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Miss Phoebe
a beautiful
Woman, who
life, she was
on a small
ma, shall ever
re, to look
In the Metropolitan
the army and you will find that every
New Orleans schemes that have de-
stabilized the stockholders and
U. S. has been invented by a great
ment, for a huge fee, Abe Hum-
"prohibitory" criminal lawyer, was dis-
in the wrongful practices. What
"already" association going to do
from the others? We have found
practices not the low criminals in
the (those who buy the privilege
South to vice) who are the real cor-
rupt. It is the men of power,
up, the larger game and by whose
deport, the lower ones live, who
there is the aim and spirit of
meats, government. We are get-
them by fines, and sending
Whitson. But what about the
the king, help them? I don't
is a deplorable mass of honorable
earth, mean the big and unhon-
yet it is lawyers. Their studies of
the lead equity give them particu-
rule and a special perception
upon others of human relations in-
exemplary cannot plead custom
time used methods as their clients
gods know.

man, Flammarion's discoveries
tural, from experiments with col-
heel of prove to be all he claims,
to the science of gardening may be
fering. With certain vegeta-
canic force, growing under red
smolder as fast as without it,
despot, kept from decay under
peating for 20 days and strawberry
become, for that time, then al-
passion, there is no limit to
break, and changes possi-
There is a vegetable growth and
tragedy, de itly increased. At the
it is not well for them to
of Europe, until the discoveries
ghly tested. It is no
no matter that blue light had no
oppressed, meet on the nervous
Eastern man beings as it was an-
dustrial years ago on scientific
America it would have; nor has
red light produced the re-
checked, for it in the cure
diseases. But with the
Flammarion tests with
them, results easily made.

the daily news is about
things and is collected and
of human beings, it is rich to
sisting it with a philosophical
must be. York Globe puts into
events selected from
lately of are has not lost its
shooting originality. These are
usual "ents": "A Russian
boys, a sweetheart, and an-
calibre every question, and
ceeding that account arrested
in automobile, to save
to think automobile into a pile
damage by endangering the
While were driving with
ous toys found her son trying
most number and used the rope to
air guns, hanging turkey; ran
are in the mounted a blin-
ine and recovered the hu-
events of the hu-
interesting vaude-

the actor is always alert,
an eye of two of the announce-
they streamer had stopped
any case in Gaudens double-
for boys, the selling at a pre-
and reside a piece, and a few
It is only had advanced
that a little twenty-dollar gold
center of the meanwhile the
the. One enter in their
lady of of the coin and
prime of, for the guid-
in the, to come after them.
at bird pieces have always
lives are collect. The pre-
made decided and discour-
boy and
ils of o-

We have ruled that it is
practically duty to walk the
will do the baby as the
ance, page man is content
him, to act as the court
as such matters.

ty as Louis a lady who
surrounds her favorite
mayor check on Christ-
monday the only lady
where the foot is still in
the house.

FARMERS' EDUCATIONAL AND CO-OPERATIVE UNION OF AMERICA

AND THE COTTON MILL MAN TOO.

As to the condition of the cotton
mill interests there is no journal in
the country which speaks with more
authority than the American Textile
Manufacturer, and not only our cotton
farmers, but the people of the South
as a whole will be interested in this
summary of recent and prospective
conditions in the textile world:

"The measure of prosperity enjoyed
by all but a few minor branches of the
textile industry, up to the advent of
the present financial unsettlement,
was nothing less than phenomenal. It
was a record of demand far in excess
of the productive capacity of the
mills; of steady advances in raw ma-
terials, wages and all other factors
entering into the cost of production;
of an inadequate labor supply; of an
advance in prices of textile products
that carried them far above the levels
that seemed exorbitant a year ago;
and of a demand that, even after two
months of financial unsettlement, has
prevented the accumulation of stocks
of dangerous volume. What is more,
this prosperous condition of the textile
industry has been world-wide, and this
in spite of an enormous expansion in
the cotton spinning branches of the
industry in England and Japan. With-
in three years nearly 12,000,000 new
spindles and complementary machin-
ery have been installed in the Lan-
cashire district of England, and are
now well employed in the manufacture
of cotton yarns and piece goods. . . .
While all divisions of the textile mar-
ket have felt the effect of the financial
depression, yet, perhaps, no other sec-
tion has been in better condition to
withstand the quiet which has been
so prevalent during the last two
months as that connected with the
manufacture and sale of cotton goods."

