The St. Landry Clarion

LAWRENCE A. ANDREPONT.....Editor
YVES ANDREPONT.....Business Manager

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Official Journal of St. Landry Parish

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1 March '14

If the above appears on the address of your paper it means that your subscription expires Mch 1, 1914. Subscriptions are discontinued promptly on date of expiration. **Renew Now**

Frank Miller is still in the race for Deputy State Marshal despite the fact that the Times-Democrat is wishing that he will finally be choaked out.

The latest fad with Parisiennes is going to dancing parties without any stockings. What a style! Good many legs no doubt looks much better off clothed in silk stockings, so we wonder what is the object of these French aristocrats in showing off in such a way,

With the municipal election over it is time for us to lay aside politics for a while and get to work. So many are elated over the results, whilst several are sadly disappointed, so be it as it may, but we need to work in Opelousas, even though it may be the center of the Garden of Eden.

Jump into the band wagon and start to boost drainage and good roads. No use remaining idle, be on one side or the other, but we hope you will be on the right side. Drainage and better highways are the things essential for the betterment and upliftment of your section, so come along and jion us.

PROHIBITION DOES NOT PROHIBIT IN EVANGELINE PARISH.

When the question of prohibition came up in Evangeline parish a few months ago, we predicted that "blind tigers" would flourish after the manner of a green bay tree and the "boot legger" roam at large.

For this expression of belief, the Editor of the Evangeline Banner pounced on us with both feet and charged this paper with all manner of mean things. Not content with this, it endeavored to jump upon a gentleman of this city who had never discussed the matter. The manner in which he made the Editor of the Banner pull down his sails was indeed a caution. RAVENONS A NOS MOUTONS.

The Editor of the Clarion does not delight in saying "I told you so" other than in exceptional cases. The instant one affords him an opportunity so to do. To illustrate our prediction, that prohibition would not prohibit in Evangeline parish, we reproduce what brother Bailey stated in the last issue of his paper. The exact language is given:

"We cannot locate the 'blind tigers' but there is no doubt that an over supply of booze was located last Saturday. Even the colored folks had located the wild beast."

Besides this, he has given his readers a long write up of how "Boot leggers" were arrested in Mamou and must stand two trials.

If the facts are as written by Mr. Bailey, prohibition is going to prove in Evangeline the howling farce it did in St. Landry.

If the white folks and "Niggers" can get booze in Ville Platte as Mr. Bailey recites they did our prediction has indeed been amply verified.

WHERE LAWTELL ROAD SHOULD BE BUILT.

We understand that the good roads committee, or whoever is at the head of the Opelousas-Lawtell gravel road, is in favor of constructing that highway in this manner: Leading out from Opelousas the road will follow the Prairie Ronde road, until at a point a short distance on the other side of the Frisco tracks, from thence it will cut through the fields, in the direction of Lawtell, a distance of about four miles. The question the committee has to contend with is the buying up of the right-of-ways for these four miles; next the road will have to be built entirely new, and when it strikes the Frisco tracks, again, there will be another heavy expense, to construct the dump over these tracks.

It is hardly probable that the parish will be able to purchase the right-of-ways under fifty dollars an acre, thereby incurring an unnecessary expense of at least four hundred dollars, without including the dump. Whilst it is true that four or five hundred, is nothing to stop at when improving the public highways, But the most objectionable feature to this proposition is the fact that this road would be out of the way for most of the citizens west of Opelousas.

If the gravel road would be built on the Prairie Ronde road, just beyond the Thompson Henderson plantation, four and a half miles from this city, thence striking the Lawtell road, which passes in front of the Leon Pitre place to a point about three quarters of a mile west and thence directly south to Lawtell, it is our opinion that more people would be benefited by it.

The people of Plaquemine Point would not be inconvenienced by this plan, whilst the people of Prairie Ronde, and all that section of the country between that place and Lawtell, would only have to go a few miles to strike the good road.

The road would possibly be a mile longer, but so many more sturdy citizens of that section of St. Landry would enjoy a good highway that it justifies the committee to do the work in that manner.

