

Hon. B. F. Jonas is said to have consented to accept the Democratic nomination for Congress from the Second District. Mr. Jonas is a staunch, able and popular Democrat. He has served the public long and faithfully, and the voters of the Second District will choose wisely if they select him as their Representative.

Abraham Lincoln, the son of Robert T. Lincoln, Minister to England, died in London on Wednesday. He was the only son of Minister Lincoln, and his father is the only surviving male descendant of President Abraham Lincoln. The race of the famous war President threatens to become extinct on the death of Mr. Robert T. Lincoln.

The river has reached a height of 16.2 feet at New Orleans. It has never been known to rise beyond this mark. At various points on the levee streets, the water is running over the top of the embankment and filling the gutters. In East Carroll parish the levees are weak, and a disastrous break at some place is inevitable.

Irregularities in the management of the finances of the State of Missouri have led Gov. Francis to suspend Treasurer Noland from office. Honesty among State Treasurers seem to be as rare as it is desirable. Public confidence in the State governments would be strengthened throughout the Union by entrusting the conduct of the Treasury Departments to confidential or convict labor.

The Senate, after months of hesitation and uncertainty, has bestowed its sanction upon the nomination of Warrenton as a sequel to the ex-Governor's victory, the appointment of Patty to the Naval Office has been presented to the Senate for its consideration. The supremacy of Warmoth can no longer be disputed. He is the Louisiana Republican boss. His henchmen are provided with goodly shares of spoil, and his antagonists denied the satisfaction of official recognition.

The inability of a citizen to sue the State has been decisively established by the Supreme Court of the United States in its decision in the Bernard case. Hans is the possessor of a coupon, which although valid, the constitutional convention of 1879 had repudiated. Suit was brought to enforce the payment of the coupon, and on appeal to the Supreme Court, Hans was ruled out on the plea of the immunity of a sovereign State from legal coercion from its subjects.

Secretary Blaine is believed to have interfered in the deliberations of the ways and means committee in opposition to any reduction of the sugar duties. The Secretary's motive is alleged to be his desire to be unimpeded in his negotiations for trade reciprocity with the South American states by any sugar legislation. If James succeeds in maintaining the sugar duties intact and establishing trade relations with Central and South America, he is our candidate for the Republican nomination for President in 1892.

The enterprise and nerve of newspaper reporters in invading the secrecy of Senatorial executive sessions and publishing detailed accounts of the proceedings, has irritated and pained the reserved, dignified and sometimes irascible Senators. A committee of seven has been called to pry into the dark corners of the inquisitive reporters, and discover and close the crevices through which the Senate secrets escape. The contest between the committee and the newspaper "posts" may be a lively one, but the ponderous Senators will have to strike a rapid and active gait before blocking the quick-witted newsgatherers.

The work of unseating Democratic Representatives goes merrily on. Cate, Congressman, elected from the first District of Arkansas was yanked out of his seat to make way for Featherstone, the Republican contestant, the ground of whose suit was the state typographical charge of fraud and intimidation at the ballot box. Unless the power of the Republican is broken at the next election, the shameful and illegal election of Southern Democrats will continue until the Republican majority is swelled far above all possibility of Democratic interference in partisan legislation, and whole States in the South practically deprived of representation.

It is now certain that the long talked of and ardently desired Central Factory will be built this year on the property of Mr. D. C. Coffery, above Franklin. It will take some time for our people to realize the immense results, all of a beneficial character, to flow from this enterprise. There are several salient features connected with the sugar industry, upon which the Central Factory system will have an important bearing.

First. South Western Louisiana as far west as Abbeville and as far north as Baton Rouge, can grow no plant with as much success as the sugar cane. Cotton can be grown, but not so profitably as sugar cane, under factory conditions.

Second. The industry now languishes from the artificial diet of tariff taffy, and the mistaken union between farmer and manufacturer.

Third. The plantations, run with indifferent success, are worked at most exclusively by negro gang laborers.

Fourth. No inducements are offered in the sugar belt proper, to white immigration.

