THE CLARION.

OPELOUSAS, JUNE 15, 1901.

St. Landry Clarion Co., Lim., Props.

RAYMOND BREAUX,
Editor and Business Manager.

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It is easy to love your neighbor as yourself if your neighbor happens to be a pretty girl.

By the explosion of a car of dynamite near Binghamton, N. Y., seven men were killed.

The protected cruiser New Orleans has been sent to Corea to protect American interests.

Lord Kitchener reports that 2040 Boers were killed, captured or imprisoned in the month of May.

George Washington's state coach has been presented by Augustus Frey to the Ladies' Association of the Union.

Linen goods manufacturers will organize the American Shirt and Collar Company, with a capital of $20,000,000.

It is estimated that the average cost of crime, through taxation, in this country, is not less than $3.50 per capita of the entire city population.

The United States government will resist being held responsible for loss of life caused by the destruction of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor.

In a storm which swept over Oklahoma Territory three persons were killed, seven were seriously injured and property valued at $100,000 was destroyed.

Diagnosis of Mrs. McKinley's illness has brought out the fact that the President's wife is suffering blood infection resulting from a bone felon on the index finger.

Chairman Kohnke of the New Orleans City Board of Health announced that deaths since Jan. 1 show a decrease of more than 20 per centum from the record of 1900.

Nearly all the motormen employed on the new trolley lines in Buffalo are young Canadian farmers. The railway officials say they are the most satisfactory of all their employes.

The Kansas farmers will save $400,000 this year on binder twine by patronizing the penitentiary factory, which sells it for eight and a half cents a pound, while the trust asks eleven cents.

The income of a poor farmer or regular laborer's family in Italy seldom exceeds $125 a year.—Picayune.

The visible income of many swell coons in town doesn't figure anything like $125—but still they live on "pork chops greasy" and cut as big a swath as anybody.

Fosts are unknown in the orange belt of southern California, and the growers are constantly experimenting, with the result that the fruit has been brought to a state of perfection scarcely dreamed of fifteen years ago, when it was coarse and stringy, with more pulp than juice.

Now man ever lived who could save from legitimate earnings as much as $1,000,000. Those who have that amount or more have not earned it, but have acquired it by special governmental favors, or by "winning" the earnings of others, just as the common gambler does.—Texas Farm and Ranch.

The following special from Lake Providence, La., might be read with interest: "Saturday the Police Jury of this parish borrowed $16,500 from the Lake Providence Bank, at 6 per cent interest, to pay for the new courthouse now being built, and decided to lay the corner-stone with masonic ceremony in July."

Mr. Edison having discovered how to make "Portland cement" at extremely low cost, expects to drive quarried stone and brick out of use as building materials. It will consequently cost comparatively little to build houses, or rather to "pour" them, for when houses are made of cement, they will be "poured" instead of built. Since it will thus cost so little to make a house, Mr. Edison thinks "rent will be very low."

Grand Coteau Notes.

We have been blessed with a heavy rain since my last writing, the results of which is a revival of the whole country. The populace is overjoyed with this great benediction. Every person one sees now tells of the great benefits this treat has brought upon him. The farmer on one hand describes with overwhelming joy the great improvements of his crops, as he journeys over his spacious fields of cultivation. This instills him with an energy to redouble his work; seeing better prospects for a successful year. The merchant, on the other hand, is stirred on with new life from better prospects of good trade.

The chief pleasure parties, at present, are pic-nics and fish frys. Several have taken place this Spring and were conducted with great enjoyment.

The fish must be biting quite well in our neighboring streams, since Judge Lewis and other notable personages from Opelousas drive way over to "Coulee de Marx" to fish for them.

Judge Lewis must be watching the seiners closely, principally for his interest; he does not want to travel so far and not get a bite. We all hope, as well as Judge Lewis, that this practice will be stopped in the near future.

The feast of "Corpus Christi," which falls on this week, is one of the grandest Catholic celebrations of the year. The procession—the chief part of the ceremony—passes over the grounds of the St. Charles College to a beautifully decorated repository. All this artistic work is accomplished under the supervision of Mrs. Virgina McPherson. This lady has been decorating these "out-door" alters for upwards of twenty-five years. The concourse of people that follow this procession of the "Body of Christ" number fully fifteen hundred.

