

It looks like Corbett and Mitchell are going to be shut out on every round.

The latest is that Cuba and New Mexico will soon be at war with each other. Next.

Yellow fever continues on the increase at Brunswick, Ga. Up to date there have been 954 cases.

Train robberies are getting to be an every day occurrence. The Illinois Central train was held up at Mayfield Bridge, Ky., on Saturday by five masked men and over \$7000 taken.

Atlanta, Georgia, is fifty years old and the city will celebrate the event in grand style on the 23d. At the beginning of the war she was a city of 20,000 inhabitants, and to-day she has 120,000 within the city limits.

Pexico's agents have bought five fast steamers in Germany. They will be equipped as men-of-war and sent to Brazil immediately. With those purchased in the United States he will have a respectable looking navy.

The new Democratic tariff bill will be ready at an early day. The bounty on sugar will go, and the tariff on sugar will not be restored. This will be a heavy blow to the sugar industry of Louisiana. Mr. Wilson says it is impossible to frame a bill to suit all sections. It is said the Louisiana Senators will withdraw their support to the bill when it reaches the Senate.

The Chicago anarchists celebrated on Sunday last in the city of Chicago the sixth anniversary of the hanging of August Spies, Albert Parsons, George Engel and A. Fisher, together with that of Louis Long, who escaped the gallows by exploding a dynamite cartridge between his teeth, will be honored by a demonstration of red over the graves of the so-called martyrs.

A Cleveland, Ohio, crank called at the office of M. T. Herrick, secretary and treasury of the Society of Savings, on Saturday last, and with a dynamite bomb in one hand and a pistol in the other, demanded \$50,000. Mr. Herrick responded by knocking the man down and grappling with him on the floor. While in this position he fired a shot at Mr. Herrick, the bullet passing through his coat. The fellow then jumped through a window and escaped.

A special from St. Louis says that at the Cotton Exchange on Saturday United States Senator J. Z. George concluded the investigation he has been making since Wednesday morning into the cause of the present low price of cotton and the best remedy for the evil. To an Associated Press reporter he said "the evidences given before me in St. Louis was both interesting and important. There was some difference among the witnesses as to the effect of future dealings in cotton, but it is my impression that the weight of evidence as far as taken is against the use of future dealings in cotton as carried on in New York and New Orleans." Senator George left for Memphis, where the Senate committee on agriculture and forestry, of which he is chairman, resumed its session on Monday.

Hawaii's Queen may be restored to her throne, but there will be bloodshed when the time comes, and perhaps the Queen herself will not live to sit again on the throne. A special from Washington says the intention of the administration as outlined in Gresham's report to the President, of aiding in restoration the Queen of Hawaii, has aroused a torrent of indignation here and many Democrats join in it. For years it has been the ambition of this country to gain control of these islands peacefully if possible. This was accomplished last winter by Minister Stevens. Now Secretary Gresham favors giving up all that has been gained and of restoring the monarchy. Whether the President will approve his recommendations remains to be seen. Many Democrats believe he will not. Some believe the Secretary was animated in the matter solely to defeat the end attained by President Harrison whom he detests more than the d— himself understood to regard holy water.

**A HARD TIMES VOTE.**

Until the people have had time to reflect, innocence of responsibility for bad times does a party in power little good. The worst 10 months the business of the country has known in the present voting generation have produced a dissatisfaction which operates against the Democratic party, though the troubles are directly traceable to Republican legislation. The effect of the prevailing distress of the year has been politically aggravated by a special session of Congress, in which bitter antagonisms were permitted to arise.

The elections were unfavorable to the Democratic party, and, while local causes had to do with the results in New York, New Jersey and perhaps a few other States, it would be less than frank dealing with the situation to present an explanation of local details.

Disappointments over offices and the discontent of the people over commercial losses and slack employment have operated against the party in power. Populists have reaped the benefit in some places and Republicans in others.

Democrats will find a moral gratification in the lesson taught in New York, New Jersey and Iowa—that Democrats revolt against candidates of their party against whom there are colorable charges of improper conduct, while Republicans stick to the rascal as closely as to the saint.

