

St. Landry Clarion

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A THOUGHT

Some how or other we cannot subscribe to the belief that the citizens of New Orleans—more than 400,000 in number, comprising the population of one of the nation's most flourishing cities, have been or can be debauched by seventeen or eighteen or twenty five or even a hundred men whom political opponent have seen fit to style as "ward bosses." We are more inclined to the belief that the citizenry of New Orleans, like that of every other city, while it has its element of evil, is composed for the most part of upright and honorable citizens who bend the knee and bow the head to no man or set of men and who as voters return every fourth year to office those men whom they regard as best fitted to discharge their own governmental duties.

Intelligent men know that it is impossible to keep the element of vice from creeping in a greater or lesser degree into the governmental affairs of a city of the size of New Orleans, but only the prejudiced mind can stultify itself into the belief that the good people are not in the majority.

If the people of Lafayette are satisfied with Bob Mouton as their mayor, what right have the people of New Orleans to interfere?

If the people of Crowley are satisfied with Bill Egan as their mayor, what right have the people of New Orleans to interfere?

Following the same train of thought and yielding to the people of New Orleans the same right which we ourselves exercise—that of electing the men of our choice—if the people of New Orleans are satisfied with Behrman as their mayor, what right have the people of Opelousas, or of any other city or community, to interfere?

Sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander.

It strikes us that many of our good people are laboring under a violent but unfounded prejudice.

PARKER'S CLAIMS FOR GOVERNOR

As the campaign progresses, it is well for us to consider impartially and without bias, upon what John M. Parker bases his candidacy.

Much has been said about Mr. Parker not having any claims on the Democrats to be exalted to the position as chief executive.

It is not enough to say, that Mr. Parker is an honest man, and would make a good governor, notwithstanding he has for sixteen years opposed the policies and principles of the Democratic party.

One political organization does not go out side and name its leaders, from adherents of other organization, or from independents.

Church organizations, do not call their ministers or leaders, from organizations not in harmony with their own doctrines and tenets. Albeit, here are good christians, who do not belong to any church.

Concerning Mr. Parker's loyalty as a Democrat, and to show that he has not been regarded as a Democrat, we have heretofore quoted what the present Democratic governor of this state, the chairman of the Democratic committee, and other prominent Democrats said about him, in the recent past.

We have shown that Mr. Parker now boasts of his past political record, and says, he has no apology to make for same. Therefore Mr. Parker as a witness convicts and condemns himself, before any Democratic court.

Hear him as late as September, 1915 "I abandoned the Democratic party because I was convinced that the principles of the party meant ruin and misery for the people of Louisiana."

We grant that there are some independents who are registered as Democrats, that care nothing for party regularity who will vote for Parker.

There are regular Democrats, but we do not believe there are many, who will vote for him on account of prejudice or animus against Col. Stubbs, or some who are supporting him.

But outside of his lack of loyalty, Mr. Parker would be out of harmony with free independent Democratic government.

He is not in favor of the Democratic primary election method of nominating officers. In the last campaign

he advocated the short ballot, nominating the head of the ticket by convention, and appointing all the other officers. This would be boss rule, and autocracy sublimated.

He tells you also that he favors the Pleasant plan of turning Democrats out. That is prussianism, autocracy in its worst form.

But finally if Parker should be elected, it would not only contribute to the election of a Republican President in 1920, but the state of Louisiana would be placed under a ring domiciled at Baton Rouge that would virtually destroy the freedom of the ballot for years to come. Every appointee and every one holding office under Mr. Parker would have to bow to his imperial will, for he unblushingly tells the people of this state that he approves the course of Governor Pleasant who virtually removed a number of Democrats because they were supporting Col. Stubbs.—Homer Guardian Journal.

Orange News Notes

Clarion Correspondence.

Orange, Texas, Nov. 5.—On last Wednesday night when the East bound cannon-ball train No. 102 arrived in Orange a lady with a bundle in her arms stepped from it. The bundle apparently was clothing. She stepped into the waiting room, laid the bundle on a seat and stole silently back to and boarded the train.

During the night the cry of a baby was heard. The night operator walked into the waiting room, unwrapped the bundle and found there in a little baby girl about ten days old.

The operator telephoned the chief of police who took charge of the child and adopted her.

Ned Harvey, a white man who was indicted in 1917 for the murder of a negro and whose trial had been fixed for November 12th, will be tried the latter part of December. Harvey is charged with the murder. The guilty party severed the head and one foot from the dead man's body, put them in a sack and deposited them in the front yard of W. H. Stark. Mr. Stark is one of the wealthiest men of Orange County.

Mr. Edmond Deville, formerly of Opelousas, La., visited relatives in Church Point last week.

