

Notice of Removal.

Dr. George A. Harper, Dentist, has removed to the Hutchinson building, on Texas street, opposite the court house. Old phone 623.

Dr. E. G. Allen.

Office in the Cooper Building. Dr. Allen is a graduate of both schools and carries a full line of homeopathic remedies. Special attention to chronic diseases.

How to Order Patterns.

Patterns described in the Caucasian are supplied by the May Manton Pattern Company, Grocery Square, New York City, and Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. Forward order with name and address to the New York or Chicago office with 10c for each pattern. They will be mailed direct to you.

Notice.

The firm of L. Groner & Son has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Morris Groner, continuing the business in his individual capacity and assumes all outstanding indebtedness and liabilities of the firm of L. Groner & Son.

MORRIS GRONER.

Shreveport, La., August 5, 1913.

PROVISION MARKET

Quotations Carefully Revised and Corrected.

Hot Products.

BACON—Clear rib sides 15c; dry salt 14c. HAMS—Per lb. 17c. LARD—Per lb. Tierce compound 10c; pure lard 14 1/2c.

Flour and Meal.

FLOUR—High patent \$5.75; second patent \$5.50; extra fancy \$5.25; common \$4.75; sacks 15c less. MEAL—Standard 24-lb sacks 47c; cream 24-lb sacks 51c; cream meal in wood \$4.20. GRITS—Per barrel \$4.35.

Feedstuffs.

OATS—Per bushel 55c. CORN—Per bushel \$1.00. BRAN—Per 90-lb sacks \$1.30. CHOPS—Per sack \$1.05. HAY—Per ton: Arkansas \$12.50; timothy \$20.00, alfalfa \$22.50, Mexican native alfalfa \$23.00.

Sugar and Molasses.

SUGAR—Standard granulated per lb. 5 1/8c; choice Y. C. 5c. MOLASSES—Choice 30c; prime 32c; common 25c; pure sugar house 45c.

Coffee.

COFFEE—Per lb.: Fair 17 1/2c; medium 17c; better grades 20c.

Dairy Products.

BUTTER—Country, good to choice 15c; fancy creamery 35c; 1-lb bricks 38c. CHEESE—Daisy, per lb. 18c.

Chickens and Eggs.

CHICKENS—Per doz.: Hens \$5.00; fryers \$4.00; broilers \$3.00. TURKEYS—Per lb. 15c. COCKS, guineas and culls \$2.00. DUCKS—Per dozen \$3.00. EGGS—Per dozen 20c.

Vegetables.

CABBAGE—Per lb. \$3.1-2a33-4. ONIONS—Per lb. 2 3/4c. POTATOES—Per bushel \$1.10. NAVY BEANS—Per lb. 5c. APPLES—Per bbl. \$5.50a5.75; per box \$2.00a2.25. ORANGES—California Valencia per box \$4.00a4.50. LEMONS—Per box \$6.00a6.50. WALNUTS—Per lb. none. PEANUTS—Raw hand picked per lb. 7 1/2c; roasted 8c higher. RAISINS—Per box \$1.75. ALMONDS—Per lb. 19c. COCAONUTS—None. BRAZIL NUTS—Per lb. 13c. PECANS—Per lb. 16c.

Minutes Mean Dollars IN TREATING ANIMALS

Don't you know the danger of delayed treatment of colic and other diseases? You do not realize that wrongly applied remedies are often worse than no treatment at all. In other words, not to diagnose a disease accurately may prove fatal. Every owner should be able to recognize an ailment and give correct treatment at the first symptoms. Prompt action is the great secret of treating horses.

