

Notice of Removal.

Dr. George A. Harper, Dentist, has removed to the Hutchinson building, on Texas street, opposite the court house. Old phone 623.

Dr. E. G. Allen.

Office in the Cooper Building, Dr. Allen is a graduate of both schools and carries a full line of homeopathic remedies. Special attention to chronic diseases.

How to Order Patterns.

Patterns described in the Caucasian are supplied by the May Manton Pattern Company, Greeley Square, New York City, and Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. Forward order with name and address to the New York or Chicago office with 40c for each pattern. They will be mailed direct to you.

Notice.

The firm of L. Groner & Son has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Morris Groner continuing the business in his individual capacity and assumes all outstanding indebtedness and liabilities of the firm of L. Groner & Son.

MORRIS GRONER.

Shreveport, La., August 5, 1913.

PROVISION MARKET

Quotations Carefully Revised and Corrected.

Hog Products.

BACON—Clear rib sides 15c; dry salt 14c. HAMS—Per lb. 17c. LARD—Per lb. Tierce compound 10c; pure lard 14 1/2-20.

FLOUR and Meal.

FLOUR—High patent \$5.75; second patent \$5.50; extra fancy \$5.25; common \$4.75; sacks 10s less. MEAL—Standard 24-lb sacks 45c; cream 24-lb sacks 50c; cream meal in wood \$4.45. GRITS—Per bbl. \$4.25.

Feedstuffs.

OATS—Per bu. 50c. CORN—Per bushel 90c. BRAN—Per 50-lb. sacks \$1.30. CHOPS—Per sack \$1.45. HAY—Per ton: Arkansas \$12.50; timothy \$20.00, alfalfa \$22.50, Mexican native alfalfa \$23.00.

Sugar and Molasses.

SUGAR—Standard granulated per lb. 47-8c; choice Y. C. 43-4c. MOLASSES—Choice 30c; prime 32c; common 25c; pure sugar home 50c.

Coffee.

COFFEE—Per lb.: Fair 17 1/2-2c; medium 17c; better grades 20c.

Dairy Products.

BUTTER—Country, good to choice 15c; fancy creamery 35c; 4-lb bricks 38c. CHEESE—Daisy, per lb. 18c.

Chickens and Eggs.

CHICKENS—Per doz.: Hens \$4.50; fryers \$4.00; broilers \$3.00. TURKEYS—Per lb. 15c. COCKS, guineas and eulls \$2.00. DUCKS—Per dozen \$3.00. EGGS—Per dozen 15c.

Essentials.

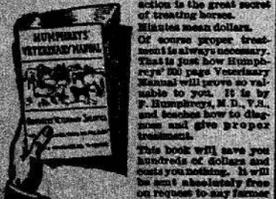
CABBAGE—Per lb. \$3.1-2a3 3-4. ONIONS—Per lb. 3c. POTATOES—Per bushel \$1.10. NAVY BEANS—Per lb. 5c.

Fruits and Nuts.

APPLES—Per box: New \$2.25. ORANGES—California Valencia per box \$4.00a4.50. LEMONS—Per box \$6.75a7.25. WALNUTS—Per lb. none. PEANUTS—Raw hand picked per lb. 7 1/2-2c; roasted 1c higher. RAISINS—Per box \$1.75. ALMONDS—Per lb. 19c. COCOANUTS—None. BRAZIL NUTS—Per lb. 13c. PECANS—Per lb. 16c. CURRANTS—Per pckage 9c.

Minutes Mean Dollars IN TREATING ANIMALS

Do not know the danger of delayed treatment of colic and other diseases. You also realize that wrongly applied remedies are often worse than no treatment at all. In other words, not to diagnose a disease accurately may prove fatal. Every owner should be able to recognize an ailment and give correct treatment at the first symptoms. Prompt action is the great secret of treating horses.



This book will save you hundreds of dollars and avoid needless suffering. It is sent absolutely free on request to any farmer or owner of horses. It is sent absolutely free on request to any farmer or owner of horses. It is sent absolutely free on request to any farmer or owner of horses.

