Constitutional Amendments

(Continued from first page)

Louisiana, to the credit of an account or accounts to be known as Redemption Accounts, the amount of all bonds maturing or becoming payable, and it shall be the duty of said Treasurer to pay or provide for the payment of such bonds. Such deposits shall be made with the State Treasurer in timely season for the payment of such principal and interest and not less than thirty (30) days before the date when any moneys become payable. It shall be the duty of said Treasurer to collect such deposits as aforesaid, and in case of failure on the part of said Board to make said deposits in an amount sufficient to provide for the payment of interest due or to become due, and for the redemption of the bonds, the said Treasurer is hereby empowered and directed, and it is made his duty, to collect the charges and revenues of the Port and to apply the same, after providing for necessary operating expenses and any prior charges, to the payment of the principal and interest of the said bonds, and for that purpose and for such time as may be necessary, the said Treasurer is hereby authorized to exercise all the powers and duties vested in the Board of Commissioners of the Port of New Orleans. The accounts of said Board as a Department of State shall be subject to audit and investigation by the State Auditor or Supervisor of Public Accounts, and the auditor shall countersign all bonds hereafter issued. The Board may acquire real and personal property subject to mortgage or other lien and may make or execute purchase money mortgages or property acquired. Nothing herein contained shall prejudice the right of the holder of any bonds of the Port now outstanding, or that may be issued under the ordinance and mortgage heretofore made and executed for canal purposes to a segregation of such revenues as are applicable to his bonds under said ordinance and mortgage or other covenant of his bonds. This amendment shall not repeal any statutes heretofore enacted, except insofar as inconsistent herewith.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That on the official ballots to be used at said election shall be placed the words, "For the proposed amendment to the Constitution giving additional powers to the Board of Commissioners of the Port of New Orleans in the financing and control of the property under its administration," and the words, "Against the proposed amendment to the Constitution giving additional powers to the Board of Commissioners of the Port of New Orleans in the financing and control of the property under its administration," and each elector shall indicate his vote for or against the proposed amendment as provided in the general election laws of the State.

R. F. WALKER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

HEWITT BOUANCHAUD,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: July 7, 1920.

JNO. M. PARKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JAMES J. BAILEY,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 140.

House Bill No. 286—By Mr. Schell.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana as heretobefore amended relative to pensions for Confederate Veterans.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, That Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana as heretobefore amended be amended and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

Article 303. A pension not to exceed Thirty Dollars ($30.00) per month shall be allowed to each Confederate soldier or sailor veteran who possesses all of the following qualifications:

1. He shall have served honorably from the date of his enlistment until the close of the late Civil War, or until he was discharged or paroled, in some military organization, regularly mustered into the Army or Navy of the Confederate States and shall have remained true to the Confederate States until the Surrender.

2. He shall not own property of more than two thousand dollars valuation.

3. He shall not be salaried or otherwise provided for by the State of Louisiana, or by any other State or Government. In case he enlisted in any organization mustered into said service as a Louisiana organization, or in case at the date of his enlistment he resided in the State of Louisiana, he shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to his application for pension. In case he resided elsewhere than in this State, and enlisted in an organization not mustered in from Louisiana, or in the Navy of the Confederate States, he shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to his application for such pension. A like pension shall be granted to the widow who shall not have married again, in indigent circumstances, of such soldier or sailor whose marriage to her was contracted prior to January, 1895; provided that if her deceased husband served in an organization, mustered in from Louisiana, or if he resided in Louisiana, at the date of his enlistment, then in order that such widow shall be entitled to the pension as herein provided, she shall have resided in this State for at least five years prior to her application therefor; and if her deceased husband enlisted elsewhere than in Louisiana, and served in an organization not mustered in from Louisiana, such widow shall, in order to entitle her to a pension as herein provided, have resided in this State for not less than five years prior to her application for such pension; provided further that all widows who married Confederate soldiers or sailors a second time shall not be debarred from the benefits of this Act but be entitled to a pension on the same terms as other widows of deceased Confederate soldiers or sailors; provided further, that pensions whether to veterans or to widows shall be allowed only from the date of application under this Article, and the total appropriations for all pensions in any one year shall be the proceeds of an annual tax of three-fourths of one mill on the dollar which tax is hereby levied on all taxable property in the State, provided said appropriations shall never be more than an amount sufficient to pay all pensions for any one year. Any accruing surplus from said tax fund shall be held as an accumulating fund for the Confederate Veterans to be appropriated by the General Assembly for their use and benefit as the General Assembly may in future determine, and the collection of any other tax or in the making of any appropriation for pensions in excess of the amount of the three fourths of one mill tax levied and collected and to be known as "Confederate Veteran Pension Fund" is hereby prohibited and said fund is to be used for no other purpose than that herein stipulated; and upon the adoption of this Amendment same shall at once become self operative and the funds derived therefrom be immediately used for said purpose, and provided further that the tax collectors and assessors shall receive no commissions for assessing and collecting said three-fourths of one mill tax herein provided.

