

# THE CAUCASIAN.

Volume XIII.

SHREVEPORT, LA., THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1903.

No. 367.

We offer Special Cut Prices on

## RUBBER TIRES

As Follows:  
PRICE PER SET.

Size	Rubber only	Rubber and Channels
3 1/2 in.	\$15 00	\$21 50.
7/8 "	16 00	22 00.
1 "	22 00	28 00.

Single Tire 50c. each over 1/4 the price for full set.

**Snyder Wagon Co. Ltd.**  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

W. J. ENDERS, Pres. A. F. JENKINS, V.-Pres. S. J. ENDERS, Sec. & Treas.

## ENDERS FURNITURE CO., Ltd.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Furniture, Mattresses,  
Window Shades, Wall Paper.

Specialty of Rugs, Fancy Toilet Sets, Linoleum, Art Squares, Carpets, Mattings, Wall Paper and Pictures. A hearty greeting is assured all who favor us with a call.

316-318 Texas St., Shreveport, La.

## Saving Deposits.

MERCHANTS & FARMERS BANK AND TRUST CO., CORNER OF SPRING AND TEXAS STREETS, SHREVEPORT, LA.

The savings deposits of the bank is one of its most popular features. Interest at the rate of three per cent is allowed on all sums of \$10 and upwards remaining on deposit for three or more calendar months.

When made during the first three days of any month, interest is allowed on these deposits as if deposited on the first day of the month. Interest on all deposits not withdrawn will be payable on the first days of February and August. Interest not then withdrawn is added to the principal thereby giving depositors compound interest.

Deposits may be made by married men or minors, in their own names.

Facilities are given depositors to draw money.

Deposits made for a longer period than six months draw a higher rate than ordinary savings deposits.

## COTTON MARKET.

Office of The Caucasian, Shreveport, La., June 2, 1903. SHREVEPORT MARKET.

Market closed firm. Receipts 130 bales.

	1902	1901
Monday	9	5-8
Tuesday	10	3-4
Wednesday	11	1-4

Stock on hand	Sept. 1	1893
Received this day	142	
Received previously	216,226	216,368
Stock on hand	217,221	
Receipts to date	213,314	
Stock on hand	4,907	
Receipts last year	3,607	

## SHREVEPORT RECEIPTS.

This yr.	Last yr.	
Monday	142	399
Tuesday	129	
Wednesday	287	
Thursday	108	872
Friday	216,368	212,767
Stock on hand	4,907	3,607

This wk.	Last wk.	This wk.	
Monday	89	55	132
Tuesday	56	24	341
Wednesday	142	29	399
Thursday	55	55	552
Friday	183		
Saturday	65		

This yr.	Last yr.		
Monday	287	672	
Tuesday	185		
Wednesday	1902	1901	
Thursday	5114	4963	8714
Friday	5411	1131	8042
Saturday	3604	3661	12332
Sunday	4564	6805	
Monday	2836	6041	
Tuesday	3299	7393	
Wednesday	14,129	20,454	50,227

Progressive merchant insists that his store present a neat appearance because it represents his store and his business. He insists that his stationery present a neat appearance because it represents his business. If we print it you will be pleased. Phone one thousand.

## HON. LEON JASTREMSKI.

HIS ANNOUNCEMENT AS A CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

He Favors Nominations by Primary Elections—Appeals to His Fellow Democrats for Support.

A special to the Times-Democrat, dated Baton Rouge, La., May 29, says: "In announcing his candidacy for the democratic nomination for governor last week, Gen. Leon Jastremski stated that he would, in a few days, briefly outline his position upon certain questions entering into the approaching canvass. Accordingly, he expressed himself today as follows:

"We can look nowhere else than toward the democratic party for the power to resist and eventually overthrow the republican party, which is the party of centralization and unrelenting sectionalism. Every man who believes in the form of free government created by the founders of the American republic must, perforce, align himself with the democratic party. But, to draw to its ranks the men who are animated by this conviction, the democratic party should be governed by rules and usages in thorough accord with the fundamental doctrine of 'equal rights to all and special privileges to none.' The stricter shall be the adherence to this doctrine, the stronger shall it grow in favor and power among the masses. Hence, it should be the first duty of every democrat who holds the triumph of his party and its principles above personal advantage to lend his influence toward the observance of this doctrine.

