

The Poet's Corner.

Printer's Ink Is King.

There is host of men who boast,
Of powder, cotton, stem;
But every hour the mighty power
Of printer's ink is seen.
It moves the world as easily
As does some mighty thing,
And men proclaim its despot's ears
That printer's ink is king!

The man of gold, of wealth untold,
Printer's ink may scorn,
Or knit his brow, nor deign to bow
To one so lowly born;
But printer's ink has built its throne
Where minds their tributes bring,
And God's most gifted intellects
Shout printer's ink is king!

King of the world of thought refined,
No abject slave it claims;
Where superstition's victims pine
It breaks their servile chains.
In every clime, in coming years,
Will men proud anthems sing,
And round the world the echoes float
That printer's ink is king!

—Exchange.

A Suggestion to Planters.

"The Item has referred to the obstacles in the way of planters obtaining financial accommodations for the purpose of considering the best plan to remove them. We find that circumstances of location, position and custom, so militate against the producers of our staple crops that it is almost impossible for them to realize anything like satisfactory returns for their labors, investments and risks. The chief difficulty, as has been shown, is in the extraordinarily high rates of interest they are required to pay for the use of money, when to persons and institutions of first-rate credit it is abundant, and cheaper than ever before known in the history of the United States. The reason for this disadvantage must be attributed to a lack of credit, without which, or capital, under modern customs, successful competition is hopeless. Were country paper as collectible as the obligations of city business men, so that bankers were sure of prompt returns of both principal and interest, it would be as eagerly sought for, and pass as freely, in bank and everywhere else that money is put out at interest.

We have shown, too, that the principal cause of want of credit by the planters arises from the difficulty of enforcing payments through the country courts. Some unpleasant experiences are on record as evidence of this fact, and they have a very depressing effect upon those who may be solicited to repeat the doubtful experiment. It is to the highest interest of the planters themselves that they should build up their own credit, not only individually but as a class, on a solid foundation. This can only be done by establishing guarantees of prompt payment, and submitting to regulations simpler in form and more easily avoided of than now exist.

A step in the right direction, and an important one, would be such a change in our laws as to give jurisdiction to enforce contracts to the courts where they are made. Banks, money lenders and merchants who sell on time do not, of course, contemplate having to resort to a lawsuit to collect their debts; yet they are not indifferent to facilities for that purpose in case of necessity. Hence the laws and customs of collection become important though often latent factors in every transaction or contract by which two or more persons assume the relations of debtor and creditor to each other.

Under existing laws, a debtor can only be sued in the court of his domicile, which the city creditor has found by costly experience to be a very inadequate remedy. He will not lend his money under such circumstances at as low a rate as he is glad to accept from better customers nearer home. Were our laws to be so changed that the country borrower could consent to the jurisdiction

of the court at the domicile of the lender, or at the place of contract, the planter would soon find his way to obtain credit smoothed in a mysterious and effective manner. A proposition of the kind, has we learn, been under consideration by an intelligent Senator of one of the country parishes, himself a planter, and we hope others will give it careful attention, and, after consultation with their neighbors, frame a suitable bill to be presented and urged at the next session of the Legislature.

Such a policy would be much more to the interest of the planter than of the banks and money lenders. The latter find no great difficulty in placing their funds at their asking rates. But as they refuse, under existing laws and usages, to accept the planters as customers, it is necessary to interpose middlemen who charge for their intermediary services, in one way or another, quite as much as the bank does for interest. At present, therefore, the planter pays a double rate, and his merchant takes good care that he does pay. By a very simple process he could reduce his annual interest account one-half, or more, and have no difficulty in getting all the money he wanted. The banks would not make a dollar more, while the enhanced value to planters of the credit to which they are justly entitled, and which they could have by merely asking for it in the right way, would be equal to the present worth of their plantations and stock as shown by the assessment rolls."

The above suggestions from the Item are excellent as long as planters persist in the money borrowing policy; but the sooner they work themselves into the path of independence the better will it be for them.

Cure For Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching and effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, O. Sold by Julius Koch

Vacancy in the United States Naval Academy.

ST. LOUIS PLANTATION, April 18, 1885.

A vacancy exists in the Naval Academy of the United States, from the Third Congressional District of Louisiana.

Candidates must be between the ages of fourteen and eighteen years, and physically sound, well formed and of robust constitution, and an actual resident of the Third District.

Accepted candidates will be required to report for examination at the Naval Academy on the 15th of May next.

The candidates will be examined physically by a Board composed of three Medical Officers of the Navy, and mentally by the Academic Board, in reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic, geography, English grammar, history and algebra.

A more detailed description of the mode of these examinations can be furnished.