Minutes Mean Dollars. This book will save you hundreds of dollars and cost you nothing. It will be sent absolutely free on request to any farmer in order to introduce Humpreys' Veterinary Remedies. Remember, it's absolutely free. You do not have to order any remedies to secure the book. Address, Humpreys' Homeopathic Medicine Company, 126 William Street, New York City. This is a splendid opportunity to obtain a veterinary treatise that you should have in your library. As a reference work you will find it invaluable. To have it in the time of need will be worth many dollars, whereas it will cost you but a few cents by writing for it now.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,441—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, Louisiana: James Riley vs. J. A. Seely.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed from the Honorable the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, in the above numbered and entitled suit, I have seized and will sell at public auction, for cash and without the benefit of appraisement, at the principal front door of the Court House of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, during the legal hours of sales on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1913

Lot fourteen of the Keith subdivision of the City of Shreveport, Louisiana, as per map filed and recorded in Conveyance Book 6, page 145, of the records of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendant and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in said writ, say in the sum of Three Hundred and forty-eight and no/100 dollars with eight per cent per annum interest thereon and all costs of suit and ten per cent interest on said amount of principal and interest as attorney's fees.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer, Caucasian, Sept. 2, 1913.

Released from Jail

Austin Willis, who shot and killed Ed Rogers at Lane, Caddo Parish, recently, has been released from jail on the order of District Attorney Mabry.

Willis had been shot through the neck by Rogers before he returned the shot. From all accounts it was self defense. After Willis had shot Ed Rogers he was pursued by Bob Rogers, who fired at him several times. Bob Rogers is jailed, charged with shooting with intent to kill. All are negroes.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by T. R. Christian at Bungalo Switch on the H. E. & W. T. Ry. two miles north of Keithville, La., and estrayed before me, the undersigned authority, one solid red heifer about 3 years old, marked with under-crop in each ear; no other marks or brands visible. The owner will come forward, prove property and pay charges, or the same will be sold according to law on the 1st day of October 1913, at Bungalo Switch, at 10 o'clock a.m.

J. F. HENDERSON, Justice of the Peace Seventh Ward of Caddo Parish, La. Caucasian, August 31, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,439—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: N. L. Hudson vs. Frank Riley et al.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit, I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction for cash and on terms of credit, without the benefit of appraisement, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, Louisiana, during the legal hours of sales, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 27, 1913.

Lots 1367 and 1368 of the Cedar Grove subdivision of the Parish of Caddo, State of Louisiana, with the buildings and improvements thereon. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendant and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in said writ, say due July 5, 1913, and the note due August 5, 1913, and on terms of credit to pay the note due September 5, 1913, for \$41.73, and the note for \$41.73 due October 5, 1913, and 8 per cent interest on said notes from June 5, 1913, until paid, and all costs of this suit, as well as 10 per cent on said principal and interest as attorney's fees.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer, Caucasian, August 26, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,386—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: R. B. Martin vs. Pike Powell et al.

By virtue of a commission to sell to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit I will offer for sale at public auction for cash and according to law, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, La., during the legal hours of sales, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 13, 1913.

Lot sixty of the Shepherd & Stewart subdivision of the City of Shreveport, Caddo Parish, La., and the south half of lot 23 of the J. W. White subdivision of the City of Shreveport, La. Said property to be sold for cash and according to law for the purpose of effecting a partition.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer, Caucasian, August 9, 1913.

MARRIED

Miss Gladys Hutchens and A. E. Suggs, of Memphis

On Sunday evening, Miss Gladys Hutchens, of Shreveport, and Mr. A. E. Suggs, of Memphis, were married at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. J. G. Robertson, 1719 Laurel street, by Rev. Young, of the Texas Avenue Methodist Church, in the presence of relatives and friends.

The announcement of this marriage was an agreeable surprise to the many friends of the charming and accomplished bride, who was a teacher in the Parkview Public School, and is beloved by all her pupils and all who know her. The bride is the daughter of Charles W. Hutchens, deceased, who was for years connected with The Caucasian, and who was a most estimable gentleman and an excellent citizen. The bride wore a suit of blue-velvet, with hat and plumes of the same hue.

The groom is a worthy gentleman, a good citizen of Memphis and is highly esteemed by his friends. Mr. and Mrs. Suggs will leave for their home in Memphis tomorrow. In their going away there will be expressed regret—the best of friends must part soiled in congratulations of felicitations. May the best wishes of their friends attend them always and may they live long and prosper and realize the fullest anticipation of happiness.

River Forecast

Red River: The change will be unimportant at Fulton and Shreveport during the next forty-eight hours.

