NEW IBERIA ENTERPRISE

AND INDEPENDENT OBSERVER.—Consolidated March 1st, 1902.

M. W. FISHER, Editor. DEVOTED TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF HOME INTERESTS. R. D. SOUTHWELL, Associate Editor.

VOLUME XVIII. NEW IBERIA, LA., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1903. NUMBER 50

CLIPPING CONTEST FOR GIRLS UNDER 14 Years of Age

On May 1st, we will award the little BUCK'S Junior Range, which is now on display at our store, to the little girl clipping the greatest number of our ads containing BUCK'S trade mark. The prize is a little beauty and worth working for.

Remember this contest is

FREE To girls under 14 Years.

Get your friends and relation to help you win the prize.

This is the first ad to count.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES P. L. & O. Renoudet

HALLIDAY WIND MILL
Best by test.
Prices right.

JOHN DEERE IMPLEMENTS
Highest grade goods on the market. Yet our prices are moderate.

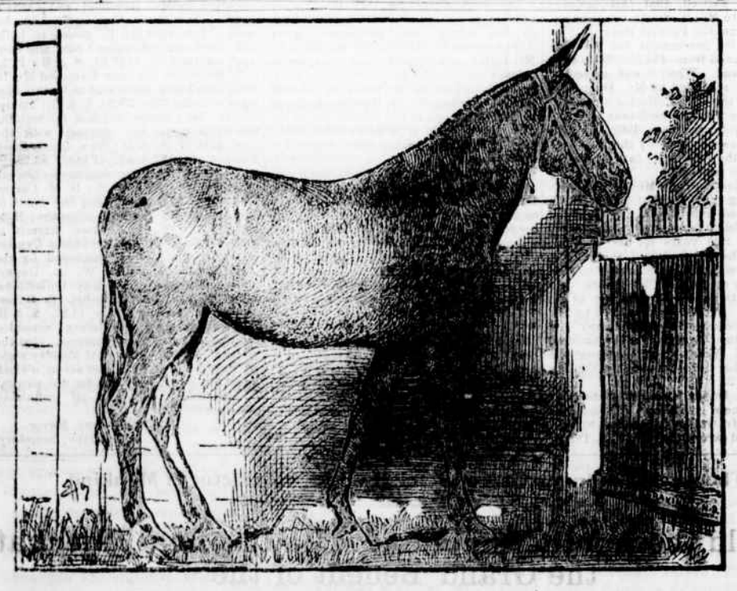
$25.00 In Gold Given Away ON JULY 1st, 1903.

TO THE family using the greatest number of barrels of the following brands of flour, for biscuit making buy ***Cream of Patents White Eagle Zephyr***, for bread making buy ***Red Seal***. Every sack warranted to be the best ***High Patent Flour***. Keep your sacks and labels on heads of barrels, and bring them to

A. S. CONWAY, Julia Street, New Iberia, La.

who will pay to the one holding the greatest number of labels $25.00 in gold. If your merchant does not keep this brand of flour insist on his getting it from

A. S. CONWAY, wholesale only, *111 JULIA STREET.* BOTH PHONES.



My first consignment of extra quality Kentucky Mules and first-class Harness and Saddle Horses arrived from Lexington, Ky., last Thursday and can be seen at Schwing & Eves' Stables, on lower Main Street. Call and see them.

A. B. MURRAY, New Iberia.

SUCCESSION SALE.

SUCCESSION OF J. ODILLON LeBLANC AND ALZIRE HEBERT.

State of Louisiana, Parish of Iberia, 19th Judicial District Court.

By virtue of an order from the Honorable the 19th Judicial District Court of Louisiana, for Iberia Parish, dated January 10th, 1903, issued in the above succession and to me directed, I, Arthur LeBlanc, Administrator of the above estate will offer for sale and will sell at public auction to the last and highest bidder, FOR CASH, at the late residence of the deceased in Iberia Parish, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14TH, 1903, between legal sale hours, the following described property, to-wit:

1. A certain tract of land situated on Lake Simonette and measuring in superficial area more or less forty arpents and bounded on the north by public road, on the south by Lake Simonette, on the east by John A. Mellhenny et als., and on the west by Theodale Boudreaux, and being item three upon the inventory in said successions.

