



**Selling off at Cost for Cash.**  
**BEING** desirous to close out our old stock of goods, previous to receiving our Fall and Winter supply, we now offer our entire stock of Dry Goods at present on hand, at cost for cash.  
 au14<sup>1</sup> BRINEGAR.

**A FEW** gallons of 15 years old Apple Brandy on hand, and for sale at \$1.50 per gallon, by au14<sup>1</sup> BRINEGAR.

**JUST** received a fresh supply of superior Kentucky Lard, and for sale by au14<sup>1</sup> BRINEGAR.

**A LARGE** supply of superior sugar cured Hams, just received and for sale by au14<sup>1</sup> BRINEGAR.

**A SUPERIOR** LOT of Old "Bourbon" Whiskey, for sale by au14<sup>1</sup> BRINEGAR.

**WILSON, STARBIRD & SMITH'S SYRUP OF SARSAPARILLA**—For the cure of rheumatism, scrofulous affections, diseases of the skin, and eruptions of various kinds. It is a powerful tonic and alterative, and is valuable as a restorative in depraved conditions of the system, though its most extensive and useful application is in the treatment of secondary syphilis, and syphilitic diseases, and that shattered state of the system which follows the imprudent use of mercury in these affections. For sale by au10 L. C. THOMAS, Druggist.

**BUTLER'S EFFERVESCENT MAGNESIAN APERIENT**—For dyspepsia, indigestion, nervous debility, giddiness, head ache, acidity of the stomach, habitual costiveness, cutaneous diseases, gout, gravel, &c., and highly valued as a gentle, cooling purgative. For sale by au10 L. C. THOMAS, Druggist.

**FIVE HUNDRED LBS.** Spanish Whiting; 500 lbs Rosin; 150 lbs Venetian Red; 150 lbs Yellow Ochre; 500 lbs Epsom Salts; for sale by au10 L. C. THOMAS, Druggist.

**COLOGNE**—A superior article for sale by au10 L. C. THOMAS, Druggist.

**SANDS' SARSAPARILLA** and Dr. Wistar's **BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY**, for sale by au10 L. C. THOMAS, Druggist.

Succession of Pierre } 6th District Court,  
 Treville Marionneaux, dec'd. } Parish of Iberville.  
**NOTICE** is hereby given to all persons whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days from the publication hereof, why the account or tableau of liquidation and partition presented by Ulger Baugnon, administrator of the above succession, should not be homologated and made a judgment of this court, and the said administrator discharged and his bond cancelled according to law. By order of the Court.  
 ADONIS PETIT, Clerk.  
 August 8, 1848.—au10

Succession of Pierre } Cour du 6eme  
 Treville Maionneaux, } District,  
 neaux, decede. } Paroisse d'Iberville.  
**AVIS** est par le present donne a tous ceux que cela concerne d'avoir a deduire sous dix jours de cette notification, les raisons pour lesquelles le tableau de liquidation, presente par Ulger Baugnon administrateur de la susdite succession, ne serait pas homologue et approuve, et le dit administrateur decharge, et son bond annule selon la loi.  
 Par ordre de la Cour.  
 ADONIS PETIT, Greffier.  
 Ce 8 Aout, 1848.—2f

**NOTICE**—Will be sold by Adolphe Grass, Treasurer, on **MONDAY, 11th day of September next**, at the court house of the Parish of Iberville, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to the highest and last bidder, all the ferries of the Parish of Iberville, for the term of one year, to commence on the 12th day of November next. Said ferries to be sold under the rules and regulations established by law, and the ordinance of the Police Jury of this Parish.  
 ADOLPHE GRASS, Treasurer.  
 Parish of Iberville, August 10, 1848.

**AVIS**—Il sera vendu par Adolphe Grass, Tresorier, **Lundie 11eme jour de Septembre, 1848**, a la maison de Cour de la paroisse d'Iberville, a 10 heures A. M., au plus offrant et dernier enchereur, tous les Ferries de la paroisse d'Iberville, pour le terme d'une annee, a dater du 12 Novembre prochain. Les dits Ferries seront vendus d'apres les regles etablies par les lois et les ordonnances du Juri de Police de cette paroisse.  
 ADOLPHE GRASS, Tresorier.  
 Paroisse d'Iberville le 10 Aout 1848.

