FOOD OFFICIALS TO INVESTIGATE

REQUESTED BY ATTORNEY GENERAL PALMER TO LOOK FOR PROFITEERS.

TO MAKE SPECIAL REPORTS

Department of Justice To Have Agents To Investigate All Charges So That Prosecution Will Be Immediate.

New Orleans. — John M. Parker, who was food administrator for Louisiana, received a message from Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer urging that he mobilize his volunteer aides in this state to take charge of the work of unmasking profiteers and protecting the people against extortionate food prices. Mr. Parker accepted.

The plan of Mr. Palmer is that the parish administrators organize a committee in each parish to take charge. The committee is to be composed of retail grocers and dry goods merchants, wholesalers, if possible, producers, labor representatives and citizens, who shall investigate and report upon prices in that parish.

If the probers find any signs of profiteering they are to make special and individual reports. The Department of Justice will have its agents handy and they will be available for these special investigations, so that prosecutions may be prompt if the facts justify. Mr. Palmer believes that the patriotism and the sentiment of the people will make the idea effective.

The Food Administration employed the idea in its work during the war and Mr. Palmer expects the machinery will serve well in the crisis.

STATE HAPPENINGS.

New Orleans. — Louisiana will become a great dairying state if plans contemplated by the Agricultural Bureau of the New Orleans Association of Commerce materialize. As the result of an exhaustive investigation of the bureau into the causes of dairy failures in Louisiana and the needs of the business, the bureau advocates establishment of creameries and cooling stations by farmers.

Alexandria. — In response to a call issued by S. W. Harris, president, and H. S. Burrowes, secretary, the Rapides Parish Live Stock Association met with a representative gathering of stock owners of the parish at the city hall, where resolutions were adopted urging the enforcement of the laws relative to cattle dipping.

Gibsland. — Drilling has been in progress on Woodard No. 1, four miles west of Gibsland, for several days. An interesting feature of this well is the presence of a solid stratum of coal, eleven feet in thickness, lying forty feet below the surface of the earth.

Baton Rouge.—Dr. Bradford Knapp, head of the extension work in the South, was the principal speaker at the final meeting of the farm demonstration agents at the Louisiana State University. Dr. Knapp spoke on the work of the county and parish demonstration agent.

University Station, Baton Rouge, La.—Louisiana State Beekeepers' Association was organized during farmers' week at the Louisiana State University, with a charter membership of thirty-seven.

Grand Isle.—Life Saving Station No. 214 and a powerful wireless station combined is being prepared for the advent of any approaching storms and the people of this island and surrounding sections have a safe haven from any danger of tidal waters or hurricanes.

Pointe a la Hache, La.—The police jury of Plaquemine parish will go the limt in building good roads, it was decided. The plans contemplate the surfacing with shell or gravel of every inch of road on the lower coast.

Kentwood.—The artesian well which has been furnishing the town with water for the past two years went dry this week, and the people are having to resort to their old-time wells, or to carry water from homes that have wells.

Grayson. — W. O. Carryway of Winnfield, La., and J. M. Hughes of Long View, Tex., representing a curing company, are now engaged in the construction of a potato dry kiln at this place.

New Orleans.—Two new road districts are being formed in Livingston parish, according to J. E. Smoot of Corbin, secretary of Road District No. 1, who was in New Orleans conferring with State Highway Engineer Duncan Buie on the Livingston road-building program.

Alexandria. — The Rapides Parish Bar Association met and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: H. H. White, president; John R. Hunter, vice-president; H. B. Gist, secretary and treasurer.

Hammond.—From war-torn Belgium comes an inquiry regarding the location of a veneer and box factory for 100,000 feet of veneering for panelling.

Folsom.—Fire of unascertained origin Friday at 1 a. m. destroyed the large sawmil plant of Camp and Bilbo, causing a heavy loss.

New Orleans. — According to a letter to Liberty League, Senator E. M. Stafford has withdrawn from the race for governor.