Municipal Transitions

Editor Caucasian: Judging from collected quotations in the Literary Digest, taken from the most prominent Eastern journals, and editorial references appearing in The Outlook, which always reviews public matters from a very high and impartial plane, the commission form of government is undergoing changes and amendments in many cities where some of its most expected blessings in the practice of economy are ignored; and, where left open, increases in salaries and official forces are being augmented out of decent proportion to revenues and time devoted to the public service, thus wasting money in establishing an oligarchy that should be expended for physical improvements and other imperative needs.

It is shown that interdepartment log rolling has become common, as commissioners desirous of having their own way free from interference will refrain from criticizing each others conduct or management of their respective departments and assent to the proposals of any of their colleagues as a price for each others assent. A sort of "you tickle me and I will tickle you" mutual understanding.

To avoid this the important city of Dayton, Ohio, very recently voted by a majority of two to one to give the commissioners authority to elect a city manager to be paid an open salary commensurate with his capacity, energy and ability in directing the city's affairs. This on account of the failure of the people to elect competent men with the necessary training and knowledge to properly and efficiently look after the details their respective offices required.

All modern cities must adopt civil service rules and look carefully into the qualifications of all candidates for office, as well as requiring this of all subordinates which becomes the duty of the manager. Dayton's flood disaster, like Galveston's, aroused its citizens to the necessity of having a skillful, experienced head, independent and responsible to the commissioners alone, who are expected to select an able man that will reflect credit on themselves.

Many other features where the ordinary commission form of government is lacking are related, but would require too much space to fully elaborate. Dealing with franchises for public utilities has rubbed some of the virtues off when acted upon without referendum or common sense, if nothing worse than utter incompetency.

Your esteemed morning contemporary, The Shreveport Times, a short time ago editorially voiced our need for a new charter more in keeping with the referendum and giving greater latitude for home government. Greater economy in the general administration of affairs and its financial condition placed on a basis that invites confidence in its ability to meet its obligations without slipping into increasing overdrafts, may be secured.

The transitions all point towards securing more efficiency in municipal management, but in my opinion, the dual bodies of our National and State legislatures will be finally

patterned after by all local governments, and nothing but the constitution to follow in the framing of ordinances and nothing inconsistent with unlimited police power considered. Very truly, A. CURRIE.

WAR AND WAR

Practical View of Miss Lathrop Applied to Children

Chicago Sunday Tribune, August 31. If 125,000 Americans were killed by a foreign foe in one year, the country would stand aghast at the calamity. Our statesmen would quickly take to their council chambers. Congress probably would be working overtime. Not a moment would be lost in taking action to combat the enemy.

Over 1,500,000 American babies born in our large industrial centers—were needlessly killed every year by lead, sour milk, dust, and flies, according to Miss Julia C. Lathrop, head of the children's bureau in Washington. Miss Lathrop cites census figures showing that 125,000 babies die in the United States annually. Half of the deaths could be prevented. The children's bureaus, in fact, working now to prevent them. The cause of the appallingly large number of deaths among children in the big cities named by Miss Lathrop attain their highest virulence in alley homes. The death rate among children living in alley dwellings is found to be between 300 and 400 per thousand, she says.

These facts and figures concerning the mortality of children in large cities are not new. They have been brought to the attention of the public before on more than one occasion. It is a subject, however, of which the public constantly needs to be reminded, and in acting as an official harper, as it were, on the public ear, Miss Lathrop shows that she understands her duty and knows how to do it.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,444—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: J. J. Lyon vs. V. L. McCarty.

By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., in the above numbered and entitled suit, I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction for cash and on terms of credit, without the benefit of appraisement, at the principal front door of the court house of Caddo Parish, La., during the legal hours of sales, on

SATURDAY, OCT. 4, 1913.

Lots 18, 19 and 20, of block 1 of the Howard Cole Subdivision of the City of Shreveport, La., as per map of said addition in conveyance book -- page -- of the records of Caddo Parish, La., with all the buildings and improvements thereon. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendant and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in said writ, for cash to pay the sum of \$2,025.00 now due, together with 8 per cent per annum interest from March 15, 1911, and on terms of credit, to meet the four notes due respectively at 29, 30, 31 and 32 months from March 15, 1911, for \$75.00 with 8 per cent interest from March 15, 1911, and all costs of suit, as well as 10 per cent on said principal and interest as attorney's fees.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer, Caucasian, August 31, 1913.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 17,539—In the First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La.: Bank of Vivian vs. S. B. Hindman, et al.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed from the Honorable First Judicial District Court of Caddo Parish, La., I have seized and will offer for sale at public auction for cash and according to law, at Vivian, La., during the legal hours of sales, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 13, 1913.

