

Helping You Hold Your Crop

The Federal Reserve Banking System, established by the government, stands back of the cotton planter. Our membership in it gives us special facilities to help him hold his crop until he can obtain fair prices for it, instead of rushing it to the market. We can borrow at special rates from our Federal Reserve Bank on loans secured by warehoused agricultural products. Before you market your crop come in and talk the matter over with us. We may be in a position to save you some money.

CAPITAL \$50,000.00
SURPLUS 10,000.00

OSCAR J. MISTRIC, Pres.
BEN RISEMAN, Vice-Pres.
A. L. ANDRUS, Cashier C. B. CHACHERE, Asst.-Cashier

OPEN AN ACCOUNT WITH US TODAY



Parish Bank & Trust Co.

OPELOUSAS, LOUISIANA

Parish Bank & Trust Co.

Located at Opelousas, La., Parish of St. Landry.
Report furnished to the Examiner of State Banks by the above Bank at the close of business on September 6, 1921.

OSCAR J. MISTRIC, President.
A. L. ANDRUS, Cashier.

BEN RISEMAN, Vice-Pres.
C. B. CHACHERE, Asst. Cashier

RESOURCES:

Demand loans	\$ 1,449.90
Loans secured by mortgage	30,425.75
Other loans and discounts	83,829.33
Overdrafts unsecured	563.56
Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc	1,800.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	5,808.39
Cash items	1,032.15
Reserve in federal reserve bank	\$3,060.08
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)	3,505.36
Checks on other banks	1,355.99— 7,921.43
Gold coin	\$ 472.50
Silver, nickel and copper coin	781.48
National bank notes and all issues U. S. government (except gold cert.)	2,999.00— 4,252.98

Total \$137,083.49

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	667.52
Individual deposits subject to check	\$37,679.96— 37,679.96
Individual savings deposits	27,103.26
Time certificates of deposit	3,632.75
Notes and bills rediscounted	8,000.00

Total \$137,083.49

STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF ST. LANDRY.

I, Oscar J. Mistic, President, and I, A. L. Andrus, Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

OSCAR J. MISTRIC, President.

A. L. ANDRUS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 12th day of September, 1921.

W. R. LACOMBE Notary Public.

HOUSE BACKS DOWN FOR OPEN SESSION

NOISY DEBATE AS MEMBERS REPUDIATE ACTION ON SMITH RESOLUTION

Baton Rouge, La., Sept. 13.—Stormy sessions in both house and senate marked the opening of the second week of the extra session of the legislature, Monday night. Efforts to limit the scope of legislation as embraced in the Smith concurrent resolution passed by the house last week and the senate Monday night was the cause of the row.

An unusual spectacle was apparent on one side of the legislature the senate, after nearly an hour debate passed the Smith resolution, after rejecting the Williamson amendment reported out by the committee on rules. On the other side, in the house of representatives, where the Smith resolution was originally passed, more than two hours were spent over the passage of the Dupre resolution which practically repeals the Smith resolution which had been passed by the house on last Wednesday.

From these indications it looks like efforts to shorten the session are going to prove unsuccessful. The passage of the Dupre resolution in the house by a vote of 48 to 41 was accomplished only after the most unruly debate and was accompanied by scenes of disorder, Judge Gilbert L. Dupre led the fight for the resolution and was assisted by Representative Ferd C. Claiborne and others. Paul G. Borron, Dave Evans and A. M. Smith, author of the original resolution, led the opposition. The final vote was no surprise, as it was evident that the house was dissatisfied

with its work in passing the original Smith resolution which slipped by with only two votes majority.

Senator Delos R. Johnson led the fight in the senate for the adoption of the Smith resolution. He asked that the amendment proposed by Senator Williamson, and reported by the majority of the members present to rules committee, which left it to a determine whether or not a bill was emergency be rejected.

Senator Johnson did this largely on the grounds that should the resolution be passed as amended it would have to go back to the house for ratification and it was doubtful if the house in its present mood would not defeat the whole resolution. He was opposed by Senator R. B. Butler, who thought the resolution without the amendment was dangerous. Senator Ventress Smith also supported the amendment and Senator Charles Louche opposed it on the same ground taken by Senator Johnson as did Senator Lawrason.

The Williamson amendment was finally rejected by a vote of 26 to 3. The Smith resolution was then adopted by an overwhelming vote.

Practically no other business was discharged by either house Monday night, except the debate over these resolutions. The Dupre resolution adopted by the house is the exact opposite of the Smith resolution. It declares that any attempt to restrict the character of legislation to be introduced at this session is in violation of the constitution of 1921.

Judge Dupre argued in support of his resolution annulling the Smith resolution, at length. He said it was clearly unconstitutional. His yard boy, about the dumbest he ever saw, would know that.

C. L. Chappuis, of Crowley, moved that it be referred to a judicial com-

mittee, as constitutional questions were involved which the house was not competent to pass on.

Conrad Meyer of Orleans thought the house competent and he moved to table Chappuis' motion, which was carried 48 to 32.