DEMOCRATS OBEY PARTY MANDATE

Vote to Approve Tariff, Though It Means Defeat at Home.

CAUCUS IS ALL POWERFUL

Senator Bryan Opposes Further Extensions of Parcel Post—Says It Is Too Costly to Government—Bristow Sees Opening of Another Fight For Higher Postal Rates.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The caucus is mighty and will no doubt prevail on the currency bill as it did on the tariff bill. "Enough Democrats to change the political complexion of the house," said a member of that party, "rose in the caucus and said the tariff bill would surely defeat them for re-election." Those Democrats could have defeated the tariff bill, but they bowed to the mandate of the party caucus.

At least a dozen Democrats declared in the senate caucus that certain reductions and free listing certain products meant disaster to them and the party in their states, but only two stood out and said they would vote against the bill. Senators who denounced features of the bill in the caucus supported the bill in the senate.

There is nothing quite so powerful as a well regulated caucus.

Second Class Rates Again.

A forerunner of what may be expected in the coming regular session of congress was developed in a speech by Senator Bryan of Florida, who was opposing further extensions of the parcel post. He said that it cost the government 7.39 cents a pound more to carry second class mail than it received for the service, which is 1 cent a pound. He also said that was the reason why the country could not have one cent postage.

Commenting upon Bryan's speech, Senator Bristow, who is a newspaper owner and who has always opposed an increase of second class rates, says that it is the beginning of another fight for increased rates. He says the way the parcel post is being managed will largely increase the postal deficit and congress will look around for something to make it up, and the fight for an increase of second class rates will be the result; that under the system adopted no one can tell what the expense of the parcel post will be or whether it pays for itself.

Marshall's Reform.

After the senate had wrangled for two hours one day about newspaper extracts and editorial comments Vice President Marshall remarked to a friend: "We must have a reform in the senate. I am going to suggest that only half an hour each morning be set aside for exercises relating to the output of the clipping bureaus."

Informers and the Truth.

Senator Reed of Missouri, who has been conducting the examination of Mulhall, says: "I have a great deal of experience with informers first and last, and while many of them give valuable evidence, it is a characteristic of informers that they cannot tell a straight story nor tell the whole truth. They may tell a great deal of truth, but at times they will wander. They cannot bring themselves to confess some of their own infamies connected with their story and thus break down and get tangled with the truth."

Shedding Tears.

It was in the discussion of the Caminetti case that Minority Leader Mann, in closing the debate on the Republican side, said: "I shed my tears for those who have been led astray; I shed my tears in behalf of the innocent while you protect the guilty."

Congressman Clayton, on the Democratic side, called attention to lapses by the Republican administration in similar cases in which leniency had been shown to indicted people. "The gentleman from Illinois, according to his own statement, shed half a bushel of tears over that California case. We have the very ludicrous position of the gentlemen getting down before this house and shedding tears and keeping on shedding tears. You are ashamed of your miserable performance and you come here now and shed penitential tears."

It is not very often that they get the best of Mann in the debates.

Gallinger and Gronna.

Senator Gronna of North Dakota is one who often proclaims that he is a farmer. He voted for free granite, much to the displeasure of Senator Gallinger, who wanted protection for New Hampshire granite. They had some little talk back and forth, and Gronna remarked: "I voted for free granite in order to give the farmers cheaper tombstones."

"If I could select the victims I might agree with the senator from North Dakota," drily remarked Gallinger.

Morality Inquiries.

When considering nominations for offices it has been noticed that senators from woman suffrage states make inquiries about the moral character of the men named and sometimes oppose those who do not come up to a fixed standard. It is also stated that men with a moral blemish cannot be elected to office in suffrage states.

THE OLD MAN'S STRANGE STORY

Weird Visitor Quiets Levity of a Dinner Party.

