resolved, etc., That on the official ballots to be used at said election, shall be placed the words:

"For the City of New Orleans New Public Improvement Bond Amendment."

And the words:

"Against the City of New Orleans New Public Improvement Bond Amendment."

And each elector shall indicate his vote on the proposed amendment, as provided in the general election laws of this State.

J. Y. SANDERS,
Lieutenant Governor and President of Senate.

J. W. HYAMS.
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Approved June 25th, 1906.

NEWTON C. BLANCHARD,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JOHN T. MICHEL, Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 30.

By Mr. Millsaps. Senate Bill No. 50.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Article ninety-seven (97) of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to the office of Attorney General of the State.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, That Article ninety-seven (97) of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article ninety-seven (97): There shall be an Attorney General for the State, who shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at large every four years. He shall be learned in the law, and have actually resided and practiced law, as a licensed attorney, in the State, for five years preceding his election. He shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly on his own warrant.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That this proposed amendment shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection at the Congressional election to be held in November, nineteen hundred and six, and that if adopted, the same shall take effect on the first day of January, 1907.

Section 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That on the official ballots to be used at said election, there shall be placed the words: "For the proposed amendment to Article ninety-seven (97) of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana;" and words: "Against the proposed amendment to Article ninety-seven (97) of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana;" and each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State, which of the propositions, "for" or "against," he votes for.

J. Y. SANDERS,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

J. W. HYAMS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Approved June 22d, 1906:

NEWTON C. BLANCHARD,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JOHN T. MICHEL, Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 44.

By Mr. Doyle. House Bill No. 194.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing amendments to Article 140 of the Constitution of the State of Louisana relative to the city criminal courts of New Orleans.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each House concurring, That Article 140 of the Constitution of the State be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 140. There shall be in the city of New Orleans two inferior criminal courts, to be known respectively as the First City Criminal Court of the City of New Orleans, and the Second City Criminal Court of the City of New Orleans, each of which shall be presided over by one judge, and which shall have jurisdiction within the territory hereinafter prescribed, for the trial without jury and the punishment of all offenses against the State where the penalty does not exceed six months' imprisonment in the parish jail or a fine of $300, or both; in all other cases the judges of said courts shall have jurisdiction as committing magistrates, with the authority to commit, bail or discharge.

The territorial jurisdiction of the First City Criminal Court shall extend over the First, Fourth, Sixth and Seventh municipal districts of New Orleans; and the Second City Criminal Court over the Second, Third and Fifth municipal districts of said city. In case of vacancy in the office, recusation, disability or absence with or without leave, of either of said judges, it shall be the duty of the other judge to issue warrants of arrest for the apprehension of parties accused within the jurisdiction of the judge he replaces, and to make any order of commitment or admitting to bail that may be necessary and proper and might in due course have been made by the judge within whose jurisdiction the offense was committed. And in case of such vacancy, recusation, absence or disability of one of said judges, on motion of the prosecuting officer, or of the accused or his counsel, the other judge, acting within his discretion, may proceed to try and discharge or convict and sentence parties accused of offenses charged to have been committed within the jurisdiction of the court wherein the vacancy exist, or whereof the judge is recused, absent or disabled. In like manner, acting also within his discretion, upon formal application made he may as committing magistrate examine and discharge, bail or commit, parties accused of offenses charged to have been committed within the territorial jurisdiction of the city criminal court. In all such cases it shall be lawful for the judge assuming jurisdiction under the provision of this paragraph to issue warrants of arrest, make preliminary orders and have the accused brought before him, although sitting in his own court; or he may, in his discretion, occupy the bench he replaces. Said judge shall be elected by the voters of the City of New Orleans, at large, for the term of four years; the first election therefor shall be held at the Congressional election in November, 1898, and the judges then elected shall serve until May 1, 1900, and their successors shall be elected at the parochial and municipal election in the year 1899. They shall be learned in the law, and shall have resided and practiced as attorneys in the City of New Orleans for not less than three years before their election or appointment. The judges of said court shall each receive a yearly compensation of $3,000, payable monthly on his own warrant. Each judge shall appoint a clerk and such deputies as may be authorized by law, at salaries not exceeding $1,200 per annum, except one deputy, who shall be a stenographer, and who may receive a salary not exceeding $1,500 per annum, to be paid in monthly installments by the City of New Orleans.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That said proposed amendments be submitted to the electors for their approval or rejection as required by Article 321 of the Constitution of Louisiana, and the general election laws of this State, at the congressional election to be held in this State in November, 1906.

