

THE CLARION

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OPELOUSAS, SEPT. 29, 1906.

THE ATLANTA RIOT.

"Will we Southern people stand this?"

Mounted on a soap box in front of the postoffice at Atlanta, Ga., last Saturday night, and holding in his hand an extra of an evening paper, with the bold headlines "Four White Women Assaulted by Negroes," a citizen of that city literally applied the match to the magazine of outraged forbearance, and started a riot which, so far, has cost over twenty negro lives and two white lives.

Of course the majority—nearly all—of the victims were not guilty of the crime which gave birth to the outbreak. Pity for that. Innocent blood should not be spilt when it is possible to prevent it. But where were the guilty ones, that the mob could take their vengeance upon them? The horrible crime had been perpetrated—four white women had been ruthlessly ravished, a fate worse than death, by negroes, and not a negro, no matter how "respectable" and "highly esteemed by white men," would have revealed the guilty ones even had he seen the awful deed committed—aye, the majority, the great majority, of them would have shielded the fiends from justice had the opportunity presented itself, and perhaps did shield and protect them. The human breast cries out for vengeance—the Southern heart beats itself into a frenzy when the women of their country are attacked by an ungrateful, depraved race. What power could subdue that struggling, frenetic, surging instinct for vengeance, bloody and swift? What father, what brother, does not stop and ask himself, at the frequent recurrence of these fell deeds, will my daughter, will my sister, will my wife, be the next to satisfy the brutal, bestial lust of a negro?

These horrible deeds are so frequent that it has become impossible to discuss the subject dispassionately, impossible any longer to act with deliberation and with the consideration that matters involving human life demand.

There must be a remedy!
It can not be permitted to continue—and grow.

Fight the white men, aye, murder them. They will fight back, and man to man, the superior nature of the superior race will soon determine the issue.

But to stealthily attack our defenseless women—To the infernal regions with the whole brutal race, if no other way will stop it!

How can the armchair philosophers solve this problem? When it was a matter of the negro degrading and corrupting our electorate, when it was a question of labor—more, when it was a question of social equality—men could rise and offer remedies for the solution of the problem. Means could be adopted by the superior intelligence of the superior race that would decide the issue peaceably in favor of the white race.

But now, pause and think, how can this question of the ravishing of our women be solved by any other arbiter than blood?

The evil is increasing with each sun. It is of but recent birth, and there it stands, a terrifying, monstrous giant. It will continue to grow, blacker, fiercer, until—what?

Have you ever stopped to think of the enormity of this contemplation? No; the killing of the twenty odd darkies in Atlanta is deplorable, in that innocents suffered. But look on the other hand—look at the picture of four chaste, unsmiling, Christian mothers and daughters being, by force, made the prey of negro lust!

But we are not surprised at the Atlanta outbreak. The negro incendiaries had full license to preach and write against the white race. There are several negro publications there, which have free cir-

ulation not only in Atlanta, but throughout the country. One of them, "The Voice of the Negro," is even received in bundles by a local negro in Opelousas and distributed to the race. Every month it is filled with rabid, incendiary, outrageous appeals to the negroes, urging them to insist upon social equality, and stigmatizing the best white men of the country, who may express themselves against its views on the race question. We have a copy at hand, and a few excerpts will give an idea of the fire-brand type of the paper:

In an article replying to a white preacher who had said that the negro is inferior to the white man, the "Voice of the Negro" says, in part: "The assertion that the negro is inferior to the white man is without the slightest foundation, and any preacher who makes such a charge blasphemes God, dishonors his profession and shows his moral insensibility."

Again, speaking of the negro's disfranchisement in Virginia: "There is no more truth in the saying of Hawthorne that the negroes of Virginia are more content disfranchised than there would be in a Hottentot marooned on an ice berg fancying that he was in tropical Africa. If they appear to accept the situation, it is because they can not help themselves. They are simply biding their time."

Criticising a white Judge who discharged a white man because he struck a negro who refused to give his seat to a white lady on a street car, the same paper says: "The vanishing of the so-called 'Good Negro' is one of the outstanding blessings of the times. Their insufferable etc., that the white people only was good and great x x was sickening. Judge Boyle and his tribe had as well realize it: Slavery is gone, x x x this is a country of man and man. Nobody can be more polite than negroes, and nobody would more willingly give the women of all races seats than the negroes, provided white men did likewise. But white men expect that this courtesy and politeness should be all on one side. They want us to have the monopoly on politeness. That will never be. We think as much of our women as you do of yours, and we demand that womankind be respected regardless of color or race. You had as well give up your fanciful notions of 'the old time darkey' once and for all."

