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SECOND WEDDING IN WHITE HOUSE

MISS ELEANOR WILSON'S ENGAGEMENT TO WILLIAM G. McADOO OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

McADOO WIDOWER OF FIFTY

But Intimate Friends Declare That He Is as Young as a Man of 30. Wedding Next June.

Washington.—The president and Mrs. Wilson announce the engagement of their youngest daughter, Eleanor Randolph, to Hon. William Gibbs McAdoo.

This announcement was issued at the White House by Secretary Tumulty after a day of speculation in capital, official and society circles over the prospects for another White House wedding in June.

For weeks there have been rumors that the president's daughter and the secretary of the treasury would be married soon, and in the past day or two there has been no denial that an announcement could be expected. The date of the wedding is not known, but it is generally believed it will be in June.

There has been extraordinary interest in the engagement among officials and friends of both Miss Wilson and the cabinet officer made during the year they have been in the capital. The youngest of the family, Miss Eleanor is said to be her father's favorite, and there is a strong personal friendship between the president and the man who is to wed his daughter.

Reports that Secretary McAdoo would retire from the cabinet after his marriage and perhaps become ambassador to France were set at rest by White House officials, who emphatically said that he is expected to remain at the head of the Treasury Department.

Miss Wilson will be the fourteenth White House bride, and the second of President Wilson's daughters to wed in the nation's executive mansion. Her sister, Miss Jessie Woodrow Wilson, became Mrs. Francis Bowes Sayre in the East Room on November 25 last.

Washington society has not altogether been unprepared for the news of the engagement, for the couple have been seen together at many dances and social functions.

Secretary McAdoo is 50 years old, and has six children, two of them are married. Miss Wilson is 24. Intimate friends of the secretary says he is "as young as a man of 30." He is fond of tennis, outdoor sports, and played tennis often on the White House courts with Miss Wilson last spring and fall. Miss Wilson is athletic, a good horse-woman, and delights in outdoor life.

MAY INDICT ALL SALOONISTS

Memphis Authorities Have a Strenuous Time Enforcing the Law.

Memphis, Tenn.—Fred Heidel, saloonist on Poplar avenue, near Main street, was arrested on a warrant charging violation of the four-mile law. The warrant was sworn out after a witness before the grand jury stated he bought whiskey there.

Heidel was released on bond. Indictment of all saloon keepers who have operated in the last six months is the next move expected. It is said that administration candidates for county offices are preparing to corral the saloon vote on the plea that the city and the police are not assisting in closing the saloons. It is said anti-administration politicians are back of the movement for the wholesale indictments, in order to demonstrate that they held the big stick.

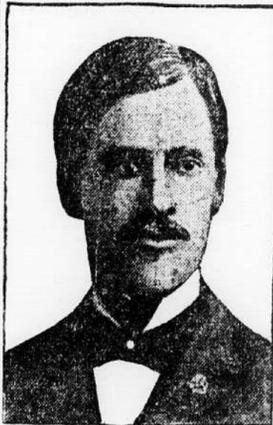
While no saloon indictments were returned by the grand jury many witnesses were examined.

One witness may face a perjury charge later. He swore he could not tell the difference between straight ginger and ginger ale mixed with whiskey, when questioned as to purchases he had made in soft drink stands.

Silent About \$50,000,000 Gift.

Seabreeze, Fla.—"There is nothing to say, nothing to report." This was the declaration here of H. D. Sims, private secretary of John D. Rockefeller, when informed of reports in Cleveland, O., that Mr. Rockefeller planned to leave not less than \$50,000,000 in a trust fund, the income to be used for improving Cleveland. Mr. Rockefeller, who is staying at a hotel here, links and maintains his usual secretiveness about his benefactions.

JAMES R. GARFIELD



James R. Garfield, secretary of the interior under President Roosevelt, has announced his candidacy for the Progressive nomination for governor of Ohio.

MOVEMENT BEGINS UPON TORREON

BOTH FEDERALS AND REBELS PREPARE FOR BATTLE BEFORE FEDERAL STRONGHOLD.