The Democratic party is not weaker than it was last year. Its work in office is still to be done. Its glory of achievement will strengthen into compact organization the voting preponderance it won in a fair contest of argument. This year's elections are the accidents of a season—St. Louis Republic

At Varnes, Ark., on Tuesday a colored mob broke into the jail and shot a negro murderer to death and then burned his body.

The Pan-Americans were entertained royally in New Orleans on Saturday last. Eloquent and patriotic speeches were delivered.

Whitecapism is still going on in Catahoula parish. The Governor has been notified, but no action has been taken. With a few more overflows and the labor being driven from the parish, it will soon be a wilderness.

Weiss & Goldstein and N. Goldstein & Co., of Greenville, Miss., have failed. Their liabilities are estimated at \$250,000, and by some at nearly double that amount. They were among the oldest firms of Greenville.

In East Feliciana open lands on an average is assessed at \$2.50 an acre, while in East Baton Rouge it is \$50; and in a great many parishes lands have been assessed too low, while in other parishes they have been assessed too high.

Attorney General Cunningham has secured an injunction against the New Orleans Olympic Club, and has filed a petition praying that the charter of the club be forfeited on the grounds that they have violated the law by holding prize fights.

The Times-Democrat says "compare the luxurious habits of the present legislators with those known to have been in vogue not over a century ago among one of the most aristocratic bodies in America. It has not yet been one hundred years since the Pennsylvania Legislative Assembly passed this law: 'That in the future no member of the House shall come barefoot or eat his bread and cheese on the steps.'" "

The Lake Charles Commercial came to us this week with its column rules turned, which meant sadness by the family. Mr. John McCormick, its editor and proprietor, and one of the ablest writers in the State, died on the 9th, in the city of Lake Charles, aged 59 years. His family have the sympathy of the Banner-Democrat in their bereavement. His son, Mr. C. M. McCormick, has assumed charge of the paper.

The City Item wants to know "how it is that Republicans are still retained in fat offices in the Customhouse, when there are faithful and efficient Democrats ready and willing to fill the positions? Surely it is about time to remove the hold-over politicians and give the deserving members of the dominant political party a chance. They possess all the requirements, and are honest and needy. Why waste time hunting, if you bag the quarry, the other fellow walks off with it?" How quick the Democrats would go if the Republicans had charge of the machine? Eh

**Legality of Levee Taxes.**

The constitutionality of laying special and local taxes for the purpose of building levees for the protection of the country from river floods has been fully passed upon and affirmed by the Supreme Court of Louisiana. The subject has been considered from almost every possible point of view, and there has been no hook left upon which to hang a doubt of the legality of such taxes.

In this connection a case has recently been decided by the Supreme Court at Shreveport which brings the matter up under another phase. The case was brought by Mrs. P. P. George, an owner of lands along Red river and in Caddo parish. She resisted the payment of the special levee tax on the ground that her land is so situated as that the levees do not protect it, the levees having been located so as to leave complainant's property between the river and the levees, and therefore, outside the area protected by the levees. Complainant held that since she received no benefit from these levees, she ought to be exempted from the payment of said tax. The sheriff and tax collector of Caddo parish brought suit to recover the tax withheld, and the matter came for final adjudication up to the Supreme Court.

The court, in a deliberation, decided that the tax must be paid. The court holds that, according to the law defining the limits of a levee district, it is not possible to consult personal or individual interests. These levee districts embrace extensive areas, and if exceptions were made in individual cases the carrying out of a plan of general levee protection might be made impracticable. Certain lands must of necessity be more benefited and others less benefited. Every general law must work more or less hardship upon some individuals, since it is impossible, although all are placed upon the same footing with respect to the law, to confer upon them natural equality. So it is with the lands in a levee district, which are more or less benefited according to their natural situation. To exempt individuals in the enactment of a law is likely to defeat its objects. Judicial interference is a delicate matter, and is justifiable only when it is manifest that the property of complainant is permanently and intentionally shown to be excluded from all possible benefit of the levee system, a fact which was not shown in complainant's case.—Picayune.