**MAGAZIN DE TAPISSERIE.**  
**No. 20 Rue du Camp, Nlle. Orleans.**  
**JOSEPH ETTER** offre a vendre a bas prix pour du comptant, ou acceptances de la ville, toute sorte d'articles de ce genre, tels que Papier a Tapissier pour murs, ciels de lit pour rideaux avec bordures; étoffe a Rideaux avec garnitures Pompons Cordes, Batons Dorés, Corniches;—De Matelas a ressort, de Crin et Mousse, de Franges, Rideaux de fenetre transparents et autres, Moustiquaires, Tapis de laine, de paille et de toile peinte etc.  
 Tous ordres seront promptement executes.  
 Octobre 9, 1847. 11:1f

**MEDICINES.**  
**A LARGE** assortment of pure and good medicines can be had at the Plaquemine Drug Store. Planters wishing a supply for Plantation use, are invited to call and try them. They will be sold at city prices, and the expense of freight saved to the buyer.  
**A. E. RICHARDS**  
**LARD OIL**—100 Gallons Superior Winter strained Lard Oil in store and for sale by L. C. THOMAS, Druggist.

## SEMI-WEEKLY Southern Sentinel.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY, BY WM. P. BRADBURN.

**TERMS:**  
**SUBSCRIPTION**—Five Dollars per annum, invariably in advance.  
**ADVERTISING**—One Dollar per square, (10 lines or less) will be charged for the first, and Fifty Cents for every insertion thereafter. All advertisements not specified as to number of insertions, will be published until forfuit, and charged accordingly. In both languages, charged double. No engagements for advertising will be made for a longer period than three months, half payment made in advance. If in no case can the above conditions be departed from.

### Efforts of the Enemy.

LET THE TAYLOR MEN BE UP AND DOING.  
 The following secret circular, says the Bee, has been prepared in Washington by the leading Locofocos there, and distributed to the "faithful." *Fas est ab hoste doceri.* The enemy is at work, with all the enormous aids derived from the patronage of the Government, the possession of power, the dread of losing office, and the heavy contributions of those who subsist upon Government pap. No effort will be spared to accomplish the defeat of Taylor and Fillmore; and we have already had evidence of the desperate struggle at hand, in the malignity of the ravings of the Locofoco press, and the industry with which the foulest and filthiest libels on our candidates have been strown, broad-cast, all over the State.—We say then, to the Whigs, "lose not a moment by useless delay, but organize at once, actively and efficiently. You have every element of success that a glorious cause and unimpeachable champions can command. Victory is certain, if you will but strive to win it, but success is rarely the result of accident. In the political world, as in the world of labor, he who strives with most zeal, patience and courage, arrives the soonest at the goal." Therefore, friends of Old Zach, let us begin the good work without further procrastination. **Organize! ORGANIZE!! ORGANIZE!!!**

### GENERAL CIRCULAR.

WASHINGTON CITY, June 24, 1848.  
 Sir:—The undersigned were designated by the National Democratic Committee at the Baltimore Convention to serve as an Executive Committee at Washington, to aid by such means as may be within their reach the efforts of their friends in other parts of the Union in the pending Presidential canvass.

From the information already received in this city, it is certain that the leaders of the Federal or Whig party will resort to an extensive system of misrepresentation, adapted, in its details, to every section in the Union, which they will render more effective and mischievous by a thorough organization. To counteract these designs and movements, it is incumbent upon the Democratic party to be equally as well organized, active, vigilant energetic. Our friends should at once make a thorough organization in every State, County and District in the Union. It should be so complete and perfect as to reach every individual member of the party.

This being done, measures should at once be taken to supply all voters with documents, containing important information upon subjects which will be involved in the present canvass. Valuable compilations will be made setting forth the true issues of the contest, and otherwise from time to time be prepared as the canvass progresses to refute the misrepresentations and sophistries of our opponents, and to sustain the principles and policy of the Democratic party.

These complaints will be printed and furnished at prices just sufficient to cover the cost, (say at the rate of 50 cents per 100 copies,) and forwarded, franked, and directed to any part of the Union.