Chihuahua, Mex.—A general forward movement of both armies at Torreon was begun by the Federals and Constitutionalists last Saturday night and early Sunday, with resulting skirmishes among the outposts, in which the rebels were put to flight, but a rebel victory was claimed in a later engagement.

General Francisco Villa is said to have issued orders which it is believed here mean that the long-deferred advance on Torreon has been started. General Villa's action was hastened by the picking up here of a message from President Huerta in Mexico City to General Rufugio Velasco, commanding at Torreon. As caught by Villa's wireless station, the message was an order to Velasco to take the offensive without delay. Within a few hours dispatches from the extreme front reported a Federal movement westward from Mapimi through Canyon Le Cadena, which, owing to its proximity to the Federal outposts, had not been strongly garrisoned by the Constitutionalists. The small rebel force retreated.

General Tomas Urbana, with 2,000 men at Palavo, nine Spanish leagues to the north, immediately was ordered to advance, and General Villa issued a general order for the advance of all the cavalry at Escalon, Conejos, Personal and other points along his battle front, to the immediate northward of Torreon.

A special train was sent to Juarez to bring General Felipe Angeles, secretary of war in General Carranza's cabinet, to Chihuahua to command the artillery with Colonel Servin, second in command.

A later report from the front said General Aguirre Benavides had proceeded southward from Conejos, in response to General Villa's order to advance, and, encountering a large body of Federals south of Personal, drove them into Bermijillo. Losses were not reported.

General Villa is impatient for the arrival of General Angeles in order that he may get away for the scene of battle. He has suspended all regular trains, as all rolling stock will be used for troop movement.

Seeking a Rate Reduction.

Oklahoma City.—A reduction in the interstate passenger rate in Oklahoma, Missouri and Arkansas would mean a reduction in the rates in all sections of the country, railroad attorneys contended in the hearing before Edgar Watkins, special examiner for the Interstate Commerce Commission, on application for a reduction of the fare from three to two cents. Frank Nay, comptroller of the Rock Island said: "There will be a deficit of \$22,000 this year in the passenger revenue of roads operating in Missouri, Arkansas and Oklahoma."

Texas Rangers on the Border.

Austin, Tex.—The entire force of Texas Rangers, totaling at present 15 mounted men, was assigned to duty on the 800 miles of Texas-Mexican border with the arrival of two Rangers at Raymondville, Texas, in response to an appeal from 35 persons there for protection against cattle thieves and "killers." Gov. Colquitt made public a lengthy list of Texas border troubles on which his recent appeals for more power to protect the interests of the boundary have been based.

FIGARO'S EDITOR SLAIN BY WOMAN

WIFE OF FRENCH MINISTER FINANCE KILLED DISTINGUISHED JOURNALIST.

AS AN ACT OF JUSTICE

Mme. Caillaux Said She Had no Doubt to Kill the Editor, but to Teach Him a Lesson.

Paris.—Gaston Calmette, editor of The Figaro, was shot and killed by Mme. Henriette Caillaux, wife of Joseph Caillaux, the French minister of finance.

Mme. Caillaux went to the office of The Figaro to carry out an act of vengeance against M. Calmette, who had been waging a campaign characterized by great bitterness, against her husband, the minister of finance. She fired at least three times, M. Calmette being wounded in the chest in the side and in the abdomen.

While the editor was being transported to the hospital, he said repeatedly: "I have done my duty. I have done my duty."

Mme. Caillaux quietly submitted to arrest and while employes in The Figaro offices were taking the pistol from her hands, she said:

"Since there is no justice in this country, I take upon myself an act of justice. Take me where you will."

Mme. Caillaux immediately was removed to a police station, where she underwent a preliminary examination, the substance of which was communicated to the press at her desire.

"I am sorry," she said, "for what I was obliged to do. I had no intention of killing M. Calmette. I desired only to teach him a lesson."

At the moment of the attack M. Calmette was preparing to leave his office in the company of a friend. He excused himself to receive Mme. Caillaux.