Fifth. The rural population being generally large masses of ignorant negroes, with a few white employes on the plantations, no support for cities and thriving villages is furnished, which consequently linger along in a slipshod unprogressive way.

Sixth. Sections of country inhabited by small white planters are the thirteenth in the sugar belt, notwithstanding the drawbacks encountered in the way of selling cane and getting it to market.

From these facts, we argue that in a few years all the lands capable of growing cane will be planted, and our granary there will be a complete revolution in the whole industry. Starting from the position that we lose fifty per cent of the sugar by the present machinery for extraction and evaporation, and get forty seven per cent protection by the tariff, it is manifest to everybody that we can make as much more, with the tariff off, with Central Factory, as we can with it on, without them. This, then, will give stability and permanence to an industry which takes on an acute whenever the wise men representing the T. D. and the P. at Washington dash to the country the sad news that the committee of ways and means meditates a cut on sugar.

The factories will get all the sugar out of the cane, or at least fifty or forty per cent more than is now obtained. It is then manifest that if a sugar planter at large expense for machinery and building, can now make a living under a forty seven per cent tariff, a cane grower can do so with an output of fifty per cent more sugar, without any tariff.

All the idle lands will then be put in cane and that, as a general rule, by white farmers. Enterprise and progress will immediately start in the towns, for there will not only be more home trade and home supply, but there will be more people to trade with.

A white man who comes to St. Mary today, cannot locate here. He is not able to buy a plantation, and if he can find a little piece of land he cannot find a market for his cane. The "Factory" will give him a chance to raise cane by the ton and gradually the plantations will be sold off in small farms. Give a good white man a chance and he will fasten down on real estate no matter what the price is.

If our people want thrift, progress, activity and enterprise they must get in here the race that makes thrift progress and activity wherever it plants its foot. If they want churches and schools and lyceums; if they want to see a land smiling with bounteous harvests, groaning beneath the weight of its wealth; if they want to see the natural charms of this country embellished by all that art and energy can accomplish, let them pave the way for the coming of the white son of toil who, from the steppes of Asia to the farthest shores of America, has carried the banner of civilization and progress.

As an evidence of the superiority of small tracts, worked by whites, to large plantations, take the Cypressport section. A few years ago it was a treeless prairie. Now it is dotted with well ordered farms, clear up to the Iberia line. "The stone which the builders rejected is become the chief

This country, ignored by the planters, is now of more intrinsic value and real wealth than the large Teche plantations. Central Factories will bring in energetic white farmers and all that makes a country flourishing and life worth living.

AT LAST.

For many years have our people looked for the Moses that was to deliver them from the Egyptian bondage of bad mills, worse evaporators and diabolical tariff alarmists. In vain have we talked, and organized and implored capital. Our hopes began to grow faint when John A. Morris, of New Orleans, stepped forward, and shouldered the work of building in our midst a large Central plant requiring, in all its equipments, an outlay of some \$500,000.

Mr. Morris has by this action, shown that he possesses all the requisites of the author of so large a scheme; large capital, great courage and wide brain. The scheme is too big for a poor man; too complex for a timid man, and too vast for a small man.

It is said that he who makes two blades of grass to grow where one grew before, is greater than a king. Certainly, a man who takes a languishing industry and infuses new life in it; who finds a disheartened people and gives them some of his own courage; who opens up a vista of greater prosperity than ever before the country looked through, is deserving of the gratitude and praise of his fellows. Mr. Morris is going to invest his money to make money, but how few men of money will venture in an enterprise beyond the absolute cent per cent of the stock, bond and bill manipulator? We therefore extend to Mr. Morris the high appreciation our people have of the enterprise into which he has embarked, which, though it will yield him good return for his money, will be of inestimable advantage to them.

State News Summary.

District Court is in session at New Iberia. The grand jury is at work on a heavy criminal docket.

Josiah Kliepeter of East Baton Rouge who was announced as an independent Candidate for the Legislature, has withdrawn in favor of the Democratic nominee.