We would therefore respectfully suggest the expediency of forming clubs, for the purpose of disseminating political intelligence among the people. Money intended for that purpose should be transmitted, post paid, to Major B. B. French, Treasurer of this city, which shall be faithfully applied according to directions. The Whigs have nominated their candidates without the avowal of any princi-

ples, it becomes important to detect and expose false issues, intended to operate upon different sections of the Union. We should therefore be glad to be speedily informed of the grounds on which our opponents wage the contest in every section of the country. Should the Whigs of the North fraternize with the abolitionists, this part should be exposed at the South, to prevent them reporting to the people that they are the only safeguards of her peculiar interests.

Letters and papers showing the progress of the canvass, and exposing the course of the Whigs in different sections of the Union, should be directed to Henry S. Foote, at Washington, who is entitled to receive them free. Also, names of persons to whom documents should be sent.

Relying on your faithful co-operation in our common cause.

We have the honor to be, very respectfully,  
 Your obedient servants,  
 H. S. FOOTE,  
 EDMUND BURKE,  
 W. J. BROWN.

### [From the Albany Evening Journal.] Gen. Cass' Retreat from Aux Canards Bridge.

"He was ordered peremptorily by the commanding General (Hull) to retire with his command to Detroit."—*Albany Argus.*

"Gen. Hull, instead of responding to the ardor of the troops under Col. Cass, near that hateful repository, (Malden), ordered that officer and his command back to camp."—*Argus biography of Cass.*

"Gen. Cass was peremptorily ordered by Hull his superior officer, to retreat from Malden, and march the troops back to Detroit; and he was obliged to obey, however much it was against his inclination."—*Syracuse Democrat.*

The first paragraph above quoted, was in reply to an article which we published on the 11th inst., and particularly to the following portion of it:

"While the American army was stationed at Windsor, (Sandwich,) Gen. Cass, accompanied by Col. Miller, was permitted by Gen. Hull, to make a reconnaissance toward Fort Malden. In approaching the Canards river, a party of British troops was observed on the bridge.—These were fired upon, and speedily retreated in confusion. Instead of pursuing them, Gen. Cass bivouacked on the bridge, and sent a messenger to Gen. Hull, asking him what he should do? Gen. Hull replied that, he could remain or return, just as he pleased—he would assume no responsibility in the matter. Gen. Cass returned: although, as his biographers admit, if he had followed up his advantage, *Fort Malden would have fallen at once.*"

It was not until yesterday that we were able to lay our hands upon a work with which we were familiar, (Forbes' Report of the trial of Gen. Hull) and which contains the following justification of our statement, and refutation of the denial of the *Argus*, and the assertion of Cass' Biographer:

SANDWICH, 17th July, 1812.

SIR—I have received your letter of this morning. To my astonishment, I have not received the least information from M'Arther. It is possible something unpleasant has taken place. It will probably be a week before the cannon will be mounted. I am sensible of the advantage of holding the bridge. I would not however hazard too much for the purpose. The enemy may pass the ford above and come in the rear. I will, however, leave to your discretion and Col. Miller's under all the circumstances of the case, to do that which you judge most expedient. Twelve miles are a great distance—and the enemy can either land in boats, above the mouth of river, or pass at the ford to attack you. You know the ground better than I do, and as I before observed, *I will leave the measure and the force to your discretion* and Col. Miller's and the best mode of security to the party.

I am very respectfully, your ob't servant,  
 W. HULL, Brig. Gen. Commander.  
 Col. Cass.

It is unnecessary to add a word to this letter, which we quote to show how little confidence can be placed in the statements of Gen. Cass' Biographers and Eulogists.

To be victorious we must be sleepless in our energies.

### A Word to the Whigs.

"These are times to be met, not followed!"