DEMOCRATS ENDORSE HOOPER

Independent Faction of Party Disregard President Wilson's Suggestion.

Nashville, Tenn.—Disregarding the suggestions of President Wilson, who issued an appeal several days ago for harmony in the Democratic party in Tennessee, the State Executive Committee of the "independent" faction of the party, in session here endorsed the administration of Governor Ben R. Hooper, Republican.

The committee issued calls for two state conventions, both to meet on April 22. The first convention will nominate a candidate for judge of the supreme court. The second will "take such action as they may deem advisable in regard to nominating candidates for governor and the railroad commission." It was explained that the idea of holding two conventions is to have the nomination of supreme judge made apart from a "turbulent political convention."

Several speakers characterized the action of President Wilson as "ill-advised," and declared that the president did not know conditions existing in this state.

FEDERALS WIN A VICTORY

Part of Rebel Force Moving on Monterey Sustains a Disastrous Defeat.

Laredo, Tex.—Federal reports say that Federals routed the rebels at the canon of Bustamante with a loss of 500 killed, wounded and captured. It is said that rebels fled, leaving a great quantity of ammunition and supplies. It is said the rebels were part of the forces moving against Monterey. The name of their commander is not given.

The Federals are taking the aggressive. General Quintana, with 1,200 men, is coming to take command at Nuevo Laredo. General Guardiola's force will soon attack Matamoras, where the rebel garrison is said to have been weakened in order to attack Monterey.

"Mother" Jones Free But Defiant.

Denver, Colo.—"I will go back to Trinidad before the end of the week," declared "Mother" Mary Jones, 82 years old, leader of the striking coal miners, who was released from Trinidad hospital, where she had been a military prisoner since January 12. "I fully expect to be returned to prison when I reach the strike zone, but no governor nor president can make me abandon my constitutional rights as a citizen to go where I please," she said. "I'll not submit to military despotism."

YOUNG REFUSES TO QUIT OFFICE

GOV. HALL REQUESTS THE RETIREMENT OF BANK EXAMINER W. L. YOUNG.

Shreveport.—The right of Gov. Hall to summarily remove State Bank Examiner W. L. Young will be tested in the courts. Mr. Young, whose resignation was demanded by the governor on the ground that his work has not been satisfactory, declines to resign, declaring that the charges of the governor are so vague that he cannot reply to them intelligently, and further, that as his office is a constitutional one, he can be removed only upon the two-thirds vote of the General Assembly. In this view Speaker L. E. Thomas and others concur.

Accompanying the order of removal, a statement was made in the executive department, partly as follows:

"Mr. Young was appointed during a former administration, and was retained in office, notwithstanding there may have been strong political reasons why he should be replaced. The employees in the department were not disturbed. The governor was not disposed to make changes unless the good of the service seemed to him to require. He had not sufficient information at the time to justify the conclusion that the work of the department was not satisfactory. However, Mr. Young then expressed, and has since reiterated, his willingness and purpose to retire whenever the governor should deem it desirable.

"For some months complaints of the conduct of the department had become so persistent as to render the situation embarrassing. Soon after the defalcation in the receivership of the Teutonia Bank and Trust Company became public the governor had one of more conferences with Mr. Young, at which the governor made no definite and specific information as to the grounds for complaint. Without reciting details, it may be said that Mr. Young denied that there was any just or reasonable foundation for such complaints."

On March 6 Gov. Hall received from Mr. Young a letter in response to his demand for the examiner's resignation. He reviewed the case at length, said the charges of the governor were so vague that he could not reply intelligently to them; that he would not hesitate to reorganize his department if it could be shown where any member had been guilty of misconduct and then concluded:

"You are reminded that mine is a constitutional office, like your own, and the law provides a method for determining culpability or innocence of such officers when accused of negligence or violating a trust reposed in them."

"I respectfully question your right to call for my resignation, and it is not my intention to transmit same to you. If there is anything in my official conduct which merits inquiry and action by those clothed with authority in law to consider and pass upon the matter, I will cheerfully submit to their investigation, judgment and decision; but I will not submit to the request of your excellency for my resignation, and by so doing acknowledge myself guilty of faults which are not mine and of offenses which I did not commit."