Provided that nothing in this Article shall be construed so as to prohibit the General Assembly from providing artificial limbs to disabled Confederate soldiers or Sailors.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That this proposed amendment be submitted to the qualified electors of the State of Louisiana, for adoption or rejection at the Congressional Election to be held on the first Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 1920.

That the official ballots to be used at said election shall have printed thereon the words: "For the proposed amendment to Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to the pensions for Confederate Veterans," and the words: "Against the proposed amendment to Article 303 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to pensions for confederate Veterans," and each elector shall indicate, as provided in the general election laws of the State, whether or not he votes for or against the amendment.

R. F. WALKER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

HEWITT BOUANCHAUD,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: July 7, 1920.

JNO. M. PARKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JAMES J. BAILEY,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 153.

House Bill No. 376—By Mr. Claiborne.
Substitute for House Bill No. 199.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Article 230 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to exempting certain industries located on the navigation Canal, New Orleans.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members elected to each House concurring, That the following amendments to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be submitted to the electors of the State at the next Congressional Election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1920, making said Article read as follows:

Article 230. The following shall be exempt from taxation, and no other, viz.: All public property, places of religious worship, or burial, the rectories and parsonages of churches and grounds thereunto appurtenant, used exclusively as residences for the ministers in charge of such churches, all charitable institutions, all buildings and property used exclusively for public monuments or historical collections, colleges and other school purposes, the real and personal estate of any public library, and that of any other library association used by or connected with such library, all books and philosophical apparatus, and all paintings and statuary of any company or association, kept in a public hall; provided, the property so exempted be not leased for purposes of private or corporate profit or income. There shall also be exempt from taxation household property to the value of five hundred dollars. There shall be exempt from taxation for a period of ten years from the date of its completion, any railroad or part of railroad that shall be constructed and completed subsequently to January 1, 1905, and prior to January 1, 1909. This exemption shall include and apply to all rights of way, roadbeds, sidings, rails, and other superstructures upon such rights of way, roadbeds or sidings; and to all depots, station-houses, buildings, erections and structures appurtenant to such railroads and the operation of the same; but shall not include the depots, warehouses, stationhouses and other structures and appurtenances nor the land upon which they are erected at terminal points, and for which franchises have been granted and obtained; whether same remain the property of the present owner or owners, or be transferred or assigned to any corporation or corporations, person or persons whomsoever, and, provided further, that this exemption shall not apply to double tracks, sidings, switches, depots or other improvements or betterments, which may be constructed by railroads now in operation within the State, other than extensions or new lines constructed by such railroads. There shall be exempt from taxation the legal reserve of life insurance companies organized under the laws of this State. The property or real estate belonging to any military organization of the State of Louisiana which is used by the State National Guard or militia for military purposes, such as arsenals or armories, while so used, shall be exempt from taxation. There shall also be exempt from taxation, loans made upon the security of mortgages granted upon real estate situated in this State, as well as the mortgages granted to secure said loans, and the notes, bonds or other written instruments evidencing the said loans, whether in the hands of the mortgagee, or his or their transferees; and all loans made by life insurance companies to their policyholders, upon the sole security of policies held by the borrower in the company making the loans, as well as all notes or other written instruments, evidencing such loans; provided, that in the case of loans upon policies of life insurance, as aforesaid, the rate of interest charged upon such loans does not exceed five per cent (5%) per annum discount.

The capital, surplus and personal estate of every corporation organized after November 23rd, 1912, in this State for the sole purpose of lending money on mortgages on country property situated in Louisiana at a rate of interest not to exceed six per cent (6%) net to the borrower, with power to negotiate and handle bonds and securities issued by the various parishes and local districts and municipalities of the State of Louisiana shall be exempt from taxation for twenty (20) years from the date of the organization of said companies; provided, that said companies shall have a full-paid cash capital stock of not less than $250,000; and, provided further, that in case any such corporation shall on any loan charge the borrower more than six per cent interest, whether by way of commission, discount or otherwise, it shall forfeit the entire exemption herein granted, and be subject to taxation from the time it makes such loan; and any such corporation handling or negotiating any securities other than those hereinabove mentioned shall incur a like forfeiture.