J. W. HYAMS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives

J. Y. SANDERS,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved June 29, 1906:

NEWTON C. BLANCHARD,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JOHN T. MICHEL, Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 122.

By Mr. Beale. Senate Bill No. 98.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Article 281 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to drainage districts.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, That an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisianabe submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their approval or rejection, as required by Article 321 of the Constitution, at the Congressional election on the first Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 1906, amending Article 281 of the Constitution so as to read as follows:

Article 281. Municipal corporations, parishes, school districts and drainage districts, the City of New Orleans excepted, when authorized to do so by a vote of a majority in number and amount of the property taxpayers, qualified as electors under the Constitution and laws of this State, voting at an election held for that purpose, after due notice of said election has been published for thirty days in the official journal of the municipality or parish, and where there is no official journal, in a newspaper published therein, may incur debt, and issue negotiable bonds therefor to the extent of one-tenth of the assessed valuation of the property within said municipal corporation, parish, school, drainage or sewerage districts as shown by the last assessment made prior to the submission of the proposition to the property taxpayers as above provided, and may be authorized by the property taxpayers, voting at said election, to levy and assess special taxes upon property subject to taxation in the parish, drainage districts, corporation, school or sewerage districts: provided that the said taxes so imposed do not exceed five mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation in any one year, nor run for a greater number of years than the number named in the proposition submitted to the taxpayers. No bonds shall be issued for any other purpose than stated in the submission of the proposition to the taxpayers, and published for thirty days, as aforesaid, nor for a greater amount than therein mentioned; nor shall such bonds be issued for any other purpose than paving and improving the streets, roads and alleys, purchasing or constructing systems of waterworks, sewerage, drainage, lights, public parks and buildings, bridges and other work of public improvement, the title to which shall vest in the municipal corporation, parish, school, drainage or sewerage districts, as the case may be, nor shall such bonds run for a longer period than forty years from their date, or bear a greater rate of interest than five per cent per annum, or be sold by the municipal corporation, parish, school district, drainage or sewerage district issuing same for less than par.

The municipal corporation, parish, school district, drainage or sewerage district issuing such bonds shall provide for the payment of the interest annually, or semi-annually, and the principal thereof at maturity, provided that the total issue of bonds by any municipality, parish, school or sewerage district for all purposes shall never exceed ten per cent of the assessed value of the property in such municipality, parish, schools or sewerage districts; provided that municipal councils shall have authority to create within their respective limits one or more sewerage districts; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent drainage districts from being established under the provisions of existing laws, and that all drainage districts established under the laws of this State, shall in addition to the powers hereinabove granted, have the further power and authority to levy and assess annual contributions or acreage taxes, for the purpose of providing and maintaining drainage systems, on all lands situated in such districts not exceeding twenty-five (25c) cents per acre for a period not to exceed forty (40) years when authorized to do so by a vote of a majority in number and amount of the property taxpayers of said districts qualified as electors under the laws of this State, voting at an election held for that purpose as provided in the first part of this article, and said drainage districts, through the boards of commissioners thereof, may incur indebtedness and issue negotiable bonds therefor payable in principal and interest out of, and not to exceed in principal and interest, the aggregate amount to be raised by said annual contributions during the period for which the same are levied. No such drainage bonds shall be issued for any other purpose than that for which said contributions were voted and shall not run for a longer period than forty years from their date, nor bear a greater rate of interest than five per cent per annum nor be sold for less than par.

All contributions and acreage taxes heretofore authorized by a vote of a majority in number and amount of the property taxpayers qualified to vote under the laws of this State at elections held in drainage districts organized under existing laws are hereby ratified and confirmed, and their validity shall not be questioned.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, That the official ballots to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment to Article 281 of the Constitution relative to drainage districts," and the words "Against the proposed amendment to Article 281 of the Constitution relative to drainage districts," and each elector shall indicate as provided in the general election laws of the State whether he votes for or against the proposed amendment.