FAUNTLEROY'S RAPID RISE

Few Years Ago Clerk in a Store Now Collector of Internal Revenue.

New Orleans.—A poor boy, who clerked in a store, taught school, worked his way through the Louisiana State University by serving as a waiter in the mess hall, and then became private secretary of Congressman Joseph E. Ransdell, studied law at odd times while in Washington and came back to Louisiana in 1911 to manage the campaign of Mr. Ransdell in the brief and strenuous career of John S. Y. Fauntleroy, aged 28 years, who has been nominated by President Woodrow Wilson for the post of collector of internal revenue for the district of Louisiana, at a salary of \$4,500 per year.

He is now secretary of the Senate committee on public health and quarantine, of which Senator Ransdell is chairman. He will come to New Orleans at once to assume his new duties.

Mr. Fauntleroy was one of the "two boys" who managed the senatorial campaign of Ransdell so successfully in their battle against Murphy J. Foster in the recent state primary.

IMPROVEMENTS OF LEPER HOME PLANNED

WILL INCLUDE FIRE-FIGHTING SYSTEM MANNED BY THE INMATES.

New Orleans.—A model fire-fighting system manned by the inmates is one of the features of a plan of general improvement at the Louisiana leper home, a few miles north of New Orleans. Besides the fire apparatus, the Board of Governors has decided, if the legislature will appropriate the money, to install a plant to furnish light and power in the colony and operate a refrigeration system. The board also expects to establish a system of sewerage disinfection to eliminate what chance there now is of spreading the disease in the neighborhood.

The Louisiana colony, which has heretofore attracted the attention of scientists, is two miles from Carville, La., and now is populated by 87 sufferers. The Board of Governors estimate that only about one-third of the lepers of Louisiana are afforded treatment at the colony.

Work among the lepers is not much more dangerous than caring for a like number of tuberculosis sufferers, say physicians who are administering to these at the Louisiana home.

FAILED TO ROB A BANK

Operations of Yeggmen Cause Great Excitement at Robeline.

Robeline, La.—The operations of yeggmen here have created considerable excitement. In one case the men secured a small amount of booty but in the other they were unsuccessful in getting into the vault they attacked and because of that failure \$5,000 was saved.

The first of the burglaries occurred about 1:45 o'clock Wednesday morning. The yeggmen entered the postoffice, easily dynamiting the safe and stamps and about forty dollars in cash.

After their success at the postoffice the robbers forced one of the bank windows of the Bank of Robeline and made an effort to dynamite the safe of that institution. But in this they failed. The explosive used practically wrecked the office furniture and badly damaged the vault, but only the front door of the safe was blown off. The money box was intact when found. It contained about five thousand dollars.

Immediately after the last explosion, three men were seen to emerge from the rear of the bank, coming out of the same window they had entered. They went some little distance and then disappeared. This circumstance led to the arrest on suspicion of three men who have been operating a picture show not far from the bank. Three other parties were also taken on suspicion later in the day.

BLOODY WINNFIELD AFFRAY

Man Named Jordan, Acting as Peacemaker Is Fatally Wounded.

Winfield.—Albert Sholers was killed, a man named Jordan was fatally wounded and another named McCulle was shot through the shoulder in an affray here. Jordan was acting as a peacemaker.

McCulle is said to have been shot by Sholers, who in turn was killed by a man named Hudgens, a friend of McCulle. The trouble originated, it is said, when McCulle and Hudgens were found in company with Sholers' wife. Sholers, armed with a shotgun, took his wife home and was followed by McCulle and Hudgens, the shooting taking place at Sholers' home.

Sholers was a son of former Police Judge J. R. Sholers.

INSURANCE COMPANY SOLD

Hibernia of Louisiana Merged Into the Home of New York.