No such corporation shall have power to receive any money on deposit or to do a banking business of any sort, but all such corporations shall be under the control and supervision of the Examiner of State Banks, whose duty it shall be to report to the Attorney General any violation of the condition of this exemption.

Steamship companies organized as hereinafter set forth, together with their capital stock and all their property, corporeal and incorporeal, shall be exempt from all taxes and licenses, State, parish, levee and municipal, both general and special, exclusive of wharfage, shed or levee dues, for fifteen years from the date of filing with the Secretary of State proof that their authorized capital stock has been paid in full in cash.

No such steamship company shall have the benefit of this Constitutional provision except upon the following conditions:

First—That such company shall have been organized and the whole of its authorized capital stock paid in cash before January 1st, 1916.

Second—That such company shall be domiciled in the City of New Orleans, or in some other port of this State.

Third—That such company shall have a capital stock of at least three million dollars, payable only in cash.

Fourth—That it shall be provided in the charter of the company that no corporation, or firm, or individual shall own or control, either directly or indirectly, more than one-twentieth of the capital stock of the company; and that all pooling agreements and voting trusts between the stockholders to control the corporation shall be absolutely null and void and no stock held in any such pool or voting trust shall ever be voted at any corporate election or meeting.

Fifth—That the capital stock of each company shall be open to public subscription by public advertisements in the New Orleans newspapers for at least three months before the books are closed, and if over-subscribed shall be apportioned among the subscribers.

Sixth—That all vessels operated by said company shall be common carriers on every voyage unless the whole capacity of the ship shall be chartered for a particular voyage or voyages for a particular purpose.

It shall be lawful for companies so organized in addition to the powers now provided by the laws of the State to incorporate into their charters all or any of the following powers:

First—To build, charter or purchase vessels.

Second—To insure goods, wares and merchandise carried in their own bottoms against fire and perils of the sea.

Third—To build, own and rent and operate shipyards, docks, piers, wharves, and warehouses for the transaction of their business.

Fourth—To trade with foreign countries, including the foreign possessions of the United States, by exporting cargo carried thereto in their own vessels, and to import from foreign countries, including the foreign possessions of the United States, in their own vessels cargo for sale or exchange in the United States, but no ship or such company shall be laden with the company's own cargo to the exclusion of cargo offered for such voyage by the general public, and such cargo offered by the general public shall have preference on all voyages for which it is offered.

Fifth—To authorize corporations, foreign and domestic, to subscribe to and own shares of their capital stock, not however in excess of the limitation above provided.

No leased property or chartered ship shall be within the exemption herein granted, nor shall vessels of such corporations operated in the coasting trade of the United States, or operated between ports of the United States, other than Louisiana ports, and foreign countries, not including the foreign possessions of the United States, be within the exemption herein granted. One such voyage in any year shall subject the vessel making the voyage to taxation for that year.

The proof above required to be filed with the Secretary of State that the authorized capital stock has been paid in cash shall be the joint affidavit of the president and secretary of the company to the effect, accompanied by a verified trial balance of the company's books.

Each of said corporations shall possess the power of eminent domain for the purpose of acquiring land on which to erect a plant to build and repair vessels.

There shall be exempt from State, parish and municipal taxation for a period of ten (10) years from January 1, 1921, all buildings, including machinery and appurtenances located thereon, or other improvements constructed for manufacturing, commercial and business purposes on the lands of the Navigation Canal, the title of which is or may be held by the Board of Commissioners of the Port of New Orleans, as an agency of the State of Louisiana, and which may be leased from said Board by any persons or corporations conducting business thereon; provided, that not less than Twenty-five Thousand Dollars ($25,000) shall be invested in the physical property of any such enterprise, and further provided not less than twenty-five (25) persons shall be constantly employed thereon.

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That on the official ballot to be used at said election shall be placed the words: "For the proposed amendment adding to Article 230 of the Constitution of this State certain exemptions from taxation as to industries located on the Navigation Canal, New Orleans," and the words: "Against the proposed amendment adding to Article 230 of the Constitution of this State certain exemptions from taxation as to industries located on the Navigation Canal, New Orleans," and each elector shall indicate his vote on the proposed amendment as provided by the general election laws of the State.

