

PERSONAL BUT POLITE

Ruffin Stirling was at home for the week-end.

Dr. W. W. Montfort leaves shortly to practice near Alexandria.

Lawrence Mann was at home for Sunday.

Miss Fannie Dampf and brother were in Woodville, last week.

H. T. Pye went to New Orleans on the 4th.

Miss Dot Fischer concluded her visit of several weeks here on Sunday.

Miss Lucy Wilson of L. S. U. was a week-end guest of Miss Effie Bickham.

Miss Allie Jelks spent the fourth at her home in Port Hudson.

J. G. Perkins was in Baton Rouge Tuesday.

Dr. E. P. Flower was a guest of Mrs. Max Dampf on Friday.

Mrs. John Lawson has been quite sick this week with fever.

Mrs. A. D. Thoms and her twin grandchildren have returned from a visit to Laurel Hill.

Judge Lawrason spent Tuesday in Baton Rouge.

Jno. F. Irvine was in New Orleans, Tuesday.

Messrs. H. M. Stewart and Chas. Argue were in Baton Rouge Tuesday afternoon.

C. T. Tooraen and daughter, Miss Mary, visited in New Orleans from Friday until Tuesday night.

Mrs. Windham and family left Wednesday for their new home at Timber-ton, La.

Mr. Sylvester Rogillio of Rogillio-ville is visiting his brother, E. A. Rogillio of Wilhelm.

Mrs. Barrow of Ruston, La., is con-cluding a visit of some length to her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Bliss.

Mrs. J. D. Wood and two children went to Baton Rouge for Sunday even-ing. Mr. Wood is at Cooper's Well.

Cecil Raynham, Abie and Sol Stern and Bob Cutrer went to Baton Rouge Sunday.

Misses Sarah and Barbara Stern are enjoying a visit to their sister, Mrs. J. Marks, of Baton Rouge.

Miss Edith Leake spent most of the week in Baton Rouge with Mrs. B. E. Eskridge.

Misses Evie and Ellie Converse spent a part of the week at L. S. U. with their mother, Mrs. Converse.

Mrs. R. E. Crump has joined Mr. Crump here, and at present they are at the Meyer.

Miss Marjorie Ellis of El Paso, Tex., is the guest since the latter part of last week of her grandmother, Mrs. T. H. Ellis.

Supt. Crump visited Rogillioville, Wakefield, Star Hill and Wilhelm this week looking after school conditions at these places.

Mrs. W. P. S. Ventress of Woodville, accompanied by Misses Harriet and Margaret and Charles Ventress, visited Mrs. J. A. Ventress last week.

Mr. Frank Powell of New Orleans has been here since last week, enjoy-ing one of his infrequent vacations from business duties.

Mrs. Dave Hartson of New Orleans concluded on Tuesday a visit to Mrs. Wm. Magearl. Her older son remained to spend the summer with his grandmother.

Mr. and Mrs. Austen Daniel accom-panied their guest, Mrs. Willie Daniel, as far as Baton Rouge on her way home. Miss Leonora Mahoney was also of the party.

Mrs. Jas. Harper came over from Harrison, Miss., for the week-end. Her two young sons stay over for a longer visit to their grandmother, Mrs. Fannie Lawson.

Miss Mimmie Newsham left for her home in Baton Rouge, Sunday after-noon, concluding a pleasant visit here. Joe and Edward Newsham left at the same time, the former for New Orleans.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Schlesinger went to New Orleans on Tuesday to spend most of the week. During their absence Miss Bessie Schlesinger stayed with Miss Helen Schlesinger.

Mrs. Chas. E. Thibodaux has gone to Tennessee to visit her sister, Mrs. Gordon T. Barrow. Mrs. Joe Willis has just concluded a stay of two weeks with Mrs. Barrow.

Mrs. E. S. Quinn and daughters, Misses Ladye and Robbie, returned Friday night from Pickering, La. Mr. Quinn came up with them from Baton Rouge for the week-end.

PERSONALS FROM THE JACKSON RECORD.

Mrs. R. S. Connell and children are spending a month with Mesdames D. H. Taylor Jr. and Brook Munson.

Mrs. A. M. Fishburn is again the guest of her cousin, Mrs. R. C. Dudley, in whose home Mr. Fishburn was also a Sunday guest.

