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Official Journal of Caddo Parish.

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The Wilsons Differ.

It has been reported from Washington that President Woodrow Wilson and Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson differ widely on their proposed Mexican policy. At the conference held Monday between the Wilsons and Secretary of State Bryan there was considered the report of Ambassador Wilson, whose recommendation is that the United States should recognize as legitimate and lawful the Huerta government in Mexico. Fortunately President Wilson is disinclined to acknowledge as authoritative a lot of pretenders and schemers, headed by Huerta, whose hands are reeking with the blood of their victims assassinated deliberately and cowardly.

Besides, there is another reason which plainly stated is that the Huerta pretense is on its last legs and may collapse when the least expected.

In opposition to Huerta are what are styled the Constitutionalists, denominated rebels, who are gradually gaining ground in their revolution. As a fact there is no government in Mexico which is stable; no head which is in full control, and therefore a recognition of the Huerta-combination would give tone and some degree of strength to a political clique which has about reached its end.

It is evident that from this difference of views on a policy towards Mexico, Ambassador Wilson will not long hold his all-important office. His resignation is now acceptable.

It is all very true that the United States has been provoked to war with Mexico, and it may be equally true that the troops of the United States would overwhelm the Mexicans, but President Wilson is striving to accomplish through a seeming conservative policy what would be the outcome of a war that would entail an expenditure of millions of money and the lives of men who should be spared to useful and peaceful pursuits.

In time the United States will secure every indemnity due to the citizens of the United States who have suffered at the hands of the Mexicans.

Succession Notice.

No. 17,011—First District Court, Parish of Caddo, State of Louisiana: Succession of Tony Sneed.

Notice is hereby given that S. N. Kerley, administrator, has this day filed his final account in said succession, and unless opposition be made thereto within the time specified by law the same will be duly homologated as prayed for.

Witness the Hon. T. F. Bell, judge of said court, this 14th day of July 1913. WM. M. LEVY, Deputy Clerk. Caucasian, July 15, 1913.

Judicial Notice.

No. 17,338—First Judicial District Court of Louisiana: Mrs. Grace Rice Sewall vs. John A. Sewall Jr.

In this case, by reason of the law and evidence being in favor thereof, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the plaintiff, Mrs. Grace Rice Sewall, have judgment against the defendant, John A. Sewall Jr., granting to the plaintiff a separation of property from the said John A. Sewall Jr., and dissolving forever the community of acquets and gains now existing between plaintiff and said defendant.

This road and signed in open court on this 12th day of July 1913. (Signed) T. F. BELL, Judge. Caucasian, July 13, 1913.

Tax Notice.

To E. H. Slocumb: You are hereby notified that at tax sale for unpaid State and parish taxes for the year 1912, I purchased the following property assessed in the name of E. H. Slocumb:

Eighty acres northwest quarter of northeast quarter and southeast quarter of northeast quarter section 16, township 22 north, range 15.

Which tax deed is dated June 17, 1913, and filed for record July 3, 1913, and recorded in conveyance book 88, page 13.

The amount of taxes, penalty and cost being \$12.32.

HENRY HUNTSCKER, Box 234, Shreveport, La. Caucasian, July 27, 1913.

PRISON PROBERS SUBMIT REPORT

State of Texas Said to Lose a Great Deal of Money.

NEVER HAS BEEN PROFIT

Declared That Every State Industry Has Been a Failure, the Rusk Penitentiary Especially a Great Drain.

That Rusk prison alone has cost the state of Texas \$2,328,306.54 above its total earnings and that the indebtedness of the penitentiary system at the end of last year amounted to \$1,523,458.01, with the cost of its operation approximating \$1,000,000 per year, are statements contained in the report of the legislative committee appointed at the regular session of the Thirty-third legislature to investigate the financial condition of the penitentiaries and submitted to Governor Colquitt at the extra session.

The report declares that no manufacturing enterprise undertaken by the prison system has ever resulted in profit, and that the records kept by the system are "inaccurate and unreliable."

"It appears that in the operations of farms or factories, items carried in one account during one period or under one management were carried in another account at another time or by other accountants," says the report, and adds that such a system might have shown an arbitrary profit, when careful bookkeeping would have disclosed the loss of earnings or a loss.

Committee declares persons under twenty-one years of age should not be sent to the penitentiary, and that the criminal statutes should be revised so as to provide greater uniformity of convictions in certain cases.

Following are some of the alleged cases of mismanagement:

Sale of the output of the Rusk box factory in Porto Rico for 15 to 20 per cent less than it would have brought in Texas.

Expenditure of more than \$12,000 in improving rented land, from which the state derived no benefit.