Mr. Theodule Deville of Opelousas is visiting his son, Edmond Deville, in Orange.

SMALLER FARMER CAN NOW HAVE PUREBREDS

Time was—and not so long ago—when the small farmer could not afford purebred animals.

The time has come—just now, perhaps—when the small farmer can hardly afford not to breed purebred animals, and at least he should use purebred sires.

That is particularly true if his line of livestock is cows and, more particularly, if they are dairy cows, according to men in the United States Department of Agriculture who have given their lives to the study of dairy farming.

What has brought about the change? Principally, community organization. The small farmers who have to operate alone and unaided, as practically all Louisiana farmers did 10 years ago, has a rocky road if he spies to purebred stock. Now the whole situation is changing. The small farmer does not stand alone, and he has all kinds of aids. There, to start with, is the parish agent ready to bring the accumulation of expert knowledge to bear on the problems of the small farmer. In an increasing number of parishes there are breeders of livestock, from whom foundation material may be obtained at less cost than what other sources would cost him. And, finally, a start has been made toward organizing cooperative bull associations, which movement, if carried out in a number of communities and parishes will make it possible for the small scale breeders to enjoy many of the advantages formerly obtained only by the largest scale breeder.

ESTRAY NOTICE
Strayed from my place in Evangeline Parish, near Catara, one dark grey mare mule about 14 hands high, thoroughly gentled; no brand; has saddle mark; and one sorrel horse colt, with long mane and both hind feet white.

Will give \$25.00 reward for the return of these animals or for any information leading to their recovery.
SOSTHENE LAFILEUR,
Nov 15 4t Catara La.,

DINNER UNDER THE OAKS

An old fashion all-day meeting with basket lunch will be held
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 23rd, 1919.
—at the—

BAPTIST CHURCH

Good fellowship, speaking, music and eats

EVERYBODY WELCOME

Leaves your grouch at home, and enjoy a day of rich, sweet fellowship. Bring your friends.

COMMITTEE ON ARRANGEMENTS.

A WOMAN'S BACK

The Advice of This Opelousas Woman is of Certain Value

Many a woman's back has many aches and pains. Ofttimes 'tis the kidneys' fault. That's why Doan's Kidney Pills are so effective.

Many Opelousas women know this. Read what one has to say about it. Mrs. E. Gonsonlin, 646 E. North St., says: "My back was very weak and it was the first part of my body that tired. The least exertion caused my back to give out and I didn't feel strong at all. Often, my head ached severely and my sight blurred, too. My kidneys weren't acting as they should and annoyed me a great deal. Reading of Doan's Kidney Pills, I began using them and they helped me in a remarkably short time. I continued using practically cured me of this trouble and I have had no complaint from my kidneys since."

60c. at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED TO RENT—Rooms for 4 days from December 6. Several wanted. Let me know as soon as possible.

JONAS ROOS.
At Store.

nov 15 4t

NOTICE TO TEACHERS

The next regular examination for teachers' certificates will be held December 1, 2, 3, (whites), 4, 5, 6, (colored). These examinations will be for regular certificates under the regulations governing the issuance of teachers' certificates by the Department of Education, and not for emergency certificates.

Yours truly,
W. B. PRESCOTT,
Superintendent.

nov 15 3t

NOTICE FINAL TABLEAU

ESTATE OF LEON PITRE AND WIFE LEONINE RICHARD, BOTH DECEASED

No. 7019, Probate Docket, Sixteenth Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Landry, Louisiana.

Whereas, Ulysses Pitre, administrator of the above numbered and entitled estate has filed therein his final tableau of classification of debts and distribution of funds of said succession, and prays for the homologation of the same, now

Therefore, notice is hereby given to any and all parties who may have cause why the said tableau should not be homologated to file same in writing in this office within ten days from the first publication hereof.

HENRY LASTRAPES, JR.,
Clerk of Court.

Nov 15 2t

HECKLERS AT ALEXANDRIA AID STUBBS CAMPAIGN

(Continued from page 1)

great audience broke into prolonged applause for the Monroe candidate.

Stubbs leaders here declare the efforts of Parker-Bouanchaud shouters to heckle Stubbs and Gilbert will prove a boomerang for the Parker candidacy and has won new support for Stubbs in Rapides. The colonel took a shot at this style of campaigning, saying he regrets to say that he had found this noisy, disturbing element shouting for Parker.

Stubbs Puts Plain Question
"If that is to be characteristic of the Parker administration, if my opponent should be elected governor, then I leave it to you—is that what you want, a noisy, boisterous administration at Baton Rouge, or one that will

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic restores vitality and energy by purifying and enlivening the blood. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. Price 60c.