Ruston.—It has been definitely decided by the Lincoln Parish Memorial Association to erect, in memory of the men who went to war from this parish, a sanitarium and natatorium. The town council has donated the location on condition that the memorial association expend $50,000 on a memorial. Half of this amount has been raised.

Crowley. — Another concrete example of the prosperity of Acadia parish the foremost rice growing parish in Louisiana, is shown by the immense outlay of money for agricultural machinery this season. W. H. Moore, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce has ascertained from the local agencies $1,381,600 was the value of machinery sold in this parish thus far.

New Orleans.—A committee is going to Chicago to give negro families from the rural sections of Louisiana now living in the North, a chance to return to their old homes. The committee will be composed of Harry D. Wilson, commissioner of agriculture, or his representative, E. F. Dickinson, of the American Cane Growers' Association, and appointees by the rice and lumber industries.

Natchitoches.—C. C. Whisenhunt, for the past several years training teacher at the State Normal School, a prominent Mason, was presented with a gold watch by Phoenix Lodge No. 38, F. & A. M., previous to his departure for Shreveport where he has accepted the position of city school inspector.

Beaumont, Tex. — The total rice acreage reported in the United States is 1,095,318, according to the report of E. A. Bignus, secretary of the Southern Rice Growers' Association. Louisiana leads this district with 560,094 acres as compared to 217,839 for Texas and 157,885 for Arkansas.

Napoleonville. — Planters are busy with the rice cutting and threshing of same. Many of them have already sold their total output and at satisfactory prices. Cane planters are still working cane, which is considered late, but stubble cane that has been sufficiently worked is now improving daily.

Pointe a la Hache, La.—A special election has been called for by the board of administrators in Road District No. 1, for September 10, for the purpose of voting a bond issue for $50,000 for the purpose of resurfacing the road with shells from the St. Bernard parish line to Pointe a la Hache.

Pointe a la Hache.—A memorial will be presented to Congress by the taxpayers of Road District No. 4, through Senators Gay and Ransdell and Congressman O'Connor, for an appropriation of $200,000 to continue the shell road from this town on down to Fort St. Philip, a distance of thirty-five miles.

Gibsland.—George W. Early of Marceline, Mo., L. R. Hawkes of Wellsville, Kan., and W. P. Callahan of Winthrop, Kan., all of whom are interested in the development of the oil possibilities in Bienville parish surrounding Gibsland arrived to complete final arrangements for beginning drilling operations.

Estherwood.—Farmers of this section are actively engaged in the harvesting of the early rices and their work, which promises to bring in much cash, is well advanced. Fewer weeds and grasses are to be contended with, but there is more red rice.

Lake Charles.—Lumber men from all sections of the South gathered in Lake Charles to attend the big Hoo-Hoo concatentation. The great Snark of the Universe, W. A. Priddle, of Beaumont, presided.

Baton Rouge.—Maps of Louisiana were requested of the state land office by a representative of King George of England, in a letter received by Fred J. Grace recently. The letter was written by J. C. Bartholomew, cartographer to the king, from Edinburgh.

Lake Charles.—S. M. Lyons, parish tax assessor, has been notified by the State Board of Affairs that the parish assessment of the Union Sulphur Company has been raised $750,000. This makes the total assessment $31,550,000.

Jeanerette.—So great has been the demand for houses, Jeanerette has no vacant homes in town. Due to the high cost of material, it is impossible to build houses to rent. All attention at present is given to business improvements, which are being made.

Colfax. — A suit has been filed here to enjoin Grant parish authorities from requiring any further dipping of cattle this season, in the name of H. L. Irwin, et al, versus the parish of Grant.

Baton Rouge.—J. W. Bateman of Tensas parish was appointed a member of the board of administrators of Louisiana State Normal School by Governor Pleasant.

Columbia.—P. N. Mullenax of the Eighth Ward has on exhibition at the Caldwell Bank a beet weighting fourteen and one-half pounds which was produced in his family garden.