Misses Evie and Ellie Converse spent the week-end with Mrs. Converse in Baton Rouge, returning on Monday.

The town fathers fined Mr. W. H. Richardson five dollars for not blow-ing his auto horn when turning a corner. This is a particularly dan-gerous practice not to give warning, as the town has so few corners, that the probability of meeting some one is proportionately increased.

CHURCH NOTICES

GRACE CHURCH.
Rev. Alvin W. Skardon, Rector.
Fifth Sunday after Trinity—
Holy Communion and Sermon, 9:30 a. m.
Friday—
Litany, 9 a. m.

METHODIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. B. Fulton.
REGULAR SERVICES.
1st Sunday, St. Francisville 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
2nd Sunday, Star Hill 11 a. m., and St. Francisville 7:30 p. m.
3rd Sunday, Wilhelm 11 a. m., and St. Francisville 7:30 p. m.
4th Sunday, New Hope 11 a. m., and St. Francisville 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School every Sunday morn-ing at 9:45.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.
In the Catholic Church there will be Mass and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, on Sunday, July the 12th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

ABSENT FRIENDS

Miss Pearl Ogden, who will graduate as a trained nurse at the Touro Infir-mary in New Orleans next year, is spending her vacation with her par-ents, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Ogden, at Turnbull Station.—Woodville Republi-can.

Isidore Marks of Baton Rouge mar-ried Mrs. May Williams at Vicksburg recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Barrow of Mil-lington, Tenn., rejoice over the arrival of a daughter, a particularly fine child, weighing at birth 14 pounds.

Miss Emma Thoms is now in Coburg, Ontario, where she accompanied a patient.

Peter Trocchiano sends us a card announcing his arrival at Palermo with all well.

Mail orders for gents furnishing goods and clothing receive prompt at-tention when sent to E. A. Laboye, Baton Rouge. (Adv't.)

The kitchen roof of Mr. Elwyn Bar-row's residence had a good-sized hole burnt in it, Friday noon. The fire was soon put out.

All report a fine time at Miss Sun-shine Lejeune's Fourth of July birth-day party. There was an abundance of good things to eat, and the table was beautifully decorated in the na-tional colors, elaborated with flowers. Games and dancing filled the time joyously.

Rains have begun falling more reg-ularly, as a gentle reminder that fig-time is nearly here.

A large meeting of citizens of the neighborhood and even from Missis-sippi and more distant parts of the parish was held at Laurel Hill Friday morning to meet Dr. Flower of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board and receive instruction from him concern-ing the care and treatment of charbon, its prevention, and the consequent ar-rest of the disease in this parish. The people are in mind to heed what is said on this very important subject.

F. O. Hamilton had several sick cattle, losing one or two cows, expert examination pronounced it not charbon.

Rev. S. L. Riggs and Mr. Bob Daniel are shipping a quantity of Irish po-tatoes.

Rev. Mr. Riggs has a large sweet potato on exhibition at the bank—the first of the season. He bedded them in March, set them out in April, and on the 4th of July, noticing that the earth was cracking about the plants, dug in, and found he had some fine tubers. He expects a good price in New Orleans. He and several others recently made a nice sale of cabbages to a man at Centerville.

Miss Leila Golsan's soiree Wednes-day evening was very pleasant. The piano music for dancing, furnished by several local proficientes, was new and spirited.

CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to thank the hose companies and all others who so efficiently put out the fire, at my house occupied by Mr. Elwyn Barrow.

MRS. ROSINA TEMPEL.

Friends here are interested in the marriage of Mr. Joe Smith and Miss Nellie Collins, of Wilson, La., which takes place to-morrow. Mrs. Joe Rosenthal, if well enough, will go to her brother's wedding.

Insurance of every description is written by Mrs. W. T. Forrester. Give her your patronage. (Adv't.)

A CORRECTION.

The True Democrat:
In your issue of last Saturday by request of Mr. Richardson the Police Jury had published "for comparison" an ordinance relating to the charbon situation in the parish, submitted by a committee from a citizens' meeting. As one of that committee, I would re-quest a correction in so far as the recommending of an inspector is con-cerned. This committee did not rec-ommend to the Police Jury the ap-pointment of Mr. Towles or of any one else.

