

THE COLFAX CHRONICLE.

A Democratic Journal, devoted to Local and General News, Literature, Science, Agriculture, Etc.

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—BY—
H. G. GOODWYN,
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

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An Invoice of Summer Goods just received, purchased for cash, and all to be sold at astonishingly low prices, by the Old Reliable

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Everything New in his large and well selected stock of Notions and Summer Goods, Clothing, Ladies Trimmings, Men's Hats, No-tions, Shoes, Etc., Etc.

Latest Summer Styles!

All carefully selected with special view to the needs of the trade.—Also his usual full line of Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Saddlery, Staple Groceries, and

Plantation Supplies.

He invites special attention to his large stock of Furniture, kept in his spacious rooms on the second floor. Examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere. Every thing sold for cash at

Rock Bottom Figures.

Gentle Annie!
Summer is
Here to Stay!

And, in order to meet the ever-increasing demand of his customers for new and seasonable goods,

G. W. Bolton, Pineville, La.,
Has received, and has in transit, a full and complete stock of Select and Summer Wear, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Ladies' and Men's Hats, Shoes, Etc.

Special Attention

Has been paid to the needs of the trade in quality and price, and all goods have been bought at figures which will enable him to give his customers splendid bargains.

The Very Lowest Margin

In profit consistent with fair dealing placed on all goods. His stock of Groceries, Hardware, Furniture and Notions is complete and will be sold lower than ever before.

Tom Padgitt's Saddles.

To be found at no other house in town. Buys for Eastern Spinners and pays the highest prices in

Cash for Cotton.

Colfax High School.

The Trustees of the Colfax High School for Males and Females take pleasure in announcing to the public that the second Ten Months Session of this school will begin on the First Monday of September, 1896. No pains will be spared to make it a first-class High School.

RATES OF TUITION.

Primary Department.....	\$1 50 per month
Preparatory.....	2 00 "
Collegiate.....	2 50 "
Music, Vocal and Instrumental.....	2 50 "
Incidental fee 25 cents per session.	

Good board can be obtained on reasonable terms. Two hotels in town, and several private boarding houses in town and vicinity will board cheap. Those having children to educate should send them in and give us a fair trial. We are in the race to stay.

R. S. CAMERON, President.
H. G. GOODWYN,
Secretary Board of Trustees.
Colfax, La., July 10, 1896.

FOR LITTLE MONEY
YOU CAN GO TO THE
Nashville Centennial
VIA THE
TEXAS AND PACIFIC
EL PASO AND ROUTE
And Enjoy an Attraction Second Only to the Great Chicago Exposition.
ALSO VISIT
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MILLS, TEX.
MILLS, TEX.

A Catechism Lesson.

Bro. Hicks, of the Shreveport Progress fires a string of nine questions at us, to answer which really takes more time and space than their importance entitles them to receive. However, rather than let him think we are disposed to avoid answering, we will give our replies, omitting his questions, viz:

1st. As a Methodist and a Christian we believe a man's religion should control his politics—that he should refrain from advocating anything he believes to be wrong.

2d. We have no knowledge that ballot boxes were ever stuffed in Caddo parish.

3d. Having no knowledge of Caddo affairs, we think it would be presumptuous on our part to denounce that parish, as suggested.

4th. We do not believe that ballot boxes were wantonly stuffed in every parish in the State in the last election.

5th. Not believing any such thing we did not denounce it.

6th. We do not believe Captain Pharr was fairly and honestly elected governor of the State.

7th. We believe that the majority of the whites voted for Foster beyond any doubt.

8th. We believe a majority of the negroes voted for Pharr.

9th. We did not advocate going behind the returns, and believe the 87 members of the legislature who voted against it were right, and the 47 who voted for it were wrong.

The place to make such investigations is in the courts of the parishes where irregularities are charged. The legislature very rightly refused to proceed in an irregular and illegal way. If Bro. Hicks knew of ballot box stuffing in Caddo or any other parish, or knew anybody that he could prove such things by, he has failed in his duty as a citizen in not having the matter investigated by the courts. Bro. Hicks should uphold the majesty of the law and contend for its application and observance, and not join in every senseless and wild charge that irresponsible people make, but let him call on them to make their allegations before the courts.

Only a few days ago the Chronicle assailed H. L. Brian on an editorial which it appears did not have any existence on the propriety of the referendum.—People's Demands.

That is not a statement of fact. We selected three extracts from the first column of Mr. Brian's paper of April 16, 1897, relative to "direct legislation," "the referendum," etc., as being in line with sentiments expressed by Mr. Brian at various times. The ideas embodied in those extracts we designated as "Populistic Fallacies," and gave our reasons for so considering them. Mr. Brian simply replied that our editorial was a "mistake" in crediting the language to him, and declined to controvert the questions discussed, but claimed that he could do so successfully if he felt disposed to enter the lists.