Pointe a la Hache.—The last of the enlisted men from this parish who served overseas have returned home.

Pointe a la Hacre.—Final cultivation to the can crops was concluded recently. The condition of the crops is promising and the fields are completely cleaned of grass.

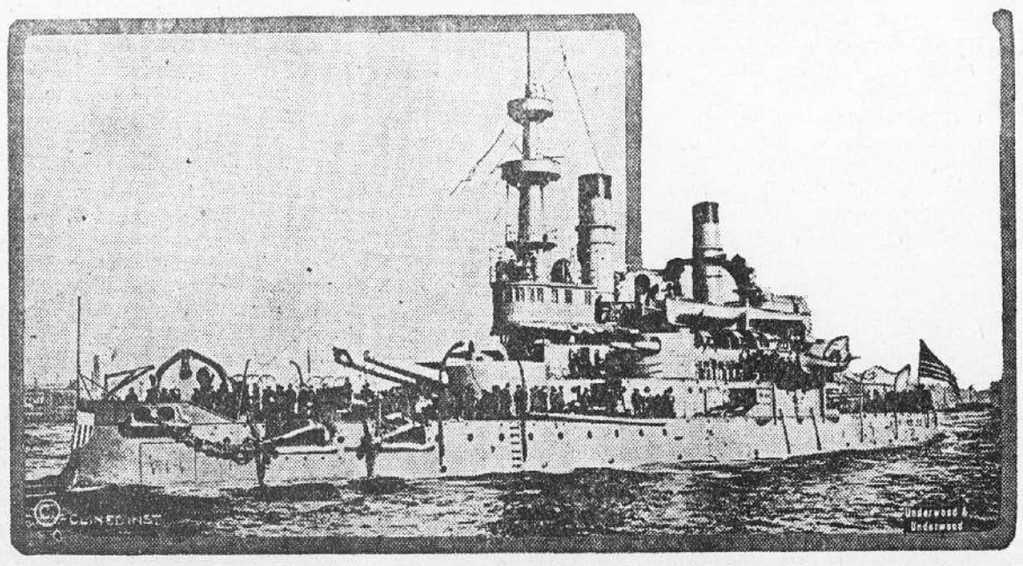
Opelousas. — Professor Paul B. Pavy has been selected principal of the Opelousas High School for the coming term.

Columbia.—In the face of the short cotton crop of this section, the merchants of Columbia are preparing for big business this fall and winter.

GERMANY IS RECRUITING A NEW VOLUNTEER ARMY

The allies look with considerable suspicion on the new volunteer army that Germany is recruiting and training in modern methods of warfare. The photograph shows some of the recruits being taught the use of liquid fire.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S FLAGSHIP IN THE PACIFIC



The old battleship Oregon, of Spanish war fame, which will be President Wilson's flagship as he reviews the newly created Pacific fleet when it steams into the harbor at San Francisco early in September.

