

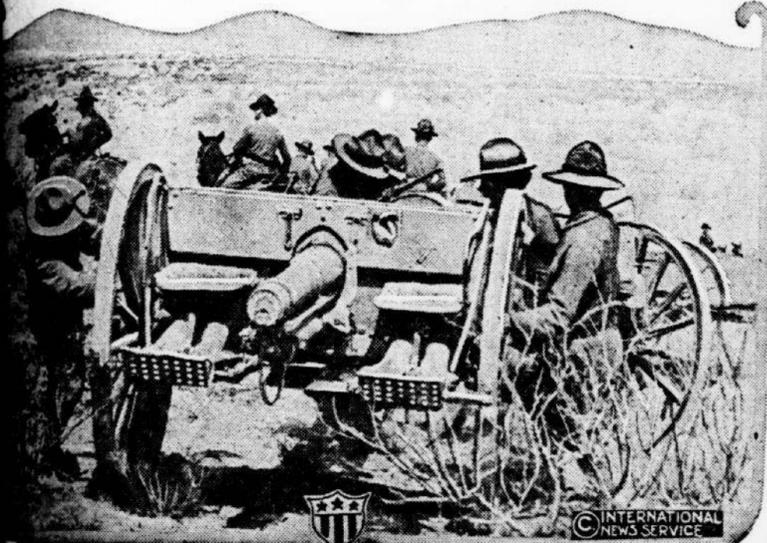
News of the Week as Caught by the Camera for Readers of The Journal

HORSES KILLED BY THE VILLA BANDITS



Remains of the patrol of the Thirteenth United States cavalry killed during the battle with Villa's men at Columbus, N. M.

U. S. ARTILLERY MOVING INTO POSITION



AMERICANS IN CANADIAN ARMY



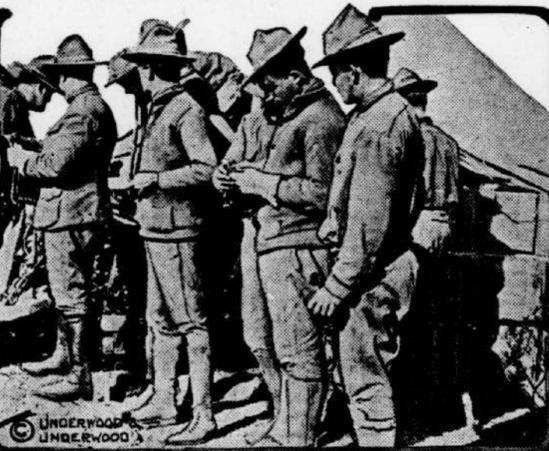
Some of the Americans who have enlisted in the American regiment that has been recruited for service in the Canadian contingent in Europe.

BORDER HEROINE



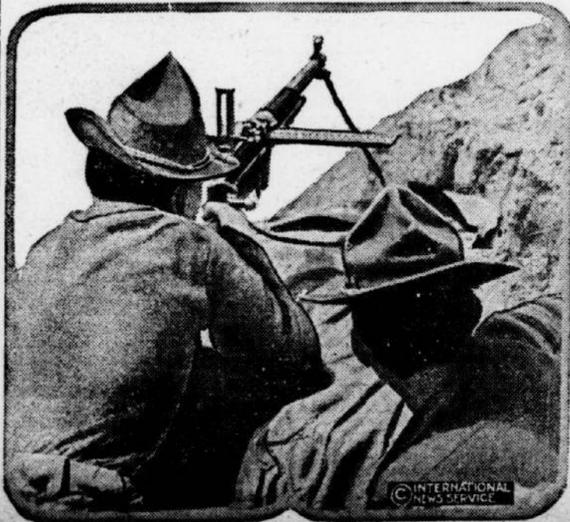
The beautiful seventeen-year-old Miss Evans, who notified ranchman Stocum as scout of the border county, has offered her services to the army.

U. S. TROOPS SEIZE MEXICAN CARTRIDGES



American military authorities refused to deliver to Carranza's agents the half million cartridges seized at Douglas, Ariz.

AMERICAN FIELD GUN IN ACTION



Boy Soldiers.
The school camp association is giving military training to the schoolboys of the county. The boys are being trained in the use of rifles and bayonets. Every boy is required to buy his own rifle, but these will be loaned to him for more than \$3.50.

MOUNTAIN ARTILLERY ON MARCH IN MEXICO



This branch of the service is likely to do the most active work, as Villa is reported to have fled to the mountain country. These mountains contain many secret nooks and caves in which the bandits can seek shelter.

BANDIT CHIEF AND SOME OF HIS CUTTHROATS



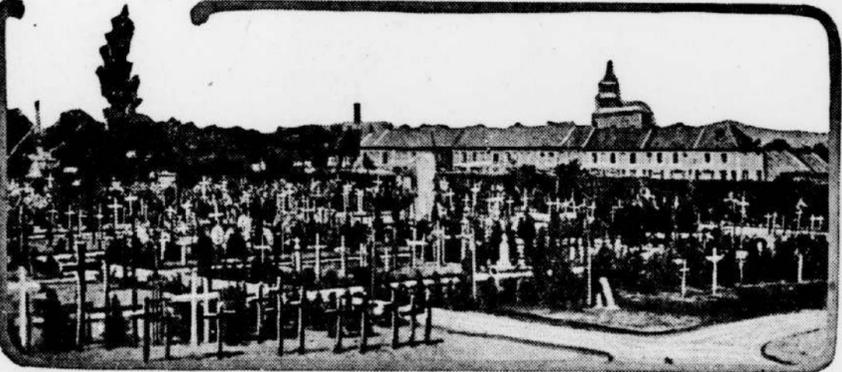
Villa and his band are seen resting after a long dash over the plains of Mexico. The arrow points to Villa.