2. Another certain tract of land situated in the same locality, measuring in superficial area more or less, seventeen and three-fourth arpents and bounded on the north by Homer Jones et als, or assigns, on the south by Duras Romero, and on the east by estate of Alphonse LeBlanc, and on the west by Jacques Theaux, and being item number four on the inventory and appraisement in said successions.

3. A certain lot of ground with all the buildings and improvements thereon and thereunto belonging and all appurtenances thereof, situated in the City of New Iberia, Parish and State aforesaid, measuring —— feet front on Madison Street, by a depth of one hundred and —— feet, and bounded on the north by Mrs. Marcellin Boudreaux or assigns, on the south by public school property, on the east by Madison Street, and on the west by F. E. Veazey et als., and being item six in the inventory of said successions.

4. Two milch cows, one yearling, one yoke of oxen, three mules, one pair of mules, one pair of horses, one lot of sheep, one lot of hogs, one lot of chickens, one lot of plows, harrows and farm implements, one saddle and bridle, one Home sewing machine, one buggy and harness, three small beds and bedding and one closet desk, one bed and bedding and wash stand blankets and pillows, one bed and bedding, one dresser, one center table, one armoir and one lot of chairs, two safes, two tables, six chairs, one wagon, one ox cart, one horse cart, two pistols, one lot of corn, one lot of sweet potatoes, one stove and culinary utensils, one lot of blacksmith tools.

ARTHUR LeBLANC, Administrator.

JNO. T. WHITE

REAL ESTATE
NOTARY and
FIRE INSURANCE

HAS THE FOLLOWING LIST OF PROPERTIES FOR SALE

112 acres; well improved farm; all in cultivation; good buildings; garden; orchard; pecan trees; 5 miles south of town.

100 acre farm, improved, in fine condition, near town.

85 acre farm, improved, good for dairy or truck farm, one mile from town.

4 acre tract on Main street, with good house, all under fence, nice for poultry and berries.

5 acres with good buildings, dwelling and store at Hubertville, one mile from Jeanerette.

Lot on Main street, 50x150 feet.

Lot on Bank Avenue, near Main street, 100x207 feet.

Lot on Madison street, near Weeks street, 50x150 feet.

Lot on Iberia street, 80x131 feet.

Lot on Providence street, 80x126 feet. $400.

2500 acres, Parish of St. Martin, partly cleared with improvement, balance hard wood and cypress timber. $5.00 per acre.

7 acres near town, fronting Bayou and Public road.

Lot in Lee addition 51x125 fronting Hill Street.

Lot on Main St., East End, 100x200.

71 acres; well improved, all in cultivation. Fine residence, large barn, other buildings. Price, $3,500, ⅓ cash balance 1-2 years.

Lot 55x100 feet, corner Vine and Main streets, $600.

Lot on Iberia St., 64x140, $250.

Lot on Dale St., 80x114, $125.

Lot 96x150 eastside bayou, 2 houses, renting for 14.00 per month, price $1,500. Purchaser to assume obligation to Building Association paying difference in cash. Good chance.

15 acres in Fausse Point, fronting Bayou and Public road, small house, $600.

62½ Arpents, fronting Bayou and road, Fausse Pointe, good dwelling and outbuildings, some wood land. $2,500.

Corner lot on West Main St., $600.

52 arpents in cultivation, improvements, 3 miles from town.

SUCCESSION SALE.

SUCCESSION OF CLEMENCE MIGUES, DECEASED.—NO. 1074.

Parish of Iberia State of Louisiana, 19th Judicial District Court.

By virtue of an order and commission issued unto me from the Honorable 19th Judicial District Court of the State of Louisiana, in and for the parish of Iberia, dated January 23d, 1903, issued in the above entitled matter, I, Laodice Migues, administrator of the above named succession will offer for sale and will sell at public auction to the last and highest bidder for Cash, on the premises at the last residence of the deceased for the purpose of paying debts, in Iberia Parish, La.,

ON SATURDAY MARCH 7th, 1903,

between legal sale hours; all the property belonging to the succession of the deceased, Clemence Migues, which is as follows:

A certain lot of ground situated in the parish of Iberia at a place called Petite Anse, containing forty five arpents more or less, bounded north by public road, south by lands of Drouet, east by lands of Pierre Audibert, and west by public road.

