

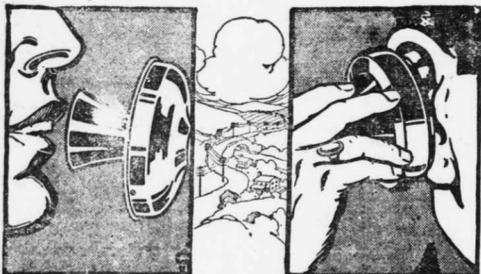
# The Natchitoches Enterprise.

STRICTLY DEMOCRATIC; ALWAYS CONSISTENT.

VOL XXVIII

NATCHITOCHEs, LOUISIANA, THURSDAY, MAR. 22, 1917.

NO. 24



## Bridging the distance 'twixt you and "anywhere."

The Bell Telephone, with its 16,000,000 miles of wire, brings millions of people within earshot of your voice.

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& TELEGRAPH COMPANY



ADVERTISE IN ENTERPRISE

## Gave Up Hope

"I suffered five years, with awful pains, due to womanly troubles," writes Mrs. M. D. McPherson, from Chadbourne, N. C. "They grew worse, till I would often faint. I could not walk at all, and I had an awful hurting in my side; also a headache and a backache.

I gave up and thought I would die, but my husband urged me to try Cardui, so, I began, and the first bottle helped me. By the time the third bottle was used, I could do all my work. All the people around here said I would die, but Cardui relieved me."

## TAKE CARDUI The Woman's Tonic

For more than 50 years, Cardui has been relieving woman's sufferings, and making weak women strong and well. During this time, thousands of women have written, like Mrs. McPherson, to tell of the really surprising results they obtained by the use of this purely vegetable, tonic remedy for women.

Cardui strengthens, builds, restores, and relieves or prevents unnecessary pain and suffering from womanly troubles. If you are a woman, begin taking Cardui, today.

Write for Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn. For Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent free. J. B.

## We Solicit Your Business

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN  
TO MAIL ORDERS

Foster & Glassell Co. Ltd.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

SHREVEPORT, - - - LA.

## R. G. VOIERS

P. O. Box 149 TINNER Phone 41

Successor to Bonnette & Voiers.

See me for sheet metal work of any kind.  
Cisterns and Gutting a specialty.

## Poleman & Co., COTTON BUYERS

Office:  
Rear People's Bank Phona 165

SUCCESSION L. Q. C. GRAPPE:

D. J. Hyams Curator, having filed his final account of the Administration of the above succession, notice is hereby given to all parties, that the account will be homologated unless opposed.

D. J. HYAMS,  
Clerk of the 11th Judicial District Court of Louisiana, Parish of Natchitoches.

3-15-17

The Enterprise is the official journal of the Police Jury, School Board and City of Natchitoches. Send in your subscription and keep posted on the official proceedings of these important bodies.

## CLUB WORK HAS SUCCESSFUL YEAR

Boys and Girls Make Good Records in Year 1916.

Reports made by the boys and girls of Louisiana who belong to the agricultural and live stock clubs indicate that their work in 1916 was very successful. Nearly 2,000 written reports from the club members have been received by the Junior Extension division of the Louisiana State University and the results obtained were very satisfactory to the club leaders.

Club work in Louisiana is divided into five classes: Corn, pig, canning, poultry and cotton. A summary of the work of each club is given below.

**Corn Clubs.**  
Louisiana corn club boys produced an average yield of 46 bushels of corn per acre in 1916, which is more than twice the yield per acre for the entire state. This corn was produced at a cost of 46 cents per bushel.

The corn club enrollment was 1,900, of whom 524 have made written reports of their work. Of this number 115 planted their acre plots to winter cover crops, and 204 selected their planting seed in the field.

There were 503 ten-acre exhibits of boys' corn on display at the Louisiana State Fair and probably as many more at the various parish fairs. Cash prizes, farming implements and L. S. U. short course scholarships were awarded the members who made the best exhibits.