We have excerpted from this trouble breeding magazine at more length than we anticipated, but we wanted to make clear one of the causes of the race riot at Atlanta. Instead of condemning the white legitimate newspapers of Atlanta for not suppressing accounts of the rape of women, if the citizens of that city had properly attended to this trouble incubator perhaps their city would not be "disgraced by mob violence" to-day.

In the meantime, it would be well for other communities, where such literature is spread, with the inevitable result it has of putting notions of social equality in the heads of negroes (which is the main cause of the assaults upon white women) to take timely steps, and not wait until a repetition of the Atlanta affair is necessary.

The authorities of several Tennessee and Alabama cities, as a result of the riot, have cravenly prohibited the production of "The Clansman," a play portraying the South's black period of reconstruction. The white people will not be aroused to violence by spectacular stage-pictures. They want the negro to keep hands off of their mothers and wives and daughters and sisters; that's all. He is in no danger of stage tragedies.

At its proper place we omitted to mention that twelve women had been outraged in Atlanta within the past month. The last four outrages occurred on the night of the outbreak.

Before we leave the subject, we will reiterate what we have said on the same subject on many occasions: That the negro must learn that they must not harbor criminals of their race; that it is this conduct on their part that has cost more negro lives than perhaps the real perpetration of the dastardly crimes, because the whites feel that most of these crimes would not remain unferretted if it was not that the negro as a race positively will not reveal the authors of the crimes. If the criminals were caught, the occasion for indiscriminate bloodshed in order to wreak vengeance would not be necessary. There would be a quiet lynching, and the matter would end. When they learn this, and further, show a disposition to aid the white man in punishing criminals of their race, they will find a different feeling towards them, and their lives will be more secure.

400 LIVES LOST AT MOBILE.

A destructive tropical hurricane struck the Gulf Coast Wednesday night and continued with fury until Thursday morning.

The last news received Thursday night it was plowing its way through central Alabama, heading to the Island.

New Orleans this (Friday) morning is isolated from the storm-swept radius, but great apprehension is felt that it has left death and property losses in its wake.

Thursday the New Orleans evening papers appeared without Associated Press news, all telegraphic communication with the outside world having been cut off by the storm.

Train communication in and out of the city was likewise prostrated.

Efforts to get in communication with Pensacola failed. No trains from New Orleans could go further than Lake Catherine.

People who have relatives on the Gulf Coast are frantically beseeching the newspaper offices for news.

In the vicinity of New Orleans, the pleasure resorts suffered the most, especially the Pontchartrain resorts. West End was wrecked. Great loss of property and much suffering at Milneburg. Bucktown inundated and great damage done.

Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida in course of hurricane. Great damage to cotton and timber.

IN ST. LANDRY.

This section got but the fringes of the great storm. Frail trees and unsteady fences succumbed. The fields are white with fallen cotton.

DISASTER AT MOBILE.

Telephonic advices reach The Clarion this (Friday) night confirming the worse fears felt for the safety of Pensacola, Mobile and the other coast cities, and a great catastrophe is indicated. A craft has just arrived in New Orleans, announcing that Mobile is six feet under water, and that 400 lives were lost and \$2,000,000 of property destroyed. Pensacola, Fla., is supposed to have been worse hit. New Orleans people are frantic for news. Papers are issuing extras, but with no details.

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF ST. LANDRY PARISH.

Fellow Democrats—I am a candidate for membership on the State Board of Equalization from the Seventh Congressional District of Louisiana, and I solicit your votes for that high office at the ensuing Primary Election to be held October fourth.

I have heard that it has been reported in your Parish that if I should be elected, that I would raise the assessed values of your lands. I denounce this report as without foundation.

The following statement in a report of a "Hudson Rally" at Rayne, La., appearing in the Rayne Tribune of 22nd inst. was not made by me but by Mr. George K. Bradford of that place. "And astonished his hearers with a comparison of values, showing, as an instance, that St. Landry, with four or five times the area of Acadia, only pays taxes on (in round figures) eight millions dollars worth of property, while this parish, just large enough to keep house, rendered values to the extent of seven millions dollars. This inequality is what the Commission will be required to adjust—either bring up the one or lower the other." I suppose the reporter thought the above quotation a good illustration, and sandwiched same in to my remarks. The balance of the report is fairly correct.

If I should be elected, and I believe I will be, I promise a faithful administration of the said office to the best of my ability under the law and my oath of office, and will faithfully guard the interest of every Parish in this District, whether they voted for me or not. I have always been faithful in office heretofore, and now in my old age I do not propose to depart from the correct lines that I have followed in the past.