The constitution of 1898 requires an educational or property qualification and the annual payment of a poll tax to exercise the right of suffrage. To give to those duly qualified voters the unquestionable right to express their preferences in the selection of the candidates for whom they are required to vote when they have participated in the primary, a law governing primary elections, which guarantees entire fairness, is upon our statute books. With these safeguards in view, the democratic party should afford to its supporters all the rights of the American citizen. That is to say, to voice their preferences in the nominations of candidates, and to elect all public officials whom it is practicable for the people to elect. No good reason can now be urged for the retention of methods of nomination that have been repudiated in a majority of the Southern states.

"Consequently, I favor the adoption by the Democratic State Central committee of the primary election system for the nomination of all the candidates of the democratic party. "I have entered the canvass freely and untrammelled, 'with good will for all and malice toward none.' If elected, I pledge myself to a faithful observance of the preceding declarations. I shall support with the best of my energies and abilities every practical measure or movement calculated to promote the educational, agricultural, industrial, commercial and other interests of the state. I shall carry out the laws and deal fairly and justly with everybody, and with every interest in the state. "Upon these enunciations of my views and pledges, I most respectfully solicit the votes and support of all my fellow democrats."

## GENERAL WHEELER'S UNIFORM

"A much ado" is in progress in the sensational press in the North over an alleged slight to General Wheeler, who, through the inadvertence of a committee man, was not invited to ride in a carriage in the Confederate Veterans' parade in New Orleans. It is also alleged that the Confederate Veterans refused to recognize General Wheeler because he wore a Federal uniform. General Wheeler wore no uniform when he was chasing and whipping the Yankees during the war between the States; he wore no uniform when he was licking the Spaniards in Cuba. General Wheeler is no parade man and it may be said as a general rule that few of the fighting men ever go about decked in feathers and frills, and medals and spangles, and plumes and so forth. The fellow who concocted this willful, malicious fabrication must be reckoned with the many whose bray has indicated that they are neither mule nor horse. But who has ever seen General Wheeler in full dress uniform, with bangles, frills, feathers, medals, spangles and so forth?

Your printing bill is the smallest item of expense in your establishment. Why not spend it judiciously? We can show you how.

## WEATHER BULLETIN.

The Warm, The Cool and The Storm Waves Forecasted.

(Copyrighted 1903 by W. T. Foster) Washington, D. C., May 30.—Last bulletin gave forecasts of disturbances to cross the continent May 29 to June 2, warm wave 28th to June 1st, cool wave 31 to June 4.

Next disturbance will reach Pacific Coast about June 5, cross west of the Rockies by close of 6, great central valley 7 to 9, eastern states 10.

Warm wave will cross west of Rockies about June 5, great central valley 7, eastern states 9. Cool wave will cross west of Rockies about June 8, great central valley 10, eastern states 11.

This disturbance will belong to a period of low temperature and therefore while the warm wave will only bring moderate temperatures, the cool wave will border on a cold wave, going nearly to the frost line in northern sections and exceedingly cool in the southern states.

This disturbance and the one preceding will constitute a period of remarkable and severe storms. Temperature will go very high not far from June 2 and very low near June 11, with frequent fluctuations between.

The rise in temperature will be more sudden than the fall and very high temperatures will prevail about and after 14.

The temperature of June will average about normal but will run to unusual extremes, lowest near 11 and highest near 26.

Frequent showers will occur from 2 to 11 and a drouth in many places after 11.

About date of this bulletin temperature will be rising; not much rain. Temperature of the week ending June 8 will average about normal and rainfall above normal.