Also one dwelling house situated thereon, one corn crib and potato house, forty old planks attached to fence, one bedstead, one old cabin, one pair of creole mules, one bedstead and bedding, one armoir one cattle brand, etc.

Another tract of wood land situated in the same parish containing five arpents in area bounded north by lands of Segura, south by sea marsh, east by lands of Bonin and west by Bayou Petite Anse.

LAODICE MIGUES, Administrator.

WANTED

To purchase 50,000 acres of Timber and Swamp Lands. Parties having tracts of land for sale, will please communicate with F. G. BLUMENTHAL, P. O. Box 176, New Iberia, La.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Drs. Dupuy and Salter, alternately will visit New Iberia every Sunday. Practice limited to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat. Dr. Sabatier's office, hours: 10 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

WANTED AT ONCE.

5 Carpenters on Keystone Plantation. Wages $1.50 per day with board and lodging.

KEYSTONE PLANTATION.

THE ENTERPRISE AND OBSERVER—CONSOLIDATED.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF IBERIA PARISH AND TOWN OF NEW IBERIA

Subscription, $1.50 per Annum

THE NEGRO'S FOOL FRIENDS.

If there ever was a situation in which the negroes of the United States would be justified in crying out for deliverance from the machinations of their friends, it would seem that that occasion has arrived. With a heady and impetuous President going out of his way to stir up the dying embers of race antagonism and sectional rancor, and with incendiarists like Hays, the negro lawyer, delivering inflammatory creeds like the speech before the Afro American League at Washington a day or two since, the position of the negro never appeared in a worse way than at present.

That the President's usurpation of law in the Indianola case, and his defiance of local sentiment by such appointments as that of Crum at Charleston, have produced a speedy effect upon the negroes of the South in the awakening of their worst passions and most criminal instincts is attested by two atrocious incidents occurring in this State during the present week. On Monday Sheriff Oury of St. Charles Parish, was ruthlessly murdered by a negro fiend who had deliberately prepared for such a deed and openly boasted of his purpose to "kill a white man;" and on the same day at Plaquemine an inoffensive white man out walking with his wife and child, was murderously attacked by a mob of negroes and severely beaten before he could be rescued. Similar instances have been manifested throughout the South since the Indianola incident, showing that the negroes interpret the President's act as intimating that they are downtrodden and deprived of their rights, and that he proposes to take their part and help them humiliate and punish the white people of the South.

Naturally such murderous outbreaks as those above referred to meet with a swift and bloody response on the part of the white men, and race wars of the most desperate character are inevitable throughout the South unless the insane folly of such misguided friends of the negro as Hayes and Theodore Roosevelt is stayed. And in other material ways the negro will suffer if this course shall be adhered to and the negro is led to look elsewhere than to the authority and laws of the State of which he may be a citizen for protection and help. Every Southern State is providing as liberally as possible for the education and training of the negro without regard to the amount of taxes he may pay into the State treasury. There has always been a distinct sentiment, although that sentiment has been in the minority, opposed to negro education, more often than otherwise, has spoiled a good farm hand to make a tin-horn gambler or a nimble artist prone to live by his wits.

Notwithstanding the existence of such a sentiment those who have controlled the policies and the government of the Southern States have gone along taxing themselves for the education of the negro, and in very many counties and parishes paying out for negro education more than the total amount paid by negroes into the treasury for all purposes whatsoever. Does that fact indicate that the white men of the South are the enemies of the negro? Does it point to the necessity of the negro looking to pretended friends at the North for protection and help against the white men of the South? If it be Mr. Roosevelt's purpose to array the negroes against the white men of the South—and whether he so intends it or not, his actions are rapidly resulting in that—what obligation will the South be under to continue the sacrifices it has made to fit the negro for acceptable citizenship? Why should the South be expected to continue to educate a race whose hand is lifted against it in deadly hostility?