Oil has not yet been struck in our neighborhood. Only have enough patience, and you will hear of it one day.

Mr. T. S. Isacks, the drummer of the Oil, Land, Mineral and Development Co. of Opelousas, has been here several times lately. He is trying to obtain leases on lands belonging to our neighboring farmers.

Let us trust to providence that both sides will succeed.

FAIR PLAY.

Historical Families Of Louisiana.

The late Henry Schuylea Thibodeau, or Thibodaux, founder and prejector of the flourishing town that bears his name, was the descendant of an ancient French family, early domiciliated in Canada. He came to Louisiana in 1794, and settled on what was then called the Acadian Coast. What is now St. Charles parish was originally termed the First German Coast. St. John parish was called the second German Coast. St. James was then known as the Acadia Coast," having been chiefly settled by immigrants from Canada, and by the French from Nova Scotia, after its conquest by the English. Here Mr. Thibodeau lost his first wife. His second wife was born in what is now the parish of West Baton Rouge, on the memorable 4th of July, 1776, and was descended in a direct line, on her father's side, from the famous French Navigator and discoverer of Canada, Jacques Cartier. Her family were present when Chaplain founded the city of Quebec.

In 1801, Mr. Thibodeaux moved to a point on the Bayou Lafourche, nearly opposite where the town of his name now stands. That portion of the province was then known as the 'District of Valenzulla dans Laforcoe," and embraced each side of the "Fork" outlet, from the point where it leaves the Mississippi to its de bouchement into the Gulf, and was some fifty leagues in length.

In 1810 Mr. Thibodeaux removed to what is now the parish of Terrebonne, which at that time was known as La Fourche Interior. He was the first permanent settler or planter of that productive and now populous portion of Louisiana. In 1822, being then a conspicuous member of the Legislature, he caused it to be set apart and established as the parish of Terrebonne, the birth place of his wife's father. The family residence was the plantation St. Brigitte, on the Bayou Terrebenne, where he lived like a patriarch, surrounded by a large family of sons and daughters—with his slaves and flocks—hundreds of the poor clustered around him—dispensing a generous hospitality, and exercising unbounded influence over the primitive population.

A purer man and a better patriot never lived or died. His venerable wife survived until 1850, devoting herself to the duties imposed by wealth and high special position and her death was mourned by the whole parish, but especially by the poor.—N. O. Picayune.

Uses Of Oil.

Since oil has been found in such unlimited quantitiesin Texas, with the prospect of a like supply in Louisiana and Arkansas, its sphere of usefulness will naturally by extended. Already some of the railroads of the South are preparing to use it for fuel in the locomotives in place of coal. The oil cooking stove will be more generally used. In fact it will take the place of coal for most purposes, and being cleaner and more easily handled, it will consequently grow in favor both as a generator of power and heat.

The Time-Democrat suggests that it be used for sprinkling the streets and road-beds of railways. Water as a settler of dust soon dries out, but oil will form a sticky substance that will in time become hard and thus permanently lay the dust. It will prove very useful for that purpose.

The Cane Crop.

During the past week rain has fallen generally over the sugar district and the benefit derived from it has been very great. Under its influence the growing crop has taken on life and vigor and quite a transformation has been wrought in the appearance of the fields. The dry weather had prevailed in most localities since the middle of April and moisture had become extremely necessary, though every effort was made by cultivation to keep the cane in as good condition as possible. Warm weather has also put in its appearance and the combination of heat and moisture will do much to help the backward condition of the crop. The prospects at this writing are very favorable and the reports of our correspondents are encouraging from all parts of the sugar district.—N. O. Sugar Planter.

Proceedings of The Board of Aldermen.

Opelousas, June 4, 1901.

The Board of Aldermen met this day in regular session with the following members present:

B. A. Littell, Mayor, presiding; Messrs. Gosselin, Healey, Vilaseca, Dietlein, Lawler—quorum present.

Minutes of last meeting were adopted as read.

The collector makes the following report:

Opelousas, June 4, 1901.