I was raised on a farm in the State of Mississippi, enlisted for the Civil war in May '61, followed the lost cause until same went down in gloom at Appomattox; was in all of the great battles of the army of Northern Virginia, and was shot through the body in the Peach Orchard at Gettysburg. "When war's deadly blast was blown," I returned to the Mississippi farm.

In January, 1870, I came to Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana, where I have been in business ever since, with the exception of four years spent at Barbree, in your parish.

I have served in the Police Jury of this Parish for several years, and two terms in the Legislature, with credit to myself and honor to my people. For over forty years I have voted the Democratic ticket without a scratch, and have served my party faithfully and well, and now in old age, I come before you asking for your support in my race for the important office of Member of the State Board of Equalization.

Very respectfully yours,
D. B. HUDSON.

Eola, Avoyelles Parish, La., Sept. 24th., 1906.

School Suits

FROM \$1.50 TO \$4.50

made purposely for school children; which means that they look well and wear well.

SPECIAL LINE OF

Shoes, Hats and Caps

Public school opens on October 1st, and it behooves parents to come early, when the stock is complete.

See any boy who bought a school suit from us last season, and ask him if it didn't WEAR BETTER than any school suit he ever wore before.

BENNETT'S Bargain House,

Landry Street, near U. S. Postoffice.

BUSINESS LOCALS

A new four-room cottage for rent apply to W. C. Perrault.

CLERK WANTED.—Young man, at Firnberg Bros.

School supplies! School supplies! at Jacobs' News Depot Co.

Special sale of Misses' Lace Hose, for one week, at Firnberg Bros. Worth 25c and 35c—sale price 20c.

The best toothache medicine on earth—Dr. Diamond's Tooth Ache Wax—10c, at Mason's Drugstore. \$15

Special sale for one week of Ladies Button Shoes, worth \$2.50 and \$3—sale price \$1.50. At Firnberg Bros.

Dr. Diamond's White Pine Compound for Coughs and Colds—sure cure—at Mason's Drugstore. \$15

School books, tablets, bags, lunch baskets, pencils, slates, chalk, maps, black boards, etc., at Jacobs News Depot Co.

School opens next Monday. The children will need supplies. Jacobs News Depot Co. are prepared to furnish them.

School time will soon be here. The children must have new clothes. They look better and wear longer if made on the lock-stitch Singer.

FOR SALE.—A lot of good heavy mules, 5 to 7 years old, suitable for grading or logging work. Apply to Mrs. M. E. Smith, Cheneyville, La.

Free exhibitions in Opelousas, by the world's greatest Singer, the "66." Buy a Singer. Carter sells them on credit. Terms to suit anybody and everybody.

FOR SALE.—Nearly half of a square of ground on Landry street, brick paved walk to and along property; suited for ideal residence; to white person only. Apply at this office.

LOST DOG.—Black pointer pup, white spot on breast, between forelegs, answers to name of "Mack." When he left had hind leg hurt. A reward of \$5 for information that will lead to recovery. Robt. M. Coltrin, Opelousas. sept22-tf.

Firnberg Bros. have just received an elegant line of new Fall goods, ladies' walking hats, men's shirts in latest designs college hats for boys, etc. A cordial invitation is extended to all to come and examine the new styles.

NOTICE TO COTTON FARMERS. IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH PRESENT PRICES OF COTTON, REMEMBER THAT THE OPELOUSAS COMPRESSION WILL STORE IN THEIR COVERED WAREHOUSE, FREE OF CHARGE, ANY COTTON GINNED AT THEIR GIN.

Socialist in the Race.

Arsene Pujot, the Democratic nominee for Congress from this district, will not run an exhibition dash next November, as was first thought.

There has been another entry: not in Pujot's class, it is true, but he has paid his entrance fee and he will be allowed to start with the Calcasieu standard-bred.

The plater who will appear at the judges' stand to keep Pujot company is also a product of the Calcasieu pine woods, but, as we said before, he is not from the same stable as the branching sorrel who has been trotting exhibition heats the last two meets.

The "plug" in question is J. W. Barnes, of Goosport, Calcasieu parish, and he will wear the colors of the Socialist party. Goosport is a suburb of Lake Charles, where the make of the razor one carries in his vest pocket grades the standing among the coons. We remember Goosport through the dimness of some twenty years, but it can not have lost cast sufficiently in that length of time not to afford a Socialist ideal hibernation quarters.

Jacobs News Depot Co.,

NEW LOCATION,
LANDRY STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE

MONTHLY BULLETIN.

BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS, JOURNALS, RECEIPT, DRAFT AND TIME BOOKS, LETTER PRESSES, FILES, INDEXES, INKS, PENS AND PENCILS.