MR. PROGRESSIVE FARMER

April, 1883, I started Farm and Ranch. I believed then, although their number in the Southwest was not very numerous, that the progressive farmers and livestock breeders would patronize a real farm and livestock paper, serving faithfully their interests at all times. I was not disappointed in my conclusions.

Many who became subscribers with that first issue have continued to read Farm and Ranch without missing a number. I value very highly their continued loyalty and faith in Farm and Ranch, and leave it to them, and to the many who have since become patrons and friends, to say if I have kept faithfully my promise to make the paper a powerful consistent supporter of the best interests of the people whose patronage I have asked for and received.

Farm and Ranch was, at first, published only once a month, later twice a month. Now it is a big illustrated weekly. It has been, at all times, clean, interesting, instructive and reliable. In these I know I have not at any time failed.

Now, after thirty-seven years, always personally on the job, it is my ambition to have every man in the Southwest who has faith in farming in its different branches become a subscriber to Farm and Ranch.

Send me your subscription, and if after reading Farm and Ranch each week for three full months you are not satisfied that you are getting even more than full value for the subscription price, write me and I will return the full amount immediately.

You who do not know Farm and Ranch, I refer to your neighbor who is already a subscriber.

On my proposition—your money's worth or every cent of your money returned—ask your subscription.

The subscription price of Farm and Ranch is two (\$2) dollars for three years—156 copies. No subscription is taken for a less amount and time.

Please send your subscriptions direct to
Yours faithfully,
FRANK P. HOLLAND, Publisher,
Dallas, Texas.

P. S.—I want a responsible, active representative in every locality. Write me for my special proposition.
nov 11, 4t

FOR SALE

One complete glass front for store building, also counters, at a bargain.
ST. LANDRY LBR. CO.

KIRSCHBAUM CLOTHES

FOR STYLE! FOR QUALITY! FOR VALUE!



For Young Men— New Fall Sport Models



Designed by the Kirschbaum styling staff—known everywhere as a recognized authority upon young men's fashions. Tailored by the Kirschbaum shops in fine

This is a season of sport models. Belted and pleated suits, very easy, very informal, very smart. And after the severely plain styles of the last year, a change that is welcome—very welcome indeed.

all-wool weaves—cheviots, cassimeres, flannels and fancy mixtures. You may depend upon them to be right—right as to style, right as to tailoring, right as to price.

\$25, \$30, \$35 up to \$50

Good clothes were never so scarce as today—Pick out your suit now, while our stock is fresh and complete.

Bennett Stores, Inc.

OPELOUSAS

attempt to give this state constructive laws and a genuine constructive administration. You have witnessed this characteristic display here today. I have seen it elsewhere. It reminds me of what my good friend, Charles Boatner, once said—"They can do more shouting and less voting than any people I ever saw."

Imported delegation from Tioga and from Avoyelles and Grant parishes were said to have been among the chief offenders. It was apparent the Rapides Parker leaders had left nothing undone to bring in a crowd. They had men stationed on the streets sticking buttons on coats, working up without poll taxes, etc., were the loudest shouters.

Colonel Stubbs drove hard at this method of campaigning, when following an interruption, he said: "I am informed my opponent will soon pay a visit to my home town of Monroe. I want to assure him that he will receive a most respectful hearing there, free from disturbance at the hands of my friends, and that he will be shown every courtesy by them."

Rapides for Stubbs, They Say
Stubbs people declare Tuesday's noise is not indicative of how Rapides will go. They assert that Stubbs will carry the parish by a good majority and that the Stubbs executive committee embraces sixty-five of the most effective men of this city and parish.

"They are vote getters—not the noise-makers of Rapides," it was said. T. A. Felt, manager of the Association of Commerce, presided at the Armistice Day and Soldier's Welcome Home ceremonies, at the close of which the candidates were presented. Stubbs and Gilbert had won the toss and chose to speak last. John M. Overton accompanied Mr. Parker on the platform. All speakers referred eulogistically to the soldier and the close of the war.

Speaker Bouanchaud, the first speaker, assured Judge Gilbert of his personal friendship.

"Rather than lose that, I would prefer to lose the lieutenant-governorship. His personal character is without a blemish but his political record is a fit subject for scrutiny. I have not personally charged any thing against Judge Gilbert. My charges have been on evidence received. I read in the Assumption Polestar where Judge Gilbert was a delegate to the Republican Convention held in the St. Charles theatre, July 30, 1896. If he says he was not present, I accept his word, because he is a gentleman.

"But, I now ask him, was he not present at the rally in Assumption parish which selected the delegates and which endorsed McKinley and Hobart? I ask him did he object to that resolution?"