R. F. WALKER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

HEWITT BOUANCHAUD,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved: July 7, 1920.

JNO. M. PARKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JAMES J. BAILEY,
Secretary of State.

ACT NO. 238.

Senate Bill No. 12—By Mr. Lawrason.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, amending Article 200 of the Constitution so as to provide for additional qualifications for voters in primaries, conventions or political assemblies held for the purpose of nominating party candidates for public office.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all members of each House concurring, that an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their approval or rejection at the Congressional Election to be held on the first Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 1920, amending Article 200 of the Constitution so as to read as follows:

"Article 200. No person shall vote at any primary election or in any convention or other political assembly held for the purpose of nominating any candidate for public office unless such person is at the time a registered voter, with such additional qualifications as may be prescribed by the party for which candidates for public office are to be nominated, and in all political conventions in this State the apportionment of representation shall be on the basis of population."

Section 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the official ballot shall have printed thereon: "For the proposed amendment to Article 200 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to additional qualifications for voters in primaries, conventions and political assemblies held for the purpose of nominating party candidates for public office," and the words: "Against the proposed amendment to Article 200 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana relative to additional qualifications for voters in primaries, conventions and political assemblies held for the purpose of nominating party candidates for public office."

HEWITT BOUANCHAUD,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

R. F. WALKER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved: July 8, 1920.

JNO. M. PARKER,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
JAMES J. BAILEY,
Secretary of State.

Ads. as Reputation Props

Let us build you an inch ad. in this paper; a column ad., a page ad., or any old size ad.

Let it tell in forceful terms:

What you've got to sell
What it's worth
Why it's best at that price

Such an advertisement in this paper will bring buyers who hardly knew you existed before you advertised.

Rub-My-Tism is a powerful antisep tic; it kills the poisons caused from infected cuts, cures old sores, tetter etc

Rub-My-Tism is a great pain killer. It relieves pain and soreness crused by Rheumatism, Neurlagia, Sprains, etc.

Send Your Order of Printing To The

Natchitoches Enterprise

A DOUBLE WEDDING

Brooks-Weaver; Hankins-Weaver

A very unusual and beautiful ceremony was solemnized at the Methodist church Thursday evening at 6 o'clock when the double wedding of the Weaver sisters, Joyce and Pearl, who have been inseparable since their birth, going thru all the joys, delights and occasional pains of babyhood, childhood, school days, and other memorable events in the life of girls, to Mr. J. E. Brooks and Dr. N. W. Hankins by Rev. J. W. Lee.

Just before the ceremony, Miss Josephine Bryan sang "O, Promise Me" and Miss Greenamier, "I'll Promise You," and when Mendlessohn's March sounded Miss Dessie Weaver of Shreveport, cousin of the brides, attired in an elegant costume of electric blue brocaded satin trimmed in silver lace and knots of coral velvet, with Mr. Vannie Cook entered, followed by Miss Nannie Hays of Alexandria in lavender brocaded satin and tulle, with Dr. McCook, and Miss Ysceta Looney of Conchwood in yellow brocaded satin and silver lace, with Mr. Robert Hart. These bridesmaids all wore tulle scarfs the same shade as their gowns and carried great ostrich feather fans of contrasting colors. The matron of honor, Mrs. Lane Grigsby of Shreveport, came next in a handsome gown of pink brocaded satin, then the maid of honor, Miss May Weaver, sister of the brides, in an exquisite costume of pink taffeta and silver lace and, like the matron of honor, carried a bouquet of Charles Russell roses. Then the little flower girls, Mary Kathleen Gannon and Marguerite Teer of Campti, in dainty frocks of blue and pink accordian plaited crepe de chine, and last the brides on the arms of their father and they were met at the altar rail by the grooms and their best men, Mr. T. L. Alford attending Mr. Brooks and his brother, Lowell, attending Dr. Hankins. The fair brides, who are the daughters of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Weaver, lovely, charming girls, were very beautiful in their handsome wedding gowns of ivory satin, decolte, trimmed in silver lace and orange blossoms, which same traditional flower held in place the tulle veils, coronet style, which hung the full length of the court trains. The bridal bouquets were white asters and ferns. A reception at the house followed the ceremony, when Misses Ruth Shultz, Fannie Odom, Jennie Pierson, and Winnie Weaver, in dainty lace-trimmed organdy frocks of pastel shades, attended by Messrs. Will Payne, Eric DeBlieux, Harry Hawthorne and Vey Weaver, who acted as ushers at the church, assisted Mrs. Gannon in serving delicious brick cream, angel food cake and fruit punch from a beautifully decorated table where the great old fashion bride's cake with its two miniature brides and grooms held place of honor under a cloud of tulle, and Marie Antoinette baskets filled with the graceful Rose of Montana decked the table, with crystal candlesticks with the same hued shades and mints in crystal baskets. Elegant presents were showered upon the brides and grooms that included chests of silver, cut glass, aluminum, pyrex, china, electrical grills, lamps, and devices of every kind, checks, linens, bric-a-brac, etc.