A. M. Smith, scenting danger, moved to return the Dupre resolution to the calendar. He denied that his resolution had come from the governor.

Ferd C. Claiborne said he had pointed out the danger of the Smith resolution last week. He supported Dupre.

"What harm would there be in returning it to the calendar until tomorrow?" asked Mr. Smith.

"You never can tell," insisted Mr. Claiborne, "what will be hatched up over night."

O. Borron of Iberville and A. T. Higgins of Jefferson spoke, Mr. Borron raising the point that the Smith resolution was out of the house, it was a concurrent resolution and the clincher had been applied. Speaker Walker, not knowing what the senate would do, ruled against Mr. Borron.

D. M. Evans of Tallulah, said the country wanted a brief session; "let's transact the emergencies and go home. We are marching up a hill tonight and down tomorrow."

The vote to return the Smith resolution to the calendar was lost and Judge Dupre then secured adoption 48 to 41. Mr. Smith gave notice of a reconsideration.

NEW DORMITORY FOR L. S. U. COEDS

University Station, Baton Rouge, La., Sept 3.—"Varsity manor" will house twenty-one coeds who attend the Louisiana State university the coming session and who wish to take advantage of a dormitory which will be run under the management and guidance of St. Margaret's Daughters a Catholic organization of women whose work consists of the promotion of social welfare. The house will be non-sectarian in character, and Protestant girls will be as acceptable as the Catholics. Varsity Manor is situated on College and Boyd avenues just opposite the university, which makes it very accessible and a desirable place for young women to live.

The prices charged for maintenance at this dormitory will be on a parallel basis with those found in the private homes and the sorority houses in the city.

The house will be in charge of a competent matron who will make house regulations to conform with the rules which are issued yearly by the dean of women at the university. The dean will personally supervise Varsity Manor and parents are assured through this medium that the young women staying at this house will be well taken care of and that the university is highly in accord with this new undertaking.

The girls staying at Varsity Manor will have to supply their own bedding and linen. The rooms will be adequately furnished and a drawing room will be provided to receive guests.

Not more than three girls will occupy a room which should make the place very comfortable, and it is hoped by those in charge of this undertaking that the girls will lend their co-operation and make Varsity Manor a big success.

There are already a number of sorority homes run on a similar plan as Varsity Manor will be operated, and these, without exception, have been successes and have withstood the high prices and subsequent expense which his required to run and operate houses for some twenty-odd people. So there is no reason why Varsity Manor should not meet with the approval of these women who expect to attend the university. Whereas the rules will be stringent to a certain extent they will be liberal and elastic and no girl should find it hard to live within the bounds of the regulations.

Louisiana State University wants more dormitories for women. The authorities believe that more homogeneous groups are formed through this medium and that girls are linked into a closer bonds. Varsity Manor has the support of the faculty at the university.

MAGGIE AND JIGGS AT THE GOLDEN GATE

(With apologies to an unknown author)
St. Peter stood guard at the golden gate,
With a solemn mien and an air serene;
When up to the top of the golden stair,
Maggie and Jiggs, ascending there,
Applied for admission, they came and stood
Before St. Peter, so great and good;
In hope the city of peace to win,
And asked St. Peter to let them in.

Maggie was tall and dark and thin,
With a scraggly beardlet on her chin,
Jiggs was short and thick and stout,
And his stomach was built so it rounded out.
His face was pleasant and all the while
He wore a kindly and genial smile.
The choir in the distance the echoes woke,
And Jiggs kept still while Maggie spoke.

"O thou, who guards the gate," said she,
"We two come hither beseeching thee
To let us enter the heavenly land,
And play our harps with the angel band.
Of me, St. Peter, there is no doubt,
There's nothing from heaven to bar me out.
I've been to meeting three times a week,
And almost always I'd rise and speak."

"I've told the sinners about the day
When they'd repent of their evil way;
I've told my neighbors—I've told 'em all
'Bout Adam and Eve and the Primal Fall;
I've shown them what they'd have to do
If they'd pass in with the chosen few,
I've marked their path of duty clear—
Laid out the plan of their whole career."

"I've talked and talked to 'em loud and long,
For my lungs are good and my voice is strong.
So, good St. Peter, you'll clearly see
The gate of heaven is open for me
But Jiggs here, I regret to say,
Hasn't walked in exactly the narrow way;
He smokes and swears and grave faults he's got,
So I don't know whether he'll pass or not.
"He never would pray with an earn-

est vim.
Or go to revival, or join in a hymn,
While I the sins of my neighbors bore,
He gadded about with that Dinty Moore.
He made a practice of staying out late,
Which is a sin all women hate;
But at last when he did come home,
The rolling-pin went straight for his dome.

"I know him, St. Peter, know him well,
To escape from me, he'd go to hell;
But St. Peter, I need him here.
And hope you can see your way clear.
On earth I bore a heavy cross;
Give me in heaven still Jiggs to boss,
I've brought my rolling-pin, plates and jars,
To keep him dodging among the stars.

