MADISON TIMES

R. C. WEIGHTMAN, Editor & Prop.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

ONE YEAR,	$2 00
SIX MONTHS,	1 25
THREE MONTHS	75

Member State Central Executive Committee.
JOHN B. STONE.

District Executive Committee.
J. B. STONE, of Madison, Ch'n.
J. H. GILFOIL, of "
J. M. KENNEDY, of East Carroll.

Democratic Executive Committee of Madison Parish.
G. A. RICHARDSON, G. T. TREZEVANT,
R. C. WEIGHTMAN, GEO. M. LONG.
JOHN B. STONE.

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Any matter for publication must reach this office not later than by Thursday's mail.
All communications of whatever nature should be addressed to TIMES, Tallulah, Parish of Madison, La.
☞ Anything intended for publication must be accompanied by the name of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but to fix the responsibility where it belongs. The editor is only responsible for what he writes himself.
Write on one side of the paper only.
Short communications of general interests from all parts of this and adjoining parishes are earnestly desired.
No poetry wanted.

FOR PRESIDENT.
STEPHEN GROVER CLEVELAND.
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT.
THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.
OF INDIANA.

Incorporate.

Subscribe for the TIMES.

Ohio is still a doubtful State.

Red River is too low for navigation.

It is said Walton is now a Butler man.

Admiral Porter does not want to see Blaine elected.

Blaine is said to be hopelessly ill with Bright's disease.

Leap year will be several years in getting around again.

The J. M. White resumed her place in the trade this week.

The Richland Beacon appears to have a hankering for King.

It is thought Frank Hatton will be appointed Postmaster General.

You may expect a lively campaign in the Fifth Congressional District.

Eight pin and needle factories in Germany used 600 tons of wire in 1882.

Dispatch from Rome. Grimaldi is visiting Genoa. It must mean Grimalkin, Micoux!

And now the East Carroll Democrat masticates the mane of the West Carroll Watchman.

Postmaster Gresham has been appointed Secretary of the Treasury to succeed Mr. Folger.

Josie Mansfield, on account of whom Fisk was killed, lives in Paris, where she passes for a Cuban widow.

Hon. Louis St. Martin was nominated in New Orleans, Sept. 29th by the First District Democratic Convention, for Congress.

Jno. W. Garrett, President of the Baltimore & Ohio R. R., died at Deer Park, Md., Sept. 26th 1884, in the 65th year of his age.

A bank official in Montreal who was $40,000 short in his accounts fled to the United States. This is a weak attempt at striking a balance.

It is said there were only thirty-three voters present at the grand King ratification meeting at Lake Providence about which so much blowing has been done.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.

ALL PERSONS OWNING PROPERTY in the Parish of Madison are hereby notified that the tax rolls for the year 1884, have been filed in the office of the Clerk and of the Sheriff of said Parish, and that the taxes for said year, are now due—and all parties owing taxes are notified to come forward and pay same, in order to avoid the notice, advertisement and sale required by law. H. B. HOLMES,
Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector.
Parish of Madison.

THE MASS MEETING.

A full report of the mass meeting will be found in another place. There is nothing special to say about it more than has been said. The official report is also published, Mr. Crandell's flattering remarks concerning the editor being one cause of this additional publication. It was reported that the administration was to be condemned but it was not done. This report probably accounts for the number of anti-administration men present. Read the reports and see for yourself what was done.

THE SCHOOL BOARD.

As the School Board question has been brought before the public through the mass meeting of Wednesday last it is now a public matter and subject to public discussion.

In the resolutions passed by the mass meeting occurs the following remarkable statement: "That we tender a renewal of confidence in the ability of our State Senator, the Hon. Geo. W. Montgomery to represent us, and cordially endorse all appointments that have been made at his suggestion." This endorsement of Geo. W. Montgomery's appointees applies to the School Board, in whom in another resolution the mass meeting express "full confidence" in their "ability and fitness for the positions," this last applying specially to the three members who were removed.

The acts of the School Board are then approved and endorsed. The three removed members make a majority of the Board and they are responsible for the acts of the Board. The Board at its last meeting held Sept. 6th "ordered that the date for opening of the white schools be Monday the sixth day of October and for opening the colored schools, Monday the third day of November." Here is a plain violation of the law. Why are not the colored schools opened at the same time as the white? Just why the colored schools should be deprived of a month's teaching is not clear.