S. McC. LAWRASON.
[It is needless to say The True Democrat "followed copy," but by whom prepared is not evident.]

THE ITEM OF CHICKENS AND EGGS.

Very likely few of our home people realize what a large item the local export of chickens and eggs is. In the first nine days of July 1,836 pounds of poultry were shipped from Bayou Sara to New Orleans bringing an average price of 20c per lb. Taking the average of broilers alone it is nearly 35 cents the pound. Nor is this an exceptional shipment for it has been going on in a steady stream for the past two months. Poultry and eggs have a ready market in town or for shipment. The possibilities are immense.

The people of Woodville are even more advanced in the poultry business than we are here. The ladies have formed a co-operative association for the sale of their poultry products, and are already finding it solves the prob-lem of ready money.

Remember that Mrs. W. T. Forrester represents most of the strong insur-ance companies of the nation, and is therefore equipped to look after all of YOUR insurance needs. (Adv't.)

PINCKNEYVILLE NEWS.

Miss Lillian Wall is taking a course in the summer school in Baton Rouge, after a pleasant visit with her sister, Miss Bessie, to their sister, Mrs. Eels, near Wilson, La.

Robert Percy left Wednesday for Fort Worth to take a course in tele-graphy at Brantly Draughon business college.

Miss Isabelle Percy expects to leave soon for Helena, Ark., where she has secured a position as music teacher in a private family.

Dr. Jno. W. Brandon Jr. is at home after a year's work in the Charity Hospital, Jackson, Miss.

Mrs. Cornelia Evans is feeling bet-ter after months of suffering. Mrs. Geo. Brandon and family are with her for the summer.

AS TO INOCULATION.

Commenting on the measures taken by the West Feliciana authorities to prevent the spread of charbon, the Woodville Republican makes the fol-lowing statement:

"All of which is most advisable ex-cept the compulsory vaccination of stock which should be resorted to only in infected areas, for the reason that a genuine case of charbon occasionally develops from the effect of inoculation."

This imputation against inoculation is to be regretted, for it creates a feel-ing of distrust of this method of pre-vention, which may work harm at this time. Indeed we would not have quot-ed it at all, but a correspondent has already written us concerning this statement by the Republican, and as there are many persons, who see both papers, it is well to advance the thought that the objection our con-temporary makes to inoculation is true of all sorts of vaccination. If the blood is bad, a person inoculated for small pox, has quite as bad an arm, even worse than if he had real small pox. In some cases, amputation, even death, have followed, yet few persons deny the efficacy of vaccination.

For like reasons, some animals inoc-ulated for charbon, may develop symp-toms of the disease, but it could never be so malignant as the disease itself would prove in such an animal.

You can get prompt delivery by parcel post on all furnishing goods bought from E. A. Laboye, Baton Rouge. (Adv't.)

The rumor that Mr. Chas. Argue had contracted charbon was due to the fact that in inoculating stock at Laurel Hill they had one bottle of bad serum, which caused tetanus in a number of cattle on S. H. Lemon's place. As Mr. Argue had a sore on his hand, he thought it best to go to Baton Rouge for its medical examination.

A colored girl named Viola, employ-ed by Mrs. John F. Irvine as a nurse, was knocked unconscious Thursday night by a negro boy running into her while at the train.

Amendments put in the Roberts and Manion equalization of assessment bills, preceding their advancement to third reading, practically killed them.

Thirty House bills, including the Audubon Park, the Dock Board river-to-lake canal, Generally registration and Fontenot United States Senators, were passed by the Senate.

BUYING LAND IN WEST FELICIANA.

Mr. Lee O. Lester of Deming, New Mexico, has bought the "Court Smith" plantation in the 9th ward, belonging to Judge Thos. Butler, and will move his family here to live. Mr. Lester is a prosperous citizen of New Mexico, and will engage in general farming and live stock here. He will arrive within the next 10 days with a car load of brood mares and other live stock, for his plantation. Mr. Lester was formerly clerk of court of his county in New Mexico, and is hustling and up-to-date.