Candidates who possess the physical and mental examinations will receive appointments as naval cadets, and become inmates of the Academy.

Each cadet will be required to sign articles by which he binds himself to serve in the United States Navy eight years, including his time of probation at the Academy, unless sooner discharged.

The pay of a cadet is \$500 a year, commencing at the date of his admission.

Before admission into the Academy each naval cadet must deposit

with the paymaster, to cover outfit of clothing, etc., required by regulations, \$165.32, from which the value of clothing brought from home is to be deducted, and for the purchase of text books, \$20.

Each naval cadet, one month after admission, will be credited with the amount of his actual expenses in traveling from his home to the Academy.

I will be pleased to recommend to the Secretary of the Navy, a young man from my district, who aspires to the position and has the qualification required.

Notice of place of examination will be given hereafter.

Journals published and circulated in our district will please publish.

EDWARD J. GAY.

A Walking Skeleton.

Mr. E. Springer, of Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a medicinal bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs." Call at James A. Lee's Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for Lung Diseases. Large bottles \$1.32

Degenerate Sons of Statesmen.

Any one who attends the President's receptions is struck by the physical contrast between the prominent statesmen of the day and their hopeful sons. It is well known that all the United States Senators, with three exceptions, and nearly all the able men in the House of Representatives are above the average height, and of very ample proportions. They are self-made men, and required all the vitality of their large frames to raise themselves in the world. They are an honor to the White House, and lend dignity to its receptions. But what a pitiful lot are their wretch-like daddies of sons, with their spindle legs, dwarfed frames, sunken chests, and colorless faces—ambitious, dissipated, worthless, without even a manly vice. There are some marked exceptions, but the average society young man as seen at the White House is anything but an object of admiration. It is a common sight to see a handsome, stately girl with one of these little objects trotting across the room at her side, scarcely reaching her shoulders. That women don't admire the puny things is proved by the rarity of marriage in Washington society, except in army and navy circles, where the young men are more manly in form and character.—Philadelphia Times.

Frightful Discovery.

Greenville, Ohio, March 11.—Word was brought here this morning that last Saturday, while sawing up some logs in a clearing near Gordon, an out of the way place in this county, the workmen came across a log that was hollow. They ran a pole into it and found that the hollow extended apparently but a few feet into the log. They then sawed it off where they thought it was sound, and when the task was completed they made the horrible discovery that they had sawed through a dead man's head just above the eyes. No one in the neighborhood recognized the man, and the body had evidently been in the log for some time, though it is an unsolved mystery how he got there. A sum of money amounting to \$400 was found in the dead man's pocket. The find created a great deal of excitement.

Thousands Say So.

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by James A. Lee.

Wrongs of the People.

London, March 20.—The dowry given by the Duke of Bedford to his daughter on her marriage with Sir Edward Mallet yesterday was \$650,000, invested in consols. The papers to day have columns of descriptions of the gorgeous wedding ceremonies in Westminster Abbey. The Radical newspapers contrast the unseemly splendor of the wedding pageant with the Duke of Bedford's constant refusals to subscribe to local charities. They recall the fact that the bulk of his immense income is derived from the rental of rookeries in London slums, which are in a sad state of dilapidation. They also recall that during the small-pox scare in London, last summer, the Duke of Bedford refused to clean the pestiferous alleys of his property around Covent Garden Market, and even refused to allow others to remove the accumulated filth of years.

Wild Cherry And Tar.

Everybody knows the virtues of Wild Cherry and Tar as a relief and cure for any affections of the Throat and Lungs, combined with these two ingredients are a few simple healing remedies in the composition of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup making it just the article you should always have in the house, for Coughs, Colds, Croup and Bronchitis. Price 50 cents and \$1. Samples free. Sold by Julius Koch.

A singular sermon was delivered last Sunday by one of the ablest clergymen of Chicago, in which he asserted that poverty is increasing; that the fault is with the rich, and that dynamite is perhaps the only agent which can produce that ideal society in which there is no great poverty and no excessive wealth. In the course of his dynamite declamation, the pious preacher asserted that the addition of machinery had not increased the welfare of the laboring classes, and that the tendency of things is to make the rich richer and the poor still poorer, if possible. There are thousands of women who use the sewing machines who will not agree with the preacher on this point.

A daring landlord in Berlin has introduced paper plates. Bread and butter, cakes and similar articles were served on a pretty papier mache plate, having a border in relief and resembling porcelain. The landlord liked them because they were so cheap they could be thrown away after once using; waiters liked them for their lightness, and because they were neither to be washed nor broken, and guests were delighted to take them away as souvenirs.

Hard Times.