Those farmers living on the south of the Lawtell-Opelousas road would not have to go more than a mile to be on the gravel road, and the distance between their place and Opelousas would be identically the same, whilst the people living on the north of Lawtell, if the road would be constructed on the proposed route, would have to go south one mile and back north another mile, in order to enjoy the gravel road, increasing the distance from their homes to Opelousas by a distance of at least two miles.

The principal object of building good roads is for the use of the citizens of that portion of the country wherein this road is constructed. But if a road can be erected on either one of two routes it behooves, those in authority to have the road by which more people will be benefited constructed. Whilst it may seem that it is none of our business to advise the committee on good roads to follow our plan, it is our candid opinion that it is more to the interest of the people to have a road which will be used by more than three-fourths of the population west of Opelousas, as far as Lawtell and Prairie Ronde. Not only that, it will cost cheaper to construct the road in the manner suggested by us, and at the same time please a vast majority of the prosperous farmers of that section of St. Landry.

WHO DID IT?

Mr. Cretin claims that up until Thursday at twelve o'clock 311 men went up to him sympathizing with him for being defeated, and stating that they had voted for him. The total vote cast for alderman-at-large was 397. How did Mr. Cretin get defeated?

Mr. Cretin has asked several expert mathematicians to solve the problem, but as yet there has been only one solution worked out, that being "Somebody lied."

Mr. Cretin and Mr. Gosselin's race was a very good one, both men running solely on their merits and receiving practically only voluntary votes.

ILLITERACY IN LOUISIANA.

One might not believe that Louisiana has 290 illiterates to every thousand of population, but the United States' statistics are there to prove it. What is worse this state leads all others in illiteracy, and yet with a little effort on the part of the citizens of Louisiana this could very easily be done away with.

The surest way, without doubt, is for the state legislature to make it mandatory for every father, mother or guardian, to send the rising generation to school a certain number of years, at least. The law should be severe, and at the same time rigidly enforced.

In these days of advanced civilization a young man or young lady starting to fight life's battle, without being sufficiently educated, has practically an impossible task. In days gone by, no doubt, and in days to come, too perhaps, one might be able to accumulate a fortune, without being educated. But is the fight worth its time?

An education to a young man is worth hundreds of dollars. Many a man, especially in the rural districts of Louisiana, will say that he will be saving money by keeping his children away from school, and in the course of time bequeathed them a handsome fortune. But what is a fortune, to-day, without the proper knowledge of handling it? How many in a thousand will have anything at the time of his death? Very few, indeed.

Louisiana needs to and must eliminate its illiteracy. But as long as parents are not compelled to send their children to school so long will we have illiterates in this state, as there will always be found, in no matter how intelligent a community, some who will prefer having their children remain at home and do a little work than allow him a few hours with the school teachers, each day.

Good Roads and A Waste of Money.

Mr. Editor:

It has not been many years since the doctrine of better highways was first heard in the land, and though at first only a few brave spirits had the "nerve" to declare themselves in favor of good roads, yet the doctrine has spread to such an extent that even the most ignorant are enthusiastic now in their support thereof. When the police jury a short while ago, began to take steps to give us actual good roads, enlightened people hailed the move with delight. The first move of the jury, however, in passing and submitting to the people a proposed tax for a bond issue, the proceeds of which were to be devoted to giving us better thoroughfares, died "abornin." Later on in the game the jury issued and sold bonds to the tune of $100,000, and those who were preaching the doctrine of "good roads" thought that their wish and hope was soon to be realized.

Well, the money from the bond issue is on hand and a perusal of the proceedings of the last meeting of the jury shows us how it is going to be spent. We are not going to have "good roads," but simply, as someone expressed it, "an eight-foot sidewalk of gravel down the geographical center of a few roads." The thing is so ridiculous that one wonders if some horrible error has not been made and committed to print. Who ever heard of a modern graveled highway only eight feet wide? Another party stated the other day that the entire scheme of a good road (?) eight feet wide was in the interest of the automobile drivers and that the other vehicles would have to take the ditch when the gas wagons came along. It is a patent fact that two vehicles cannot pass each other on a road of such width and either one or both will have to take the mud in effecting a passage. If this remarkable move of the police jury is not the greatest fake ever hoisted on the people, then only the good Lord would know what to characterize it. We have been paying an engineer $100 per month for some time to look after the roads and the drainage. He has been drawing his salary right along, it is to be presumed; but what he has accomplished in the year or so he has held the job is more than the average layman can figure out. A few of us who read the proceedings of the police jury note occasionally that the engineer "lays out" a new road somewhere. Perhaps these new roads will, in the course of a few centuries, receive a coating of gravel "eight feet wide." Well, anyhow, we will have an automobile sidewalk along these roads one of these days, but perhaps when that day dawns we will have no use for highways, for all travel will be by means of flying machines over roads that will need no "eight feet of gravel."