The Governor has signed the death warrant of Prince Saunders, convicted in Iberville of murder.

A reward of \$500 has been offered for the apprehension of the flycatchers of Roswell S. Emerson, and another, of the same amount, for the murderers of G. C. White.

The receipts of the Saengerfest held in New Orleans, were \$50,000.

The annual parade of the New Orleans firemen is becoming an event of importance in the Crescent City. The display on the fourth of this month attracted great interest and no inconsiderable amount of enthusiasm.

Roseport, Point Coupee parish, has had its postoffice placed in the hands of J. W. Todd, a Republican.

The sugarhouse on the Keep plantation, part of the estate of Edward J. Gay, was burned this week by a fire started by hunters to run rabbits out of the weeds.

James G. McBride has been appointed postmaster at Canton and J. C. Legare at Donaldsonville.

The citizens of the twelfth ward of the parish of Orleans are impatient at the delay of the Governor in calling an election to fill the vacancy caused by the departure from the State of Hon. Alphonse Phillips, defaulter, absconder forger and Representative. Unless the election is soon held the ward will not be represented when the Legislature meets.

W. H. Fursman, wanted at Pontiac, Ill., for the forgery of \$100,000 worth of notes was captured in New Orleans last week while on a spree.

A reward of \$200, has been offered by the Governor for the arrest and conviction of Steward Davis, the murderer of Johnson Payse.

The term of Judge Poche expires on the 5th of April. His friends are urging the Governor to reappoint him.

Eli Perkins lectured this week to an audience of sixty in Shreveport. Eli wrote a series of articles to the Chicago Inter-Ocean in 1876, in which he attacked the Shreveport manner of carrying elections. The Times, of that city, raked up his ancient diatribes and levelled them upon him, with the above result.

Louisiana levees still intact.

The pardon of Martin, the registration forger, is vigorously censured by the advocates of ballot reform in the State.

The illiterate voters in the State number 102,932, and comprise 47.7 per cent of the total voting population. Of the illiterate, 17,877 are whites.

J. S. Hamilton has been placed in charge of Avery post-office, in Iberia parish.

William Gregg, of Iowa, has been appointed surveyor general of Louisiana, in the place of Hon. Calhoun Fluker.

A capitalist has offered to place \$30,000 in a national bank at Opelousas, on the condition that \$50,000 more be added by the townpeople.

The Rayne public school is attended by eight scholars. An English syndicate proposes to invest \$25,000 in a mammoth hotel for Shreveport.

The Lake Charles Echo has entered upon its twenty-second year. The Echo is a pioneer in Louisiana journalism and one of the most interesting and valuable papers now in the State. We congratulate it on its longevity and value.

Twenty one indictments have been found by the Lafayette grand jury against many regulators. The Southern Pacific R. R. Co., has bought 9,995 acres of land in Rapides parish, paying for the same \$13,100.

The great enterprise of Messrs. John A. Morris, of New Orleans, and Don Coffery, of Franklin, to establish a Central Sugar Factory in the parish of St. Mary is definitely under way. The Leed's Foundry has been allotted the contract for a large part of the required machinery, and the site near Franklin is rapidly being prepared for the erection of the buildings. There is no doubt now that the greatest Sugar Factory in this country will be in full operation in St. Mary parish by next fall. The States heartily congratulate all parties concerned, while it rejoices in the fond anticipations that Messrs. Morris and Coffery will shortly demonstrate to the whole of South Western Louisiana that in the system of Central Sugar Factories of which they are the enlightened pioneers in these parts, lies the ultimate salvation of the Sugar Industry and its absolute freedom from the caprices of Congressional tariff legislative tinkering. — N. O. States.

STATE OF LOUISIANA. 19th Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Mary. Henry L. Smith, vs His Creditors. No. 8451. Whereas, J. W. Lyman of the Parish of St. Mary, Syndic of the above entitled and numbered cause, has filed in this Honorable Court, his final account and Tableaux of the surrendered Estate of said Henry L. Smith, together with his petition praying that the same may be homologated and approved, bearing date the 3th day of March, 1890.