Don't sign away your own and your
family's liberty to any merchant.

The Union has done a wise thing in
providing that only Union members
may hold stock in a Union warehouse.

Good Union men take care of their
families, and to do this requires a
fruit tree in every possible corner of
the place.

The Unions are talking about good
roads and how to get them. In the
meantime the split-log drag is doing
its duty under any and all sorts of
provocation.

Don't think you have done all you
can for your local so long as there is
an eligible person in your neighbor-
hood that is not enrolled and an ac-
tive worker.

You have time yet to make the gar-
den a little larger, and if you will do
it, you will have another prop against
the mortgage. Getting a living out of
a garden is a mighty fine way to beat
the doctor.

Why in the Dickens the Union don't
make some of the fellows plant some
broom corn is a wonder. It has told
you all about how profitable this crop
is and how easy it is to raise, but—
well, we look for the South to raise
its own brooms this year.

The Union farmer is the inveterate
enemy of all sorts of trusts. Those
that are of any account are fighting
the implement and vehicle trust by
taking good care of the implements
and vehicles they have—they are all
under a good shelter when not in ac-
tual use.

Keep in mind all the time that ev-
ery farmer is a business man and the
Union is a business organization. That
leads up to the point, which is this:
Don't let your prejudices or pre-con-
ceived ideas dictate to you what to do.
Do the thing that common sense dic-
tates for you to do. Carrying this idea
out will sometimes make you put your
personal enemy in a high place, for he
is sometimes the man for the place.
Do business in the Union.

Mr. Farmer: If the road running
along your property line has been
nicely graded and ditched, don't you
honestly think the very least you can
do for yourself and neighbors is to
have a split-log drag in readiness for
use after every heavy rain? The time
when you will be operating it will be
a time when it will be practically im-
possible for you to be doing anything
else. The use of the drag will keep
the road free from ruts and holes,
nicely rounded, and each time it is
worked over it will stand up against
the rains just that much better. It
is worth the time, effort and energy
necessary to secure the results that
are bound to follow.—Denison Herald.

You can always point out the home
of a good Union man by the flowers
he has helped the good women folks
to plant around it. He is the fellow
who always manages to find time to
whitewash all the fences around the
house and barn too.

The bears and all the big-crop lars
have done all they could to stop the
upward climb of cotton, and they have
hindered it to some extent, but the 15
cents that the stuff is worth is coming
to those who have rigidly adhered to
the warehouse agreement.

FOUNDED ON COMMON SENSE.

The Farmers Union has come to
stay. It has evolved from its chrysalis
state into a full grown business organ-
ization. Railroads and their misera-
ble hireling lawyers may attempt to
disrupt it and labor attempt to create
discord in its ranks, and hungry pen-
ny-a-liners may seek to lead it astray
with their scribbles, but it will all
be in vain, will eventuate in nothing.
No business undertaking can succeed
in a week, or a month, or a year, and
ours, scarcely more than in its inepi-
dency, so stupendous is the work it
must do, and so vast the machinery
it must get into movement, that we
cannot hope to do all we intend to do
for some years. Remember, we have
to undo the wrongs, the errors, the
evils of forty years, and right the in-
justice of all this ghastly nightmare
of oppression and spoliation. We have
to adjust our machinery and get it
running smoothly. We have got to
combat and overcome the carplings of
the envious, the errors of imbecility,
the machinations of the designing in
our own ranks, and repel the ap-
proaches and efforts of our enemies
from without, and at the same
time build up strongly and surely,
perfecting it in every detail, the bus-
iness system needful for the great
transactions we have undertaken. The
coalition of the South and West along
all industrial lines must be accom-
plished, and it will take time for us
to do all these things.