There is one thing which is dead sure and certain, and that is that the proceeds of the bond sale will be speedily gotten rid of. A nice chunk of it is to be invested in mules, machinery and other stuff which will later on be sold as junk to the highest bidder. Perhaps the engineering or supervising force which will have in charge the work of laying out the eight-foot sidewalks will need a gas wagon to take them about their duties in proper luxury. If such a demand is made, the police jury will no doubt see that the requisition is speedily honored. The balance of the money will doubtlessly be spread out in that eight-foot ribon on the roads between Opelousas and Washington and Opelousas and Sunset and the other roads already selected by the jury. Some of these roads are many feet wide, notably that between Opelousas and Washington, and that poor little strip of gravel will feel mighty lonesome when it is sandwiched between many feet of plain dirt, dust or mud on either side of it. It will be only a brief period of time before the strip of gravel will be lost—irrevocably lost—under a deep layer of dirt. We wonder if the engineer and the police jury will make an effort to rescue the drowning gravel, if such an eventuality occurs? Perhaps we will need another hundred-thousand-dollar bond issue to help save that which we have already paid for.

If the present police jury really wants to give the people good roads it ought make its first move in that direction in a different way. This thing of squandering $100,000 in gravel side-walks in the center of highways looks ridiculous on the face of it, but in the long run it is a mighty serious proposition, especially when the tax-payers have to "come across" with the payment of the bond issue. If the money on hand will only build a certain amount of real first-class highway, then why not build it in first-class style and rely on future bond issues to complete the work? Why try to plaster this amount of money in a narrow ribbon of gravel eight feet wide over as many miles as it will go? Is this an act of patriotism? or is it simply a move to fool the people? or is it done to afford employment for a lot of hungry laborers?

One of the newspapers published in this state, some time ago, made the statement that if commission form of government was good for towns and cities, why should it not be good for the parishes. The same paper made the assertion in this connection that the police jury system was antiquated and out of date and should be abolished. When police juries sell bond issues and squander the money thus derived, as the St. Landry jury is going to do, we are of the opinion that the newspaper above referred to is eminently correct in its views. If we can not have modern roads, we had best keep our money and try to get along with the dirt highways over which we have been traveling all the time. Let's have "good roads" or nothing at all. GOOD ROADS.

PARTITION SALE.

MARY ROSEWELL, Wife
vs.
FRANK ENGLAND, Husband.

No. , Civil Docket, 16th Judicial District Court, St. Landry Parish, La.

By virtue of an agreement between the plaintiff and the defendant in the above numbered and entitled cause, I will offer for sale at public auction to the last and highest bidder for cash on

Saturday, March 28, 1914,

at 11 o'clock a. m., at dwelling house of said parties, situated on the herein described plantation, the following described property, to-wit:

One certain tract of land, with improvements thereon, containing 20 acres, more or less, situated in the parish of St Landry, La., and bounded as follows: North by public road and J. F. Schel south Baillio, east by Charles Henry, and on the west by public road.

Two mares, two horses and one mule, 26 head of hogs, 50 hens, 20 ducks, 6 Guinea owls, one cow and a calf, 150 barrels of corn, 15 wagon loads of hay, 8 barrels of potatoes (sweet), two barrels of peas, 280 pounds of cotton-seed, one-half barrel of peanuts, three barrels of pop corn, one wagon, one buggy, one surrey, two saddles, three sets of harness, one lot of plows and one lot of wagon harness, one chest of tools, one lot of house furniture, one watch (gold and chain, one pair of gold cuff buttons, one razor, one shot gun, one Smit-Wesson pistol, one lot of stubble cane one mat of cane, one lot of lumber, one roll of new fence wire, one cross cut saw, two barrels of syrup, one lot of kitchen utensils, etc.