The Times-Democrat, which has never yet shown itself to be a safe leader of the party which forms a portion of its name, is just now advocating a new heresy. It advocates government ownership and control of telegraph lines as a Democratic measure! Why not go the whole hog, and have the government own the telephones, and railroad and steamship lines, and run all the boarding houses in the country? In this way a million or two of men can be given berths, and the party that once gets in will have the whole vast army at its command, and the political patronage of the present will pale into insignificance. Oh, it is great; and is a fine companion to Mr. Debs' Utopian scheme.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

Infamous and Unmanly.

Three weeks ago the editor of the People's Demands printed the following sentence, which he put in quotation marks and asserted was the utterance of the editor of this paper, viz:

"Great questions," he says, "can't be trusted to the people."
We denounced this statement as utterly untrue, and proposed to forfeit \$10 if he would show any such sentiment uttered by us in any issue of the CHRONICLE for the last twenty years; that to the contrary, we have always contended and insisted that the people should settle all questions. In his issue of last week Editor Dunn seeks to establish his untruthful charge and publishes an extract from the CHRONICLE of Sept. 28, 1896, in which we were discussing the wrong of permitting the masses (Populists, Independents, etc.) having a voice in the control of the affairs of the Democratic party in primary elections. The extract is as follows:

"We know that the flannel-mouthed demagogues will howl for these things to be submitted directly to the 'dear people.' They are to be submitted to the people for final settlement, but we are distinctly opposed to allowing the people as a mass to dictate the policy of the Democratic party. If party means anything, it means a set of men bound together by partisan ties, bent on carrying out principles that they believe are best for the people and the country. * * * Let the Democrats of Louisiana return to the time-honored usages of the party; * * * let the party go before the people with clear-cut well-defined issues; and let us put a stop to this Populistic, communistic foolishness of the demagogues who would disrupt and disorganize the party in their wild and selfish desire of catering to popular prejudice and ignorance."

The words in italic occur in our article as printed in September, 1895, but our high minded and honorable contemporary left them out last week because they flatly contradicted the utterance he was trying to establish.

How any man of ordinary sense could be so idiotic as to attempt to construe this language, which we applied and limited to party government, as referring to all the people of the country, we are totally unable to comprehend. That it was so intended the words quoted show within themselves, while those which we italicized abundantly prove the falsity of his application. The words italicized it appears were purposely and cunningly left off by Dunn in an underhanded, corrupt and unchristian endeavor to sustain his first base forgery and lying publication of language we have never used.

It is not necessary for us to point out the absurdity of Dunn's position to our readers, as they are capable of understanding plain English, a thing that cannot be said for Dunn and the great bulk of the readers of his paper. We therefore simply print his statements and rest upon their sense of justice and ability to fairly judge as to the points of controversy.

He talks of innendo, when we have used plain language, and said what we meant and meant what we said. There is no need and no room for inference. He says our utterances are lies from start to finish. We say he lied for us, and that we can prove it before any tribunal of justice or committee of arbiters, and we challenge him to test the matter in any form.

Dunn is a pretty specimen to talk about "elevating the style" of newspaper controversy, when he descends to the lowest depths of blackguardism and infamy known to journalism, and seeks by abuse, threats and vilification to silence just protest and deserved criticism. He vainly imagines that he can intimidate and bulldoze us into allowing him to palm off any kind of a vile forgery as our sentiment and utterance—that we will not expose his rascality and knavery—but in this he will certainly find himself woefully mistaken. He possibly made a mistake through sheer ignorance or lack of comprehension in the first instance of misquotation, and should have been manly enough to acknowledge his error, instead of going about and making an ass of himself by hunting for material to bolster up his inequities if not willful and malicious lies.

We stand by our editorial of 1895, as well as all similar utterances before and since then, and particularly pride ourselves on our acumen and foresight in deciding that "flannel-mouthed demagogues" and renegades, like Dunn and others of his ilk, should not be allowed to "dictate the policy of the Democratic party." If that be treason, then we imagine the rank and file of the Democratic party (the only true People's Party) will sustain us in the sentiment.

The following is the list of appointments for the Colfax and Ada charge for the present year:

Nugent.....	1st Sunday, 11 a. m.
Prospect.....	1st " 3:30 p. m.
Liberty Chapel.....	2nd " 11 a. m.
Fish Creek.....	2nd " 3:30 p. m.
Gray's Creek.....	3rd " 11 a. m.
Olive Branch.....	3rd " 3:30 p. m.
Colfax, 4th Sunday at 11 a. m. and 3 p. m.	