A number of us were sitting in a restaurant. The dinner was over, and we were enjoying coffee and cigars. We fell to talking about death and from that to joking about our own probable exits from the world. Suddenly a man sitting at a neighboring table, with his back to us, turned and faced us. I shall never forget his face or the expression it wore. It was the oldest face I ever saw.

"Gentlemen," he said, rising and coming toward us, "how different would be your conduct should I announce to you that before the clock strikes 12 tonight one of your number would pass to another existence."

Had he really announced the fact the effect could scarcely have been greater. A cold chill passed over every one of us.

"Let me tell you of an incident," the stranger continued, seating himself. "That happened just before the battle of Buena Vista. We were expecting to meet the enemy."

"Were you there?" interrupted one of our party.

"Was I there?" The stranger laughed, a low, singular laugh, unlike any I had ever heard before, a laugh that had I given way to my feelings would have set my teeth to chattering. "Yes, I was on hand," he went on. "I was standing near a party of young officers who were talking upon the very subject you have been discussing. They were all boys, nothing but boys, to whom death looked farther off than the stary firmament. They were Lieutenant Brice of the cavalry, Pierce of the artillery and Skidmore of the staff. They were making a pool to be divided between the survivors or survivor after the battle. The fools didn't believe any of them would be killed. Were there not old generals and colonels in the service who had fought battles unscathed? They forgot that the man who had fallen; they forgot that under the doctrine of probabilities one or more of them would be killed or at least wounded; they forgot that death is on every battlefield and does not like to be laughed at."

"A shot, followed by a volley, a roar, shouts, opened the fight. The three of us dashed away to their respective posts. In ten minutes Pierce, who was in command of a couple of field guns, was shot in the breast. I was standing by him at the time. The bullet struck him on the left side and turned him round. The last image he saw was—myself."

"An order was sent to the cavalry to charge. Seeing them making ready, I joined them and rode directly behind Brice. We were met by a terrific fire of what in those days they called 'grape and canister.' "I was following Brice and, seeing him waver under a bayonet thrust, rode up behind him and called to him. He turned his head, and at that moment a Mexican officer ran him through the heart with his sword."

"Here were two of these young gamblers with death who were already worsted. The third, Skidmore, received an order to ride from left to right of the line of battle to carry an order. Disdaining to go behind, he went before the opposing forces. It was a hot fire he was riding through, but he seemed to care little for it. Men had gone through just such dangers before, and so would he. His horse, wildly frightened, was plunging, and, stumbling, it fell. Skidmore was thrown, but, rising, pulled the horse to its feet by the bridle reins, mounted and was about to ride on when I touched him on the shoulder. A cannon ball shrieked by and took him with it, a mutilated mass. Well, I laughed."

"Laughed?" exclaimed every horror stricken man.

"Yes, gentlemen. Why not? Had not these foolish fellows laughed at Death? Had they not sported with the all powerful specter, and that on the very verge of one of his carnivals?"

There was something so terrible in the speaker's wrath that every one of us—every one except Baxter, the old man of our party—shrank back.

"Who is this Death," said Baxter contemptuously, "of whom we must all speak so gingerly? The very certainty of his coming takes away from our terror of him, and if we do fear him we surely do not respect him. He comes into families and separates husband and wife, parents and children. If he does not come early he will surely come late, when we have exhausted life's pleasures, comforts, attachments, hopes. Then we must live on waiting for him. A fig for your Death, I say!"

The stranger who had been so blip-pant suddenly quieted. He cast a look at Baxter, who remained his seat, calmly and, rising from his seat, said: "Pardon me, gentlemen, for interrupting your amusement. Death loves to get his clutches on those who fear him. When he seizes upon such a 'yon,' looking at Baxter, 'it is like a huntsman shooting a stag in his sleep.' The old man who had met his match in an old man turned and strode out of the restaurant. While his going was a relief, it was not possible for us soon to recover from the influence he had exerted over us. We sat for some time, each silently meditating on the strange experience. Then some one said: "I wonder who the old fellow is anyway."

There was no answer except that which each of us gave for himself.

