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THE IMPROVED ACME WASHER, the Best on the Market

SUCCESSION NOTICE.

No. 11,620—In First District Court of Louisiana: Succession of Mrs. Mina Utz Sutherland.

State of Louisiana, Parish of Caddo: Notice is hereby given that Dr. William K. Sutherland has this day applied to be appointed administrator of said succession, and unless opposition be made thereto within the time specified by law, he will be appointed as prayed for.

Witness the Honorable T. F. Bell, judge of said court, this 31st day of October 1907.

W. M. LEVY,
Deputy Clerk.

Nov. 3.

The paper we use in our printing is of the best quality. Phone 1000.

WE BEG TO CALL PARTICULAR

ATTENTION TO OUR

Savings Department

In which we allow THREE PER CENT INTEREST on open accounts, or we will issue Certificates of Deposit, payable in 12 months, bearing FOUR PER CENT INTEREST.

Commercial National Bank

SHREVEPORT, LA.

OUR FINANCIAL ILLS

NEW YORK BANKERS WANT
MONEY FOR NOTHING

WM. J. BRYAN'S REMEDY

Wants the Government to Protect National Bank Depositors and Thinks the Treasury Should Issue Emergency Currency.

When at the Hoffman House in New York, Thanksgiving Day, W. J. Bryan declined to discuss politics, but when asked about financial and industrial matters he launched into an attack on New York financiers.

"I hope the end of the panic is in sight," he said, "but I think the remedies proposed by New York financiers begin at the wrong end. They proposed two remedies—first, that the government should give them money for nothing to loan out at high rates of interest; and, second, larger control than they now have through the issue of an asset currency. They have not proposed anything to stop the looting of banks by directors, or to prevent banks from taking part in gambling and speculating enterprises. Even the suicides that follow in the wake of exposure do not touch their hearts. Instead of trying to put business on an honest basis, they ask to have the government make a business asset on which they can realize large dividends, regardless of the Nation's welfare."

"What remedy would you propose?" "I believe the first thing to do is to protect depositors, so they will not be afraid to put money in the banks. A postal savings bank system has been proposed, and while I think it is necessary, unless some additional system is devised, it would be better for the government to guarantee deposits in such national banks as will join in the agreement to reimburse the government for any loss incurred by it in paying the depositors of failed banks."

"If such a system were established, I believe all the national banks would be compelled to join in, and then, if the several States would adopt a similar plan for protection of depositors in State banks, we would restore confidence and protect the country against future panic like the one from which we now suffer."

"So far as the elasticity of the currency is concerned, I believe that the government, and not the banks, should issue emergency currency, so that the quantity issued in the emergencies would be controlled by officials responsible to the people, and not by financiers, who would be tempted to act for their own interest rather than the interest of the public. Banks that will sell currency at a premium when they refused to honor the checks of their depositors can hardly be trusted with power that the issuance of an asset currency would put into their hands."

Mr. Bryan was asked if he had any comment to make on the action of the Federal court in Alabama in stopping the enforcement of the State railroad law there, pending a decision as to its constitutionality. He said:

"That raises the question which was discussed by the attorneys general of the various States at their recent meeting at St. Louis, and is the same question as was raised in North Carolina. I believe we should have a law withdrawing from the lower Federal courts any jurisdiction they may now have to suspend State laws, leaving corporations affected by such laws to prosecute their remedies through the State court, with appeal to the United States Supreme Court if they think any constitutional right is denied them by the State court."

DIED.

In this city, Friday night, November 29, 1907, at 9:45, Fred Martel, Sr., aged 65 years, 6 months and 13 days. Was a native of Rothenboch, Bavaria, Germany.

The funeral will take place this (Sunday) evening at 3 o'clock, from the family residence, 513 Davis street. Burial in Greenwood cemetery. The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend.

SENATOR DANIEL

Monroe News: Senator Daniel may think he did a smart thing when he offered Mr. Bryan an affront in the lobby of a Washington hotel a few days ago, but the fact is that he has lost much in the respect and esteem of the people of the entire country. The idea of a Daniel, even presuming to pass judgment on William Jennings Bryan in that way, Daniel, and not Bryan, has come to judgment.

GENERAL LEON JASTREMSKI.

General Leon Jastremski is dead. The inevitable was recorded at his home in Baton Rouge Friday morning at 2:05 o'clock. He had lapsed into unconsciousness the day preceding his dissolution. He passed away gently, as one in pleasant dreams. At his side was his wife and his sons and other relatives and friends.

While anticipated, the demise of General Jastremski was received with unfeigned regret by all classes of the people throughout the State. His death resulted from apoplexy and paralysis.