Even now a candidate has been announced for the governorship of one of our sister Southern States on the distinct platform of a division of the public school fund between the races in exact proportion to the amount of taxes paid by the respective races. It has been an up-hill task, owing both to poverty and prejudice, to work up a proper interest in public education in all parts of the South, but just at the time when that sentiment has been worked up, and is sweeping like a tidal wave over the South, in step the fool friends of the negro and an issue is injected which infinitely strengthens the contention of the opponents of negro education, and raises the question among thinking men as to the wisdom of the plan we have pursued.

The States is firm in the belief that we have wasted millions of dollars in the South by going about the education of the negro in the wrong way. He is not fitted to receive the kind of education that we have been striving to give him. He must occupy a subordinate position in the South or get out of here altogether. Even if he had the capacity to successfully master Greek roots and the ologies of science—which, save in exceptional instances, is not the case—so long as it is impossible and unthinkable for him to move on terms of social equality with the best of our people it would almost be criminal to so endow him. There is no use to mince words on this subject. If the negro desires to become a determinative factor in society or in government, if his ambition be to move in the most select circles, then he must seek a country of his own in which to do it. For the South to spend multiplied millions of dollars in the work of fitting him to occupy such a station and then deny him the privilege of occupying it, were worse than midsummer madness.

He can never occupy such a position in the South, hence the folly of directing his education along these lines must be apparent. In this connection we are pleased to note that a meeting of the State Board of Education of Louisiana will shortly be called to consider this phase of the question. Education in manual labor and agricultural and industrial training, suggest the proper sphere of negro education in the South. If he desires to remain among us as an agriculturist or artisan in the various industrial lines, there is room for him and he will prosper, if he is industrious and law abiding. He will receive every encouragement and assistance and he can perform a valuable work in helping to build up the South and to establish a home for himself where he can thrive under the equal protection of the law.

But if he aspires to social equality, or to high political station it is well enough for him to understand now and for all time that he can never attain it in the South. If such be his ambition, let him seek it where conditions are such that he can build up a country and establish a nation and a government of his own; and in this effort he will have no warmer friends and well wishers than the white men of the South. The true national spirit is such as to lead its possessor to prefer to "rule in hell than to serve in heaven," and if the negro has that spirit he will have no hesitancy about leaving the South where he can never hope to rule, and establishing a country in which he will have full scope for all his capacity and power of self-government.

We shall be plain about it.

We are rapidly nearing the parting of the ways. The negro must understand that on the one hand there are in the South peace, prosperity and equal protection of the law for him so long as he consents to remain in a subordinate position. On the other hand, there are opportunities elsewhere for him to establish a goverment in which he shall be supreme socially, politically and radically. It is for him to choose which path he shall take; but to choose any other than either of these will be madness. But so long as he remains here he must understand that his education will conform to the interests of the country, and he will perforce occupy an inferior position.—*N. O. Daily States.*

A TEXAS WONDER.

Hall's Great Discovery.

One small bottle of Hall's great discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of $1. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by druggists, and Estorge Drug Co.

Read This.

New Iberia, La., August 25, 1901.

Dr. E. W. Hall, St. Louis, Mo.:

Dear Sir—Your Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, has done me more good for Kidney, Bladder and Rheumatism than anything I ever used. Yours truly,

T. A. DEROUEN.

THE BUGLER'S CHEST

Is well expanded. He uses his lungs to their fullest capacity. People in ordinary do not use much over half their lung power. The unused lung surface becomes inert, and offers a prepared ground for the attack of the germs of consumption. There is no need to warn people of the danger of consumption, but warning is constantly needed not to neglect the first symptoms of diseased lungs.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures obstinate coughs, bronchitis, bleeding lungs, and other conditions which, if neglected or unskilfully treated, find a fatal termination in consumption. It is entirely free from opiates and narcotics.

"About three years ago I was taken with a bad cough, vomiting and spitting blood," writes Mr. D. J. Robinson, of Spring Garden, W. Va. "I tried many remedies; nothing seemed to help me till I commenced using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. After using ten bottles and four vials of its 'Pleasant Pellets,' I commenced to improve. My case seemed to be almost a hopeless one. Doctors pronounced it ulcer of the lungs. I was sick nearly two years—part of the time bedfast. Was given up to die by all. I thought it would be impossible for me to live over night at one time. I haven't spit any blood now for more than twelve months and worked on the farm all last summer. It was Dr. Pierce's medicines that cured me."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach.