To the Hon. Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen.—I herewith tender you my report of collections for month ending June 4, 1901, as follows, to-wit:

Corporation tax, 1900	$ 17 20
Corporation tax, 1899	14 00
Waterworks tax, 1900	8 60
Waterworks tax, 1899	7 00
Licenses, 1901	12 50
Fines	35 50
Stock fines	7 00
Market dues $71.10, less jan'r's salary $8	63 10
Total	$164 90

Respectfully submitted,
C. L. HAYES, Tax-Collector.

On motion, duly seconded and carried, that the report of collector be accepted as read and ordered spread upon the minutes.

The report of W. R. Cochran, collector of w. w. and e. l. plants, showing collections for month ending June 4, 1901, for m. and l. services and water, amounting to $443.34, was accepted as read and referred to the finance committee.

The treasurer makes the following report:

Statement of the Town of Opelousas, La., from May 7 to June 4, 1901:

May 7, bal on hand as per report	$ 9,814 58	
June 3, cash rec'd from W R Cochran, Clerk	443 34	
Cash rec'd from C L Hayes, Collector	164 90	
		$10,422 82
By sundry warrants as per list attached		1,934 12
Balance on hand		$ 8,848 70
Distributed as follows:		
W W & E L Exp funds	$ 297 57	
General funds	1,859 65	
Fines funds	368 45	
Market funds	635 30	
License funds	2,512 72	
W W & E L tax funds	2,797 50	
School funds	66	
Hospital funds	16 85	
		$ 8,848 70

On motion, duly seconded and carried, that the report be accepted as read and referred to the finance committe. The committe after examining the report, report same correct and ordered that the treasurer be credited with the sum of $1,934.12 and vouchers for same be cancelled, which was accordingly done.

The report of Supt. A. C. Jones, was accepted as read.

The mayor makes the following report:

Opelousas, June 5, 1901.

To the Members of the Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen.—Since our last meeting I have tried 20 cases in the mayor's court, 10 were brought to trial by marshal Hayes and 10 by nightwatchman Healey. Of these cases 8 paid their finds, 9 worked their time on the streets or have not settled, 2 served their time in jail and 1 was discharged.

The term of nightwatchman expired on the 1st of this month. I reccommend the continuance of the officer.

During the recent drought I tried the experiment of watering the streets from the fire plugs. I find it altogether impracticable. But I would recommend that the town at an early date procure a sprinkling cart or wagon and whenever the dust becomes such a nuisance as recently, that the town sprinkle the streets where the waterworks do not reach.

The second payment on new engine was made during the past month. The engine has been placed in service by Supt. Jones, and running satisfactorily.

The purchasing committee has ordered all the apparatus necessary for burning oil at the power house, and we will be using the oil within the next two weeks.

Supt. Jones has completed the extension of the waterworks and electric lights. The costs of the extension amounted to $2,187.20. Mr. Jones has superintended the whole work and has thereby saved the town a considerable amount of money.

Respectfully,
B. A. LITTELL, Mayor.

On motion, duly seconded and carried, the report of the mayor was accepted as read and ordered spread upon the minutes.

The report of J. G. Lawler, street commissioner, was accepted as read.

The sprinkling committee reported, and, on motion of Vilaseca, duly seconded and carried, that the question be referred back to the committee for further investigation

The finance committee beg leave to report that we have examined the report of W. R. Cochran, collector of w. w. and e. l. plants, for month ending May 7th, 1901, and find same correct.

M VILASECA,
J. J. HEALEY,
Finance Committee.

On motion, duly seconded and carried, that the report of finance committee be accepted as read and ordered spread upon the minutes.

The committee on location of streets ask for further time. On motion of Vilaseca, duly seconded and carried, the same was granted.

Mr. Lawler moves to adopt the fire limit ordinance as read, duly seconded by Mr. Healey.

Mr. Gosselin moves to table the ordinance, duly seconded by Mr. Vilaseca. Voting to table—Gosselin, Vilaseca and Dietlein; voting against—Healey and Lawler. Motion to table carried.

On motion of Lawler, duly seconded, that the sum of $100 be paid Mr. Wilcox, provided, the sewerage system placed in the court house remains there.

Mr. Dietlein moves to table Mr. Lawler's motion, duly seconded by Healey. Voting to table—Dietlein, Healey and Vilaseca; voting against—Lawler and Gosselin. Motion to table carried.

On motion of Dietlein, duly seconded and carried, that hereafter the reports of all officers be spread upon the minutes.