He was aged 64 years. He was born in France, but came to Louisiana when a babe with his parents. His father, a physician, a native of Poland, who had been active in a revolutionary movement for the liberation of his country, fled to America to escape persecution.

From childhood to manhood and to the very day of his death, General Jastremski was enthusiastically a Louisianian.

In his youth, four years of his life were consecrated to the South. As private, he gradually advanced in rank until he became the captain of his company.

The title of General which he bore was acquired by him when he was the head of the Louisiana Division of the United Confederate Veterans.

As a soldier, in the active field and as the Captain of his company, he was always in the thickest of the fray and inspired others to deeds of valor and heroism. He participated with his command in the campaign of the Peninsula in Virginia, during which General John Bankhead Magruder, with an army of about 13,000 men, held at bay for three weeks General McClellan with an army of more than a hundred thousand men, until relieved by General Joseph E. Johnston, who was then in command of the Confederate forces in Virginia.

In all the annals of war, none are more heroic than this defense of Richmond by General Magruder on the line extending from Yorktown to the James.

From the Peninsula, Jastremski, then regimental sergeant-major of the Tenth Louisiana Volunteers, retreated to Richmond with his command. He was captured at Malvern Hill and shortly afterwards exchanged. He participated in the arduous campaign through Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania.

It was in 1862 that he was elected lieutenant of his company and was advanced to captain.

It was at Chancellorsville that he was shot in the throat, a wound which impaired the tone of his voice to the end of his life.

He was at Gettysburg. At Spottsylvania he was captured, but later escaped with several comrades, and finally reached General Taylor's headquarters and reported for duty. This was about the end of the historic struggle.

As he was a good soldier, so was he a good citizen. It may be said that with rare exceptions that a man who has been a good soldier is always a good citizen; one who is active in the discharge of his civic duties and does not flinch in assuming the responsibilities of life.

As others he returned home penniless, with all their possessions gone and with only an abiding faith in God, and with the most unflinching determination to bring success from ruin, Captain Jastremski assumed the obligations of the citizen in the struggle for his bread.

As he was in war, so was he in peace, active in the functions which were destined to relieve his State from the clutches of the political vampires. In the contest for the emancipation of Louisiana from Africanization and in the maintenance of the rule of white supremacy, he was one of the foremost leaders.

As the head of the fire department, as mayor of Baton Rouge, as a director of the Howard Association, as a delegate to the Constitutional Convention of 1879, as the head of the executive committee of his party, as United States Consul to Callao, Peru, under President Cleveland; as the commander of the Louisiana Division of the United Confederate Veterans, he discharged all his duties faithfully and creditably.

As a candidate for Governor in 1903 he conducted a campaign which surprised his opponents and commanded the admiration of the people and won for him a name which shall ever be among the brightest in the history of the State.

It is true he failed in securing the nomination for Governor but it has been some satisfaction for him to have lived to witness that nearly every measure of reform he championed has been incorporated into the body politic of the State and are becoming established in law.

L. E. THOMAS, PRESIDENT. L. M. HOWARD, VICE-PRES. J. C. TRICHEL, JR., CASHIER

CONTINENTAL BANK & TRUST CO.

OF SHREVEPORT, LA.

Capital and Surplus \$375,000

Comparative Statement Showing Our Growth in Past Eight Months

	DEPOSITS	TOTAL RESOURCES
Opening Day, August 20, 1906	\$300,362.93	\$552,866.35
November 1, 1906,	\$460,279.42	\$776,595.10
January 1, 1907,	\$624,852.15	\$955,904.52
March 1, 1907,	\$757,508.78	\$1,101,671.77
May 1, 1907	\$877,562.68	\$1,217,296.84

Four Per Cent per Annum Interest Paid on Time Certificates of Deposit

"Not a Dollar Loaned to Any Officer of this Bank"

The Only Bank in Shreveport that Will Occupy its Own Building.

THE POLL TAX

Without Its Payment It Is Impossible to Vote.

One of the essentials of citizenship is the payment of the poll tax. A man may be registered, but he can not vote unless he shall have paid his poll tax as provided by law. To become qualified the poll tax must be paid on or before December 31 of each year, and must have been paid two years preceding an election. The poll tax of one dollar is for the benefit of the public schools. Of all the laws on the statute books of the State, the poll tax provision is one of the wisest and best. It is imperative on the citizens who would participate actively in the affairs of government to qualify as required by law. Do not delay and then forget to pay the poll tax.

Editor Edmunds thinks the talk of putting the lid on New Orleans is "funny." Before the campaign ends the talk won't seem so hilarious to Editor Edmunds.