As Bouanchaud Put It
"If my opponent was at any time

affiliated with the Republican party, it does not disqualify him, from making a good lieutenant governor, aye, we welcome him back into the Democratic fold, and if elected would make a cracker jack good lieutenant governor, but I give you this record to show their inconsistency—they've got to do one of two things. They must do with my friend Philip, what they did with my friend, Fernand, or they must quit saying John M. Parker is not a good enough Democrat to be governor."

Judge Gilbert, after paying homage to this day—"for I, too, had a boy in France on November 11, 1918"—went to the issue declaring:

"My private, political and public record will stand the searchlight of investigation. I have no charges to make against my opponent and it had been my desire to conduct this campaign free from personalities. In 1896 when just of age, and my people had suffered disaster from free sugar, I joined a movement to rectify, if possible, and bring some relief. I went to the assistance of my people. I do not deny that, but I quit it before the April election in 1896.

"One single incident directed my course. Capt. John N. Pharr came to my town. He addressed an audience of some 150 whites and about a thousand negroes. After speaking to the whites, he turned to the negroes with this introduction, 'and now let me say a word to my colored brethren.' That's where I quit the movement short."

"The charge that I was elected a Republican delegate was false and contemptible. That delegation was selected as others. A half dozen men got into a room, selected a chairman and secretary, and picked delegates from over the parish, the ones selected often having no part in it. I had already quit the movement and did not attend the convention.

"They make the charge against me for no other reason than to shield their candidate for governor. I want to ask Mr. Bouanchaud, who is the more inconsistent—in the positions we now occupy? He was a candidate for governor at the outset of this campaign so recognized. He solicited support from the Third and Sixth Congressional Districts. He told his friends:

"If we can show enough strength from these districts, I will receive the support of the New Orleans organization, or words to that effect. Now, I ask him had you received this New Orleans support for governor, would you have accepted it? If through his friends he solicited this support, then who is the more consistent—and he is now consecrated and anointed to destroy the same organization his friends begged to support him."

Judge Gilbert then made him the proposition to withdraw and allow the Democratic governing body to select a third man.

The speeches of Stubbs and Parker followed very closely the lines of other

joint rebates. Mr. Parker declared he was not going to Baton Rouge to build up any political machine, "but to destroy every machine in the state—including the little rings in Caddo, Rapides, Baton Rouge and elsewhere."

Stubbs Flays Pleasant
Col. Stubbs declared he had discovered a submarine movement to prevent a military man from being governor. He flayed Gov. Pleasant who had charged he had "neither a military nor civil record."

"I would be willing to compare the three years' record of the regiment commanded by me with the accomplishments of the Pleasant administration, in efficiency, morals and spirit of sacrifice."

Mr. Parker charged the 'politicians with insincerity—they thought I was big enough and good enough to send to Washington—why is it they don't want me in Baton Rouge?"

Col. Stubbs declared it was necessary to destroy any faction in this state for him to be governor. "then I prefer not to go. I do not claim to have been anointed and consecrated."

ANNOUNCEMENTS
The Clarion is authorized to announce

J. E. BEALE
of Garland as a candidate for member of the police jury from the Fifth Ward subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
FLOYD H. PHILLIPS
as a candidate for member of the police jury from the First Ward subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
E. K. EASTHAM
as a candidate for the State Legislature from the parish of St. Landry subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
B. W. CLOPTON
of Morrow as a candidate for member of the police jury from the Fourth Ward subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
JOHN E. BACON
as a candidate for member of the police jury from the 5th Ward (Bayou Bouff Section) subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
ARTHIBUS LANDRY
as a candidate for member of the police jury from the Second Ward subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
DR. W. R. LASTRAPES
as a candidate for Coroner for the Parish of St. Landry subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
JOHN M. PRESCOTT
as a candidate for Clerk of Court for the Parish of St. Landry subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
LEON S. HAAS
as a candidate for State Senate for the Parishes of St. Landry, Acadia and Evangeline subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
GEO. T. EDWARDS
for the office of Judge of the City Court of Opelousas, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

To the Voters of the City of Opelousas, La.:
I am a candidate for alderman-at-large at the Democratic Primary Election on January 20, 1920, and respectfully solicit your support. If elected, I will endeavor to serve you efficiently and conscientiously.
H. BODEMULLER

The Clarion is authorized to announce
MAJOR A. H. MOUTON
as a candidate for State Senate for the Parishes of St. Landry, Acadia and Evangeline subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

The Clarion is authorized to announce
HOMER BAROUSE
as a candidate for State Senate for the Parishes of St. Landry, Acadia and Evangeline subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

No Worms in a Healthy Child
All children troubled with worms have an un-healthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC gives regularity to the bowels, purifies the blood, improves the digestion, and acts as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

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