CADDO LEVEE BOARD.

Official Proceedings of the Meeting Held August 13, 1913.

At a special meeting of the Caddo Levee Board held on the 13th day of August 1913, there were present J. M. Sentell, president; J. J. Lay, J. M. Robinson, W. V. Robson, J. H. Jordan and W. B. Means.

Minutes of meeting of August 5, 1913, were read and approved.

On motion of J. M. Robinson, seconded by W. B. Means, President Sentell was authorized to sign division order of The Texas Company covering oil run from well of Gulf Refining Company on Levee Board's property in section 21, township 20, range 15, for a period of three months. Carried.

On motion of J. M. Robinson, seconded by W. B. Means, President Sentell was authorized to write the Standard Oil Company authorizing them to make payment to Gulf Refining Company for entire proceeds from sale of oil run from Ferry Lake lease, and that the board would look to the Gulf Refining Company for settlement of their royalty interest. Carried.

President Sentell announced the next order of business would be to consider bids, advertised to be opened on this date, for Gold Point levee and Gayle levee.

On motion bids were opened with the following result:

Gold Point Levee: J. M. Byrd, 14.29 per cubic yard; J. W. Dixon, 18.50 per cubic yard; W. R. Cavett, 13.70 per cubic yard.

Gayle Levee: M. M. Hunt, 19.20 per cubic yard; J. W. Dixon, 23.40 per cubic yard.

The bid of W. R. Cavett on the Gold Point levee being lowest, it was on motion of J. M. Robinson, seconded by J. J. Lay, accepted. Carried.

The bid of M. M. Hunt on the Gayle levee being the lowest, it was on motion of J. M. Robinson, seconded by J. J. Lay, accepted. Carried.

Mr. L. S. Frierson appeared before the board and addressed the meeting with reference to improving drainage in the Wallace Lake district.

On motion of J. M. Robinson, seconded by J. H. Jordan, the State Board of Engineers were authorized to prepare plans and specifications to advertise for bids for the improvement of drainage in Bennett's Bayou, a by-pass of Bayou Pierre. Carried.

The following bills were read, allowed and ordered paid: P. F. H. Handell & Bro. \$350; M. M. Hunt \$100.00.

Letter and telegram from S. A. Trufant of New Orleans soliciting bid from Levee Board for \$2,500 of Caddo Levee Board 5 per cent bonds were read.

On motion of J. H. Jordan, seconded by W. V. Robson, the secretary was instructed to offer Mr. Trufant par plus accrued interest for \$2,500 of the Caddo Levee Board 5 per cent bonds. Carried.

On motion of J. M. Robinson, seconded by W. B. Means, the Board of State Engineers were authorized to prepare plans and specifications and advertise for bids for the diversion of Twelve Mile Bayou from its present channel into Cross Bayou.

The yeas and nays being called for, resulted as follows: Yeas: W. B. Means, J. J. Lay and J. M. Robinson. Nays: W. V. Robson and J. H. Jordan. Carried.

There being no further business the board adjourned.

J. M. SENTELL, Pres. W. A. KERLEY, Secretary. August 14, 1913.

Adverse Report.

An adverse report on the proposed improvement of the Sabine River in Texas as far as practicable above Orange, ten miles above its mouth, was made to the House yesterday by the War Department. An adverse report also was made on the proposed improvement of the Red River between the mouth of the Ouachita River to the mouth of the Big Wichita River. The Red River already is being improved between Fulton, Ark., and Denison, Tex.

Notice for Publication—02979.

Department of the Interior, United States Land office at Baton Rouge, La., July 30, 1913.—Notice is hereby given that William C. Sutton, of Forbing, La., who on July 4, 1910, made Homestead Entry No. 02979 for north half of northwest quarter of section 2, township 15 north, range 13 west, Louisiana meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year proof to establish claim to the land above described before the clerk of the First District Court at Shreveport, La., on the 6th day of September 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses H. S. A. Forbing, of Forbing, La.; P. B. Sutton, of Forbing, La.; Armstead Jamison, of Forbing, La.; and Hiram Tramble, of Forbing, La.