Terms: Cash.

ROBT. HARRY,
feb21 6t Agent and Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE

A. C. OLIVIER
vs.
VALERY E. GUILBEAU

No. 19962, Civil Docket, Sixteenth Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale issued out of the Honorable Sixteenth Judicial District Court, in and for the parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled and numbered suit, and to me directed, I have seized and will offer for sale, for cash, at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House of St. Landry Parish, at Opelousas, La., on

Saturday, March 28, 1914,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

A certain plantation situated in Prairie Basse of Grand Coteau in the Parish of St. Landry, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, containing about one hundred and-twenty-three (123) arpents, being bounded: on the north by property of Wm. Brinkhaus, on the south by Public Road and properties of Jos. B. Sibille and Adeol Landry, on the east by property of Felix Miller, and on the west by properties of Mrs. Emilie Speyrer and of Brinkhaus; being the same property which vendor acquired at the successional sale of the estate of J. C. Speyrer and wife on Nov. 2d, 1912.

Terms: Cash, to pay and satisfy the sum of $228.81 and interest on $228.14 at the rate of 8 per cent from Jan. 20th, 1913.

feb 21 6t M. L. SWORDS, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION

ESTATE OF JOHN PIERRE GUIDROZ

No. —. Probate Docket, 16th Judicial District Court St. Landry Parish, La.

Whereas, Aspasie Badeau of St. Landry Parish, La., has applied by her petition to be appointed administratrix of the above numbered and entitled estate.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all parties interested to show cause, if any they can or have, within ten days from the first publication hereof, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of said Court.

Opelousas, La., ——, 19—.

HENRY LASTRAPES, JR.,
feb 21 2t Clerk of Court.

FOR SALE—Corn and hay. Apply to Wm. M. Ringrose, Opelousas, La. feb 7 3t

Proclamation.

State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Landry.

By virtue of the authority vested in us by law, and in accordance with the ordinance of the Police Jury of the Parish of St. Landry, La., of date Jan'y. 5th, A. D. 1914, calling for an election to be held throughout the limits of the Road District Number Two, of the Sixth Police Jury Ward of the Parish of St. Landry, La., for the purpose of voting a three mill tax for five years, beginning with the year 1914, to be levied on all taxable property for the purpose of constructing and maintaining the public roads and bridges in said ward and road district, we hereby order an election to be held throughout the limits of the Second Road District of the Sixth Police Jury Ward of the Parish of St. Landry, La., on the 21st day of the month of February, A. D. 1914, and to that end we have appointed the following named persons to serve as commissioners and clerks of election at the several voting precincts in said Second Road District of said Sixth Police Jury Ward of the Parish of St. Landry, La., to-wit:

Mallet: Commissioners, Allen McCoy, C. N. Bertrand, C. T. Bihm; clerk, J. N. Andrepont.

Plaquemine Point: Commissioners, A. W. Dejeon, Denis Hargroder, Joe Boone; clerk, A. M. Young.

Witness our hands, this 21st day of the month of Jan'y. A. D. 1914.

HENRY LASTRAPES, JR.
C. P. DUNBAR,
L. A. GOSSELIN,
Board of Supervisors of Election.
jan 24 5t

Proclamation.

State of Louisiana, Parish of St. Landry.

In accordance with the proclamation of the Hon. L. E. Hall, Governor of the State of Louisiana, of date Jany. 3d, 1914, calling for a special election to be held on Tuesday, the 24th day of the month of February, A. D. 1914, for the purpose of voting for a Police Juror in and for the Fourth Police Jury Ward of the Parish of St. Landry, La., and by virtue of the authority in us vested by law, we the undersigned Board of Supervisors of Election in and for the Parish of St. Landry, La., do hereby order an election to be held throughout the limits of the Fourth Police Jury Ward, for the purpose of electing a Police Juror to fill the unexpired term of the Hon. W. F. Clopton, deceased, and to that end we have appointed the following named persons to serve as Commissioners and Clerks at the several voting precincts in said Fourth Police Jury Ward, to-wit:

Bayou Current. Commissioners: E. F. Berger, W. B. Rogers, S. W. Kelley; Clerk, James B. Babbington.

Melville. Commissioners, F. M. Able, C. W. Stone, C. C. Johnson; Clerk, Ira Westbrook.