**Pig Clubs.**  
Louisiana pig club boys raised 2,224 pigs in 1916. The average weight of these pigs at the time the boys began keeping their records was 42 pounds, indicating that most of the club members started the year's work with young pigs. The average weight at the time the reports were made was 205 pounds. The average initial value of the pigs was \$3.80 and the average present value \$31.20, according to the boys' estimates.

The total final weight of these pigs is 455,920 pounds, which, valued at eight cents a pound live weight, would make the pigs raised by the boys this year worth, as pork, \$36,473.60. The actual value of the pigs is considerably above this as 81 per cent of them were pure bred and many were prize winners at parish fairs and the State Fair, which gave them an enhanced value as breeding stock.

There were 502 pigs exhibited at parish and community fairs and 200 at the State Fair. The railway companies hauled 13 car loads of boys' pigs to and from the State Fair at Shreveport free of charge.

**Canning Clubs.**  
Nineteen parishes in Louisiana employed women agents in canning club work in 1916; fourteen of these agents were appointed for twelve months and five for only the canning season. There were 1,130 girls enrolled in the clubs.

Four hundred and forty-nine club members reported 264,556 pounds of tomatoes raised, 64,864 containers filled, and an average profit of \$13.75 from the sale of canned goods. This does not take into account the large amount of fresh canned tomatoes consumed nor the canned goods placed in the home pantries. Four hundred and thirteen girls made caps and aprons for canning demonstrations, which is a part of the required work.

Exhibits of the girls' work were made at the parish and ward fairs, and at the State Fair. Scholarships at the short course at the Louisiana State University were awarded to girls who did the best work in each parish, and in a few cases money prizes were given.

**Poultry Clubs.**  
Seven hundred and forty boys and girls in Louisiana enrolled in the poultry clubs in 1916, and nearly one-third of this number submitted written reports of the work at the close of the season. This is considered a good record for the first year of organization.

Thirty parishes were represented in the poultry membership. The boys and girls were divided into 75 clubs, 43 of which were in the agricultural high schools. The remaining clubs were supervised by home demonstration agents, parish demonstration agents and junior club agents.

The club members are encouraged to raise pure-bred poultry, and they have been assisted in getting a start by poultry breeders, who have supplied new members with pure-bred eggs at reduced prices.

At most of the parish fairs and at the State Fair special prizes were offered for poultry club exhibits. They were allowed to enter their fowls in open competition and in many instances won first prize over exhibits made by older breeders.

**Cotton Clubs.**  
Cotton club work was taken up for the first time in 1916. Demonstration agents in six of the cotton-growing parishes selected six boys each who agreed to plant and cultivate two acres in cotton under the agents' instructions. Special attention was paid to seed selection, preparation of seed bed and cultivation.

The boys made an average yield of 1,081 pounds of seed cotton per acre. In addition to the high prices received for the lint, some of the boys have sold their cotton seed at a premium for planting purposes.

In 1917, cotton clubs are being organized in twelve parishes, with a membership of 108.

## Training Camps

Major General John J. Pershing, U. S. Army, commanding the Southern Department, which includes the States of Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, has accorded an interview to the Press, in which he has given an outline of his policy and plans with reference to the Civilian Training Camps to be held in the Southern Department during the coming summer.

The General stated in substance, as follows:  
Under the terms of the National Defense Act, which became a law on June 3rd last, the Civilian Training Camps became a part of our national military establishment. The law in broad terms provides for these camps and authorizes certain expenditures to be made in their maintenance and authorizes the Secretary of War to prescribe the general policy to govern.

**THE OBJECT OF CAMPS**  
The object of these camps, as announced by the War Department is twofold: First: It is the intention to instruct and train the citizens of the country in the use of arms, and to teach them the true military history and policy of the United States, and second: It is the intention to prepare those desiring to become officers of Volunteers during war, to perform in a proper manner the duties which will fall to them.

**WHO MAY ATTEND THE CAMPS**  
These camps are open to all male citizens of the United States between the ages of 18 and 35, with the restriction that those beyond the age of 45 may attend only when no expense is incurred by the Government because of their attendance. It is absolutely required that all attendants be men of good character and standing in their respective communities; that they be physically sound, and that they have at least the equivalent of a high school education.