Notice is therefore hereby given to all whom it doth or may concern to show cause if any they have within ten days from the date hereof, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

By order of Court, J. B. VERDUN, Jr., Deputy Clerk, Clerk's Office, St. Mary parish, La., March 5, 1890.

STATE OF LOUISIANA. 19th Judicial District Court, Parish of St. Mary. Elam P. Wadsworth, vs His Creditors. No. 8688.

Under and by virtue of an order issued out of the Honorable 19th Judicial District Court, of Louisiana, and for the Parish of St. Mary, bearing date the 6th day of March, 1890, to me directed, I will sell at public auction to the last and highest bidder for cash at the warehouse of A. A. Delahoussaye, in the Town of Franklin, in this Parish, on SATURDAY, THE 22ND DAY OF MARCH, A. D., 1890, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m., and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit:

A lot of groceries and general merchandise, One Dun Horse, One Colt, One Hack and a lot of open accounts.

INDEPENDENCE ALPHA, Syndic, Parish of St. Mary, La., March 8, 1890.

Franklin, La., March 8, 1890 Sealed bids will be received until the 15th inst., for the widening of the streets of the town. All bids should be presented to W. McKeffer, Mayor and Chairman of Committee on Streets and Landings. The committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids. No contracts for the working of said streets shall be binding unless approved by said Chairman.

J. W. LYMAN, Secretary Town Council.

Subscribe for the BANNER.

A. S. Gates,

DRUGGIST, DEALER IN Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals. Varnishes, Oils, Paints, Perfumery, Soaps, Brushes, and all kinds of fine Toilet Articles.

MAIN ST., FRANKLIN, LA. 2210.

Notice.

The elegant steamers S. G. KNOWLTON and HOME are now prepared to take out excursions and picnics to any point on the Lake or Coast at reasonable rates and on short notice.

V. VON SCHOEELER, J10-11.

R. D. YOUNGER,

Blacksmith, Wheelwright, Horseshoeing Repairing, &c. Saddle, Buggy painting and Trimming A Specialty. Also Agent for J. S. HARTZ, CART AND WAGON MATERIAL. Keeps constantly on hand a supply of

SCHEAF HARDNESS, FRANKLIN, LA.

To The Planters.

We have a large stock of the well known B. & B. pattern cane knive Planters are invited to send their order to the undersigned.

BELLE SIEN & LEVIE, Patterson, La.

Shiloh's cough and consumption cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. For sale by G. A. Sigur.

SCHEDULE OF MAIL TRAINS. From New Orleans, Arrives, 11:32 a. m., 8:20 p. m., San Francisco, 5:28 p. m., San Antonio, 4 p. m., Cypressport, 9:50 a. m.

MAILS CLOSE. Going West, 11:45 a. m., West (night), 7:45 p. m., East (night), 7:45 p. m., Cypressport (day), 9:20 p. m., MONLY ORDER, 8:30 p. m., Closes, 8:30 p. m., Geo. B. STEPHENS, Postmaster.

DO NOT SUFFER ANY LONGER.

Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stage of consumption broken in a week, we hereby guarantee Dr. Acker's English Remedy, and will refund the money to all who buy, take it as per directions, and do not find our statement correct.

JOHN A. O'NEILL, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Franklin, Louisiana.

A NEW MACHINE FOR DRAINING and IRRIGATION. Cheap, Simple in Construction. Runs Easily, Does Big Work, Send for Circulars.

JOS. MENGE, 105 TCHOUPITOLAS STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA. JY2511.

For Sale, 200,000 split shingles, 20 in long, regular thickness. Apply to JOHN DALTON, Morgan City, La.

MONEY TO LOAN. Eight to Nine Thousand Dollars to loan on first-class security. Will lend in small amounts. SUTTON & SIGUR, Attorneys at Law.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS. No hunting or trespassing of any kind will be allowed on Arlington plantation under penalty of the law. H. B. BAKER, Proprietor.