Two soda fountains and fixtures, large mirror, 6 large soda fount tables, 21 chairs to match, 1 small soda fount table, 4 chairs to match, 1 electric piano, 1 hall tree, 1 center table, 1 ice cream box, 1 gas charging machine, 4 show cases, 2 ceiling fans, 4 buzz fan, one piano at house, 1 horse and buggy, 1-horse wagon, 1 wide tired road wagon, 2 mules and harness. Said property seized as belonging to the above named defendant and to be sold to pay and satisfy the debt as specified in said writ say in the sum of \$750.00 with 8 per cent per annum interest thereon from 22nd day of June 1913 until paid, and all costs of this suit, as well as 10 per cent on said principal and interest as attorney's fees.

J. P. FLOURNOY, Sheriff, ex-Officio Auctioneer, Caucasian, August 31, 1913.

Good stationery is essential to the up-to-date merchant. Phone 1000.

Subscribe for The Caucasian.

ALL AGREE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Support the President Regardless of Politics.

DIFFERENT TARIFF VIEWS.

State Policies Make Great Change in Arguments on Free List—Smoot Becomes an Exhorter—Expect Contest on Legislation for Good Roads—Murray Wants to Temper the Wind.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Aug. 30.—[Special] Political divisions in the United States are sharp and often lead to tangles in governmental affairs, but in dealing with foreign questions it seems that the people have determined to be a unit. While there may be differences about the policy pursued by the chief executive when a policy is once determined, all the same stand ready to support the president, regardless of politics.

That happened when President McKinley was dealing with Cuba, although the truth of history will show that the Democratic party, aided by a wing of the Republican party, forced the war with Spain when the administration was doing everything it could to prevent war. However, our people were more warlike then than they are now. If there had been no Spanish war, a war with Mexico could not be prevented at this time.

They See It Differently.

Politics makes a great difference in the way tariff changes are viewed. Men from Colorado, Nevada and Montana do not think the tariff is going to affect the sugar and wool industries by placing these products on the free list. Men from Wyoming, Utah and Idaho believe these industries will be sadly crippled if not ruined by the new tariff. All six states are alike in their situation and environment.

Governor Harrison.

Governor Harrison, as Francis Burton Harrison is now called, although some may designate him as "general" because he is "governor general," once had the title of governor pointed at him. In that year of "safe and sane" Democracy, when Parker had been nominated for president and D-Cady Herrick for governor of New York, Harrison, then a very new member of congress, was named for lieutenant governor on the Democratic ticket. As we all remember, the title was only "pointed" toward him, for that was not a Democratic year.

Smoot Becomes Exhorter.

As a usual thing Senator Smoot contents himself in talking in a low tone, almost inaudible. They often say that Smoot and Stone of Missouri "whisper" to each other across the aisle. But when it comes to sugar the Utah senator raises his voice and becomes a real exhorter. One could almost imagine him in the role of a Mormon apostle addressing latter day saints in the tabernacle when he made his plea for a duty on sugar. Utah is very much interested in sugar beet production.

Finley and Post Roads.

Congressman Finley of South Carolina, who gave up a good chairmanship in order to remain a member of the postoffice committee, says that if good roads legislation is enacted by the national government it must come through provision for the improvement of rural route roads, and therefore the postoffice committee will handle any such measure.

When the house created the committee on roads it was supposed that the committee would take charge of all road legislation, but there is prospect of a very bitter contest over such matters in the coming session of congress.

Tempering the Wind.

"Alfalfa Bill" Murray asked permission to address the house on the subject of tempering the winds of Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas to the crops of those states. Of course it raised a number of suggestions.

"The gentleman asks," said Speaker Clark, "to address the house on the subject of tempering the hot winds?"

"To the shorn lamb," interjected Butler of Pennsylvania.