Waxia. Commissioners, R. Lee Hawkins, Carl Woods, Edgar Dejean; Clerk, Lee Duckworth.

Palmetto. Commissioners, B. C. Taylor, A. D. Hawkins, Jake Mayer; Clerk, Wesley Budden.

Big Cane. Commissioners, L. A. Havard, W. C. Jackson, Chas. E. Mixer; Clerk, J. E. Hicks.

Morrow. Commissioners, Arthur Fogleman, H. E. Lowrey, Luther Baldridge; Clerk, B. W. Clopton.

Port Barre. Commissioners, A. J. Cormier, O. B. Thompson, Oscar Robin; Clerk Chas Dejean.

Witness our hands this 21st. day of Jan. A. D. 1914.

HENRY LASTRAPES,
C. P. DUNBAR,
L. A. GOSSELIN,
Board of Supervisors of Election.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

VINCENT W. BOAGNI
vs.
ALLEN McCOY

No. 19935, 16th Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale issued out of the Hon. 16th Judicial District Court of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, in the above numbered and entitled suit, and to me directed, I have seized and will offer for sale, for cash, at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House of St. Landry Parish, at Opelousas, La., on

Saturday, Feb. 28, 1914,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract or parcel of land situated at Mallet in this parish of St. Landry, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, containing seventy-five (75) arpents bounded north by J. S. Guillory, south by public road leading to Prudhomme City, east by J. B. Guillory and west by Allen McCoy or lane leading to Mallet woods.

Terms—Cash to pay and satisfy the sum of $600, debt, with interest and cost, unless the same is immediately paid.

jan 24 6t M. L. SWORDS, Sheriff.

SUCCESSION SALE.

ESTATE OF ADELINE WRIGHT, Wid. Julien Zachery.

No. 6664. Probate Docket, 16th Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. B. H. Pavy, judge of the 16th Judicial District Court, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, State of La., there will be sold, for cash, at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned auctioneer on the premises, in Prairie Basse, near Coulon's bridge, on

Saturday, Feb. 28, 1914,

at 11 o'clock a. m. the following described property, to-wit:

1st. A certain tract or parcel of land with all the buildings and improvements situated thereon, in Prairie Basse near Coulon's bridge in this parish, containing one hundred acres, more or less, and bounded north by Lillie Perrault, west by Dr. Charles F. Boagni, east by Bayou Teche and south by public road, and being same property acquired by the deceased at partition suit as appears by act duly recorded in Conveyance Book R 4, pages 65 and 66 of the Clerk's office of this parish.

2d. One helfer, one filly and two colts, one mule, five head of hogs, about six head of chickens, lot of geese, two beds and beddings, two rockers and two chairs, one toilet, one washstand, two armoirs, two small tables, two safes, one stove and kitchen utensils, one large pot, one tub, one small bed, one bowl and pitcher, one wagon, one buggy, one surrey, one saddle, set of harness, four barrels potatoes, one small table, two clocks, 1 lamp and glasses, one double barrel shot gun, one plow, harrow, and disk, three hoes and a lot of old plows, two mosquito bars, two woolen blankets, one statue, about forty bushels of corn, one ton hay, one corn planter, about 500 posts.

Land to be subdivided into 4 lots as appears by plat annexed to the petition praying for the sale and to be exhibited to the purchasers on the day of sale.

Terms; Cash.

jan 24 6t J. B. PAVY, Auctioneer.

SUCCESSION SALE

ESTATE OF REBECCA JONES.

No. 6657, Probate Docket, 16th Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. B. H. Pavy, Judge of the 16th Judicial District Court, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, Louisiana, there will be sold, at public auction to the last and highest bidder, by the undersigned administrator, or any duly licensed auctioneer, at the principal front door of the courthouse, at Opelousas, La., on

Saturday, Feb. 21, 1914,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land situated in the woods on Bayou Nezaroo, in St. Landry parish, containing forty (40) acres with all the improvements thereon, bounded north and east by lands of estate of Phelps, south by Elie Daniel, west by land of J. M. Rutledge and being same property acquired by Emanuel David during the existence on the community between him and the decedent, as appears by act passed before L. G. Dupre, Notary Public, April 24, 1902.