Selling Out our stock of Paper, Paper Bags and Fixtures at Cost.

Remember, we take Combined Subscriptions for any MAGAZINE or NEWSPAPER at CUT RATE PRICES.

List of Shows.

Booked for the season 1906-1907, at Sandoz Opera House:

Oct. 6.—Gordon Colored Minstrels

Oct. 14.—Pair of Country Kids.

Oct. 26.—Moving Pictures.

Nov. 17.—Kings of Tramps.

Dec. 8.—Leo Adde in Musical Comedy.

Jan. 4.—A Race for a Widow.

Jan. 17.—Denver Express.

Jan. 20.—Richard Pringle's Minstrels.

Jan. 21.—Slow Poke.

Jan. 22.—White Caps.

Feb. 1.—Barlow Minstrels.

Feb. 8.—Minister's Son.

I am in correspondence with several first-class entertainments, and wish to state at the same time that the necessary repairs have been made on the opera house floor, which is now in first-class condition for balls.

AD. HOVELLE, manager.

SUCCESSION SALE.

ESTATE OF THEODORE GUILLOU.

No. 616, Probate Docket, District Court, Parish of St. Landry.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. E. T. Lewis, Judge of the 18th Judicial District Court, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, State of Louisiana, there will be sold at public auction to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator or any duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased, in Dural Cove, on

Tuesday, October 30, 1906 at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property belonging to the above estate to-wit:

1st. A certain piece or parcel of property, being the last home property of the deceased, consisting of one hundred and seventy-five (175) arpents of improved land, more or less, bounded north by property of Achard Veillon, south by Homer Guillou, east by Adolphe Veillon and west by Jean Guillou, with two tenant houses and out-buildings, a lot of household furniture, houses, all of which are situated in Dural Cove, St. Landry parish, La., being in part the same property acquired and deceased of Jean Bte. and Adolphe Manual, Jeanvais Fontenot and Ermogene Dupuchain.

2d. A certain tract of woodland situated west of the heretofore described property, being bounded on the north by the property of Jean Guillou, and west by property of Jean Guillou, and east by property of Jean Guillou, containing fifty (50) arpents, more or less.

About 47 head of horned cattle; one bay horse; one bay red horse; one red horse; another red horse; one top buggy; one old wagon; one hay mower; one-half interest in peas; the make one lot of household furniture, consisting of five bedsteads and bedding, four old armchairs, an old sewing machine, a lot of old chairs and rockers, old clock, lamps, etc.; one lot of kitchen utensils; one small store building situated on the land of Marier Guillou; sundry articles of merchandise contained in store building; crop in the field.

land to be sold in lots, according to plan to be exhibited on day of sale.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

All movables cash. The immovable one-third cash, the balance, if any, in equal installments, payable in one and two years respectively from date of sale, bearing eight per cent per annum interest from date and stipulating for the payment of attorney's fees fixed at ten per cent on the amount due, if used upon or placed in the hands of an attorney for collection after maturity. Credit portion of price, if any, to be secured by special mortgage and vendor's privilege.

JEAN GUILLOU, Administrator.

For Sale. One lot of ground measuring 100 feet front by 154 feet deep; said lot is situated on the north side of Landry st., just back of the Episcopal church. For B. A. LITTELL.

Notice of Primary Election

Lake Charles, La., Sept. 18, 1906.

By virtue of the power vested in me under the provisions of Article 49 of 1904, known as the PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, notice is hereby giving that at the primary election for membership on the State Board of Equalization from this district on September 6, 1906, no nomination was made, by reason whereof a second primary is hereby ordered throughout said district, to be held Thursday, October 4, 1906, between legal hours.

The chairman of the respective Democratic Executive Committees throughout the district are hereby requested and authorized to take the necessary steps to see that said primary is held according to law, with the same election officers that were appointed for the first primary, and that prompt and immediate returns be made of said election to the Secretary of State as required by law.

In testimony whereof, witness my official signature and that of the Secretary Pro. Tem, at Lake Charles, La., this 18th day of September, A. D. 1906.

C. C. GAUTHIER, Secretary Pro. Tem.

Chairman Democratic Executive Committee, Seventh Congressional District of Louisiana.

ATTEST: C. C. GAUTHIER, Secretary Pro. Tem.

A BARGAIN.

Will sell or rent at a bargain, and on easy terms, 140 or more acres of good, rich land, with first class deep-well, one hundred or more acres of which is in rice land, with 40 or more acres of rich corn, cotton and oat lands, and a large tract of which is in good fence, with several good houses, and a school house, 200 or more acres of school land can be had for a very low price, and a very fine summer and winter range for cattle, sheep and hogs.