Captain T. P. Leathers, the veteran steamboatman, was interviewed by a States reporter on the arrival of the Mississippi River Commissioner in New Orleans last week, and had this to say:

I wish to say right now, that in any of the points I shall allude to my conclusions are arrived at by practical experience. I have been a licensed pilot and steamboat master for over half a century, and no man in the country has paid greater attention to river and levee matters than I have and very few of those who talk so much about levee matter and river affairs, possess one-half my practical knowledge. There are lots of theorists now-a-days, but what I say I say as a man that has his subject well in hand. Having as I have said, been pilot and master for over fifty years, I know the bottom of the river well. The rise and fall of the river at the head of the passes is 4 feet. Now mark what I say. At Natches it is 61 feet 3 inches, Vicksburg 51 feet 6 inches, Cairo 52 feet, and at Memphis 35 feet, and we find the elevation of the bottom of the river at Plumb Point 17 feet higher than it is at Vicksburg or Cairo. Now, how has this condition of things come about? To my mind the only solution of the matter is: The St. Francis swamp is 250 miles long by forty miles wide, and Plumb Point bend is at the head of this swamp; the river being very wide at this point must be the cause of the shallow water there, this being caused by the elevation of the bottom of the river.

Now, what does the Governor of Arkansas and the River Commission want to do? Governor Fishback wants to levee this swamp to protect it from overflow, and the commission is trying to contract the river to its natural width at Plumb Point bend. If these proposed changes are carried into effect I should like to know what is going to become of the country, with the bottom of the river 17 feet higher than at Vicksburg or Memphis? I think that these are pretty hard "nuts" for both Governor Fishback and the River Commission to crack.

I have now to make serious charges against a body of State servants, I allude to the State bar-pilots; I do this with sincere regret, but I am driven to do so. The bar-pilots refuse to give the soundings of the river, falling back when asked for this information upon their instructions, and declaring that they are forbidden to give the data asked for. I leave the public to form their own judgment upon such questionable methods. It takes twelve and a half feet of water at Vicksburg or Natches to make one foot at the head of the passes; this I know by actual experience, and I think the people of our State and the country generally ought to rise and assist at an expose of the dreadful way river matters are being handled. The United States Government gave Eads \$5,000,000 to stop the passes up, and to-day they are dumping millions of tons of stone on mattresses in the mouth of the river at these passes."

Five thousand stands of French rifles were transferred to Brazil's war vessel, El Cid at New York on Saturday last. She sailed on Tuesday to make war on Mello.

**Official Proceedings of the Fifth District Levee Board.**

DELTA, MISSISSIPPI PARISH, LA., Tuesday, November 7, 1893.

Pursuant to call of the President of the Board of Commissioners for the Fifth Louisiana Levee District, met at Delta, La., this day.

There were present—Wm. F. Ogden, President; J. B. Hiserodt, C. C. Cordill, W. G. Wylie, F. L. Maxwell, Jno. A. Buckner and W. H. Shields, Secretary.

Absent—A. E. Newton. President Ogden appointed Mr. F. L. Maxwell on the finance committee to fill the vacancy on said committee made by the resignation of Mr. J. H. Gilfoil from the Board.

To the Fifth Louisiana Levee Board—Gentlemen: I hereby agree to repair levee from crossing of V. S. & P. R. R., north about twenty stations to the point where new levee built by Mr. Maxwell in 1882 joins said old levee for the sum of 12 1/2 cents per cubic yard payable in bonds at par if said work is awarded to me. Yours respectfully, G. M. Long.

On motion of Mr. F. L. Maxwell the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the President be authorized to make the best contract for the repairs of that portion of Delta Point levee in bonds or warrants.

On motion of Mr. C. C. Cordill, the following resolution was adopted: That the Tax Collectors be required to receive warrants for the payment of the cotton and acreage taxes due the Fifth Levee District Board, and that the Auditor be authorized to receive said warrants. Tax ten mill tax being reserved for the interest on bonds and sinking fund.

Vote was cast as follows: Wm. F. Ogden, C. C. Cordill, F. L. Maxwell and J. B. Hiserodt voted in favor of the motion.

Judge W. G. Wylie voted no upon the ground that the levee laws required all taxes to be paid in money and that this resolution is illegal.

On motion of W. G. Wylie, the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the President of the Board be authorized to issue a warrant in favor of the Providence Lumber Co., for \$600 on account of lumber for the retretment work at Wylie's already delivered.

Conference with the Chicot County Levee Board was held after the recess in regard to their line from the Louisiana line to Sterling and from Brooks' Mills to Carliola.