Failure to gin a crop of cotton on the Ramsey farm, entailing a loss of \$18,000.

Expenditure of \$75,000 for repair of the Clemens farm sugar mill, which is called "an inexcusable and unjustifiable expenditure of state funds."

Report states that the year of the cane crop freeze, which has been used as an excuse for the prisons' "bad luck," the management received \$179,270, and last year, when there was no freeze, only \$111,481.

It is stated the system has lost in two years \$820,327 in operating state farms; \$100,000 due to credit operations and other large sums in a variety of other transactions; it has also spent \$589,874 in improvements.

Appointment of a general superintendent; payment of prison funds into the state treasury; revision of system of accounts and stricter regulation of farming operations are, among the committee recommendations.

Suppression of the liquor traffic in Texas and consolidation of the penitentiary system at or near Houston are among the suggestions made by Representative Humphrey of the legislative committee investigating prison affairs, in a minority report made by him to the governor. He declared the belief that the prison population would diminish from 4,000 to 1,500 if statewide prohibition was adopted.

"Harris county, with a population of 115,000, has 280 prisoners in the penitentiaries," says report, "while 76 northwest counties, all but two of which do liquor traffic, and where the population numbers 521,190, have only a total of 202 prisoners. It is useless to try to explain that any other cause than the liquor traffic is responsible."

Representative Humphrey says the record of the investigation shows no evidence of absolute dishonesty in the creation of the prison system's enormous debt. On the other hand, "there has been serious mismanagement and the system reeks with inefficient services." He says that since the new law went into effect the prisons have lost \$2,400,000.

Mr. Humphrey favors abandoning Rusk and Huntsville prisons; consolidation of the system at or near the city of Houston or some other centrally located point; working out convicts on state lands; creation of a board, composed of the comptroller, attorney general and treasurer, to appoint a general superintendent of the system at a salary of \$6,000 per year; abolishment of per diem for convicts; payment of prison funds directly into the treasury and also the installation of a complete system of bookkeeping into the prisons. He also makes a number of other recommendations of commissioners' salaries; the appointment of an officer to aid the discharged convicts secure work.

NEGRO SHOTS OFFICER.

Latter Has Close Call, Bullet Grazing Side.

That there is a desperate negro in Dallas was developed a few nights ago when Police Officer J. C. Roddy was through the left arm the same bullet grazing his side and striking a rib. The negro then fled through different sections of east and southeast Dallas. In his flight he fired three times at J. Ramey Hill Taylor street, who tried to intercept him, hitting one bullet through Ramey's hat.

An hour after the shooting of the officer a negro by the name of Charlie Nash was shot and badly wounded by a detail of officers. Despite the fact that four bullets struck Nash attending physicians said he might recover.

The shooting of Officer Roddy and the subsequent chase after a half through a wide section of east Dallas created intense excitement.

Roddy went to arrest the negro, who was accused of hitting a woman. As the officer went to arrest the negro the latter attacked him with a pistol.

Nash was mistaken by the other officers for Roddy's antagonist. One bullet went through the back part of his head.

UNFORTUNATE FAMILY.

Three Children Die of Snakebite and Fourth Drowns.

Three children of John Cooper and wife of near Townsend, Tenn., were fatally bitten by a snake and found dead. While the mother was looking for the child her infant, one and a half years old, fell into a stream on the bank of which she had left the child and was drowned.

The three children had been sent to a barn for eggs, and the mother was near the stream washing clothes. The long absence of the little ones caused motherly anxiety and she went to seek them, leaving her infant near the bank of the stream. Four tragedies were soon recorded.

Valuable Jewelry Stolen.

Mrs. Edward F. Dunne, wife of the governor of Illinois, was robbed of jewelry valued at \$700 in the rest room of a Chicago department store. A handbag containing the valuables was taken from her lap as she sat asleep in a rocking chair. As soon as the robbery was reported the exits of the store were guarded by detectives and a search made of the building for any known thieves, but no arrests were made. The jewelry consisted of gifts from Governor Dunne and Mrs. Dunne prized it highly.

Brothers Slain.

Walter and Jesse James, who lived eight miles from Broken Bow, Okla., were shot and killed near that place. They were returning home from Broken Bow when they were fired on from the side of the road. The bodies were found several hours after the shooting. Arrests were made.

William Reeves, one of the oldest building contractors in north Texas, fell off a two-story building at Cleburne, and after lingering two days in an unconscious state expired. He was sixty-one years old.

Four hundred feet of trestle near Pecan bayou on the Santa Fe railway in Brown county was destroyed by fire.