SEEK CLOSER TRADE RELATIONS WITH SOUTH AMERICA



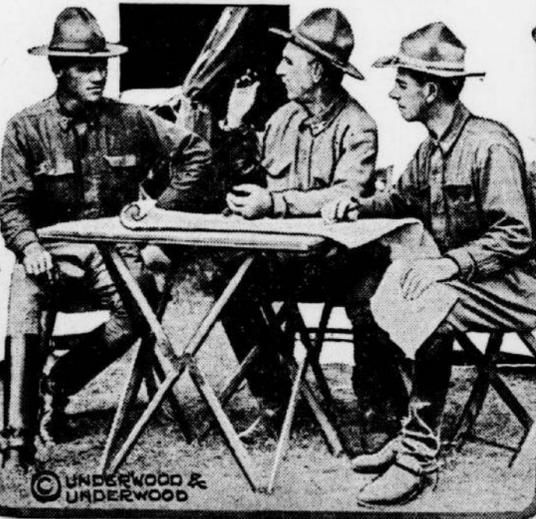
The picture shows Secretary McAdoo and the members of the international high commission on board the battleship Tennessee. The commission will visit the countries of South America in the interest of closer trade relations.

GERMANS HONOR THEIR FALLEN HEROES



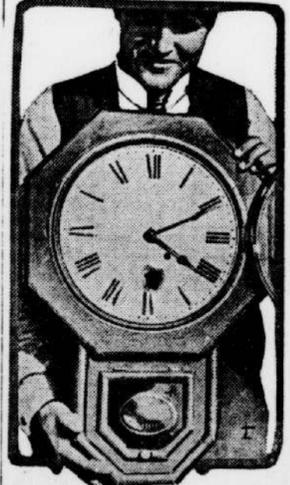
German cemetery of honor in Lens for the fallen heroes of the Loretto heights.

COLONEL GASTON AND STAFF



Colonel Gaston of the Sixth United States cavalry in conference with members of his staff on the Mexican frontier.

VILLA STOPPED IT



Clock in the railroad station at Columbus, N. M., which was put out of business by Villa's men. The raid began about 4:10.

THE EUROPEAN WAR A YEAR AGO THIS WEEK

March 27, 1915.
French captured summit of Hartmannswierkopf.
Violent fighting in the Carpathians.
Austrians made gains in Bukovina.
U. S. battleship Alabama sent to Norfolk to keep Prinz Eitel Friedrich from leaving.
German aviators dropped bombs on Calais and Dunkirk.

March 28, 1915.
Russians broke into Hungary and attacked Lupkow and Uzok passes.
British liner Falaba sunk by German submarine; 110 lost.
German steamer Aquila torpedoed by Germans; 26 lost.
Russians bombarded Bosphorus forts and allies shelled Dardanelles forts.
More air bombs dropped on Calais.

March 29, 1915.
French pressed Germans hard in Champagne.
Germans again shelled Reims.
Austrians made gains at several points.
Dutch steamer Amstel blown up by mine.
Attack on Bosphorus and Dardanelles continued.
German Baltic fleet out.

March 30, 1915.
Russians stormed mountain passes in Carpathians.
Austrians began big drive across Bukovina.
Turkish seaplane dropped bombs on British warship near Dardanelles.
Turkish government promised to protect Christians at Urumiah.

March 31, 1915.
Germans bombarded Libau.
Russians fought way down slope of Carpathians into Hungary.
German army corps cut to pieces in North Poland.
British steamers Flaminian and Crown of Castile sunk by submarines.
German soldiers near Thourout, Belgium, killed by bombs from aeroplanes.
German airmen raided Ostrolenka, Russia.
King George gave up liquor in royal household.

April 1, 1915.
French occupied Fey-en Hays.
Russians began lively offensive in Central Poland, but were repulsed by Austrians near Inowloz on the Pilica.
Germans checked Russians at Rawka river.
British took Aus, German West Africa.
British vessels and airmen shelled Zeebrugge and Hoboken.
German submarines sank a British and a French steamer; 30 lost.

April 2, 1915.
Heavy artillery fighting between the Meuse and Moselle.
Russians took offensive along entire front.
Moorish rebels occupied Fez and Mekines.
German submarines destroyed several vessels.
Allied aviators made numerous raids on Germans on west front.
American sanitary experts sailed to fight typhus in Serbia.

INTERESTING BITS

New discoveries of petroleum have been made in Argentina.
In Sumatra the horn of the rhinoceros is esteemed as a cure for poison, and for that reason is made into drinking cups.
London's exports to the United States for November were more than \$14,574,000, as against less than \$12,000,000 for October.
Gold-mining companies in South Africa are experimenting with blasting by electricity with a view to minimizing the fine dust, which is regarded as the chief cause of miners' phthisis.
In Serbia every grown man can claim five acres of land from the government, which is exempt from all claims of debt.
A Philadelphia surgeon is combating diseases peculiar to certain races by transfusing to patients blood from members of other races that seem immune to the maladies.
A miner lowered into a subterranean cavern opened by a miner's blast at Volcano, Nev., some time ago, was unable to discover the ends of the fissure. Stones dropped through the opening could be heard bounding from wall to wall, but there was no sound indicating that they reached the bottom. Sparking stalactites on the sides of the cavern were revealed by lights lowered through the opening.
The Mississippi river carries more than 1,000,000 tons of material to the Gulf of Mexico every day.
For Oiling Shafts.
There is danger in the oiling of shafts. Even though the machinery is stopped, someone is likely to start it before the worker is through with his task. This element of danger is removed through the invention of an oiler, which may be used while the worker stands on the floor, thus obviating the necessity of going among running belts, pulleys and shafts, possibly on a rickety ladder.