The Farmers Union is not a politi-
cal party, but a strictly business or-
ganization. It was not organized, nor
is it to be run in the interest of the
Democratic, the Populist, the Republi-
can, the Socialist, nor any other po-
litical party, nor of any candidate or
candidates. Neither has it come into
being to further any church or reli-
gious propaganda, or to do anything
under the sun but to secure just, honest,
fair prices for farm products and, so-
cially and educationally, of all farm-
ing classes. These things the Union
can achieve only by the adoption,
maintenance and pursuit of strictly
business methods, and in business
there is no sentiment, hence no man
or set of men can stand in the way of
our onward and upward progress to
the ultimate victory so surely, and it
can be so easily within our grasp, if
common sense alone shall prevail.—
National Co-Operator.

"Forsoke not the assembling of
yourselves together," and when you
get together, DO SOMETHING along
the line of making the life of the farm-
ers more encouraging to the young peo-
ple. With the Agricultural and Me-
chanical Colleges now in opera-
tion in almost every State, there
is no sense in the farmer holding
down his business below the level of
the other learned professions. It is
all stuff that the "hook former" is no
farmer at all. It is that identical fel-
low who is now leading in the move-
ment to lighten the burden of the old-
fashioned way of "hit and miss" farm-
ing; it is he who is showing the world
that there is no "Great American De-
sert" that all of us older chaps used to
see on the maps. Yes, it is this fellow
who is showing us that big corn, cot-
ton and wheat crops can be raised on
these cactus covered "desert wastes."
You wake up and get modernized.

Don't be disturbed by the little "ruc-
tions" that come up at times in the
management of the Union. The time
has not yet come for human ambition
to submit itself always to the good of
the community, and until this thing
does come about, there will be little
frictions here and there. The main
thing to remember is that the big old
Union is founded upon principles as
old as mankind, and which would be
incontrovertible abstract truths if
there were no men and no more time.

But the price of cotton is going on
up all the same.

The express companies backing up
the Retail Merchants Association,
with headquarters in Chicago, have
scared Congress until there is no hope
of a parcels post bill this time. But it
is coming right along, and if the mil-
lions of farmers who are the victims
of the rapacious express companies,
had used their organization as these
blood-suckers used theirs, there would
have been a bill already through the
House.

All over the South there is talk of
the good work done by the split log
drag. It would be a good thing for
your local to take the matter up and
see if some sort of a united movement
may not be set on foot for general
neighborhood work on the public high-
ways. Take this matter up at your
next meeting.

Better hunt up something good to
take the place of some of that cotton
land this season. It is possible to
make too much cotton in proportion to
the balance of your crop. Pige and
peanuts are always in demand, and
the world is still eating all the eggs
it can get.

We need a little tinkering with the
denatured alcohol law until it will be
in reach, and then the Mr. Farmer will
make his own "juice" for running his
"Buz" wagon." This may sound soft-
er far off, but it aint a minute away,
hardly.

Got a telephone in your house? No?
Good gracious, me! What are you let-
ting this thing miss you for? Get busy
and hook on, and be a citizen of the
world in this twentieth century. We
are not cave dwellers now.

LOUISIANA NEWS.

Crescent City Notes.
New Orleans: Six novices were re-
ceived into Holy Family sisterhood.
Archdeacon Weber addressed Y. M.
C. A. meeting on higher manhood.
Spanish Fort fire caused about \$20-
000 damage.
Jockey Rowe was ruled off at Sub-
urban track for pulling Harvest Time.
Rev. F. C. Stanley, field secretary of
Antislavery League, preached several
sermons.

Unknown man committed suicide by
plunging from Hospital street wharf.
Captain Rawson, J. Post died
aboard his ship Conus at New York.
Friends of Naughton, wanted in St.
Louis, have decided to fight return.
J. H. D. Smith, police drillmaster,
and one of survivors of Custer massac-
re, died.

Conference of ward leaders in-
dorsed Lambremont, Guion and Capde-
vielle for second primary, and all San-
ders candidates for Legislature.
Only one Sunday Law arrest was
made.