P. M. LAMBREMONT.
President Pro Tem of the Senate.

J. W. HYAMS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Approved July 9th, 1906.

NEWTON C. BLANCHARD,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JOHN T. MICHEL, Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 137

By Mr. Wimberly, House Bill No. 116.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing amendments to Article 98, 99, 100, 106, and 131, and proposing the repeal of Article 105, of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to the judiciary department.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, That Article 98 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be amended so as to read as follows:

Article 98. The Courts of Appeal, except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which jurisdiction shall extend to all cases, civil and probate, when the matter in dispute or the fund to be distributed shall exceed one hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, and shall not exceed two thousand dollars, exclusive of interest, and such appeal shall be upon the law and the facts.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article 99 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 99. The Courts of Appeal shall consist of three judges each. They shall be citizens of the United States and qualified electors of this State, learned in the law and shall have practiced law in this State for six years and shall have been actual residents of the district from which they are elected or appointed for at least two years preceding their election or appointment. They shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars each per year, and the judges of the Court of Appeal for the parish of Orleans shall receive salary of five thousand dollars each per year payable monthly on his own warrant, and the Legislature shall make adequate appropriation to pay the same.

Section 3. Be it further resolved etc., That Article 100 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 100. Exclusive of the parishes whose appeals are returnable to the parish of Orleans, the State shall be divided into two circuits to be subdivided into districts as hereinafter provided. Until otherwise provided by law the parishes of East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, Livingston, Tangipahoa, Washington, St. Helena, Pointe Coupee, Iberville, St. Mary, Terrebonne, Assumption, Lafourche, Ascension, Calcasieu, Cameron, Vermillion, Lafayette, Iberia, St. Martin, St. Tammany, Acadia, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, St. Landry, and Vernon shall compose the first circuit and be known as the "Court of Appeals First Circuit, State of Louisiana," and the parishes of Caddo, Bossier, Webster, Bienville, Claiborne, Union, Lincoln, Jackson, Caldwell, Winn, Natchitoches, Sabine, DeSoto, Red River, Ouachita, Richland, Franklin, Catahoula, Concordia, Tensas, Madison, East Carroll, West Carroll, Morehouse, Avoyelles, Rapides and Grant, shall compose the second circuit and be known as the "Court of Appeals, Second Circuit, State of Louisiana."

The circuits above provided for until otherwise provided by law, shall be divided in three districts each, as follows: The parishes Calcasieu, Cameron, Vermillion, Lafayette, St. Martin, Acadia, St. Landry, Vernon, and Iberia, shall compose the first district of the first circuit, and the parishes of West Baton Rouge, Ascension, Pointe Coupee, Iberville, St. Mary, Terrebonne, Assumption and Lafourche, shall compose the second district of the first circuit; and the parishes of East Baton Rouge, Livingston, Tangipahoa, St. Helena, St. Tammany, East Feliciana, West Feliciana and Washington, shall compose the third district of the first circuit; and the parishes of Richland, Concordia, East Carroll, West Carroll, Franklin, Tensas, Ouachita, Madison, Morehouse, and Caldwell shall compose the first district of the second circuit; and the parishes of Bienville, Claiborne, Jackson, Lincoln, Catahoula, Union, Bossier, Winn, Webster and Grant, shall compose the second district of the second circuit; and the parishes of Caddo, DeSoto, Natchitoches, Rapides, Sabine, Avoyelles and Red River shall compose the third district of the second circuit. For each of the circuits there shall be elected three judges, as herein provided for, one judge to be elected by the qualified electors of each district as above designated.

The first Courts of Appeals to be organized in the circuits herein established under this amendment to the Constitution shall be as follows: There shall be elected on January 16, 1907, by the qualified electors thereof one judge for each of the districts in the two circuits. The judges for each of the first districts above named shall be elected for a term of four years, beginning on the first day of March 1907; and the judges for each of the second districts above named shall be elected for a term of six years, beginning on said date; and the judges for each of the third districts above named, shall be elected for a period of eight years, beginning on said date. Upon expiration of the term of office of each of the judges thus elected, his successor shall be elected for a term of eight years, by qualified electors of such district of each circuit; the election of each judge herein provided for shall take place at the same time and place, as the congressional election next preceeding the expiration of his term. In case of death, removal or resignation from office of any judge, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment of the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, until the next congressional election. At which time his successor shall be elected. In case any one of the circuit judges shall be, from sickness or any other cause, unable to attend any session of court, it shall be competent for the other two judges to appoint, in his place, a qualified member of the bar, who shall be sworn to sit as judge of said court during such absence only. Who shall receive such compensation as the General Assembly may fix, or the Courts of Appeal may arrange for an interchange of judges from one circuit to the other when a member of the court is unable to attend from sickness or other cause. Until otherwise provided by the General Assembly the Court of Appeals of the first circuit shall hold sessions of court at Baton Rouge, Amite City, New Iberia, Houma, Franklin, Opelousas, Crowley, Lake Charles, Thibodeaux and Donaldsonville, and such other places as may be designated by said Court of Appeals, and the Conrt of Appeals for the second circuit shall hold sessions of court at Monroe, Shreveport, Alexandria, Natchitoches, Vidalia, Tallulah, and Ruston, and such other places as may be designated by said Court of Appeal. The sessions of said Courts of Appeal shall continue in each circuit for a period of ten months, beginning on the first Monday of September of each year and ending on the last day of June of the following year; and said courts shall convene at the several places named as the public business may require, and shall keep their courts in session at such places until the cases before them are heard and finally determined. Until otherwise provided by law, the time and place for the return of appeals shall be fixed by said court.