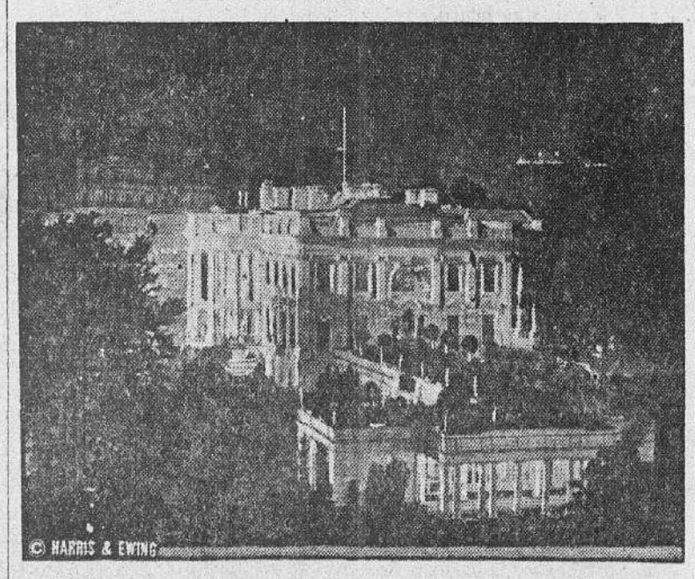
FARMERS CONFER WITH PRESIDENT

These five men, representing farmers in 24 wheat and corn growing states, had a conference with President Wilson. Means of reducing the high cost of living was the subject of the discussion. Left to right, they are: D. O. Thompson, Illinois; John G. Brown, president of the Indiana Federation of Farmers' Associations; A. B. Bradfute, Ohio; J. R. Howard, Iowa, and F. C. Crocker, Nebraska.

BEST SHOT OF HER AGE

Miss Marjorie F. Kinder, although only fourteen years of age, is a national rifle champion with small-bore arms. Miss Kinder is without equal for her age in the United States. She is a member of the Winchester Junior Rifle corps. Our photograph shows Miss Kinder on the range at Caldwell, N. J., where she displayed her unusual ability as a crack shot in the national rifle matches.

WHITE HOUSE UNDER SEARCHLIGHTS



Washington was shown the effectiveness of modern searchlights in an exhibition in which the White House was illumined by powerful lights operated by army engineers. This photograph shows the executive mansion, and the east wing with the state, war and navy building in the background.

CONDENSATIONS

The puddles in the holes in the pavement of the Southwest boulevard, Kansas City, got to be so large that somebody put up signs, "No Fishing Allowed."

Peru was fortunate during the war in having for sale one product, sugar, the demand for which never slackened.

Out of eight hundred thousand women in Texas, only 7,000 paid their necessary poll tax in expectation of voting on future elections of the year.

A big re-enforced concrete chimney in Japan, 550 feet high and tapering from 48 feet 8 inches to 27 feet 5 inches, is the second tallest in the world. Measurements have shown that a wind of 12 miles an hour vibrates the top less than one-twenty-fifth of an inch. A wind of 54 miles increases the vibration about an inch, and with hurricane force it reached 7.7 inches, the oscillation lasting about 2.51 seconds.

Operated by an electric battery and magnetos, a clock has been invented that runs for two years without attention.

European experimenters have found that adding from 30 to 50 per cent of graphite to negative arc light carbons produces a stable arc and reduces the shadow.

The men of Portugal, as a class, have the reputation of being the best dressed in the world.

Grapefruit was introduced into Florida by the Spaniards. The true name of the fruit is "pomelo."

Queen Elizabeth was exceedingly superstitious, and she took the precaution to consult an astrologer before naming the day for her coronation.

A woman is the patentee of a new post hole digger with a hinged scoop to remove all the loose earth from a hole.

The newest machine for etching glassware holds the piece by suction while the patterns are impressed upon the surface.

More than 20,000 women are employed in the cotton mills of Bombay.

The population of Madagascar at the close of 1917 was estimated at 3,227,470.

Boots and shoes exported by Japan during 1916 amounted to 853,608 pairs and during 1917 to 987,471 pairs.

WILSON ASKS MEN PORTPONE DEMANDS

President Explains Situation and Makes Plea for Co-Operation.

Washington.—Postponement of the settlement of wage demands until normal economic conditions are restored was announced Monday by President Wilson as the policy which the administration will pursue in dealing with such questions, particularly those affecting railroad workers.

The president announced also that it was neither wise nor feasible at this time, when the most important question before the country is a return to a normal price level, to attempt to increase freight rates to provide funds for higher wages.

"We ought to postpone questions of this sort until we have the opportunity for certain calculations as to the relations between wages and the cost of living," the president declared in a statement to the public explaining his decision as to wages. "It is the duty of every citizen to insist upon a truce in such contests until intelligent settlements can be made, and made by peaceful and effective common council. I appeal to my fellow citizens of every employment to co-operate in insisting upon the maintaining such a truce."

