apply to MILO B. STEVENS & Co., Attorneys, 1419 F Street, Washington, D. C. BRANCH OFFICES—Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

A. N. K. D. 1801.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.