This property is situated 1 and 1/2 mile east of Castor Springs, and seven miles west of R. I. ARK. & LA. R. R. Would take other bids in part payment for the said plantation.

Also 150 acres on the said railroad, one mile from Turkey Creek, La. Will be sold likewise. Come and talk for yourself.

SIMON JOHNSON, Road, La.

NOTICE.

The Tax Assessor's books for State, Parish and Levee Taxes, have been filed in the Tax-Collector's Office.

All taxes are now due and collectible. Taxes on all movable property will become delinquent on October 1st, 1906.

This notice by publication in the newspapers, posters, and by mail, will be given with cost of notice, will be charged according to law.

All taxes on immovable property will be come delinquent on January 1st, 1907, at which time 2 per cent per month will be charged.

SHERIFF AND EX-OFFICIO TAX-COLLECTOR. sept22

NOTICE OF FINAL TABLEAU.

ESTATE OF NANCY LOFTON.

No. —, Probate Docket, District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

Whereas, William Sandie, administrator of the above named estate, has filed his final tableau, accompanied by his petition praying for the homologation of same;

And, whereas, prayer of said petition has been granted by an order of court bearing date —;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all parties interested to make opposition to said tableau to file same in writing in my office, within the time required by law why the said tableau should not be homologated and confirmed.

YVES ANDREPOINT, Clerk of Court.

Stolen from Pointer & Wilkins' place, in Bellevue, (in small pasture) on Thursday night, Sept. 20, 1906, one large brown horse, branded on shoulder about thus: Horse-shoe with letter A in center. A reward of \$5.00 will be given for his return to me, or any information that will lead to his recovery.

HENRY MCNUALLY. sept22

SUCCESSION SALE.

ESTATE OF A. J. THOMPSON, JR.

No. 616, Probate Docket, District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. E. T. Lewis, Judge of the 18th Judicial District Court, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, State of Louisiana, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator or any duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased in Upper Mamou, on

Tuesday, Oct. 16th, 1906, at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, belonging to the above estate to-wit:

1st. One certain tract of open land, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in Mamou Prairie, and containing one hundred arpents, more or less, and being bounded on the north by lands of Yves Thompson and Eras Maurin, on the south by land of Augustin Herzas, on the east by land of Augustin Herzas, and on the west by land of M. J. Reddell. This tract is to be divided into three tracts, two each to consist of twenty-nine arpents, more or less, and the other three forty-two arpents, and to be sold as per plan of survey to be exhibited on day of sale.

2d. A certain tract of woodland, situated Bayou-de-Cannes Woods, and containing twenty arpents, bounded on the north by lands of Thelesima Guillou, on the south by land of Augustin Herzas, east by land of Felix Maurin.

3d. One old top buggy; one old wagon; one old sewing machine; one lot household furniture and kitchen utensils, farming implements and branding iron.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

Movables, cash on day of sale; real estate one-third cash, or more, cash on day of sale, and balance, if any, in one, two and three equal installments made payable on January 1st, 1907, January 1st, 1908, and January 1st, 1909, the credit portion of said sale to be for cash, and the purchaser and vendor made payable to the undersigned administrator, bearing eight per cent interest per annum from date of sale, until paid, and privilege on the property sold and to contain in part payment for the vendor's fee clause and all other usual security clauses.

A. J. THOMPSON, JR., Administrator.

SUCCESSION SALE.

ESTATE OF EUGENIE TATE.

No. 616, Probate Docket, District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. E. T. Lewis, Judge of the 18th Judicial District Court, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, State of Louisiana, there will be sold at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator or any duly qualified auctioneer, at the last residence of the deceased, in Mamou Prairie, on

Tuesday, Oct. 16th, 1906 at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, belonging to the above estate to-wit:

1st. A certain tract or prairie land, situated in Mamou Prairie, and containing one hundred arpents, more or less, and being bounded on the north by lands of Yves Thompson and Eras Maurin, on the east by land of Augustin Herzas, and on the west by land of Felix Maurin.

2d. One brown mare; one top buggy; one lot of household and kitchen furniture; utensils; beds and bedding, etc.

3d. One branding iron.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

Movables, cash on day of sale; real estate one-third cash, or more, cash on day of sale, and balance, if any, on a credit of one and two years, at the option of purchaser, the credit portion of said sale to be for cash, and the purchaser and vendor made payable to the undersigned administrator, bearing eight per cent interest per annum from the date of sale, until paid, secured by vendor's privilege, and to contain the vendor's fee clause in every installment.

CHRISTOPHER, Administrator.

LOST.—Small pug pup. \$5 re for its return to this office.