The following preamble and resolution was offered by Judge W. G. Wylie:

Whereas, It has come to the knowledge of the Board that the U. S. engineer in charge, will put under contract the permanent line of levee from the Louisiana line to Sterling and from Carliola to Brooks' Mill, payable out of the allotments for 1895 and 1896; and Whereas, as it is important that said work be done at once, therefore

Be it resolved, That if the contractors shall proceed to complete said work before the high water of 1894, this Board will assume to pay 8 per cent. interest per annum on all amounts earned by the contractors as evidenced by estimates of engineers before the high water of 1894.

The above was adopted by the Fifth Louisiana Levee Board and Capt. C. McD. Townsend agreed to recommend that an amount equal to the amount which the Fifth Louisiana Levee District would expend in Arkansas be transferred to said Fifth Levee District in the event of a high water fight.

The Chicot County Levee Board gave the following guarantee in consideration of the Fifth Levee District guaranteeing the contractors interest on the two permanent lines in Arkansas:

The President of the Chicot County Levee Board appearing before the Fifth Louisiana Levee Board, made the following proposition, to-wit:

That if the contracts are let at once from the Louisiana line to Sterling and from Carliola to Brooks' Mills, and if the Fifth Louisiana Levee District will guarantee to contractors taking such work 8 per cent interest from all amounts earned from the time of commencement until the high water of 1894, said contractors to complete the work before the high water of 1894, whereupon the Chicot County Levee Board agrees to expend the sum of \$2500 in enlarging the levee from Sterling to Grand Lake crossing.

Z. T. CARLTON, President Chicot County Levee Board. The Board of Commissioners being officially informed that there would be a gap left in the construction of the Salem levee, the government fund allotted to said levee being exhausted before the completion, whereupon the Board of Commissioners took the following action:

On motion of Mr. J. B. Hiserodt the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the Fifth Louisiana Levee District Board set aside \$8,000 of its revenues of '93 and '94 for the payment of the deficiency which will be due on the Salem levee, and that the State Treasurer be notified to set aside said amount for this specific purpose.

On motion of Mr. J. B. Hiserodt the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the President appoint Messrs. F. L. Maxwell and Jno. A. Buckner a committee of two to negotiate for the loan of a sufficient amount to pay Messrs. Manning & Gibson the deficiency which will be due them by the United States Government on the Salem levee.

On motion of Mr. Jno. A. Buckner the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the following levee work be done and the same is hereby ordered by this Board:

Raising and enlarging of levee at Benham's enlarging about 10,000 yards. Banquet work from Hagaman to Desona.

Extension of banquet from Wylie's to Point Lookout. Banquet work in front of Alsatia. Banquet work at Young's Point and the new Young's Point levee about 2,000 yards extended as part of the Willow Slough contract.

Banquet work at Waterproof to Aquasco, and repair work on Aquasco. On motion of Judge W. G. Wylie the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the raising and en-

largement of Desona levee be put under contract, after advertisement, by this Board, said work being estimated by the Engineer in charge at about 20,000 yards.

Resolved, That the banquet work along the Illawara line, and the banquet work along the O'Brien and Towne levees be advertised and let at the next regular letting of the Board; the Illawara work to embrace about 20,000 yards and the O'Brien and Towne work to embrace about 30,000 yards.

On motion of W. G. Wylie the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That the raising and enlargement of Pecan Grove levee be advertised and put under contract by this Board.

To the Hon. President and Members of the Fifth Louisiana Levee Board. We, Your Finance Committee, have examined the books of the Secretary and found same correct, and recommend the payment of the following bills: Grant & Johnson, 50 00 McGlin, For cutting out cray fish hole, 9 00 Mrs. M. H. Wessison, 41 25 T. J. Fatheree, Telegrams, 4 56 Geo. H. Raymond, 50 00 Mrs. A. F. Goodrich, 8 00 M. F. Dunn, Station, 7 25 J. W. Dunn, Sheriff, 8 00 A. H. Gillespie, Clerk, 33 50 Times-Democrat, advertising, 23 40 \$235 08

On motion the Board of Commissioners took a recess until to-morrow morning at six o'clock.

**SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.**

Pursuant to the recess taken on yesterday, Nov. 7, the Board of Commissioners was called to order in Delta, La. There were present W. F. Ogden, President, C. C. Cordill, F. L. Maxwell, W. G. Wylie, Jno. A. Buckner and W. H. Shields, Secretary.

On motion of Mr. F. L. Maxwell the following resolution was adopted: Resolved, That this Board, availing itself of the authority in it vested by Sec. 12 of Act. 44 of the Acts of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana of the year 1883 do issue its bonds to the amount of Eighty Thousand (\$80,000) Dollars, \$20,000 of said amount to be in bonds of the denomination of \$500 each and \$60,000 in bonds of the denomination of \$1,000 each, said bond to be payable to bearer, to be signed by the President of this Board and countersigned by the Secretary, and be made payable in not less than ten nor more than twenty years, and subject, as to time and manner of payment, to all other terms and conditions of Sec. 12 of said Act; said bonds to be used in the payment of contracts for work and labor done and material purchased in behalf of the levees and in accordance with the provisions of said section of said Act.

Resolved further, That Albert Baldwin, Esq., and such persons as may be his successor in office as President of the New Orleans National Bank, of New Orleans, be and he is hereby appointed Trustee for the purpose of receiving the notice provided in Sec. 12 of said Act; and said New Orleans National Bank is hereby designated as the place of payment of said bonds and the coupons thereto attached.

Resolved further, That in the event said bank should cease business before the payment of said bonds, then this Board shall elect the President of any other bank in good standing in the City of New Orleans and his successors in office, as Trustee for the purpose aforesaid, and the bank whereof said trustee is President, shall also be constituted the place of payment of said bonds and of the coupons thereto attached.

Resolved further, That the preceding resolution, and each and every clause and part thereof, be and they are hereby constituted a part of the contract between the Board and any and all future holder or holders of any of said bonds and coupons to be issued under the provisions of these resolutions and of said Act No. 44, 1883.

There being no further business the Board on motion adjourned, subject to call of the President.

Wm. F. OGDEN, President. W. H. SHIELDS, Secretary.

**A Levee Suit.**

Mr. James Wilkinson, attorney for the New Orleans, Fort Jackson and Grand Isle Railroad, Saturday filed his brief in the Supreme Court in the appealed case of the above road against Honore B. Turcan.

It is a case in which the road sued Turcan for \$4473 08, with the legal interest from June 23, 1893, being the cost incurred by plaintiff in closing a crevasse on Happy Point plantation, the property of the defendant, which crevasse occurred, the plaintiff alleges, through the gross negligence of the defendant.

Plaintiff avers that the levee was in a very bad condition, and though warned by a number of persons that it was in a dangerous condition, and being a man of means, the defendant refused to repair it, even though his attention was called to it by neighbors and on the very night of the crevasse, a few hours before it occurred.

The verdict in the lower court was in favor of Turcan, but the present plaintiffs claim that it was violative of all justice and law, and asked that a thorough and constitutional review de novo be given plaintiff's claims, and the fact is alluded to that the foreman and two other jurors refused their concurrence in the verdict, and that the judge, in refusing a new trial, studiously refrained from expressing any approval of the verdict.

Plaintiff's claim that Turcan built the levee in 1891, and the State paid him \$7215 69 for it, and that the legal duty devolved upon him to keep the levee in "good order, preservation and repair."—Times-Democrat.

**IT SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOUSE.**

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpshurg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe" when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cookeport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free Trial Bottles at Guevard Drug Store. Large bottles, 50c. and \$1.00.

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Before you buy any lot in Providence, be sure to come and see us. We have bought the Charity Hospital property (Ingram field) and we are going to divide it in lots for comfortable homes. We will make of it the NEW PROVIDENCE; the town is going that way any way, and WILL continue to go that way. We will sell a lot cheap for cash, or on time, or on credit any way a man wants it from \$10.00 up. Come and see us.

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**LUMBER! -- LUMBER!!**  
**MATHESON'S NEW SAW MILL**  
ON THE RIVER FRONT,  
LAKE PROVIDENCE, LA.