On motion of Vilaseca, that all officers bring in a detail monthly report of expenses. Motion failed for want of a second.

Motion by Healey, duly seconded by Lawler, that the sum of $295.00 be appropriated out of the license fund to pay the balance due on the high school annex contract, and that a warrant be issued in favor of the chairman of the building committee, and this amount to be paid by him to the contractor when building is accepted and all labor and material bills are shown as paid.

Mr. Gosselin moves to table, duly seconded by Vilaseca. Voting to table—Gosselin and Vilaseca; against tabling—Healey, Lawler and Dietlein. Motion to table lost. Original motion of Healey taken up and voted on, carried.

On motion of Mr. Lawler, duly seconded, that the communication of Prof. Gayle be received and that he be relieved of the indebtedness to the town for wiring the public school building and laying of waterworks on the premises.

Mr. Gosselin moves to table Mr. Lawler's motion, duly seconded by Vilaseca. Voting to table—Gosselin and Vilaseca; voting against tabling—Healey, Dietlein and Lawler. Original motion of Lawler voted on and carried.

On motion of Vilaseca, duly seconded and carried, that the annex to high school be insured.

On motion of Mr. Lawler, duly seconded, that the insurance on the annex be insured for $1550, and the same be placed with Mr. A. L. Lacombe, agent, for three years.

Mr. Healey moves to amend by placing the insurance with Messrs. Dietlein & Jacobs, under the same terms as proposed by Mr. Lacombe. Healey and Gosselin voting for amendment; Vilaseca and Lawler voting against; Dietlein voting blank. The vote being a tie, the mayor votes for the amendment—carried.

On motion of Dietlein, duly seconded and carried, that no one be permitted to make an extension of water or lights on their premises without first notifying the superintendent of waterworks, or water or light not be turned on except on his orders. Anyone violating this resolution will be subject to a fine of $5.00.

On motion of Vilaseca, duly seconded and carried, that Mr. A. D. Hawkins be elected nightwatchman for three months.

The following bills were read and approved and ordered paid:

St Landry Clarion, notices, ordinances, etc	$ 7 90
J B Sandoz, half cord wood	1 25
Alcest Campbell, painting 4 signs for parade	2 00
F L Sandoz, 3-gals coal oil	45
J O Healey, costs in town suits	3 00
C L Hayes, Collector, 3% commission on $130.40	3 90
C L Hayes, Marshal, costs in town suits, etc	5 05
Dr B A Littell, costs in town cases to date	27 00
Dr B A Littell, attending to three cases of smallpox from May 8th to June 4, 1901	18 00

On motion, duly seconded and carried, the Board adjourned subject to call.

B. A. LITTELL, Mayor.
W. R. COCHRAN, Clerk.

Little Mason.

Died, on Saturday morning, June 8, 1901, Mason Arthur, infant son of Mason McBride and Ida Cullom, aged 7 months.

Little Mason is gone, gone to meet the white-winged angels above; gone to play and gambol on God's baby campus; up there to join the myriad little tots, little flowers, who have preceeded him, followed by the tears and sobs of anguish-wrung hearts. The little darling was precious down here on earth, and to take him away from the ones whose hearts he had been sent to cheer and make happy, seems a stroke of Providence petiless indeed—but such is terrestial existence—Joy and Sadness commingles so: even in the cradle, one fills it, for the other to rob it. The kiss of the earthly mother has hardly dried on the little ruby lips, when the Omnipotent mother high above claims her gift and recalls baby home.

Little Mason was sick but a short while. Hardly had his fond "Dannon," his sweet and loving mother, his stout-hearted, effectionate boy father, realized that he was sick before he was called to come above. Raymond, Bess and Judy, hardly had time to see the baby of the playhouse ere the little frame was chilled in death; his little soul winged its way to meet other playmates in the other Home.

The precious little darling, in its little white bed, was conveyed to the Methodist cemetery at six o'clock, and there placed in its brick home beneath a soughing live-oak, its green branches sheltering Baby from the cold rain and hot sun.

"He marks for our pretty little feet,
A pathway straight and sweet."

—Keep cool by taking an ice cold drink at the Opera House Drug Store. A. S. BRAUD & Co. apl27tf

—"Good Times" magazine free for six months to every subscriber who pays his subscription to the Clarion before July 1st.