## HIS FRENCH FRIEND

On his return from the Confederate reunion, our friend J. A. Bumgardner, of Linton, La., was enthused with his trip, but fairly in ecstasies over his treatment by Mr. Geo. de Joham, a French gentleman of New Orleans. "I had heard of French hospitality and of French gentlemen, but I never was so well entertained, and enjoyed Mr. de Joham beyond expression. Indeed, everyone in New Orleans had a hearty greeting for the visitors, and especially for the old 'Vets.'"

## THE GRAND JURY

The Grand Jury, T. D. Hudnall, foreman, met Monday at noon. The charge against Joe Mullen, a negro brakeman on a train of the Shreveport & Houston railway, not being sustained, he was released from jail. It was alleged that he had killed a negro who was riding on the train and whose body was found near Keachie.

The Jury adjourned to meet Thursday, when they will consider the case of Mrs. Bullock, who, it is alleged, killed her husband by dosing him with croton oil.

## COTTON BELT ROUTE.

On June 6, 7, and 8 the Cotton Belt Route will sell tickets to Asheville, N. C., and return at rate of one fare plus 25 cents. Limit June 15.

On May 28, 29, 30, 31 and June 1 the Cotton Belt Route will sell round trip tickets to Belle Fontaine, Ohio, at rate of one fare plus \$2. Limited June 6.

On June 15 and 16 the Cotton Belt Route will sell tickets to St. Louis and return at rate of one fare plus \$2. Limited June 22.

## JUNE THIRD.

Commemorative of the Confederate Dead.

At the Convention of the United Confederate Veterans, held in Dallas, Texas, in 1902, a suggestion was offered and adopted fixing June 3rd as the Memorial Day for the South. It may be said that in the years preceding the adoption of this resolution each state of the South had its day for a memorial, as for instance, in Louisiana, on April 6th, commemorative of the first day's battle of Shiloh, where thousands of heroes from Louisiana yielded their precious lives in defense of a sacred principle. Having fixed June third as a Memorial Day which every state of the South may observe, it is also significant as an historical connection with the birthday of Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederacy, who was in his official capacity as well as in his personality and his individuality, the leader and the representative of all that which was prized in principle and love of country by the South. On that day the South will not fail in its solemn duty. The exercises throughout the South will be more or less diversified. In Shreveport the Confederate Veterans, assisted by the Daughters of the Confederacy and the Sons of Veterans, will decorate with flowers the graves of Confederate dead within the corporate limits, and in these manifestations of regard the Gray will not forget to place some floral token on the graves of the Blue.

Memorial Day, on June 3rd, should arouse the noblest patriotic impulses, and flowers, fragrant with love, will be strewn over the mounds which indicate the spot where sleep the heroes. This is all the living can do, but that little is an evidence of appreciation which must leave a favorable impression on the girls and boys to whom, in time, must be left the trust of keeping Memorial Day when their fathers shall have joined their comrades in the blessed immortality.

The decanter with strong intoxicants, which from the earliest history of our country was found in almost every home, in the cupboard of the humblest cottage or on the side board of the mansion, is practically a thing of the past, and is a marked step in the direction of True Temperance. This is mostly due to the introduction of, and the now universal use of bottled beers in households.

In the early seventies, the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n. began bottling beer under the pasteurizing system and were the first to bottle beer for export successfully. Always following their motto in brewing, "Not how cheap but how good," and constantly on the alert to secure the most modern machinery and applying the best methods for bottling, the venture proved a wonderful success. From a small beginning their business rapidly increased, so that during the year 1902 the consumption of Budweiser alone reached the fabulous figure of 83,790,300 bottles and proves conclusively that this wholesome and refreshing beverage has become the accepted American drink.

Budweiser is the Standard of Quality, and the greatest proof of its worth is the many imitations both in name and similarity of label, constantly being placed on the market by unscrupulous competitors.

We want to do your printing.

## SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Board Elects Teachers for the Coming Session.

The following is the full personnel of the teachers selected for the city and country schools and the amount of their compensation:

Central High School—Principal, C. C. Byrd, \$200; first assistant, E. M. Wollank, \$125; second assistant, postponed until next Thursday. Teachers: Mrs. M. H. Williams, \$80; Miss Amanda Howell, \$75; Miss Lula Soape, \$75; Miss Myra Woodward, \$70; Miss Mary Dingle, \$65; Miss Susie LeRosen, \$65; Miss Mary Basch, \$60; Miss Gertrude Owens, \$50; Miss Margaret Scofield, \$55; Miss Harriet Bartholf, \$50; Miss Carrie Gestal, \$50; Miss Carrie Scott, \$50; Miss Lena Hughes, \$50; Miss Rob Lindsay, \$40; musician, Wm. B. Reeve, \$90; professor of manual training, H. C. Bond, \$131; drawing teacher, Miss I. A. Muir, \$85; teacher night school, A. A. LeRosen, \$25.

Parkview School—Principal, C. C. Whisenhunt, \$90; first assistant, Miss Barksdale, \$70; second assistant, Miss Ruby Benoit, \$60. Teachers: Miss Layton, \$50; Miss Hughes, \$45; Miss Ida Means, \$40; Miss Mattie Her, \$40; Miss Belle Toombs, \$50.

Texarkana Annex—Principal, Miss Pearl Fortson, \$70. Teachers: Miss Ella Baird, \$50; Miss Ella Hicks, \$50; Miss Ida Jack, \$40.

Edwards Street School—Principal, Miss Josephine Wolff, \$75. Teachers: Miss Jessie Spearing, \$50; Miss Rachel Goldberg, \$50; Miss Emma Basch, \$50; Miss C. F. Woodley, \$50; Miss Lee Harris, \$50.

## COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

Line Creek: McCasland, \$40. Mannalynes: E. W. Hawthorn, \$40. Belcher: Miss Agnes Thompson, \$40. Hosston: Miss Maidie Dickson, \$30. Dixie: Miss Sadie Nath, \$35. Log Camp: Miss Pauline Simpson, \$35. Gilliam, Tiger Branch, Mt. Gilead, Myrtis, Cross Roads, Mooringsport and Bayou LaChute were passed.

Midway: Miss Alice Pope, \$35. Hart's Ferry: John Pope, \$35. Walnut Hill: S. M. Vardeman, \$40. Lowe Creek: Miss Emma McMinn, \$35. Surry: C. C. Phillips, \$35. Russell: Miss Parnell, \$35. Blanchard: Miss May Newton, \$40. Bozman: Miss Lewis Vaughn, \$30. Longwood: Miss Mary Nelson, \$30. Jewella: Mrs. Lila McKee, \$50. Fairfield: Miss Lucy Wilson, \$40. Bethany: Miss A. M. Jones, \$40. Keithville: Miss Lindsay, \$50. Summer Grove: Miss Rogers, \$40. Oak Grove: Miss McKee, \$30. Prairie River: Eunice Henderson, \$30. Greenwood: Principal, Miss Phillips, \$70; assistant not named. Vivian: Principal not chosen, salary \$60 conditional upon attendance of 60; assistant, Miss Lillie Gaines, \$35.

## UNVEILING CEREMONIES

Monuments Dedicated to Sovereigns Scott and Douglas.

Two monuments were unveiled Sunday by the Woodmen of the World.

The monument to the memory of William Scott, erected in the cemetery near Gambin's place was dedicated in the afternoon by Maple Camp, of which the deceased was a member.

At Vivian there will be a large gathering of Woodmen to witness the unveiling of the monument erected to the memory of J. W. Douglas, a member of the Vivian Camp.

A number of Sovereigns from the Shreveport Camps will go by train to Vivian this morning.

**Takoma**

Wild, wild with rage was Solomon,  
To learn, for Easter day,  
His thousand wives had ordered hats,  
And he refused to pay.

But the milliner his weakness knew,  
And so the artful jade  
"Threw in" a box of Takomas  
And Solomon, he paid.

LOOSE-WILES CRACKER & CANDY CO.,  
Kansas City, Mo.

**Biscuit.**

**BEN HOLZMAN**  
222 Texas Street.

BUY YOUR  
**Pop and Soda**  
FROM  
**ANDREW QUERBES.**