Terms: Cash.

jan 17 6t C. F. BOAGNI, Administrator.

SUCCESSION SALE

ESTATE OF JUSTEN ARCENEAU,

No. 6524, Probate Docket, 16th Judicial District Court, St. Landry Parish, La.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. the 16th Judicial District Court of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of St. Landry, La., signed by B. H. Pavy, Judge of said Court, there will be sold at public aution, to the last and highest bidder by the undersigned administrator, on the premises near Port Barre, La., on the banks of the Courtableau, on

Saturday, March 21, 1914,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described property, to-wit:

1st. 57 arpents with improvements bounded north by Bayou Courtableau, south by H. L. Garland, east by P. Moreau and west by J. C. Arceneau.

2d. 100 acres bounded north by Courtableau, south by H. L. Garland, east by J. C. Arceneau, west by Widow A. David.

3d. One mule, one mare, one horse colt, three cows, 2 heifers, house furniture, kitchen utensils.

Terms Cash.

feb 14 6t LOUIS MOURET, Administrator.

NOTICE I am applying for a pardon. Malvin Valmont. feb 14 2t

Raise More Cotton Successfully

By planting

TOOLE COTTON SEED

Toole Cotton Seed has been thoroughly tried out and tested, and is satisfactory,

I am now soliciting orders for above seed for February delivery. Send us your orders now to insure prompt delivery.

For further information call or write to

Isidor Isaac.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

JOHN P. BOAGNI
vs.
ADAM McBRIDE

No. 13690, 16th Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Landry, La.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the 16th Judicial District Court of Louisiana in and for the Parish of St. Landry, in the above entitled and numbered suit, and to me directed, I have seized and will offer for sale, for cash, at public auction, to the last and highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House of St. Landry Parish, at Opelousas, La., on

Saturday, Feb. 21, 1914,

at 11 o'clock a. m. the following described property, to-wit:

The West Half of the property described as follows, to-wit: One certain plantation situated on Bayou Teche this Parish, in the neighborhood called "Petit Bois" measuring two hundred and twenty-four ⅔ superficial arpents (224⅔), having a front of four and 66⅔ arpents, (4.66⅔) on Bayou Teche and one arpent adjoining the property belonging to Widow P. E. Arceneaux by a depth of forty six arpents on the East side and thirty arpents on the West side, starting from the lands of Mrs. P. E. Arceneaux and the East line from Bayou Teche, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, and being bounded as follows, viz: On the North by Bayou Teche and the lands of Mrs. Widow P. E. Arceneaux, South by land of Napoleon Robin and lands of Jos. Jany, Eas by lands of Lawrence Carriere, formerly and now belonging to Seville Carriere, and the property of Mrs. P. E. Arceneaux, and West by land of Michel Castille, saving and excepting the forty arpents of woodland sold by Chas. N. Berthelot, former owner of said land, to Louis Taylor, Jr., on April 29, 1899, as appears by act duly recorded in Conveyance Book Y, No 2, page 122, passed before W. C. Perrault, Notary Public.

Terms: Cash.

jan 17 6t M. L. SWORDS, Sheriff.

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To The Public.

Remember that I have a boll weevil machine which is improved and which will help you to make your crop, regardless of bad weather if your crop is well cultivated. It is no longer a question to catch the weevil, the machine does it, and it is easy to operate and will not damage your crop. Our country is a cotton country for a money crop. It is not a cabbage nor a sweet potato, not even a sugar cane country for a money crop. I talk for the people in general; the past has proven what I said. You will hear from me later.

jan 17 G. de KERLEGAND.

IN THE STUD.

On Saturday, Jan. 10, 1914, I purchased of Edmond Buillard,

Straight Advice 2:05¼

weight 1080-lbs at a cost of $1000. I will stand him at my place, between Lafayette and Carencro, during the 1914 season, fee $15.00.

I will also stand

The Admiral 2:07 1-4

at the same place, during the 1914 season, at a fee of $12.00.

A. CONQUE,
jan24-4t Carencro, La.

LIV-VER-LAX is a liver medicine. The Liver is the head of many troubles. To correct these troubles use LIV-VER-LAX at Shute's Drug Store.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic A sure Appetizer. For adults and children. 50c.