There is one thing however that is clear which is that the School Board so fully endorsed by the mass meeting is incompetent to fulfil the law governing the Board or else they are incompetent to understand the law bearing on the subject. The mass meeting was apparently led by the nose and did not know what it was doing. Call another!

AN OPEN LETTER

To Gen. J. Floyd King and Hon. C. J. Boatner.

MONROE, LA., Oct. 1.—The following compromise of political differences in the Fifth District, has been proposed here to-day.

In common with every good citizen we cannot but deplore the results of the late congressional convention as creating present confusion in the party, seriously imperiling the interest of the National Democratic ticket and entailing on the party in the District a bitterness which may result in its permanent disruption. We in common with many other democrats in this District, have labored too earnestly and long for the success of Democratic principles and against Radical misrule to submit to the inevitable results of the late convention, without doing all in our power to restore harmony. It is now very late, but since no one else will act and no one appears to be authorized to act, we, as friends of Gen. King and Mr. Boatner, and of the party, in the order of our names, have assumed the right to offer the following at this late hour, with the earnest hope that good may result:

We respectfully ask Messrs. King and Boatner each to signify in a public manner at once their approval hereof, and in the meantime that the people in the several parishes of the district meet before the twelfth instant and instruct their delegates to the late congressional convention on all issues which have heretofore divided them, or which are likely to arise other than their choice of candidates. That the delegates accredited to the late convention, whether in person or otherwise, meet in convention at Monroe on Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 1 p.m., and proceed to the selection of a candidate for the Democratic party at the approaching election.

Finally, we urge every true patriot in the district to ignore the recent past as well as all personal considerations, and actively assist in harmonizing the party differences and saving it from permanent disruption, and the country from all those terrible evils which will be the inevitable result of the present disorder."

W. T. THEOBALDS.
FRANK P. STUBBS.
G. W. MCCRANIE.

From the above it will be seen that there is a plain path open to harmonizing the rupture in the district. No true democrat should hesitate to accept such a proposition. If, as is claimed by the King men, King has a majority of the delegates the way is now open to prove it, and no one but Mr. Boatner can be hurt. It may result in the choice of some other candidate but that should be no objection to the plan. It is evidently in the interest of harmony, and for the good of the party. All who desire these results should be willing to take this opportunity of obtaining them. The healing of the dissensions now existing stand far above the consideration of anyone man, and no rights can be infringed upon by the plan proposed. It is therefore fitting that all the friends of the gentlemen named should accept this plan and for the gentlemen themselves to promptly go on record as willing to accept the suggestions offered by announcing their willingness to do so through the press of the district.

Later: Boatner accepts, and King left it to his Ex Committee who refused.

The Monroe Convention. A Plain Statement With no Side Issues.

The Convention was called to order by Col. C. H Moore, Chairman of the District Executive Committee. He called Hon. J. M. Kennedy to the chair as temporary chairman. No objection was raised by any one to Mr. Kennedy's taking the chair and he presided over the deliberations of the whole convention until it took a recess about 4 o'clock. About the time for re-assembling—5 o'clock—the friends of Mr. King repaired to the court-room at a time when Mr. Kennedy and a large majority of Mr. Boatner's friends were absent and undertook to re-organize the convention. They put Dr. Brumby in the chair. Mr. Kennedy returning about this time, ascended the platform and called the convention to order, Dr. Brumby withdrawing to one side of the platform. The King faction refused to longer recognize Mr. Kennedy as the chairman and the result was a split. Now can it be consistently charged that the friends of Mr. Boatner bolted?

To rebut this statement the friends of King assume that they had a majority and could not bolt, but whether Gen. King had a majority or not is a question for argument and not assumption. Where and how did he get his majority? Concede him every vote he claims except Tensas and Concordia and he did not have a majority. If Tensas was entitled to 38 votes in the convention and if King carried Concordia he did have a majority and was entitled to the nomination. The question then is, was Gen. King entitled to the 38 votes of Tensas and the vote of Concordia?