New Orleans.—Sale of the Hibernia Insurance Company of Louisiana to the Home Insurance Company of New York was completed here. The Home company takes over between \$9,500,000 and \$10,000,000 of life insurance in Louisiana. The Hibernia was one of the oldest local insurance companies, being organized in 1871, and it has a capital of \$200,000 and surplus of \$263,000. The book value of the stock was rated at \$261 a share.

Baptists Men Will Meet.

Alexandria.—There will be held in Alexandria April 7-9 the first session of the Louisiana Men's Baptists Convention. It is especially urged that every Baptist man who possibly can attend this meeting do so.

PROTEST AGAINST EXPRESS TARIFF

RAILROAD COMMISSION PETITIONED TO SET ASIDE NEW SCHEDULE OF RATES.

Lafayette.—The traffic committee of the Chamber of Commerce instructed its traffic manager, B. F. Martin, to appear before the State Railroad Commission in New Orleans at a hearing held March 10 and ask the commission to set aside the new express rates, which became effective on Feb. 1, and reestablish the old scale. Manager Martin says that "the demand for the change from the old uniform rates of the commission, which were established in Louisiana in December, 1911, never came from the general shipping public of Louisiana, but from the express companies themselves."

"The necessity for the change insofar as the shipping public is concerned has never been made apparent, as the old uniform mileage system which was adopted by the commission in 1911 after a lengthy and complete hearing, has proven universally satisfactory, few, if any, complaints having been registered by the shippers in Louisiana since that time.

The milk of the coconut is this: The Interstate Commerce Commission said to the express companies: "Reduce your charges and make them uniform," or words to that effect. In complying with his order, a great loss of revenue was experienced on interstate business, which means a net loss unless it could be made up from intrastate shipments, over which the Interstate Commerce Commission had no jurisdiction. Hence the necessity on the part of the express companies of evolving a system that would meet the requirements of the Interstate Commerce Commission in reduced rates and at the same time allow them to minimize their losses by asking the various railroad commissions of each state to follow the Interstate Commerce Commission and adopt the same system for each state, which in effect means that the intrastate shipments on interstate are helping to pay the losses sustained on interstate shipments. For instance the rate from Lafayette, La., to Vicksburg, Miss., is reduced 40 per cent, while the rate from Lafayette to New Orleans, La., is increased 40 per cent. Both points are exactly the same distance from Lafayette.

"Great noises are heard as to the enormous reductions in rates on packages weighing less than 50 pounds, while no fuss whatever is made over the enormous advance in packages weighing over 50 pounds, neither is mention made of the fact that our parcel post system can handle 90 per cent of the 50-pound package business within a radius of 150 miles at 25 per cent less than the express rates. But on packages over 50 pounds they find no competition, hence from the express companies' point of view the necessity of lowering rates on packages up to 50 pounds and of raising them over 50 pounds. Five days' business of one express company covering every package received in Lafayette from points within the State of Louisiana for that period show a net increase over the receipts under old rates."

IDENTIFIES HER LOST SON

Lad Held at Lafayette for Burglary Sought by Mother in North.

Lafayette.—Sheriff Locaste received a telegram from Mrs. W. S. Wiener of Brooklyn, N. Y., confirming the identity of her son, Oscar, held here charged with burglarizing the home of Dr. F. E. Girard. Wiener is about 29 years old and has been here about two months. Recently he took a large dose of strychnine, but was saved from death by Dr. F. R. Tolson.

In his pocket was found a newspaper clipping in which his mother advertised for news of her lost son. Sheriff Locaste is certain of the boy's identity, but is awaiting a photograph to be absolutely sure. Owing to the seriousness of the charge, Wiener will have to stand trial here.

Negro Agricultural School.

Baton Rouge.—With about seventy students and more than 200 negroes of Baton Rouge and vicinity present, Southern University, the state institution for the agricultural and industrial education of the negro, formerly opened its doors at its new site on Scott's Bluff, north of Baton Rouge. Addresses were made by Superintendent of Education T. H. Harris and Prof. B. C. Caldwell, secretary of the board of administrators of the institution, John S. Clark, the president of the institution, was present with almost all of his faculty.