Statement Affects Thousands.

Mr. Wilson's statement was issued in connection with the decision of himself and Director General Hines on demands by railroad shopmen for a 25 per cent advance in wages, but the general policy pronounced covers also the wage demands of other hundreds of thousands of railroad workers which are pending before the director general. It is to be expected that other unions trying to obtain more pay will be asked as the shopmen, to play their part with other citizens in reducing the cost of living by foregoing a temporary advantage which would add to transportation cost.

The decision of the president and director general was announced to a committee of 100 representing the shopmen. In reply to their demands for a 25 per cent increase the shopmen were asked to accept an adjustment of their pay to the basis of ten hours' pay for eight hours' work, which they contended was given other employes and denied them when the Adamson law became effective. This means an advance of the basic pay from 68c to 72c an hour, whereas an increase of 71c to 85c an hour was demanded.

Telephone Co. Refused Injunction.

Shreveport, La.—A temporary injunction restraining the city of Houston, Tex., from enforcing its ordinance retaining prewar telephone rates was refused the Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone Company in an opinion rendered by Judge G. W. Jack in the United States District Court Monday following the conclusion of arguments for and against the issuance of the writ shortly before noon. The effect of the decision is to maintain the status between Houston and the telephone company as it was, and rates prescribed in a city ordinance which were effective before the government assumed control of the telephone are operative.

German Plots in Mexico.

New York.—Revelation of extensive German plots in Mexico during the war, which included a proposed invasion of the United States by a German-Mexican army of 45,000 men, at the same time that the Germans launched their last drive on the western front in July, 1918, was made here Saturday by the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, which gave out a statement by Dr. P. B. Altendorf, formerly of the United States military intelligence department, reciting his experience as an American secret service agent in that country.

$100,000 In Liberty Bonds Stolen.

Boston, Mass.—The theft of $100,000 in Liberty Bonds and $3,500 in cash from a voult office of the paymaster of the Boston and Albany Railroad at the South Station was discovered on Tuesday.

Standards for Bread Loaves.

Austin, Tex.—At a conference here Tuesday between representatives of the Texas Master Bakers' Association and F. C. Weinert, superintendent of weights and measures, standards of loaves of bread were fixed at 16, 24, 32 and 48 ounces.

Tourists Flee From National Park.

Devils Lake, N. D.—A report that the forest fires in Montana have reached Glacier National Park, and tourists are fleeing from the park.

Probe "Wild Cat" Oil Stocks.

Washington.—Investigation of some fifty complaints of the sale of "wild cat" oil stocks in Texas oil fields have been started by the federal trade commission.

Reduced to 225,000 Men.

Washington.—The present rate of demobilization makes it certain the army will be reduced to 225,000 by September 30, the war department announced Tuesday.

Keeping Silver Bright.

When the silverware has become badly tarnished put it in an aluminum dish, cover with water and boil for a short time, and it will come out bright and clean. The aluminum dish will be slightly discolored after this process, but it may be easily cleaned.

True Economy.

Economy consists not in going without needed things so much as in using all things, money included, to the best possible advantage.

Eye for Business.

The small son of a physician in Scottsburg was sent to the drug store the other evening by his mother, and told to hurry back. While waiting for the clerk to get to him he heard a gentleman at the soda fountain order a root beer and saw him throw six cents on the counter. After a few moments' deep thought the boy swaggered up to the counter. "Do you sell two of those for 11 cents?" he asked the clerk. "Yes," was the answer. "Then give me one, too," the boy said, putting his nickel down carefully by the man's six cents.—Indianapolis News.

Luxurious Living.

"They charge for putting on a tablecloth and forks and spoons!" exclaimed the man who was studying the restaurant menu.

"Don't say anything about it!" whispered his wife. "If you discuss it in such a way as to bring it to general attention they'll probably think they ought to collect a luxury tax in addition."

New Kind.