JOHN F. NUTTALL, Register. Caucasian, August 3, 1913.

Denechaud President.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 13.—Chas. L. Denechaud of New Orleans was re-elected president of the American Federation of Catholic Societies and Baltimore was named for host to the next convention today. Secretary Maire of St. Louis, and Treasurer Heckenkamp of Quincy, Ill., were re-elected.

Six Little Mice.

Six little mice they lived in a wood, Six little mice so pretty and good. Their tails were long, and their eyes were bright, And they loved to trisk in the clear moonlight. Old Mother Mouse she shook her head, "My dears, you're safer far in bed. Now, trust your mother. She's old and wise, And she fears the owl with the big brown eyes."

The six little mice all looked sad, And declared they would never stay out so late. But the very next time that the moon shone bright They forgot their promise and went out at night.

Oh, how they danced! It was famous fun Higher and higher to skip and run. Little they guessed that the big brown owl Was flying that way on his nightly prow.

He pounced on one, and he pounced on two, With a hoarse "Twhit!" and a loud "Tu-who!" He carried them off, that owl so brown, And their dear little tails hung dangling down.

Away they scampered, those frightened ones, But two little mice will come home no more, And the owl's brown babies up in the tree Had mouse for dinner and mouse for tea.

Judicial Notice.

No. 17,338—First Judicial District Court of Louisiana: Mrs. Grace Rice Sewall vs. John A. Sewall Jr.

In this case, by reason of the law and evidence being in favor thereof, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the plaintiff, Mrs. Grace Rice Sewall, have judgment against the defendant, John A. Sewall Jr., granting to the plaintiff a separation of property from the said John A. Sewall Jr., and dissolving forever the community of acquets and gains now existing between plaintiff and said defendant.

This read and signed in open court on this the 12th day of July 1913. (Signed) T. F. BELL, Judge. Caucasian, July 13, 1913.

Notice for Publication—03444.

Department of the Interior, United States Land office at Baton Rouge, La., July 30, 1913.—Notice is hereby given that James Phillips, of Mira, La., who on August 3, 1908, made Homestead Entry No. 03444 for southwest quarter of southeast quarter of section 30, township 23 north, range 15 west, Louisiana meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five-year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before United States Commissioner, at Shreveport, La., on the 6th day of September 1913.

Claimant names as witnesses W. W. Walker, of Mira, La.; John Jones, of Mira, La.; Clifton Caldwell, of Mira, La.; Thomas Jackson of Myrtle town, La. JOHN F. NUTTALL, Register. Caucasian, August 3, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 15,833—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: Victoria Lumber Company, Limited, vs. George Hill.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction for cash and according to law at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, La., during the legal hours of sales, on SATURDAY, SEPT. 6, 1913.

Lois 13 and 14 of the Freewater subdivision of the City of Shreveport, Caddo Parish, La. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendant and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in said writ, say in the sum of ninety-six and 10-100 dollars, with eight per cent interest on said amount from May 1, 1910, until paid, less a credit of \$200.00 paid February 16, 1911, and all costs of this suit, as well as ten per cent on said principal and interest as attorney's fees.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer. Caucasian, July 31, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,380—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: R. B. Martin vs. Pike Powell et al.

By virtue of a commission to sell to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit I will offer for sale at public auction for cash and according to law, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, La., during the legal hours of sales, on SATURDAY, SEPT. 13, 1913.

Lot sixty of the Shepherd & Stewart subdivision of the City of Shreveport, Caddo Parish, La., and the south half of lot 23 of the J. W. White subdivision of the City of

Shreveport, La. Said property to be sold for cash and according to law for the purpose of effecting a partition. J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer. Caucasian, August 9, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,334—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: Wan. J. Leup Brewing Company vs. J. Pomeransky.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit, I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction for cash and without the benefit of appraisement, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, during the legal hours for sales, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1913.