We will dispose of the Tensas question first. We do not apprehend that anybody will gainsay the proposition that every deliberative body is the sole judge as to the qualifications of its own members. Nor do we apprehend that anybody will gainsay the proposition that fraud vitiates everything it touches. Nor do we apprehend that any living man will gainsay the fact that the vote in Tensas parish at the late general election was a spurious, fictitious and fraudulent one.

These two propositions being true and the fact being equally true, was Tensas entitled to the representation she claimed? Suppose A was declared elected to Congress and B contested his seat and proved to that body that A's supposed election was secured by fraud—ballot-box stuffing—would not the Congress of the United States reject A's claims to a seat on its floor? The question before a convention of the people is the same, and the people in convention assembled are sovereign. They had a right to go into the Tensas vote and to say to the delegates representing that parish that you cannot come into a convention claiming a representation upon a fraudulent vote. The question was demanded by over 8000 genuine, bona fide Democratic votes and the convention could not refuse to go into it. Those 8000 genuine Democratic votes had the right to say that their voice should not be stifled by a fictitious vote.

And this thing of cutting down the fictitious vote of Tensas parish is no new, unheard of, unprecedented, undemocratic thing, as has been argued by the friends of Gen. King. In the Congressional Convention of 1878, we believe it was, Tensas parish came into the convention claiming twenty-seven votes and her representation was cut down to two. Gen. King was the presiding officer of that convention. So much then for the Tensas vote.

Now let us enquire into the Concordia contest. The fight in that parish between King and Boatner depended upon the sixth ward. The contest in that ward was very close, the result depending upon the right of a foreign born citizen to vote. He had filed his declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States and was, under the law, entitled to vote. With this legal vote Mr. Boatner had a majority in that meeting, and was entitled to the delegation from that ward to the parish convention. This gave him a majority in that convention and therefore he was entitled to the vote of Concordia parish in the Congressional Convention.

Now who had the majority? Gen. King's friends, claiming the vote of Concordia without the shadow of a right and the 38 fraudulent votes of Tensas, together with those of other parishes which were unquestioned and instructed for him, proceeded to nominate him.—Monroe Bulletin.

EXPOSITION CIRCULAR.

ROOMS OF THE PARISH COMMISSIONER OF THE PARISH OF MADISON.

TALLULAH, Sept., 25, 1884.

The following information is published for the benefit of all parties interested.

Small grains should be exhibited, threshed, and in the sheaf, corn shelled, in the ear, and in the shuck. Grasses wild and tame, in bales and sheaves. Pull the grass up by the roots.

Forestry, farm and garden seeds, in glass show bottles.

Collective exhibits, showing all the preparation and products of each agricultural plant. For example, from the cotton plant, the fibre, the oil, cake, meal, hull-ashes from the sud, the stalk and fibre from it. Rice, wheat, oats, rye, barley &c., sugar-cane, sorgum and other products.

Cold storage will be used for, butter, milk and creamery products.

The minor industries, like silk culture, bee farming &c., should be represented by collective exhibits.

Fruit products, jellies, wines, brandies and vinegar should not be ommitted.

Specimens of small fruits, and of all fruits of the *prunus* and *pirus* species, and of garden vegetables, can be well preserved in alcohol of a proper strength, in clear glass show bottles. Quart sizes are the best for the small fruits, half gallon for the larger fruits.

Collections of fruit, flowers and leaves in wax should supplement the fresh fruits, where they fail.

FORESTRY COLLECTION.

Persons are requested to use the numbering and nomenclature of Prof. Sargent's catalogue of the Forest Trees of America published as a portion of the report of the 10th census in naming and arraying their specimens of woods and timbers. His new scientific nomenclature had best be used for uniformity, and their names with the common and local names, and the locality should be put on the labels. The following collections are suggested to illustrate the woods and and timbers.

Logs cut from the trunk of the tree one foot above the ground, and four feet long. At the upper end they are sawn longitudially through the heart 15 inches, and blocks thus formed, removed upon one side by a cut slightly beveled. The sawn surfaces are planed and sand papered. Give in your catalogues the diameter of these blocks at the upper end, that is five feet from the ground; of trees too large to be thus handled, cut a disc one and a half foot thick, five feet from the ground. Planks two inches thick and two feet long, cut from bark to bark through the heart, or in case of very large trees from heart to bark, should be well seasoned, dressed sand papered, and polished, by rubbing with a solution of white shellac and alchohol until a glossy but colorless surface is obtained.