"Can't he include the holl weevil?" asked Quin of Mississippi, who comes from the cotton belt.

"You might," remarked Thomas of Kentucky, "put the gentleman from Oklahoma in cold storage in Washington, and that would temper the hot winds in Oklahoma."

But they gave consent to "Alfalfa" for his address.

Lawyers in the House.

There are lawyers in the house. They admitted it when they struck out of the resolution for the lobby investigation a provision for attorneys' fees. Men felt that it was absurd to hire lawyers to conduct examinations in which nine-tenths of the men in the house had spent their time since they began business careers. So the lawyers were vindicated.

Looks Like Wilson.

Senator Colt of Rhode Island might be taken for President Wilson if he had about ten years less age. Many times he has been taken for the president by persons in the gallery who have only a slight acquaintance with the president.

STOP PRIMARIES FOR POSTMASTER

Community Selections Refused by Postmaster.

CANNOT SAFEGUARD THEM.

Washington, Aug. 30.—[Special] The community selection of postmasters for the selection of postmasters is being refused by the postmaster. He says there is no method of safe guarding such primaries, so he declines to have them. It is also impossible to determine whether the Democrats under the selection and that in many places it would result in the Republican choosing the postmaster.

Protests From Women.

What may be termed a curious phase of the woman suffrage movement, or rather, the advance which women have been making is that women are protesting to the postoffice department against the selection of women as postmasters in larger places. More particularly does this apply to offices where there is considerable business.

There is an indication that women do not want a woman postmaster scrutinizing their correspondence so closely. But the protests are mainly on the ground that in a business community they want a business man for postmaster.

"Wanted—A Campaign Manager."

The Republicans are still trying to find a suitable person for chairman of the congressional campaign committee. It has been decided that it won't do to take a rock ribbed standholder from the east, and there is also objection to taking a "meat" Progressive from the west. To find the right kind of a man is a difficult task.

Shutting Up on Mexico.

Through the insistence of Minority Leader Mann and Mr. Foster, a prominent Democrat of Illinois, all possible chance for talk on the Mexican situation was shut off in the house. "It seems to me wise," said Mann, "to avoid any discussion of Mexican and Mexican affairs at this time. I think we ought to be willing to keep still and keep cool."

Recalled Reed Days.

One day on the floor of the house were Burrows of Michigan, McMillin and Richardson of Tennessee, Herbert of Alabama, four men who were prominent figures when Reed ruled the house and first counted a quorum. Afterward Richardson was the minority leader. His lieutenant at that time was Oscar Freese of Ill. Underwood saw John Sharp Williams and Champ Clark become minority leaders before he was made the leader of his party in the house. Herbert went into Cleveland's cabinet, McMillin became governor of Tennessee, Burrows and Williams went to the senate, and Richardson became the head of the Scottish Rite Masons in the southern jurisdiction.

Matter of Immigration.

Senator Smoot in his speech on sugar said it was wholly a matter of fundamental nature in regard to their being any difference between cane and beet sugar. He said that when he was a manager of a mercantile establishment in Utah he sold sugar to a woman, putting it in a bag marked "sugar," a bag of beet sugar. The woman brought it back, saying that she could not make cakes and pastry as well with beet sugar as with cane sugar. So Smoot took the sugar, put it in a bag marked cane sugar and sent it to her. Some time later he was told by the woman that was the kind of sugar she always wanted. "What all the difference," said Smoot, "is the brand upon the bag."

He'll Will Stay in the Race.

There will be a three cent report made for the senate in Alabama. The senate thought Tom He'll would not enter when Henry Clayton went there to be taken. They will look for the contest against Hobson. There is possibility that there will be a contest in filling the short term vacancy caused by the death of Senator Johnson owing to the long time it takes to organize a contested election in this state.

The Judicial Department.

Men who have been in business make good political senators, remarked a member of the senate. "There have been too much judicial temperament. Now, there is Thompson of Kansas and Colt of Rhode Island. Both have been on the bench many years. In arriving at how to vote on a question in the senate they carefully listen to all that is said and then try to split it in the middle, just as if rendering a judicial opinion. In politics a man must write his judicial opinions and stay with his party or else get out of his party into another."

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