No decisions shall be rendered by these courts without the concurrence of two judges, but any two of the judges of each circuit shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Section 4. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article 105 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, shall be and is hereby abrogated.

Section 5. Be it resolved, etc., That Article 106 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be amended so as to read as follows: Article 106.

The sheriff of the parish in which the session of the court are held, shall attend in person, or by deputy, to execute the orders of said court, and the clerk of the district court of the parish in which the sessions of the Courts of Appeal are held shall serve as clerk of the Court of Appeals and shall attend sessions of said court, either in person or by deputy, until otherwise provided by the General Assembly. The costs of appeal in any case appealed to the Courts of Appeal, of the first and second circuits shall not exceed five dollars. The police juries of the various parishes of the State, in which the Courts of Appeal are held, shall provide suitable rooms for the holding of said courts so as not to interfere with the session of the district or other courts.

Section 6. Be it further resolved, etc., That the fourth paragraph of Article 131 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Until otherwise provided by law, all appeals within its jurisdiction from the parishes of Orleans, St. James, St. John the Baptist, St. Charles, Jefferson, Plaquemine and St. Bernard shall be returnable to said court, and the costs of filing same shall not exceed five dollars in each case.

Section 7. Be it further resolved, etc., That the foregoing amendments to the Constitution of the State shall become operative on the first day of January, 1907, and all cases pending and undetermined in the Courts of Appeals as now constituted shall be transferred to the Courts of Appeal as herein organized under such rules as may be provided by said courts.

Section 8. Be it further resolved, etc., That said proposed amendments be submitted to the electors for their approval or rejection, as required by Article 321 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana and the general election laws of this State at the congressional election to be held in this State in November, 1906.

J. W. HYAMS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives

J. Y. SANDERS,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved July 10, 1906.

NEWTON C. BLANCHARD,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JOHN T. MICHEL, Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 215.

By Mr. Butler. House Bill No. 363.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Article 230 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to exemption from taxation.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concurring, That Article 230 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be amended so as to read as follows:—

Article 230. The following shall be exempt from taxation and no other, viz: All public property; places of religious worship, or burial, all charitable institutions, all buildings and property used exclusively for public monuments or historical collections, college and other school purposes, the real and personal estate of any public library, and that of any other library association used by or connected with such library, all books and philosophical apparatus, and all paintings or statuary of any company or association kept in public hall; provided, the property so exempted be not leased for purposes of private or corporate profit and income. There shall also be exempt from taxation household property to the value of five hundred dollars. There shall also be exempt mortgages, given for loans on real estate, which real estate has already borne its due proportion of taxation, as well as the mortgage notes in the hands of the mortgagee or his or their transferees. There shall also be exempt from parochial and municipal taxation for a period of ten years from the 1st day of January, 1900, the capital, machinery and other property employed in mining operations, and in the manufacture of textile fabrics, yarns, rope, cordage, leather, shoes, harness, saddlery, hats, clothing, flour, machinery, articles of tin, copper and sheet iron, agricultural implements, and furniture and other articles of wood, marble or stone; soap, stationery, ink and paper, boat building and fertilizers and chemicals; provided that not less than five hands are employed in any one factory; provided that nothing herein contained shall affect the exemrtions provided for by existing constitutional provisions.