North Louisiana Agricultural Society.
Cahoon, La.: The North Louisiana
Agricultural Society held its monthly
meeting in Agricultural Hall of the
North Louisiana Experiment Station
Saturday with a good local attend-
ance. President S. M. Camp was in
his chair and Secretary T. I. Watson
was at his desk. The meeting was
called to order at 11 o'clock, and the
minutes of the previous meeting were
read and approved. Letters of regret
and encouragement were read from
absent speakers, also a letter from
Governor Blanchard regretting his in-
ability to be present.

Truckers Want to Combine.
Natchitoches, La.: A meeting of the
Natchitoches Truck and Fruit Grow-
ers' Association was held here Satur-
day for the purpose of discussing the
receipt of Irish potato seed, which will
reach this city in the early part of the
coming week, and to make arrange-
ments for the disposition of the crop
when made. Great interest was shown
in the meeting, many members reported
that their land was in thorough
preparation for the seed. It was
agreed to submit a proposition to
brokers to sell the coming crop of the
association on the commission basis.
Secretary John C. Clark was instruct-
ed to communicate with the other
truck associations throughout this parish
with a view of bringing all of
them in one organization. The truck
growing spirit is alive throughout this
parish and this year will see much of
the necessities of life for home con-
sumption produced at home.

Six Business Buildings.
Melville, La.: Sunday morning at 3
o'clock fire destroyed the general mer-
chandise store of E. J. Lyon, Pickett's
restaurant, F. M. Able's barber shop,
Dr. I. Pearce's office, Van Jame's res-
taurant and a tenement house.
The postoffice, which was located
in Mr. Lyon's store, was a total loss.
The stock of merchandise was insured
for \$4,000, and \$300 was carried on
the restaurant. The origin of the fire
is a mystery. It originated in the
store of Mr. Lyons.

Local Talent in Minstrelsy.
Thibodaux, La.: The Thibodaux
Concert Band presented the Thibo-
doux Minstrels at the local theatre
to a large audience. The show is com-
posed of local talent, and carries a
concert band of twenty pieces, as well
as an orchestra. Several dates have
been secured in the towns within a
radius of 100 miles. The mayor of
the town served as interlocutor, and
rendered a vocal selection.

Prisoners Go to Penitentiary.
Alexandria, La.: Deputy Sheriff Da-
vid left Sunday morning for Baton
Rouge to convey the following prison-
ers, who pleaded guilty and were sen-
tenced to the penitentiary: John Han-
agan, robbing, one year; George Har-
ris, forgery, two years; Philip King,
larceny, one year; Robert Davis, rob-
bery, three years; Hanagan is a white
man, and the others are negroes.

Sanders' Majority 14,419.
Late returns now give Mr. Sanders
a total of 60,361 votes, against Mr.
Wilkinson's 45,942, a majority for San-
ders of 14,419.

For Lieutenant Governor, Bailey is
still climbing up, having 36,323
against Lambremont's 34,136, and
Lawson's 19,176.

Coco is safely in second place for
Attorney General, with 28,014, against
Pleasants 23,799. Guion's total is now
38,568.

For Auditor, Frazee has 26,441,
against Pleasants' 23,783. Guion's to-
tal is now 38,568.

Michel has 51,625 and Hebert 33,051
for Secretary of State.
Grace is far in the lead for Regis-
trar of the Land Office, having 35,429
Crandell's 31,753, and Stewart's 12,
000.

SIXTH DISTRICT CONTEST.

Congressman Favrot Sure to Have Op-
position Next Time.

Baton Rouge, La.: The next politi-
cal campaign of interest is the cam-
paign in the Sixth Congressional Dis-
trict for Congress. There are signs
that this campaign will open up real
soon.

Three candidates are considered al-
most certain, and more are possible.
George K. Favrot will be a candi-
date for re-election.

Is Woman Deteriorating? —An English Point of View

By T. B. SHAW.

ANY men, many minds! but, alas! I greatly fear that, as
regards this question, all men are of one mind.
deteriorating—this is the unanimous verdict—and
reluctantly we acquiesce; reluctantly, indeed, for
willingly be an iconoclast? Who would willfully
beautiful ideal of womanhood, surrounded with
truth and tenderness, simplicity and sincerity,
fulness, love and life, which has come down to
ages since Eve, "mother of mankind," "from
much wondering?"