The "Medical Adviser," in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay for mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

AN INSULT TO THE SOUTH

The recent dinner at Washington shows that the president of these United States will, if he can, tear down the barriers which has made possible in the South a civilization equal to that of any other section of the American Union. The action of President Roosevelt inviting and entertaining several negroes at a reception is not the result of an erratic impulse of a very earatic man, but it is a deliberate, studied insult to the self respecting white people of the South. It not only denotes that the president holds in supreme contempt the welfare of a large portion of his constituency, but that he would, if permitted, bring upon them the curse of mongrelism with its inevitable off-spring of moral and social degradation.

All who have intelligence enough and who are honest enough, and to see things with the eyes of prejudice and hatred, know well that the line of demarcation, established in the South soon after Yankee traders unloaded their first cargo of African slaves on Southern soil, has preserved the integrity and purity of the Caucasian race in this section. If Southern men and women had been of Roosevelt's way of thinking, there would have been no social distinction on account of the racial inferiority of the African and the South would be to-day the home of a mongrel population, unfit for the habitation of white people who lay claim to refinement and virtue. Fortunately for the present civilization the perverts who advocated and admixture of the whites and blacks as a solution of the race problem have had no perceptible influence in shaping the destinies of the South. They were looked upon as madmen, just as Roosevelt is beginning to be considered by the serious-minded people of the Southern States.

During two centuries the people of the South have builded the social barrier the foundation of which was laid by the divine hand of the Master. This barrier has been the salvation of the South—the foundation of Southern society. It has stood like the rocks against the assaults directed by the enemies of Southern civilization, and all the Roosevelts that hell can hold shall not break it down. Ordinarily the recognition on terms of social equality of a few negroes at Washington would not provoke any comment, but the recent affair at the White House is given much prominence and is fraught with great evil because of the exalted position of the man who sanctions it. If it showed merely the predilections of Mr. Roosevelt it would not concern the South in the least. But as it is, the South's duty is to protest against it. Every Southern representative in Congress who is not muzzled by "policy" will denounce it. Every Southern man should have something to say about it.—*Ex.*

The German papers got their back up on account of the criticisms of the American press of the bombardment of fort San Carlos. They can pull it down whenever they get ready. Uncle Sam doesn't care a copper.

Beauty Triumphs,

'Tis a Priceless Treasure.

No woman objects to being beautiful. Beauty is woman's charm, joy, pride and strength. The world has always petted and adored beautiful women. A pretty woman dreads maternity for fear of losing this power and influence over men. What can be done to perpetuate the race and keep women beautiful? There is a balm universally used by cultured and uncultured women in the crisis. Husbands will do well to investigate this remedy in order to reassure their wives on the point of ease with which children can be born and all beauty of form and figure retained.

Mother's Friend

is the simple name by which this invaluable remedy is known. It will diminish all pain allied to motherhood. Used throughout pregnancy it will dispel morning sickness, cure sore breasts, make elastic all tendons and fibres called upon to hold in position the expanding burden. Muscles soften under its soothing influence and the patient anticipates favorably the issue, in the comfort thus bestowed.

Mother's Friend is a liniment for external application. Women's own pretty fingers rub it gently on the parts so severely taxed, and it is instantly absorbed and so lubricates the parts.

Your druggist sells it for $1 per bottle. You may have our book "Motherhood" free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Prevention the Best Cure.

Chicago found it necessary to take her coal dealers into the criminal court in order to loosen their greedy clutches on consumers. Kansas City does these things better—sometimes. There has been no coal "famine" in this city and exorbitantly high prices of fuel. The Journal noted the movement in this direction early and administered copious doses of publicity. The dealers who were planning to have a "famine" here were thus reminded unpleasantly of the experience of the ice trust a year or so ago when it was subjected to the publicity treatment and forced to surrender to an aroused public sentiment. They did not care to take up a burden of this sort and discreetly decided to continue business in the legitimate and usual way. It is proper in this connection to say that not all the Kansas City coal firms were participating in the movement to create a bogus famine. Some of them are above that sort of thing.—*Kansas City Journal.*

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNIN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pill's are the best.