The opposite positions taken by Louisiana's two Democratic Senators on the question of "tariff" has become a matter of great interest not only in this State, but in all parts of the country. We imagine, however, that McEnery's views will altogether fail to have that attraction for the Democrats of the country that Caffery's will have. Both are heralded as having made great speeches, but that of Caffery's only has the right ring, and will live in the hearts of Democrats long after McEnery has been forgotten. At the close of his long speech Mr. Caffery epitomizes his position in a few words that are jewels of conciseness and pure Democratic doctrine, viz:

I believe in a tariff on luxuries.
I believe in an excise tax.
I believe in an income tax.
I believe in a tariff on imports placed so as to put money in the coffers of the government and not in the pockets of individuals.
I do not believe in protection save for the purpose of protecting each citizen in the enjoyment of legal, constitutional and natural rights.

A splendid new Singer sewing machine will be sold for \$20, for spot cash only. A first-class machine, such as agents sell for \$40, and a bargain to any one wanting a sewing machine. Apply at the CHRONICLE office.

SHERIFF SALE.
Fourth Judicial District Court, Parish of Grant, State of Louisiana.
W. H. Horrine, Sr., vs. W. G. Porter, J. A. Williams, Curator ad hoc.
By virtue of an order of seizure in a sale, issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court in the above entitled suit, I have assigned and will offer for sale at public outcry, at the front door of the court house in Colfax, La., on
SATURDAY, July 31, 1897.
the following property, seized as the property of the defendant, to-wit:
The undivided one-half interest in the north half of the southwest quarter of section 15, township 8 north, range 4 west, 80 acres; southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of sec. 15, township 8 north, range 4 west, 40 acres; north half of the northeast quarter of sec. 30, township 8 north, range 3 west, 80 acres; southwest quarter of sec. 19, township 8 north, range 3 west, 160 acres; west half of the southwest quarter of sec. 23, township 8 north, range 4 west, 80 acres; the southeast quarter, and southeast quarter of southwest quarter, sec. 15, township 8 north, range 4 west, 200 acres; north half of northeast quarter, and northeast quarter of northwest quarter, sec. 22, township 8 north, range 4 west, 120 acres; southeast quarter of northwest quarter sec. 15, township 8 north, range 4 west, 40 acres; southeast quarter of section 24, township 8 north, range 4 west, 160 acres; southwest quarter of southwest quarter sec. 15, township 8 north, range 4 west, 40 acres; containing in all 1080 acres of land, more or less, together with all buildings and improvements thereon.
Terms of sale—Cash with the benefit of appraisement.
C. D. KEMP,
Sheriff of Grant Parish.
Colfax, La., June 25, 1897.

MRS. J. H. JACOBS OF N. Y.

"Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies Have Surely Saved My Life."



THAT A SINGLE REMEDY will not cure all diseases is a fact too well known to be questioned. Dr. Franklin Miles, LL. B., the renowned specialist in diseases of the heart and nervous system has during more than twenty years of constantly extending practice, kept a record for reference, study and comparison, of more than 25,000 affections of the brain, nervous system and heart. The results of Dr. Miles' extensive experience and prolonged study of disease he has embodied in the form of a system, (not one only), of Restorative Remedies. A full description of these remedies with instructions how to administer them, together with the symptoms of the diseases they will cure is given in Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," which is sent free on request.
In the treatment of heart disease, other complications are frequently met with, the most general of these is a serious nervous trouble that must be controlled before the best results can be obtained from the New Heart Cure. For this purpose there is nothing equal to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve and Nerve and Liver Pills, taken in conjunction with the New Heart Cure.
MRS. J. H. JACOBS, Blodgett Mills, N. Y., writes of her wonderful cure by Dr. Miles' grand Restorative Remedies as follows: "Two years ago I was taken with a pain in my left side; I could not lie on

either side and suffered with a choking or smothering feeling so badly I could hardly breathe, I suffered terribly. Trying many remedies without benefit I was advised to take Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, the first bottle relieved me some and I then took the Restorative Nerve alternately with the Heart Cure and with them Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills until I was much benefited. I was then without the remedies some months, when the trouble returned, pronounced by the doctors, neuralgia of the heart. I again commenced with the remedies, adding this time Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters, and they have done wonders for me. I have gained steadily in flesh and I thank you for the benefits I have received from the use of these valuable medicines, they no doubt have saved my life."
It is so with many people who use the New Heart Cure. When the heart has resumed its normal condition, there is no more pain and the remedy is discontinued. This is a mistake. The heart is still weak and the treatment should be continued regularly and persistently, though in small doses for a long time, until the muscles of the heart have regained their normal strength.
Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee—first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on the heart and nerves sent free to all applicants by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health.