**OBLIGATION TO FUTURE MILITARY SERVICE**  
There is absolutely no obligation imposed by the War Department for any military service following attendance at one of these camps. Upon reporting at the camp, the attendant enlists as a student for the thirty days of the camp, and agrees to obey the rules and regulations for the government of the camp, and he also takes an oath to bear true faith and allegiance to the United States of America; and, during the period of the camp, to obey the orders of the President of the United States Secretary of War, and the officer placed over him. As this agreement and oath terminates with the camps it imposes no future obligation of any kind.

**WHAT THE GOVERNMENT FURNISHES**  
The Government furnishes transportation to the attendant from his home to camp and return, subsistence and uniform while at camp, and all such things as tents, cots, blankets, etc., necessary for his well-being.

Owing to limited appropriations, it has been decided that transportation can be furnished only to the camp nearest the attendant's home, without reference to the boundary lines of the Military Departments.

Alexandria, July 28, to August 27th at the place and date for the coming summer.

**COURSES OF INSTRUCTION**  
The War Department has decided that there shall be a course of three camps, each of thirty days duration. These will be known as the Red, White and Blue camps, respectively.

Instructors of the Red camps will be the same for all men, and will consist of a basic infantry course, together with all those duties which are the same with reference to all arms of the service.

Having completed the Red camp, the attendant then selects the arm of the service in which he desires to continue his instruction, that is, whether he wishes to prepare himself in the cavalry, field artillery, infantry, engineers or signal corps, and having made such selection, he then continues his work in the arm of his choice, particular attention being given to instructing him in the duties of non-commissioned officers.

His third camp, or the White camp, is the one in which he takes up the duties of officers of the arm of his selection. In this camp he will have practical command of troops under the care and guidance of officers of the Regular Army, and he will be taught to take care of the troops that may some day be under his command, and will be prepared to perform in an efficient manner the duties of an officer.

**WINTER INSTRUCTION**  
Following the summer camps, there will be a correspondence course by mail which the attendant will be invited to take, and which will be extremely valuable to him in his military studies.

**CAMP COMMANDERS**  
I shall take personal command of each of the camps and, so far as the affairs of the Department permit, will be present in camp. There will be an executive officer designated for each camp, who during my absence, will keep in touch with me by long distance telephone and telegraph, and will attend to the execution of such orders as I shall give him from time to time.

I believe that these camps are most important, and it is my intention to give them as great personal direction as the affairs of my large command will permit.

**REGULAR TROOPS TO ATTEND**  
Such troops of the Regular Army as may be necessary will be in attendance at these camps. As there will be more first year men than any others, the instruction will be largely infantry, and I shall therefore have a battalion of Regular Infantry to be used in connection with this part of the work. For those in the second and third years, who have selected the mounted service, there will be cavalry and field artillery to be used in their instruction. For the engineers, there will be an engineer company, and for the signal troops there will be sections of telegraph troops, sections of wire troops, and the same of radio troops.

In addition to the troops in attendance, there will be such material as may be necessary, such as search light section with the engineer company, radio, wire and buzzer outfits for the

signal troops, motor and other equipment for the sanitary troops, together with ovens and other equipment needed by the section of the bakery company that will provide the bread used in the camps. There will also be taken to camp such motor and animal drawn transportation as may be necessary in the instruction of the students, with reference to army transportation in the field.

**INSTRUCTORS FROM THE REGULAR ARMY**  
For instruction purposes, the students will be organized into companies and the companies into higher units, and all of these will be commanded by officers of the Regular service, there being one captain and one or two lieutenants to each company, together with probably four or five enlisted men.

## NOTICE

Succession of Paul Lewis  
Mary Lewis, Tutrix, having this day filed her annual account of Tutorship in the above matter, notice is hereby given all concerned to show cause within 10 days why the said annual account should not be homologated.  
(Signed) D. J. HYAMS,  
Clerk

Keep in touch with home happenings as well as the official proceedings of the City, School Board and Police Jury by subscribing to The Enterprise.