BEN HOLZMAN'S

Monday and Tuesday SPECIALS

UNBLEACHED DOMESTIC.
Yard wide, the very best quality, regular price 10c, special for Monday and Tuesday, 10 yards for75c

LADIES CAMBRIC
33 inches wide, fine grade, worth 12 1-2c, special price for Monday and Tuesday, 10 yards for85c

MENS OUTFITTING GOWNS
All colors and sizes, regular 60c and 75c values, special price for Monday and Tuesday, each48c

HUCK TOWELS
22x40 inches long, heavy, best grade, regular price 15c, special Monday and Tuesday, each10c

COTTON CRASH
20 pieces Cotton Crash, regular price 10c, special for Monday and Tuesday, 10 yards for60c

WHITE BLANKETS
10-4 Crackerjack Blanket, regular price \$1.50, special price Monday and Tuesday, one pair to a customer, per pair\$2.75

DOWN COMFORTS AT COST
We have 5 Down Comforts, silk covered, all new pretty designs, regular price \$12.50, special price to close out Monday and Tuesday, each\$8.45
We have 5 Down Comforts, silk covered, regular price \$10.00, special price to close out Monday and Tuesday, each\$5.90

Specials for This Week

MATING SALE
We will offer for this week 1000 yards best Colored China Matting, regular 35c quality, all new pretty patterns, special, yard25c

WINDOW SHADES
Odds and ends Window Shades worth 50c, special price to close out this lot this week, each30c

LACE CURTAINS
25 pair Lace Curtains, several different patterns, extra wide, 3 1-2 yds long, regular price \$5.00 and \$6.00, special price this week, pair\$3.90

HOLZMAN'S

222 TEXAS ST.

love of country, that he risked his life to reach the goal of his ambition, in the anticipation of carrying into execution the reforms demanded by the people and which he had championed unceasingly.

In his death the State has lost one of its most valuable citizens, a man who possessed of great influence wielded it for the good of the people. As a soldier and a citizen, as a husband and a father, as a friend he has endeared himself to his kin and his friends by ties which even death can not sunder, and which may be cherished in the deepest recesses of the heart till life shall end.

He sleeps well. His life's work is ended, and it may be said of him as of the old Roman: "His life was free from self-reproach. He has an honest fame."

PROHIBITION CAMPAIGN

Petitions for an Election Will Be Submitted to the Police Jury.

The citizens who favor prohibition have inaugurated a movement which is to be prosecuted to a vigorous and successful end. The first meeting was held Tuesday. Another was held Friday. Petitions have been printed and will be circulated for signatures, one set of the petitions is for women.

The petitions may be presented to the Police Jury at the meeting to be held on Thursday, December 12, and that body will be requested to fix the election for April. If prohibition carries, it will become operative January 1, 1909.

At the meeting at which the movement was organized Colonel John S. Young presided; J. S. Noel is vice president, E. J. Conger is secretary, and Captain John Sewall is treasurer.

Two committees have been named, one to solicit signatures to the petitions to be presented to the Police Jury. V. L. Fulton, W. E. Carlton, E. L. Blewer, Fulton, W. E. Carlton and E. L. Blewer will canvass the city. The other committee, composed of J. S. Noel, S. B. McCutchen and Henry Rose, will canvass the parish. A press committee composed of Rev. C. L. Jones, L. C. Allen and George D. Ramsey, was selected and will furnish the press with news of the campaign as it progresses.

A poll of the jury indicates that a majority will favor the granting of the petition.

A lively campaign may be anticipated.

PROGRESSIVE LEAGUE SMOKER

The Progressive League Smoker Friday night was a success. The gathering were entertained with practical talks by E. M. Hoyer, mayor of Bossier City; J. T. Means of Ida, E. S. Thompson of New Orleans, and several citizens of Shreveport. Several new members were added to the roll.

BURIAL OF GENERAL JASTREMSKI

General Jastremski was buried yesterday forenoon in St. Joseph's cemetery near Baton Rouge with military ceremony. A large gathering of people attended. Among the number were representatives of civic organizations. It was an imposing spectacle. It was a demonstration becoming the memory of the gallant soldier and good citizen who is mourned sincerely.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

The weather yesterday was fair. River: Denison 2.4, a rise of 1.1; Arthur City 10.7, a rise of 2.9; Whitecliffs 4.5, a fall of 0.6; Fulton 9.6, a fall of 0.6; Shreveport 6.5, a fall of 0.9.

Weather forecast for Shreveport and vicinity: Fair Sunday. River forecast: The change will be unimportant at Fulton during the next 48 hours, and the fall will continue at Shreveport.