Knots and burls for veneers ornamental woods, turned or curved specimens, varnished specimens to show their appearance in furniture, will form another class.

Spoke, handle, rim, bucket and barrel timber, hoops, and every kind of half manufactured wood form another class.

Forest products, barks, medicinal, and for tanning, wild fruits, rosin, and gums, medicinal herbs and roots, from another class.

All mineral waters, or soils forwarded, whether to form part of the State or Parish exhibit will be analysed free of charge, and should be shipped to W. J. Hodgson, Alternate Commissioner, New Orleans, La.

Expenses attending shipment and displaying exhibits will be paid by the State Commissioner.

When Exhibits are contributed to form permanent part of the State Exhibit the State Commissioner will, on application, furnish glass jars or other packages.

The State Commissioner is prepared to receive articles for parish or State Exhibit, and they can be shipped at any time, not later than the first of November.

Freight on all articles of parish Exhibit to form part of State Exhibits to form a part of State Exhibit will be paid by the State Commissioner.

Contributions of marine and fresh water shells found in Louisiana, will be thankfully received, and due acknowledgement made of the donation in printed catalogue.

Parties having collections already prepared and not wishing to donate them, will state condition they are in, and price they would take for them.

Archeological and historical collections and curiosities of all kinds will prove very interesting features of the collective Exhibits of the State.

Everything illustrating Indian life, Colonial life, and the history of our people, will be in place. Their books, tools, wearing apparel, furniture &c., models, views, and diagrams, maps and charts.

Articles shipped and not coming through Parish Commissioner will not be received or the charges paid by the State Commissioner.

I hereby appoint the following persons Assistant Commissioners for their respective wards in this parish.

1st Ward,	Adams Kellogg.
2nd "	F. L. Maxwell.
3rd "	A. S. Coltharp.
4th "	
5th "	W. H. Harvey.
6th "	F. Reichman.
7th "	W.P. Stanwood.

All persons having articles of Exhibit ready for shipment can deliver the same to any of the above named Commissioners who will see that it is promptly and properly forwarded.

Parties desiring information can obtain the same by corresponding with the undersigned Commissioner.

All persons preparing any article or intending to exhibit any thing, will greatly oblige, by informing me of the fact and the nature of the exhibit. A. W. CRANDELL,
Commissioner for Madison.

A RARE CHANCE.

FOR SALE. The well known Scotland plantation, adjoining the town of Tallulah, containg 800 acres of land, 400, open land. Large double house, six rooms, plastered inside, two brick cisterns, large shade trees, orchard, out buildings, and yard containing nearly an acre of ground. Large stable cotton house &c. Twenty one cabins on the place. The place is high land, about 150 acres not being overflowed this year. For terms and any information desired. Address:
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Sept. 13-tf.

A Chance for Blaine Bookmakers.

"If there are any enthusiastic Blaine men who entertain the idea that the Plumed Knight is going to be successful," says James Patterson, of the northeast corner of Seventh avenue and Twenty-seventh street, "they can swell their bank account by accepting any of the following offers I am prepared to make:

"One thousand dollars against $700 that Cleveland carries the State of New York.

"One thousand dollars even that Cleveland will have 30,000 plurality.

"One thousand dollars against $1700 that Cleveland carries Ohio.

"One thousand dollars even that Cleveland carries Indiana.

"One thousand dollars against $600 that Cleveland carries New Jersey.

"Twenty-five hundred dollars even that Cleveland will be elected.

"One thousand dollars even that Butler will not poll 12,000 votes in the county of New York."

Addison Cammack, the noted broker, has $37,000 bet on Cleveland, and declares that there is more money betting on Cleveland than there is in stocks.—N. Y. World.

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As far as prices are concerned, I simply defy competition.
No. 125 Washington Street, Vicksburg, Miss.
June 1, 1 yr.

MADISON TIMES.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

AT

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PARISH OF MADISON, LOUISIANA.

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Any one ordering this paper will receive it twice, only, when, if the subscription price is not paid, the paper will be discontinued.

Any movement, that will advance the Intersts of Madison Parish will receive the earnest support of the TIMES.

Short communications from all parts of the parish, are desired. Send them in.

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