Lot eleven of square "E" of the Roland Jones Subdivision of block sixty-seven of the City of Shreveport, Caddo Parish, La., as per map of said subdivision recorded in conveyance book "Q," page 253, of the records of Caddo Parish, La., together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, said property subject to dedication of six feet off of front portion of said lot eleven as contained in deed from J. G. Hester to John Pomeransky of date May 18, 1907. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendant and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in said writ, say in the sum of \$500.00 each dated March 30, 1910, bearing six per cent per annum interest on each from date, and also \$3,000.00 represented by six notes of \$500.00 each dated August 17, 1912, with 6 per cent per annum interest on each from date, and all costs of suit, as well as ten per cent on said sum and interest as attorney's fees. J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer. Caucasian, July 22, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,179—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: Andrew Kuhn et als, vs. Arthur Hawkins.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit, I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction on terms hereinafter set forth, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, La., during the legal hours for sales, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1913.

A certain lot in the O'Neal Subdivision of the City of Shreveport, La., described as follows: Commencing at southeast corner of a certain lot sold by these vendors to vendee fronting on Alberta avenue, run thence south along Alberta avenue 200 feet, to point, thence west at right angles 130 feet, to point, thence north 200 feet to property of vendee, thence east along said property line to place of beginning, with the buildings and improvements thereon. Said property to be sold as belonging to the above named defendant without the benefit of appraisement to pay and satisfy the sum of \$300.00 with 8 per cent interest thereon from September 21, 1910, including ten per cent on total sum as attorney's fees; with special recognition of the plaintiff's lien and privilege as vendor, to pay and satisfy the sum of \$200.00 with 8 per cent per annum interest from the 21st day of September 1910, and all costs of suit, and 10 per cent on said amount and interest as attorney's fees. And on terms of credit to pay and satisfy the note of \$100.00 to correspond with the maturing of date due September 21, 1913, and in the further sum of \$25.99 with five per cent interest on said amount from judicial demand, and all costs of this suit. J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer. Caucasian, July 22, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,469—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: Guaranty Oil Company vs. H. S. Dean.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, in the above numbered and entitled suit, I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction for cash and without the benefit of appraisement, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, during the legal hours of sales, on SATURDAY, SEPT. 13, 1913.

The southwest quarter of northwest quarter section two, township twenty, range sixteen, Caddo Parish, La., containing ten acres, and being the same property bought from Angel, as per act in conveyance book 37, page 122; also lot 11 of block five Caddo City, as per map of same recorded in the clerk's office, being the same property bought from Martin as per act in conveyance book 48, page 545; also the west half of the southwest quarter of the

northwest quarter of the northwest quarter section two, township 20, range 15, containing one and one-half acres, being the same land bought from W. H. B. Croom as per act in conveyance book 22, page 347; also lots 7, 8, 9, 10, in the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter section 32, township 21, range 15, Caddo Parish, La., being the same property bought from Heiglerin and Liebman, as per conveyance book 40, page 886, of the records of Caddo Parish, La.; also lots 7, 8, 9, 10, in the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter section 32, township 21, range 15, Caddo Parish, La., being the same property bought from Heiglerin and Liebman, as per conveyance book 40, page 886, of the records of Caddo Parish, La. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendant and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in the said writ, say in the sum of one thousand and no-100 dollars, with eight per cent per annum interest thereon from the 23rd day of June 1909, less a credit of \$100.00 paid March 4, 1911, and all costs of this suit, as well as ten per cent on said principal and interest as attorney's fees.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer. Caucasian, August 9, 1913.

Murff & Thurber

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

321 Commercial National Bank Bldg. Long Distance Phone 709

WILL PRACTICE IN THE STATE AND FEDERAL COURTS

Shreveport, La.

G. W. Hardy J. S. Atkinson

Hardy & Atkinson

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Rooms 301-3 Commercial Nat. Bank Shreveport, La.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE STATE AND FEDERAL COURTS.