There shall also be exempt from taxation for a period of ten years from the date of its completion any railroad or part of such railroad that may hereafter be constructed and completed prior to January 1st, 1904; provided that when aid has heretofore been voted by any parish, ward, or municipality to any railroad not yet constructed, such railroad shall not be entitled to the exemption from taxation herein established unless it waives and relinquishes such aid or consents to a resubmission of the question of granting such aid to a vote of the property tax payers of the parish, ward, or municipality, which has voted the same, if one-third of the property taxpayers petition for the same within six months after the adoption of this Constitution. And provided, further, that this exemption shall not apply to double tracks, sidings, switches, depots, or other improvements, or betterments, which may be constructed by railroads now in operation within the State, other than extensions or new lines constructed by such railroads; nor shall the exemption herein before granted apply to any railroad or part of such railraod, the construction of which was begun and the roadbed of which was substantially completed at the date of the adoption of this Constitution.

The property or real estate belonging to any military organization of the State of Louisiana which is used by the State National Guard or militia for military purposes, such as arsenals or armories while so used, shall be exempt from taxation.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That raid proposed amendment be submitted to the electors of the State for their approval or rejection as required by Article 321 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana and the general election laws of this State at the congressional election to be held in this State in November, 1906.

Section 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballots at said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment of Article 230 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to exemption from taxation" and the words: "Against the proposed amendment to Article 230 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relativs to exemption from taxation," and each elector shall indicate as provided in the general election laws of the State whether he votes for or against the amendment.

J. W. HYAMS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives

J. Y. SANDERS,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved July 12, 1906.

NEWTON C. BLANCHARD,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JOHN T. MICHEL, Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 216.

By Mr. Gamble. House Bill No. 289.

Joint resolution and amendment of Article 108 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, adopted on the 12th day of May, 1898.

Be it resolved:—That two-thirds of the Senate and House of the General Assembly of Louisiana concurring therein, there be submitted and proposed to the voters duly qualified of the State of Louisiana, at the congressional election held in the State of Louisiana on the first Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 1906, an amendment of Article 108 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, adopted on the 12 h day of may, 1898, as follows:

The parish of Caddo shall compose the first district.

The parishes of Bossier and Webster shall compose the second district.

The parishes of Claiborne and Bienville shall compose the third district.

The parishes of Union and Lincoln shall compose the fourth district.

The parishes of Caldwell, Jackson and Winn shall compose the fifth district.

The parishes of Ouachita, and Morehouse shall compose the sixth district.

The parishes of West Carroll and Richland shall compose the seventh district.

The parishes of Franklin and Catahoula shall compose the eighth (8) district.

The parishes of Madison and East Carroll shall compose the ninth district.

The parishes of Concordia and Tenas shall compose the tenth (10) district.

The parishes of Natchitoches and Red River shall compose the eleventh district.

The parishes of DeSoto, Sabine and Vernon shall compose the twelfth district.

The parishes of Rapides and Grant shall compose the thirteenth district.

The parish of Avoyelles shall compose the fourteenth district.

The parishes of Caclasieu and Cameron shall compose the fifteenth district.

The parish of St. Landry shall compose the sixteenth district.

The parish of Vermillion shall compose the seventeenth district.

The parishes of Acadia and Lafayette shall compose the eighteenth district.

The parishes of Iberia and St. Martin shall compose the nineteenth district.

The parishes of Terebonne and Lafourche shall compose the twentieth district.

The parishes of Iberville, West Baton Rouge and Pointe Coupee shall compose the twenty-first district.

The parish of East Baton Rouge shall compose the twenty-second district.

The parish of St. Mary shall compose the twenty-third district.

The parishes of East Feliciana and West Feliciana shall compose the twenty-fourth district.

The parishes of St. Helena, Livingston and Tangipahoa shall compose the twenny-fifth district.

The parishes of Washington and St. Tammany shall compose the twenty-sixth district.

The parishes of Ascension, St. James and Assumption shall compose the twenty-seventh district.

The parishes of St. John the Baptist, St. Charles, and Jefferson shall compose the twenty-eight district.

The parishes of St. Bernard and Plaquemines shall compose the twenty-ninth district.

The judges provided for in this article shall each receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum, such salary to be paid monthly on their own warrants, provided that the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana may in their discretion redistrict the judical district provided for in this article.

Provided that in no case shall the salary of any district judge exceed three thousand dollars per annum.

J. W. HYAMS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. Y. SANDERS,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved July 12, 1906.

NEWTON C. BLANCHARD,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JOHN T. MICHEL, Secretary of State.

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List of Commissioners and Clerks of Election for the Democratic Primary to be Held on September 6th, 1906, in With the Primary of the State of Louisiana.