Mrs. Mary Montgomery, of Wichita, Kansas, has just bought the "Stirling Plantation" in the 7th ward of this parish and will move her family here soon to engage in general farming and live stock. Mrs. Montgomery brings her son, who recently graduated from the Kansas Agricultural School, and he is expected soon with a car load of live stock to start operations. Dr. E. S. Milford, of Deming, New Mexico, a brother of Mrs. Montgomery, has just purchased a plantation here also, and will move his family in shortly, and engage in farming and blooded live-stock raising.

Here are three families of "bran new blood" coming into our parish, and they are all people of means and standing. And as all these new people are well connected, and hope to bring in other of their kindred, it looks very much like the long looked for move-ment of a high class home seeker has set in. These new-comers were at-tracted to our parish by Mr. J. R. Mat-thews, who now has pending several other big propositions.

The True Democrat welcomes these new people to our incomparable sec-tion of Louisiana, and wishes them joy and prosperity, and that they will be able to induce their relatives and friends to come to West Feliciana.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

House.

The Butler tax commission bill was withdrawn.

The Johnson constitutional amend-ment exempting packing houses and cold storage plants from taxation was passed.

The Kantz bill placing the District Attorney of Orleans parish on a salary of \$10,000 a year was passed.

The Powell bill creating the office of state revenue agent was passed.

The House finally cleared its regular calendar and began consideration of Senate bills.

The Butler bills for the reformation of the notarial system in New Orleans were passed.

The McGuirk New Orleans bridge bill was indefinitely postponed.

The Butler bill creating a central board to control all of the state chari-table institutions was defeated.

Senator Byrnes'constitutional amend-ment permitting women to serve on public boards was passed.

The Favrot rural mortgage bill was passed.

Senator Parkerson's anti-sugar trust bill was passed.

The Davey bill increasing the fees of pilots at the port of New Orleans was passed.

Senator Burke's banking commission bill was passed.

Senator Stafford's penitentiary pa-rolle bill was passed.

The presentation of a check for \$250 to Rev. F. R. Lattier, one of the Rep-resentatives of Natchitoches, in pay-ment for his vote on the New Orleans bridge bill, caused the introduction of a resolution for an investigation. When assured that the matter was intended as a joke, all reference to the affair was expunged from the record.

Gov. Hall's veto of the Samuel Shreveport training school bill was sustained.

Senator Clinton's bill to keep the Bull Moosers out of Democratic pri-maries was engrossed and passed to third reading.

Senator Byrnes'constitutional amend-ment increasing the pay of the judges of the Civil District courts of Orleans parish was indefinitely postponed.

Senator Favrot's concurrent resolu-tion continuing the New Orleans Sew-erage and Water Board investigation committee in existence was passed.

The baby bond bill was passed with a referendum amendment submitting the act to the people in November.

Gov. Hall vetoed items in the gen-eral appropriation bill aggregating \$1,250,000.

Senate.

Samuels' amendment to the child labor law, including restaurants and hotels, passed the Senate.

The corporation bills were reported favorably.

Locke's bill restricting shipment of liquor into dry territory passed.

Generally's dock board general man-ager bill passed.

Senate refused to concur in House amendment to Parkerson's anti-trust bill.

Assessment reform advocates won their fight to get the Manion bill into the Senate.

The last of the large group of con-servation bills passed.

A combination of Senators standing out against suspension of the rules killed more than a score of House bills.

A Full Line of Fancy Groceries

The only genuine original
White Dove Flour.

George Rettig.

Latest Popular Sheet Music Given Away

We will give free with every cash purchase of
\$1.00, one copy of the latest sheet music.

The Royal Pharmacy.

Jacobs Candies
Made Last Night.

DR. FLOWER GIVES REGULATIONS OF LIVE STOCK SANITARY BOARD FOR PREVENTION OF CHARBON

In view of extensive infection of anthrax or charbon and the very nec-essary sanitary precautions to be ob-served, respecting the disposition of carcasses, the attention of the public is hereby directed to regulation nine (9) of the Louisiana State Live Stock Sanitary Board, issued June 5, 1912, under authority of Section five (5) of Act 274 creating this Board.

Regulation 9 of the Louisiana State Live Stock Sanitary Board as amended and adopted, June 5, 1912.