The brides presented the bridesmaids with organdy corsage bouquets, the matron of honor and the two singers with pearl ear drops, Mrs. W. T. Cunningham, who presided at the organ, a box of linen handkerchiefs, the little flower girls, lingerie pins, while the grooms gave their attendants bill folders.

Both couples left on that night's train for New Orleans from where Dr. and Mrs. Hankins went, after a few days, to Galveston to spend their honeymoon before returning to Campti, where the Dr. is a successful physician, while Mr. and Mrs. Brooks sailed for New York and from there up the Hudson to Canada, then up the St. Lawrence to the Great Lakes and then will go to Ypsilanti, where Mr. Brooks is a successful business man, to make their home.

There are more than 500 women's clubs in the Philippine Islands.

Statistics show that there is less of the better grades of cotton in the hands of the spinners and in warehouses than for the past five years. Even so, the world cannot absorb the 1920 crop in two months. To market slowly and only as the demand is persistent enough to force prices up to a profitable basis seems to be the logical course to pursue by those who can afford to hold.

FOR SALE—Second hand Padgett saddle. Apply at this office,

READ WHAT U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE SAYS ABOUT WHAT TWO RATS CAN DO

According to government figures, two rats breeding continually for three years produce 359,709,482 individual rats. Act when you see the first rat, don't wait. RAT-SNAP is the surest, cleanest, most convenient exterminator No mixing with other foods. Dries up after killing—leaves no smell. Cats or dogs won't touch it, Sold and guaranteed by Levy Drug Co. and Peoples Hardware & Furniture Co.

Registration is a civic duty.

A wonderful treat is in store for music lovers, and they comprise the majority of our citizenship, when they will be given the opportunity of hearing a singer of national reputation, one who took New York by storm last season, Mrs. Edna Thomas, who will appear here in concert on October 14th. This concert will be given under the auspices of the Boy Scouts who are keen to build a hut so that they will have a regular place to meet and keep their paraphernalia, and as everybody is interested in the noble band, besides helping them, can enjoy a treat seldom vouchsafed to Natchitochians, by securing tickets for the Edna Thomas Concert on October 14th.

EVANS & BUXTON
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
328-329 Simon Building
Shreveport, La.
Surveys - Drainage - Irrigation
We specialize in bridges and highways

Bank of Marthaville

Located at Marthaville, Parish of Natchitoches.

Report furnished to the Examiner of State Banks by the above Bank at the close of business on September 8th, 1920.

Resources:

Loans secured by mortgage		22,739.92
Other loans and discounts		22,157.96
Overdrafts unsecured		1,854.54
United States Bonds		20,642.00
Other bonds, stocks, securities, etc.,		463.69
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,077 44
Due from banks and bankers	14,211.18	
Checks on other banks	873.78	15.084.96
Gold coin	244.50	
Silver, nickel and copper coin	402.85	
National bank notes and all issues U. S. Government	2,315.00	2,962.35
Total		$89,982.86

Liabilities:

Capital stock paid in		$ 15,000.00
Surplus		1,571.95
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		2,956.59
Individual deposits subject to check	43,558.39	43,558.39
Time certificates of deposit		11,895.93
Bills payable		15,000.00
Total		$ 89,982,86

State of Louisiana.
Parish of Natchitoches.

I, A. S. Hogan, Vice-President, and I, A. A. Hammond Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. S. HOGAN, Vice-President
A. A. HAMMOND, Cashier

Subcribed and sworn to before me, this 16th day of September 1920.