Little Frederick, five, was visiting their neighbor across the way and noticed Mrs. Smith with a new pair of eye-glasses. "Oh, mamma," he exclaimed on arriving home, "I went over to see Mrs. Smith and she wears looking glasses on her eyes."

Loyalty Is First Demand.

Business presents untold opportunities, magnificent possibilities; but the only man who ever succeeds for himself or deserves promotion from anyone else is the man who is loyal.

THE JOY OF MOTHERHOOD

Came to this Woman after Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to Restore Her Health

Ellensburg, Wash.—"After I married I was not well for a long time and a good deal of the time was not able to go about. Our greatest desire was to have a home in our home and one day my husband came back from town with a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and wanted me to try it. It brought me from my trouble. I improved in health so I could do housework; we now have a little one of which I owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. O. JOHNSON, R. No. 3, Ellensburg, Wash.

There are women everywhere longing for children in their homes yet denied this happiness on account of some functional disorder which in many cases would readily yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Such women should not give up hope until they have given this woman's medicine a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of 40 years' experience is at your service.

DEATH TO CHILLS

Removes the cause by destroying the germs of MALARIA. At your drug store, 60c; money back if not satisfied.

BEHRENS DRUG CO., Waco, Texas

OXIDINE

Safe Remedy for granulated lids, styes, pink-eye. Avoid powerful dangerous drugs—use MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE for Sore Eyes

Had Luncheon in Tank.

For storing brandy a Capetown firm installed a tank to hold 20,250 gallons. It was 12 feet deep and 20 feet in diameter. To celebrate the occasion of its completion, 16 persons sat down to luncheon in the tank.

FOR HEADACHES—

There isn't any Headache powder that does the work like CAPUDINE. It gives quick relief from Headaches of all kinds. Trial size 10 cts. Large sizes also—IT'S LIQUID.—adv.

Heard at the Longwood.

"So Blank, our old hard hitter doesn't play any more. Is he married or reconciled to married life?" "I guess so. The other morning I saw him sifting ashes through his old tennis racket."

Cuticura Soothes Baby Rashes. That itch and burn with hot bath of Cuticura Soap followed by gentle anointings of Cuticura Ointment. Nothing better, purer, sweeter, especially if a little of the fragrant Cuticura Talcum is dusted on at the finish. 25c each everywhere.—Adv.

Women Advance in Holland.

This year, for the first time, women are seeking election to town councils in Holland.

The Difficulty.

Ned (enthusiastically)—"Johnson's a live wire." Harry (gloomily)—"Yes, a live wire you can't 'touch.'"

For speedy and effective action Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" has no equal. One dose will clean out Worms or Tapeworm.—Adv.

Every time you get a swelled head about being popular try borrowing money for a cure.

COULD NOT SLEEP

Mr. Schleusner in Misery From Kidney Complaint. Doan's Gave Complete Relief.

"Heavy work brought on my kidney complaint," says Wm. Schleusner, 3 Suburban Ave., Wellston, Mo. "One morning when shoeing a horse I was taken with a sudden pain in my back and fell flat on the floor. It felt as if I had been hit with a sledge hammer, I couldn't have suffered more. I staggered to the house for five weeks and the pain was worse than the life out of me. Sometimes, I couldn't get a wink of sleep because of the misery and I had to get up every few nights to pass the secretions which were highly colored, had a foul odor, filled with sandy sediment and terribly scalding. My bladder felt as though it were afire. The pain brought stupor and a reeling sensation in my head; the torture of it can't be described. If I got onto my feet I couldn't walk but felt dizzy and had a flutter and everything would turn black. My head ached so it seemed as though my eyes were being driven out. I started using Doan's Kidney Pills and I was soon rid of all my trouble."

Mr. Schleusner

Subscribed and sworn to before me.

C. H. COGGESHALL, *Notary Public.*

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

For Grip, Colds MALARIA 7-11 CHILLICURE kills the Malaria germ regulates the liver 25 CENTS