"But say—St. Peter—it seems to me
This gate isn't kept as it ought to be,
You ought to stand right by the opening there,
And never sit down in that easy chair.
And say—St. Peter—my sight is dimmed,
But I don't like the way your whiskers are trimmed,
They're cut too wide with an outward toss;
They'd look better narrow and straight across."

St. Peter sat quiet and stroked his staff,
But in spite of his office he had to laugh;
Then said, with a fiery gleam in his eye:
"Who's tending this gate, Maggie, you or I?"
Then he arose in his stature tall,
And he pressed a button upon the wall,
And said to the imp who answered the bell:
"Escort this female around to Hell."

Slowly Jiggs turned, by habit bent,
To follow wherever Maggie went.
St. Peter standing on duty there
Saw that the top of his head was bare.
He called the Old Boy back and said:
"Jiggs, how long hast thou been wed?"
"Thirty years" (with a weary sigh)—
And then he thoughtfully added,
"Why?"

St. Peter was silent with head bent down;
He raised his head and scratched his crown;
Then, seeming a different thought to take,
Slowly, half to himself spake:

"Thirty years with that woman there,
No wonder the man hasn't any hair.
Swearing is wicked, smoking not good;
He smoked and swore—I should think he would!

"Thirty years with that tongue so sharp—
Ho! Angel Gabriel! give him a harp,
A jeweled harp with a golden string.
Good sir pass in where the angels sing,
And Gabriel, give him a seat alone,
One with a cushion, up near the throne.
Call up some angels to play their best;
For Jiggs has surely earned a rest.

"See that in finest ambrosia he feeds
He's had about all the hell he needs.
It isn't hardly the thing to do;
To roast him on earth and in the future too."
They gave him a harp with golden strings,
A glittering robe and a pair of wings,
And Jiggs, looking down from his high level,
Thought of Maggie and felt sorry for the devil.
—(George Bradshaw in Pare Magazette Magazine.

RESSOURCES:
Demand loans \$ 213.79
Loans secured by mortgage 89,823.22
Other loans and discounts 114,567.54
Overdrafts unsecured 1,324.16
United States bonds 150.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures 4,200.00
Other real estate owned 1,015.06
Cash items 459.78
Due from banks and bankers (other than above) \$19,876.35
Checks on other banks 185.65
Gold coin 837.50
Silver, nickel and copper coin 1,630.05
National bank notes and all issues U. S. government (except gold cert.) 3,495.00— 25,524.55
Suspense account 400.94
Total \$231,771.99

LIABILITIES:
Capital stock paid in \$15,000.00
Surplus 9,000.00
Certified checks \$ 3.00
Individual deposits subject to check 59,891.34— 69,894.34
Time certificates of deposit 48,372.63
Bills payable 99,500.00
Total \$231,771.99

STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF ST. MARTIN.

I, D. H. Bernard, Vice President, and I, J. M. Olivier, Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

D. H. BERNARD, Vice-President

J. M. OLIVIER, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 16th day of September, 1921.

J. E. DELAHOUSAYE, Notary Public.

Kidneys or Bladder Out of Order?

Do you suffer from kidney or bladder troubles? If you do, here indeed is good news. Whether your case is one of recent development or long standing, quick, sure, lasting relief may be yours through HOBOS Kidney & Bladder Remedy. This

wonderful herb medicine has relieved many hundreds of sufferers, and can help YOU. Contains no alcohol or harmful drugs. At druggists everywhere for \$1.20 the bottle. HOBOS Med. Mfg. Co., Shreveport, La.

HOBOS
Kidney & Bladder Remedy

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Lawtell State Bank

Located at Lawtell, in the Parish of St. Landry, State of Louisiana.

Report furnished to the Examiner of State Banks by the above Bank at the close of business on September 6, 1921.

S. J. GOSSELIN, President T. P. BERTRAND, Vice President
T. C. DEJEAN, Vice President C. H. DARDEAU, Cashier

RESOURCES:

Loans secured by mortgage	\$ 4,757.83
Other loans and discounts	34,727.28
Overdrafts, unsecured	154.32
Banking house furniture and fixtures	5,870.14
Cash items	18.33
Due from banks and bankers	1,497.30
Gold coin	\$ 69.50
Silver, nickel and copper coin	462.95
National bank notes and all issues U. S. government (except gold cert.)	1,256.00— 1,788.45
TOTAL	\$48,814.20

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in	\$20,000.00
Surplus	4,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,273.73
Individual deposits subject to check	6,033.59
Time certificates of deposit	9,506.83
Bills payable	8,000.00
TOTALS	\$48,814.20

STATE OF LOUISIANA, PARISH OF ST. LANDRY.

I, S. J. Gossellin, President, and I, C. H. Dardeau, Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. J. GOSSELIN, President

C. H. DARDEAU, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 14th day of September, 1921.

L. E. CASTILLE, Notary Public.