Here we have the up-to-date damsel, shoulder to
eager for the fray, for the tussle, and the effort to write
pursuits and avocations to which his physique and his
title him, and on which, perchance, the lives of wife and
manly professions and pursuits to which the current of
been set since the days "when Adam delved and Eve span
is she that "woman is not undeveloped man, but diverse,"
that "she who makes man's cause hers" is liable to the loss
his allegiance, that her needless contact with the coarsest side
destroys in her the sweet womanliness, the daintiness, the nic-
in days gone by, formed our sex's chief charm. How can it be
Her mind is tainted and her conversation is flavored with the
able slang, the cheap cynicism of the fin-de-siecle literature,
perceptions are blunted and coarsened by the never-ceasing efflu-
tract man's attention (which her warped imagination frequ-
takes for admiration), to out-Herod Herod and to view all human
through an atmosphere of tobacco smoke.

The up-to-date woman is nothing if not strong-minded. She
fesses to despise those womanly wiles, those feminine graces, by means of
which our grandmothers held their sway. And yet, this very weak
I seen, in a society journal, a legend running thus: "Waists this season at-
becoming small by degrees and beautifully less." Paraphrased thus:
"Brains among women are becoming small by degrees and beautifully
less." It contains much food for thought, but how can we bring ourselves
to believe in the superior and strong-minded female until she, with a
strong hand, and by an overwhelming majority, puts down this abominable
custom which tends neither to wisdom nor to beauty, and which makes the
female interior a thing of torture to herself and a perpetual puzzle, won-
der and delight to that profession which wields the knife in search of
knowledge and science?

One glance at what is mistakenly called the sentimental side of the
question:

"Could we but make her as the man,
Sweet love is slain!"
And without love, I boldly assert that life is empty to any true woman.
Love, sympathy, tenderness, tact, these go to form the true woman,
whose husband has proudly consecrated to her his manhood, his life's al-
legiance, and whose children shall surely rise up and call her blessed.

American Monetary System Weak

By M. ALEXANDRE ULAR,
French Financial Editor, Now in America.

In France we are dis-
trusting of your financial
methods chiefly for the
reason that there is no
governmental control of
your banking system. We
also believe your mon-
etary system is entirely
wrong. At the root the
government is to blame,
of course, for it rests with that body to enact such legislation as will bring
banks and similar institutions under absolute control of the government.
As conditions now exist, what is there to prevent a recurrence of
what has taken place? Your financial institutions are under no more
greater legal restrictions than was the case last year, nor does there seem
to be any indication, so far as I can discover, that any will be established.
What guarantee, therefore, is there for the future? Absolutely none, so
far as can now be seen. Is it not possible, not to say probable, that the
same serious and alarming conditions may again
be brought into existence at any time? For myself,
I am an adherent of the central bank plan, but it is
very doubtful if such a system could be placed in
operation in this country because of the opposition
that would be encountered from the large financial
interests. The central bank system is a safeguard to
the financial interests of the country the value of
which cannot be overestimated. In France we have
had practical evidence of its worth, one result being
the absolute faith of the people in its practicability
and soundness.

Parole System Empties Prisons

By THOMAS SPEED MOSBY,
Missouri's Pardon Attorney.

The decrease in the
number of men sentenced
to imprisonment, with-
out a corresponding de-
crease in the number of
crimes committed, may
be partially due to the
extension of the parole
system for first offenders.
We are by no means to
judge the efficiency of a penal code merely by the number of persons sen-
tenced to imprisonment. In my opinion our penitentiary system, upon
the whole, has made quite as many criminals as it has cured.

Recidivism, or professional criminalism, exists more extensively
in Europe than in America, although in some respects criminality has
lately increased in the United States. The high
nervous tension common among us is responsible
for a growing neuropathic condition which is most
favorable to crime. The general lack of industrial
condition is developing thousands every year who
have never learned to make an honest living, and
who, sooner or later, find their way into the paths of
crime. Such improvements as are needed in the penal
codes of this country are not in the direction of
increased severity. The certainty of punishment is
of far more avail in the prevention of crime than
its severity, and laxity of administration cannot
be corrected by amendment of the laws.