The conviction of Col. Lynch for treason by the British government is a step backward. This is the first English treason case for sixty years. This case is another manifestation of the Irish problem. Lynch was elected to parliament as a protest against the unjust Irish policy of the British government. He fought against the English forces in South Africa because as an Irishman he rebelled against Great Britain. The treason trial has called the attention of the world to Irish grievances, and if he is executed according to sentence another name will be added to the list of Irish martyrs.—*Memphis News.*

CANCER CURED!!

Mr. W. W. Pickett, Smithfield, Ills., writes, Sept., 19th, 1901: "I had been suffering several years with a cancer on my face, which gave me great annoyance and unbearable pending. I was using Ballard's Snow Liniment for a sore leg, and through an accident, I rubbed some of the liniment on the cancer, and as it gave me almost instant relief, I decided to continue to use the liniment on the cancer. In a short time the cancer came out, my face healed up and there is not the slightest scar left. I have implicit faith in the merits of this preparation, and it cannot be too highly recommended." 25c, 50c and $1.00. For sale be Estorge Drug Company.

A negro, Sam Sanders by name, who claims Lexington, Miss., as his home, has been flooding the postoffice at Albany N. Y., with money orders for 5 and 10 cents, addressed to prominent politicians, asking that they look into the matter of $1 which he claims to have sent to Senator David B. Hill several years ago.

The Southern Pacific has placed a special train at the disposal of the Boer agents to inspect certain sections of Louisiana and Texas with a view of locating a large Boer colony.

The best pill's, "Once tried and you will always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says William A. Girard, Pease, Vt. These Tablets are the most prompt, most pleasant and most reliable cathartic in use. For sale by James A. Lee.

It is said that it costs the government over a million dollars a year to run its weather bureau. The Homer Guardian-Journal very rightly complains that the cost is too steep considering the weather we are getting.

Escaped an Awful Fate.

Mr. H. Huggins of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by Albert Estorge Druggest. Price 50c & $1.00.

Trial Bottles free.

"If I had 100 or 1000 children," says E. Benjamin Andrews, chancellor of the University of Nebraska, in a recent lecture, "I would want every one of them to play football, if they were strong enough, and to play it hard and strenuously. Boys ought to be trained in strenuousness. That is the great value of football; it is a school of endurance, courage and resolution."

KIDNEY CURE.

There is no disease so insinuating, so slow but sure, as kidney disease, or so wide-spread. The symptoms are so slight as to generally escape notice.

The first indications appear in the urine, with varied effects. The quantity may be increased or decreased; it is likely to be highly colored and scalding; it may be pale or thin, or thick and milky with a sediment. Later on more pronounced symptoms will be present, such as dizziness, bloating, etc., with marked bladder and urinary disorders.

Poisonous waste matter is collected by the blood from all parts of the system and carried to the kidneys, where it is separated and cast out through the urine. The kidneys deal with the blood only, deriving nourishment therefrom. Hence, if the blood is bad the kidneys are not only overworked, but underfed. How necessary it is, therefore, that the purity and vitality of the blood should be maintained. It is plain why the great blood purifier and strengthener—Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic—has been successfully used in treating kidney diseases and in preventing same. In purifying the blood the kidneys are greatly relieved, while, at the same time, new strength and vitality are given these organs. The following letter tells a very old story:

PINE KNOT, KY., June 25, 1902.

The Dr. Harter Medicine Co., Dayton, O.

GENTLEMEN: I had a severe case of typhoid fever six years ago, which left my kidneys in bad order. I have tried a number of remedies and taken treatment from doctors, but Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic has done me more good than everything else. C. CORDELL, Merchant and Mine Operator.

There are thousands of just such cases as the above that are treated without results because they are wrongly treated. Mr. Cordell's condition resulted from an exhausting fever; the kidneys, as well as the rest of the system, had been wasted by disease. No wonder Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic promptly cured, because it purified and enriched the blood, and such blood carried new strength and vitality directly to the kidneys and to all the organs.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.