While money is close, wages and prices low, expenses should be cut down in every household. Economy the watch word for Mothers, head off Doctor bills, by always keeping in the house, a bottle of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup. Stops a Cough instantly, relieves Consumption, cures Croup and pain in the Chest in one night. It is just the remedy for hard times. Price 50 cts. and \$1.00. Samples free. Sold by Julius Koch.

A terrible story comes from Taxpan, Mexico. Two years ago two men agreed to exchange wives. The swap was favorably received by one of the women, but the other resisted the vile contract with all her power. She threatened to expose the two wretches, and they, to punish and at the same time silence her, took her to a lonely place not far from town and there buried her alive. The act would never have come to light had not one of the wretches tried to commit the same act on a young girl whom he had failed to ruin, and who, managing to escape, brought the whole affair to the knowledge of the authorities.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. A. Lee.

Mrs. Mary Benjamin, of Ames, Iowa, is visiting in Lafayette, Ind., and is reported to be 112 years old. She is sister of the famous Commodore Perry, and remembers Washington and other Revolutionary heroes. She has 120 children, grand children and great grand children.

The language of letter seals is the latest. A seal of pink wax means congratulation; one of purple, friendship; of red, business; and an invitation to a wedding or other festivity is sealed with white wax.

Painting, Papering

Orders for House, Sign or Carriage painting, papering, etc., etc., promptly executed. First-class work guaranteed. Also, Matresses made to order by

J. DE LA CROIX,

86 Main Street, adjoining Kochs Drug Store, New Iberia, La. Or send orders by mail.

JULIUS KOCH,

Druggist and Chemist,

No. 81 Main St., New Iberia, La.

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FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

School Books, Stationery, Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window Glass, Tobacco, Cigars, Smokers Materials, Etc., Etc.

Prescriptions carefully compounded from Pure and Fresh Drugs, at all hours. jan24-v

C. W. GEORGE

Contractor and Builder,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

Hand Made Cypress Cisterns

House Moving

Done at Short Notice and at Moderate Terms. All Work Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction.

SHOP—Upper Main street, New Iberia, La. Orders left at A. Erath's and A. Bonduel's hardware stores will receive prompt attention. Address communications to P. O. Box 56. Send for Price List. jan 24-y

Succession Sale

SUCCESSION OF M. L. SCHEXNAYDER

21st Judicial District Court, Parish of Iberia, State of Louisiana.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order issued out of the Honorable the 21st Judicial District Court, holding session in and for Iberia parish, date April 1st, 1885, there will be sold at public auction by a duly authorized auctioneer or by the administrator,

ON THE 14TH DAY OF MAY, 1885, between legal sale hours, at the late residence of the deceased at Jeanerette, in this parish, the following property composing the said succession, to-wit:

First—A certain lot of ground with the house, buildings and improvements thereon and thereunto belonging, situated in the town of Jeanerette, measuring about 10 feet front on Main street by 210 feet depth bounded north by lot just below described, south by Druilhet street, east by Main street and west by 3d and 4th below described.

Second—A certain lot of ground with the dwelling and improvements thereon and thereunto belonging situated in the town of Jeanerette, measuring 84 feet front on Main street more or less, by 210 feet depth, more or less bounded north by lot of Chas. Poisson, south by lot first above described, east by Main street and west by fourth lot below described.

Third—Another certain lot of ground in the town of Jeanerette, without improvements measuring about 94 feet front on Church street by 125 feet in depth bounded north by fourth lot below described, south by Druilhet street, east by lot first above described and west by Church street.

Fourth—Another certain lot of ground said town, without improvements, measuring about 95 feet front on Church street by 125 feet in depth and bounded north by land of Charles Poisson, south by the lot above described, east by first and second lots above described, and west by Church street.

Fifth—A certain tract of land improved, situated in the rear of said town of Jeanerette, containing about 30 superficial arpents and bounded north by land of Charles Poisson, south by those of Lucie Druilhet, east by track of Morgan La. & Tex. R. R. & S. S. Co., and west lands of Delaboussaye and others.

Sixth—A lot of merchandise, such as usually kept in a country store and enumerated in the inventory on the succession record in the office of the Court of Court, New Iberia, La.

Seventh—A lot of household furniture also enumerated in said inventory.

Terms and Conditions of Sale.

The immovable property one-fourth cash on the spot, and the balance payable in one, two and three years from date of sale and to be represented by notes corresponding with above terms and to bear per cent interest from date till paid. The payment of said notes to be secured by special mortgage and vendors lien on the property and the improvements to be insured and kept insured in a good and solvent insurance company for the benefit of any holder or holders of the notes to be furnished.

The movable property to be sold for CASH.

ERNEST A. MINVILLE, Administrator of Succession of M. L. Schexnayder.