INVENTORS Applying for PATENTS American or Foreign, are respectfully solicited to engage the services of ROBINSON WHITE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor of Patents.

1307 F Street N. W., Washington, D. C. who gives prompt and careful attention to all business before the PATENT OFFICE entrusted to his care.

TRADE-MARKS and LABELS REGISTERED. COPYRIGHTS obtained. Personal and Special care to the prosecution or defence of Infringement Cases. Papers for the transfer of assignment of titles to Patents, &c., prepared with care.

Send for Circular. Instructions to Inventors. (Mention this paper.)

Louis Block & Co.

109 CUSTOMHOUSE ST. N. O. WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS. Reserved Private Cabinet and Clifton Club Whiskey.

SOLD AGENT FOR BLAZZ'S MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER.

B. A. HAUER'S

RAILROAD STORE OPPOSITE THE DEPOT

For all kinds of GROCERIES, Dry Goods & Liquors.

Only the best qualities kept.

JNO. A. HUBBARD, COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Sugar Molasses and Rice, P. O. Box 129.

Walker & Foster, DEALERS IN SHOES, HATS, NECKWEAR, HOBBERY, GROCERIES AND ALL KINDS OF DRY GOODS.

FRANKLIN, LA. 1911.

Lumber, Lumber

ROUGH AND DRESSED MANUFACTURED

T. C. LAWLESS, WM. KYLR

LAWLESS & KYLR'S SAW-MILLS, UPPER MAIN STREET, FRANKLIN, LA.

Bills Sawed to Order with the Utmost Promptness, from the Best Timber Obtainable at the Lowest Market Prices.

Cisterns A Specialty. SEND IN YOUR ORDERS—SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

CYPRESS LUMBER BY THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ALBERT HANSON'S Saw mills, Planing mills,

SASH, BIND DOOR and MOULDING FACTORY Lower Main Street, Franklin, La.

First-Class Building and Framing Lumber Always on Hand and Sawed to Order on Short Notice with Promptness.

Lowest Market Prices. Estimates Furnished Buildings Erected.

DOOR and WINDOW FRAMES, CISTERNS &c.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. SEND FOR PRICES.

Dr. Clarence P. Smith,

Formerly of Grand Coteau, is now located in Franklin. Office at Richard's Drug Store on Main Street, near Post Office. 2911.

The public is hereby notified not to negotiate for three certain notes drawn on the 6th day of February, 1886, by Andrew Lanson in favor of Nicholas Cerf, for Four Hundred Dollars each, payable as follows:

One on the 6th of February 1887, " " " " " 1887, " " " " " 1887, NICHOLAS CERF, Parish of St. Mary, Jan. 18, 1890.

DIVINE SERVICES. St. Mary's Episcopal Church. Rev. J. W. Bieker, Rector. Franklin, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Sun days 11 a. m.

Evening Prayer, every Thursday, 8 o'clock p. m. Holy Communion, 1st Sunday of every month; 11 a. m. Also every Saints Day throughout the year.

Choir meets every Friday, 4:30 o'clock p. m., at rectory. Centerville 3rd Sunday, 3:30 p. m. Sweetest Chapel, 3rd Sunday, 11 a. m. Public invited. Seats free.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by SHILOH's cure. We guarantee it. For sale by G. A. Sigur.

CHILDREN'S SUITS AT CITY PRICES AT STEINACKER'S

GO TO Steinacker's FOR Boots, Shoes and Hats

If you want a suit of clothes at city prices, leave your measure at Steinacker's. MARGUERITE DRAPS, SPONKANTOPHINS and FOUR KETTE CLOTHS, AT CITY PRICES AT STEINACKER'S

THE FIRST SYMPTOMS OF DEATH. Tired feelings, dull headache, pains in various parts of the body, sinking at the pit of the stomach, loss of appetite, feverishness, pimples or sores, are all positive evidence of poisoned blood. No matter how it became poisoned it must be purified to avoid death.

Dr. Acker's English Blood Elixir has never failed to remove scrofulous or syphilitic poison. Sold under positive guarantee.