Opelousas—Commissioners: E. S. Kerr, T. J. Caldwell, Isaac Stagg; clerks: Chas. F. Bailey and R. L. Wiggins.

Washington—Commissioners: L. F. Vanhille, August Muller, Sos. Pitre; clerks: Oscar Lacombe and M. Wolff.

Waxia—Commissioners: Lee Duckworth, Milton Bihm, Sr., C. V. Dejean; clerks: C. T. Hawkins and John LeBlanc.

Grand Coteau—Commissioners: Felix Stelly, J. J. Barry, Demoret Smith; clerks: Numa Meche and A. J. Gaschen.

Notleyville—Commissioners: C. C. Devillier, Louis Mouret, A. C. Arceneaux; clerks: Edgar Woodson and Oscar Robin.

Coulee Croche—Commissioners: W. C. Miller, John Miller, Antoine Lamourie: clerks- Louis Sibille and Ovide Guidry.

Plaquemine Point—Commissioners: Jos. Boone, Joseph P. Carmier, W. C. Dejean; clerks: Joseph Bough, Jr., and Z. T. Carey, Jr.

Mallet—Commissioners: C. T. Bihm, John Boudreau, C. N. Bertrand; clerks: Willie Bihm and S. J. Gosselin.

Chataignier—Commissioners: Dr. L. Moucla, Octave Rozas, Arthur Aucoin; clerks: Dorville Lafleur and Joseph Hardy.

Faquetaique—Commissioners: Ben Courville, Edward Dardeau, David Courville; clerks: Marius McGhee and Joe Fuselier.

Upper Mamou—Commissioners: M. J. Reddell, Uclide Landreneau, Sebastien Fontenot; clerks: William M. Fontenot and William Buller.

Garland—Commissioners: Isaac Goetz, Geo. W. Kelt, George Kelley; clerks: Henry Graft and T. J. Meyers.

Chicot—Commissioners: Louis Derbes, Sam Thomas, H. D. Courtney; clerks: F. L. Robinson and J. C. Murray.

Grand Prairie—Commissioners: Cleophas Doucet, Robert Vidrine, L. A. Deshotels; clerks: Alfred B. Fontenot and M. Roberi.

Plaisance-(Andrepont's)—Commissioners: Evariste Dupre, Adolphe Guillory, Mentor Dupre; clerks: Edgar T. Dupre, and Frank Vidrine.

Pine Prairie—Commissioners: Austin Campbell, Louis Johnson, Patrick Danahay; clerks: Marius Fontenot and P. H. O'Neal.

Leonville—Commissioners: Adam Guidroz, Frank Quebedeau, Jonn Boudreau; clerks: Tilden Meche and Alec Moreau.

Ville Platte—Commissioners: Caston Guillaumin, Hebrard Vidrine, H. E. Currie; clerks: Oscar Reed and Yorick Vidrine.

Point Grand Louis—Commissioners: Green Lambert, Oliphus Fuselier, Otrede Ardoin; clerks: Evariste Vidrine, and Ovide Reed.

Beaver—Commissioners: Octave Fontenot, J. W. Leggett, Thomas Morris; clerks: Wm. O. Johnson and Wm. M. Clark.

Lake Cove—Commissioners: J. C. Causey, John Carpenter, Eugene E. Carpenter; clerks: Joseph Wilson and Chas. Duplessy.

Lone Pine—Commissioners: James Townsend, A. S. Bass, Monroe Wolff; clerks: Thos. J. Walker and L. G. Smith.

Dossmann—Commissioners: Monroe Bass, Lawrence Rasberry, B. S. Dossmann; clerks: Charles Tatman and Robert Helmer.

Barbreck — Commissioners: W. D. Haynes, James H. Baldridge, Leon Campbell; clerks: O. S. Prosser and Emile Tuyes.

Whiteville — Commissioners: Leo Stagg, J. P. Savant, Alex Stagg; Clerks: E. C. Milburn and Robt E. Burleigh.

Morrow — Commissioners: L. R. Hanks, B. S. Haw, Robt Morrow; clerks: Dr. M. Callihan and J. J. Scott.

Big Cane—Commissioners: S. O. Andrus, Hardin Hebert, B. F. Vannoy; clerks: J. C. Smith and Peter Jacobs.

Palmetto — Commissioners: Lucius Carriere, Ernest Montieth, Wesley Budden; clerks: Marion Tolliver and A. D. Hawkins.

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Attest: L. AUSTIN FONTENOT,
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Opelousas, La., August 23, 1906.

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