—Armas Durio desires to inform the public that he is prepared to do anything in the line of plumbing, tapping, or extension of waterworks. Work guaranteed.

—Tell your neighbor that you've used OLD HOMESTEAD FLOUR from J. K. Sandoz & Bro., Sole Agents, and that in the future you want no other. It is guaranteed.

—Hardly a day passes, in families where there are children, in which Ballard's Snow Liniment is not needed. It quickly cures Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns and Scalds. Price 25¢ and 50¢. Mason's Drug Store.

—Boutte's Lumber Yard, east of town, is in the market ready for business. He can discount all competitors on account of cheap transportation. Lumber of all dimensions and descriptions.

—Rev. Max Heller delivered an instructive lecture at the courthouse, on Monday night last. His subject was "The Bible as Literature," and his plain language, excellent delivery and thorough mastership of his subject impressed his listeners deeply. The courthouse was crowded with an intelligent audience, and all were glad they had gone to hear this great Rabbi.

For Sale.

Horses and Mules—will keep a full supply on hand.

J. A. HAAS,
feb9 Opelousas, La.

Has Cured Thousands, Will Cure You.

If you are troubled with Kidney or Bladder troubles, such as Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Gravel of the Bladder, Albumen in Urine and unhealthy deposits, or too frequent discharge of the urine, pain in the back and bladder, dropsical swellings of the feet and legs, etc., etc., we guarantee by using Smith's Sure Kidney Cure, a complete cure will be effected. Price, 50¢. For sale by Mason's drugstore. 1

To The Public.

The famous Mountain Bayou Springs are now open to the public. They have been put in first class condition, and Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Helmer will take pleasure in receiving and entertaining all visitors. je8-4t

Bright's Disease.

Bright's Disease is no respector of persons; it attacks men and women, the strong and robust, the rich and poor, the active body and brain workers, the fathers of families, the bread winners in every sphere of life, seeming to choose for its victims those only who can least be spared. Smith's Sure Kidney Cure is the only guaranteed remedy for Bright's Disease. Your money back if it fails to cure. Price, 50¢. For sale by Mason's drugstore. 1

—Go to Mason's Drug Store for fresh drugs, compounded by a competetent man.

—The Clarion one year and "Good Times" magazine 6 months for one dollar. Will you let this opportunity pass?

—You may as well expect to run a steam engine without water as to find an active, energetic man with a tropid liver and you may know that his liver is tropid when he does not relish his food or feels dull and languid after eating, often has headache and sometimes dizziness. A few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will restore his liver to its normal functions renew his vitality, improve his digestion and make him feel like a new man. Price, 25 cents. Sample free at Mason's drug store.

—We are glad that many of our subscribers are taking advantage of our offer of a free six months subscription to the "Good Times" Magazine to old subscribers paying their subscription, and to new subscribers. They know a good thing, and jump at it.

—Mr. W S. Whedon, Cashier of the First National Bank of Winterset, Iowa, in a recent letter gives some experience with a carpenter in his employ, that will be of value to other mechanics. He says: "I had a carpenter working for me who was obliged to stop work for several days on account of being troubled with diarrhoea. I mentioned to him that I had been similarly troubled and that Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy had cured me. He bought a bottle of from the druggist here and informed me that one dose cured him, and he is again at his work." For sale by Mason's drug store.

Free.

The Clarion has made arrangements by which "Good Times," a high class magazine, will be sent FREE OF CHARGE for 6 months to subscribers who will pay their subscription before the 1st of July next; and to new subscribers who will subscribe and pay for the Clarion before that time.

If you are in arrears, now is the time to pay up. You not only pay what you justly owe, but you get a high-class magazine six months free for doing so.

Now remember—after July 1st this proposition don't go.

NOTICE OF TABLEAU.

ESTATE OF AMYNTHE RICE.

No. —, Probate Docket, District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

Whereas, J. T. Stewart, administrator of the above estate, has filed his tableau of classification of debts and distribution of funds of said estate, accompanied by his petition praying for the homologation of same; and

Whereas, the prayer of said petition has been granted by an order of court bearing date ——

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all parties interested to make opposition to said tableau to file same in writing in my office within the time required by law why the said tableau should not be homologated and confirmed. H. E. DeFORGE, Clerk.
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