## Rest Room Visitors.

- Mar. 7 Mr. P. J. Dwyer Hagewood
- Mrs. P. J. Dwyer "
- " 10 Miss Elnora Bohnstoff N. O.
- Miss Miriam Lucas City
- " 12 Mrs. Cox Ward One
- George Cox "
- " 15 E. B. Tyson Montgomery
- L. J. Harrison "
- Mrs. L. J. Harrison "
- Miss Marjorie Harrison "
- " Dot Overby "
- Mrs. Emily Lemee "
- Miss Aline Wardlow "
- " Tommie Kimbrell "
- " Ellen Kimbrell "
- " Gladys Harrison "
- " Mabele McGuire "
- " Mystice McGuire "
- " Mai McCain "
- " Nena Burche "
- " Irene Gilcrease "
- " Mystie Gates "
- " Gladys Woods "
- " Mildred Rogers "
- " Leta Alford "
- Mr. Olaus Wardlow "
- " Wilmot McCain "
- " Columbus Dodson "
- " Ardas Thompson "

## Bank of Marthaville

Located at Marthaville, Parish of Natchitoches.

Report furnished to the Examiner of State Banks by the above Bank at the close of business on March 5th, 1917.

Resources:		Liabilities:	
Loans secured by mortgage	8,643.68	Capital stock paid in.....	\$15,000.00
Other loans and discounts...	11,807.42	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....	1,235.97
Overdrafts unsecured.....	288.90	Individual deposits subject to check	29,182.96
Banking house, furniture and fixtures.....	3,910.91	Time certificates of deposit.....	11,014.89
Cash Items.....	26.65		
Due from banks and bankers.....	28,104.73		
Gold coin.....	497.00		
Silver, nickel and copper coin.....	433.53		
National Bank notes and all issues U. S. Government..	2,721.00		
	3,651.53		
Total.....	56,433.82	Total.....	56,433.82

State of Louisiana,  
Parish of Natchitoches.

I, A. S. Hogan, Vice-President, and I, A. A. Hammond Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. S. HOGAN, Vice-President  
A. A. HAMMOND, Cashier  
Subscribed and sworn to before me, }  
this 19th day of March 1917.  
J. E. Seiby, Notary Public.

## Money to Loan to Grow Cotton

H. & C. Newmar, Ltd.  
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants  
Nos. 917-919-921 Gravier St. New Orleans, La.

# OLYMPIC THEATRE

THE HOUSE OF GOOD PICTURES

Some of the Coming Attractions:

<p><b>Saturday, March 24</b> POPULAR PLAYS AND PLAYERS PRESENT THE <b>Eminent Dramatic Actor</b> <b>EDMUND BREESE</b> in <b>The Spell of the Yukon</b> A Vivid Drama of Alaskan Life in Five Superb Acts. Produced for the Metro Program under direction of Burton King.</p> <p><b>Sunday, March 25</b> EDISON'S MASTERPIECE <b>The Cossack Whip</b> FEATURING <b>VIOLA DANA</b> Broadway's Biggest Little Star. "The Cossack Whip" is a powerful story of modern Russia, by James Oppenheim.</p>	<p><b>Tuesday, March 27</b> <b>WILLIAM N. SELIG</b> presents an all-star company of Motion Picture Players, including <b>MARSHALL NEILAN</b> <b>BESSIE EYTON</b> <b>MARY CHARLSON</b> and <b>GEO. FAWCETT</b> in <b>The Prince Chap</b> Written by Edward Peple. "The Prince Chap" is a soul-stirring drama of conflicting emotions--of the passionate love of a maid for a man, pitted against the machinations of a cold and calculating woman of the world.</p> <p><b>Wednesday, March 28</b> Produced for the Metro Program by the York Film Corporation <b>HAROLD LOCKWOOD</b> and <b>MAY ALLISON</b> in <b>Pidgin Island</b></p>
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CHANGE OF PROGRAM EVERY DAY