While walking through the barn of the Metzger dairy, near Dallas, an employe fell over the body of John Howard, also an employe, aged about forty-five years. In one hand was clutched a poison vial. To all appearances the man had taken a large draught of the deadly fluid and waited for the end to come. Remains were sent to Nelson, Mo., where a brother resides. Howard was foreman of the dairy nearly five years.

J. W. Roberts, charged with killing Ira Black, his son-in-law, after being given a preliminary trial at Henrietta, was remanded to jail without bail.

Secretary of War Garrison, Major General Leonard M. Wood, chief of staff, and Major General J. B. Aleshaire, quartermaster general of the army, inspected Fort Bliss, near El Paso. On request of the secretary no salute was fired and there was no review of troops. Patrol camps along the border were inspected.

Lois Bland, a blacksmith of Little River, Bell county, was run over and instantly killed by a Santa Fe railway freight train, the wheels severing both legs and crushing his skull. He leaves a widow and several children.

Dismissed by plaintiff, the defendant is dead; the venue was changed by the supreme judge of the universe." Such was the order made at Dallas by Judge Muse of the Forty-fourth district court in the case of Katie Fields vs. Sank Fields, divorce and injunction. Evidence before the court was that the defendant was discovered murdered by the roadside in Grayson county. Parties to the suit were negroes.

MRS. THOMAS R. MARSHALL

Wife of Vice President as She Looks From Late Photograph.



WOMAN RESCUED FROM CREMATION

Saved by a Neighbor, Who Is Quickly on Scene.

TWO ARRESTS ARE MADE

Dallas Iceman Finds Jennie Lord Lying on a Bed Surrounded by Flames and Unconscious and He Takes Her Out of House.

Quick work on the part of a Dallas iceman, Fay Parker, undoubtedly was the means of saving the life of Jennie Lord, whom he took unconscious out of a house at 2634 Floyd street, that city. On being notified that the house in which the Lord woman was staying was on fire, Parker, who lives nearby, after turning in an alarm, rushed through flames and smoke into the woman dragged to safety.

Following an investigation by Fire Marshal Fisher and two detectives charges of arson were filed against Frank Lord and W. B. Wigley. Jennie Lord was placed under charge of Captain Farley, police matron, as was also Lillie Taylor, whom, it is said, was at the house during the fire.

Jennie Lord, according to reports to the police, may have been loosely tied to the bed. Streets were found around the woman's head and arms and strings around the bed rails. The woman was in a state of stupefaction when carried out and says she remembers nothing of the events which took place before her rescue.

Both men protest their innocence. The Texas woman made a voluntary statement to the county attorney and assistants.

SHOT THROUGH HEART.

Party Doing Shooting Claims He Had to Do So.

Henry Wray, aged twenty-six years, was shot through the heart and instantly killed at the Star brick plant in Ferris, Ellis county, Tex., where he was employed. Claiming he acted in self-defense, Hugh Henry, also an employe of the plant, surrendered.

It is said the trouble arose over a house which Wray rented from Henry, and which, it is alleged, he had been ordered to vacate. According to bystanders, when the men went to work Saturday morning Wray hit Henry. Later ran, but after he was caught and knocked down he drew a revolver and shot Wray.

Births Exceed Deaths.

Births exceeded deaths in Texas in June by 1,463 according to bulletins issued by R. P. Babcock, state registrar of vital statistics. There were 3,259 births recorded and 2,066 deaths. Leading causes of death proved to be diarrhoea and enteritis in children under two years of age, with tuberculosis coming next in order and septicæmia. There were 226 from the first cause, 203 from tuberculosis and 74 were claimed from pneumonia. There were 42 deaths from typhoid fever and 35 from pellagra. Deaths numbering 485 were under year classification. Of the children born only 284 were negroes. There were 1,674 white males born and 1,459 white females. Thirty-three sets of twins were recorded. The oldest death recorded of a white person recorded was that of a woman in Bexar county, who was 107 years, 8 months and 1 day old. The death of a negro woman in Bastrop county 110 years old was reported.

Five Destroyed by Fire.

Five business establishments at San Antonio, representing a total valuation of approximately \$42,300, burned on Saturday.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,150—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: Shreveport Mutual Building Association vs. Heirs of H. P. Thomas.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit, I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction for cash and without the benefit of appraisement at the principal front door of the court house on SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1913.

Lot eight of the Barron Subdivision of the City of Shreveport, La., as per map filed and recorded in conveyance book 28, page 29, of the recorder's office of said parish, together with the buildings and improvements thereon. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendants and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in said writ say in the sum of \$757.36 with eight per cent per annum interest thereon from August 3, 1912, until paid, and 5 per cent attorney's fees on said sum and interest, and the further sum of \$12 with 5 per cent interest from judicial demand until paid, and five per cent interest on said sum and interest and all costs of this suit.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer. Caucasian, July 6, 1913.