J. E. Selby Notary Public.

Normal Training School Opens With Program

The Normal Training School opened on the fifteenth of the month with a general assembly and short program. Over 300 pupils, together with a goodly number of parents and friends assembled promptly at the ringing of 9:00 o'clock bell on the morning of the opening. The building was in complete readiness and the assembly hall was in order and beautifully decorated with bouquets of flowers. The teachers were assisted by a number of the Normal students who were assigned as student teachers for the fall term. The pupils gathered in their respective rooms and at a given signal marched in order to the assembly hall taking their places according to a previously arranged plan with the smaller pupils in front.

All the teachers, together with the speakers and members of the department of education were seated on the platform, while the pupils who happened to be a little late in arriving were taken care of by the student teachers and thus every one, including parents and visitors, were comfortably seated.

The program consisted of a musical number by Mr. Courtright, accompanied by Miss Clarkson and short addresses by Supt. Hudson, President Roy and Dr. Cummins, after which the new members of the staff were introduced: The pupils then retired to their rooms where assignments were made for the beginning of class work the following day. The parents and visitors were shown about the building and invited to return again as often as possible.

The enrollment at the close of the first week is as follows: Seventh grade 53, Sixth grade 48, Fifth grade 46, Fourth grade 43, Third grade 52, Second grade 36 and First grade 52, making a total enrollment of 329.

The personnel of the department consists of the following: Dr. Robert A. Cummins, Director of Education and Teacher Training and Principal of the Training School, Miss Roberta Newell, Psychology and Education; Mr. B. F. Haupt, Education and Psychology, Miss Augusta Nelken, Assistant Principal of the Training School; Miss Alice Lund, seventh grade; Miss Lenora Johnson, sixth grade; Miss Grace Bordelon, fifth grade; Mrs. O. C. Willhamson, fourth grade; Miss Mary Trousdale, third grade; Miss Bertha Haupt, second grade and Miss Mamie Etheridge, first grade. The special work in Art, Music and Penmanship is supervised by Miss Hope Haupt, Mrs. R. B. Courtright and Miss Berta Cole, respectively.

Work in athletics is being supervised by the members of the department of physical education of the Normal.

Preparations are already under way for the celebration of the three hundredth anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims, at which time the Training School will put on a big pageant. Further announcement of this will be made later.

The substitution of the second choice vote did'nt work out very well at its first trial at the primary last week, the majority of the voters not understanding it and the candidates and other politicians were obviously afraid of it and inclined to advise their followers to ignore it altogether.

1

The Facts of the Telephone Situation in Louisiana

By J. Epps Brown, *President.*

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated

The Company, The Public, The Employees

Adequate and efficient telephone service is essential to the continued prosperity of all commercial enterprises, and a telephone in the home for social intercourse is as necessary as a telephone in the place of business.

No telephone company can furnish this service without the full support of the public it serves. This is true because the interests of the public, the telephone company and its employees are identical; each must co-operate and neither can permanently profit at the expense of the other.

The Company furnishes the Plant and receives Profits.

The Employees furnish the Effort and receive Wages.

The Public furnishes the Revenue and receives Service.

The telephone situation is as much the concern of the public as it is of the Company and its employees. The sound support of the public should be based upon a knowledge of the facts.

The telephone industry in Louisiana faces a crisis unparalleled during its entire history, the cumulative effect of conditions during the past four years; conditions which this Company was powerless to influence or control.

It is the purpose of this Company to fully inform the public of the facts of this situation.

This is the first of a series of advertisements to place before the public all the facts of the telephone industry in the state of Louisiana.

It is the duty of all who have need for telephone service now, and in the future, to carefully read and consider these facts and, if convincing, to give a quick, direct and cordial support to the Company.

If any statements are questioned, they can be verified.

Our whole claim for your support is based upon established facts.

The next advertisement will give the facts of the service situation.

La.

STATE FAIR OF LOUISIANA

AND

National Jersey Cattle Show

SHREVEPORT

October 28th to November 7, Inclusive

Record-Breaking Exhibits assured in AGRICULTURAL, LIVE STOCK, POULTRY and Other Departments. PREMIUMS, $40,000.00

Fun and Frolic for Man, Woman and Child

AUTO RACES
AUTO POLO
HORSE RACES
UNIVERSITY FOOTBALL GAMES

SPECTACULAR FIREWORKS
SNAPPY HIPPODROME ACTS
NOVEL GLADWAY SHOWS
MUSIC IN ABUNDANCE

REDUCED RAILROAD RATES

For Catalog write W. R. HIRSCH, Secretary, Shreveport.

"IT'S YOUR FAIR—SO BE THERE"