I will furnish Cypress, Oak, Ash and all kinds of Lumber of the very best quality. Bills for Lumber sawed to order, and all orders promptly filled at the lowest prices possible. Save large hauling expenses by patronizing my mill.  
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**New Orleans Institute removed to 21 Prytania St.**

J. C. Murphy, Pres. J. B. Meyers, Vice-Pres. J. W. Fairfax, Sec. and Treas.

**The Keeley Institute of Louisiana, Ltd.**

For the treatment of the Liquor, Opium, Chloral and Cocaine Habits, Nervous Diseases and Tobacco Habit, by Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Chloride of Gold Remedies!

The Keeley treatment for the Liquor, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco Habits has received the endorsement of the United States, for use in the State and Military Homes for disabled volunteer soldiers and sailors. Also the official approval of numerous state, municipal and medical authorities.

You can buy a small sugar plantation containing about 100 acres best bayou and 260 upland, at the same or less than large tracts command. The owner is anxious, for personal reasons, to dispose of it before January. There is another year's lease on it, which could probably be annulled at small outlay. At any rate the figure at which it is to be had makes it a bargain under any circumstances. Every acre now under cultivation in cane and cotton (the low land). The timber is pine, oak, chinquapin, walnut, cypress &c. &c. Various buildings sufficient to work the land. L. J. Hakenyous, atty-at-law, Alexandria, La., or Dr. C. P. Whitehead, Lamourie Bridge, La.

We refund money in every instance when Plantation Chill & Fever Cure fails. Sold by J. S. Guevard drug store.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from LaGrippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at J. S. Guevard Drug Store. Large size 50c. and \$1.00

Now Try This. Settlements will be made on the first Monday of each month at Vicksburg, for all estimates of the Board of State Engineers, for levee work done under contract with the Board of Commissioners of the Fifth Louisiana Levee District.

**To Contractors.**

Wm. F. OGDEN, President. W. H. SHIELDS, Secretary.

**VICKSBURG BOILER WORKS.**

Manufactures of all kinds of Steam Boilers, Breaching and Smoke Stacks, Iron Shutters, Jail Works, etc. Repairing promptly attended to. Estimates made on short notice. Thirty-five years experience. All work guaranteed. Country orders solicited.

A new 40 horse power tubular boiler for sale cheap.

Machinists for all kinds of work furnished on application.

Refer to Vicksburg and Greenville Packet Company.

D. H. CRAWFORD, Prop'r. sept. 16-6m.

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Freight and Passenger Steamer T. P. LEATHERS.

Mike Carbone, Master, F. C. Leathers, Clerk. Leaves New Orleans every Saturday at 5 p.m. passing Providence going up Tuesday morning. Returning, passing Providence going down the same evening.

This steamer reserves the right to pass all landings that the captain may consider unsafe.

Ab Sam Lee's store is on Lake street, next door to Harrang's Tomorriable establishment. Lee Appo, the reliable and trustworthy Celestial, is his duly authorized agent. They keep fancy groceries, pecans and hazel nuts, fruit of all kinds, fresh bread and cakes from their own bakery, cabbage, potatoes and vegetable of all kinds—prices cheaper, cheaper.

**A Hand Made Cypress Cistern.**

1,000 Gallons, \$15. 1,500 Gallons, \$20. 200 Gallons, \$26. 3000 Gallons, \$35. A. RIGGS & BRO., No. 60 Perdido street, New Orleans, La.

Any one purchasing \$1.50 worth of our Plantation Remedies is entitled to the Memphis Appeal-Avalanche, weekly until January 1, 1894; or \$1.00 retail, the Memphis Scimitar, weekly, for same length of time. These remedies are guaranteed to cure, or money refunded by merchant of whom purchased.

PLANTATION PHARMACAL CO., 345 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.

Plantation Chill Cure stops chills stops 'em quick, and they never come back. If you don't believe it, try it. If it don't stop 'em ask for your money back, you'll get it. Price 50cts. Sold by J. S. Guevard

LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY and Agricultural and Mechanical College, J. W. Nicholson, A. M., LL. D., Pres't. The next session (1893-94) will open on the 1st of Oct., with a full and able corps of Professors and instructors. Five courses of study, locally, and all equipment, tuition, books, etc. Cost of maintenance per session of nine months \$14.00. Number of students last session 198. For catalogue giving full information, address, J. W. NICHOLSON, Sec'y, Baton Rouge, La.

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salts, Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by J. S. Guevard

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