Budget for 1913.

Mr. Winter presented the amended budget for 1913:

Resources—  
3 mills school on assessment of \$29,636,382, less commissions ----- \$ 87,130.96  
5 mills permanent roads ----- 145,218.28  
3/4 mills general fund ----- 130,696.44  
Licenses ----- 2,000.00  
Vehicle and per capita ----- 6,000.00

Total ----- \$371,045.68

Disbursements—  
Schools 3 mills less commissions ----- \$87,130.96  
Permanent roads, 5 mills less commissions ----- 145,218.28  
Good roads ----- 25,000.00  
Bridges ----- 7,500.00  
Ferryes ----- 3,000.00  
Elections ----- 2,000.00  
Parish Farm, maintenance Parish Farm, house, etc., for juveniles ----- 1,500.00  
Parish Farm, sewerage and water system ----- 3,000.00  
Salaries ----- 16,000.00  
District attorney ----- 6,000.00  
Assessor ----- 7,500.00  
Criminal ----- 15,000.00  
Jurors and witnesses ----- 10,000.00  
Repairs ----- 4,000.00  
Health and sanitation ----- 3,000.00  
District clerk ----- 1,000.00  
Louisiana State Fair, Caddo exhibits ----- 1,250.00  
Louisiana State Fair, general exhibits ----- 1,250.00  
Louisiana State Fair, horse and cow barns ----- 8,000.00  
Cedar Grove road ----- 6,000.00  
Incidentals ----- 16,196.44

Total ----- \$371,045.68

Carried by following vote:  
Ayes: Hollis, Huckabay, Gulledege, Winter, Thurber, Thoman, Phillips, Sebastian, Nagle, Hutchinson, Crawford.

Nays: None.  
W. T. CRAWFORD, Pres.  
A. L. DURNINGER, Clerk.  
Caucasian, July 10, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,144—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: Felix Weiler vs. W. S. Logan, Curator, et al.

By virtue of the commission to sell to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled cause, I will offer for sale at public auction for cash and according to law, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, during the legal hours of sales, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1913, Northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-six, township seventeen, range fourteen west, Caddo Parish, La., containing forty acres. Said property to be sold as belonging to the parties litigant for cash and according to law to effect a partition.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer. Caucasian, July 6, 1913.

Tax Sale Notice.

To Mrs. Nona McDade: You are hereby notified that at tax sale for unpaid State and parish taxes for the year 1912, I purchased the following property assessed in the name of Mrs. Nona McDade:

Lot 23, block "O," Gladstone.

Which tax deed is dated June 21, 1913, and filed for record July 3, 1913, and recorded in conveyance book 88, page 7.

The amount of taxes, penalty and cost being \$11.29.

W. H. MATTHEWS, 226 Stoner Avenue, Shreveport, La. Caucasian, July 15, 1913.

We would like a chance to figure on your next order of printing.

Who's Doing Your Printing?  
WE will appreciate a part of it. • The printing we do is always good because we know how to do it. • Prices in keeping with the quality of the material and the quantity desired. • We execute artistically the kind of printing that is creditable and satisfactory. We can print anything printable, from a small card to a sheet 30 x 44, including lawyer's briefs, pamphlets and booklets. Prompt and satisfactory attention given to every order for good printing. Both Telephones 1000.  
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The elimination of semi-barbarous customs and the adoption of more sensible and less costly methods is one of the features of the good service for which we have always stood.  
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Good Service Reasonable Prices FUNERAL DIRECTORS 519-521 Edwards Street  
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510-512-514-516 Commerce Street New York Office, 4 Leonard Street  
Henry Rose moved to Hamiter-Busbey Bldg. Foot of Texas Street

Sheriff's Sale.  
No. 17,286—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: Mrs. Louis Jelsch vs. V. L. McCarty, et al.  
By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit, I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction for cash and without the benefit of appraisement, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, during the legal hours of sales, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1913, Lots one and two of block "E" of the Gladstone subdivision of the City of Shreveport, Caddo Parish, Louisiana, as per map in book 50, page 143, of the recorder's office of Caddo Parish, La., with the buildings and improvements thereon. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendants and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in said writ, say in the sum of two hundred and eighty and 75-100 dollars, with eight per cent per annum interest thereon from May 10, 1911, less a credit of \$50.00 paid on June 27, 1912, and less a credit of \$10.00 paid December 12, 1912, and all costs of said suit, as well as ten per cent on said principal and interest as attorney's fees.  
J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer. Caucasian, July 3, 1913.  
Your subscription will be appreciated. One year only one dollar, which is less than 2 cents a week.