In order to prevent and control the spread of anthrax or charbon, hog-cholera, or other contagious, infectious, or communicable diseases of animals in the State, through possible error in diagnosis and the careless and insani-tary disposal of diseased carcasses, it shall be the duty of the Police Jury of each parish to appoint one or more persons in each Justice of the Peace Ward as live stock sanitary officers, whose duty shall be to attend to the immediate and sanitary disposal of the carcasses of all animals dying in his or their respective Ward in the manner prescribed by the Secretary and Exe-cutive Officer of the Louisiana State Live Stock Sanitary Board, to-wit:

The carcasses of all animals shall be immediately disposed of by burning or by burial in one or other of the fol-low-ing ways:

Burning.—A suitable trench shall be dug about two feet deep by two or three feet wide, and of sufficient length to accommodate the number of car-casses to be burned at one time. Across the top of the trench should be placed a sufficient number of green poles, or iron bars, if available, to act as a grid-dle on which to place the carcasses. The trench should be filled with kindling-wood of some kind, and after the car-cass is placed on the poles, it should be heaped up with heavier wood, and the whole saturated with coal oil and set fire to.

In some sections of the State, wood may be scarce, while coal oil may be plentiful. In this case, a sufficient number of old gunny-sacks, or other easily-inflammable material that will absorb the oil as a wick, should be placed at a safe distance, may be con-ducted into the trench through a pipe, and the flow so regulated as to keep the absorbent material constantly satu-rated with it. In any case, the burning shall be continued until the whole of the carcass is consumed in order to de-stroy every particle of infection.

The trench method of cremating, or burning, is much less expensive than by burning the carcass upon the sur-face of the ground, as by the former a draft is created, and with fire above and below, consumption is much quick-er and with much less expense of time and material.

Burial.—A hole, or pit, shall be dug of not less than six feet deep, so that there shall be a space of not less than four feet from the upper surface of the body of the carcass to the surface of the ground.

Where there is suspicion, or the fact

is known, that an animal has died of a contagious, infectious, or communica-ble disease, such as charbon, or an-thrax, hog-cholera, etc., four, to six inches of lime shall be placed over the bottom of the hole, or pit, the surface of the carcass covered with lime to the same depth, and the hole filled in with earth.

A hole or pit for this purpose shall not be dug in the vicinity of any water course, or well, in order that contami-nation of such water supply, by infec-tion from the carcass, may be pre-vented.

In communities where public animal-crematories are available, carcasses may be disposed of in such crematories.

Where possible, and practicable, car-casses shall be disposed of, either by burning or burial, where they lie, or are found.

When carcasses have to be removed for proper sanitary disposal, they shall be conveyed to the place of final dis-position in, or on, some suitable ve-hicle, as a wagon, cart, sled, etc., and not dragged along the road, highway, or field, as infection may very easily be spread in this way.

In case of the removal of charbonous carcasses, especially, the natural body-openings shall be plugged up, or stop-ped, with lint cotton or tow saturated with an effective germicidal agent, such as crude carbolic acid, etc., to prevent and disinfect any discharges that would otherwise issue from such openings and leave fresh centers of infection. And, the ground on which such carcasses shall have lain, previous to removal, shall be burned over, or carefully and thoroughly sprinkled with a strong solution of crude carbolic acid, the various coal tar dips, or other effec-tive germ-destroying agent, in order to eradicate whatever infection may have been left on said ground.

All vehicles used in the removal of carcasses, and particularly of infected carcasses, shall be thoroughly disin-fected with some effective germ-killing agent, such as those already mention-ed, immediately after being used. When the vehicles are of little or no mone-tary value, it is safest to burn them up after using.

While sanitary burial in the ground, as above given, may be quite effective, the process of burning, as described, is safer; is the true hygienic method of disposing of carcasses of all kinds; and is the one urgently recommended, in all cases, when possible, by the Louisiana State Live Stock Sanitary Board.

The Police Juries are hereby au-thorized and empowered to prescribe such penalties as they may deem nec-essary for the punishment of the sani-tary officers appointed by them who fail to perform, or neglect, their duties.

Any owner, or owners of such car-casses who shall in any way interfere with the sanitary orders of the Police Jury or its live stock sanitary officer, or officers, shall be guilty of a misde-menor as provided by Act 274 of the session of 1908.

DR. E. PEGRAM FLOWER,
Secretary and Executive Officer.

J. L. Dupuy and family have moved to the cottage opposite the court house, recently vacated by W. R. Thoms.