We request all whigs who are inert in the cause of Taylor and their country, to ponder upon the following admonitions, so energetically given in the New Orleans Evening National:

"The struggle has commenced. Our opponents are moving Heaven and earth to carry the election—everything that money profusely, lavishly expended, can effect is being done. Principles, men, truth, honor, justice, and our country are cast aside, and all the untiring energies of the most indomitable and best organized combination of men the world ever saw, are brought to bear in this contest,—if, by such means Taylor can be defeated, then will Lewis Cass or Martin Van Buren be elected next President of the United States. Have we any thing to contend for? Have we principles, upon the establishment of which we believe the happiness, honor and prosperity of the country depend? Are these principles worth contending for? If they are worth anything, and the whig party is sincere in its professions of these principles, then is it their duty as men, as whigs, as patriots, to go to work!

We cannot triumph without an effort, a strong and vigorous effort. We have truth and right upon our side—truth, right and the interests of the country with which to meet the double dealing, specious arguments and unblushing misrepresentations of locofocoism. If these constituted the only weapons with which the foe would fight us, then we might hope to win an easy victory. It is openly boasted by the most distinguished locofoco in Louisiana that this State shall vote for Louis Cass if it takes half a million of dollars to secure that result. What do they propose to do with that enormous sum? Print and circulate documents? By no means. One-tenth, or one-twentieth of that amount would literally flood the State with documents, and less than one-tenth of half a million has already sown broadcast over Louisiana, thousands and tens of thousand of speeches, letters, lives, addresses and every other form and character of print and argument that money, ingenuity and a desperate cause could procure or devise. These papers, thus thrown among the people, with the most judicious care and system, that no antidote may ever reach the poison, are from beginning to end, tissues of the most unblushing falsehoods, and slanderous charges against Taylor and Fillmore, and the whole whig party. What then they propose to do with so large a sum of money? Look to the scenes enacted at Plaquemine in 1844 for an answer.

But shall all the error and falsehood so widely published by our opponents throughout the State all pass uncorrected? There is no perpetual motion—no inherent quality in the whig party, that it can move of its own accord, and, unaided by its friends, meet the furious and desperate assaults of its foes. It will not do for whigs to lay the flattering unction to their souls that this struggle will win itself.—Unless we act while action may serve our ends, we will be doomed in Louisiana to the most inglorious defeat that ever tarnished the lustre of our arms. We have an abiding and unshaken confidence in our strength, our principles and our men. Shall we, by overweening confidence, make our very strength our weakness, and the element of self-destruction? Shall we sacrifice our principles and the interests of the country to our inactivity? Every whig will answer *No!*—and locofoco office-holders will find in November next that their half a million has been spent in vain.

### The Battle of Aux Canards.

At the commencement of the last war, when Col. Cass was with Gov. Hull, in or near Canada, he went out one day with a few men and saw a squad of British soldiers at a bridge called Aux Canards.—When Cass's men got within gunshot they fired upon the British, who fired back again and ran. Cass had two men slightly wounded. Such at least was his own official account of the affair which has been hunted up and published in all the Locofoco papers in the country.—The skirmish is now called "the battle of Aux Canards." We do not suppose there is a man in the United States who

remembers ever to have heard of "the battle of Aux Canards" before the late nomination of Gen. Cass for the Presidency. All the historians of the late war with Great Britain though exceedingly minute in their details, are silent in regard to it, and there is no probability that any man of the present generation would ever have heard of it if Cass himself had not hunted up his old report and got it published a few weeks ago in his Detroit organ.

And now we do suppose our readers will hardly be able to keep from laughing when we inform them that the Locofoco editors, East, West, North and South, are actually dwelling upon what they call "the battle of Aux Canards" as one of the most brilliant events in our country's history. One of these editors, in his glorification of it, uses an old wood-cut of the battle of Bunker Hill to illustrate the sanguinary scene, and describes it as if he were writing about the field of Austerlitz or Waterloo. If you would believe the locofoco editors, Monterey, Buena Vista, Cerro Gordo, Chaltepuec, and Molino del Rey all dwindle into utter insignificance in comparison with the terrible "battle of Aux Canards." We are grieved however, that a Mr. Stewart, one of the Indiana Locofoco Senators, was a little unfortunate the other day in an attempt to describe this memorable fight. After glorifying the military character of Cass over that of Gen. Taylor, Gen. Scott, and every body else, he eloquently exclaimed: "Who of us, fellow-citizens, what man or woman or child, is not familiar with the name and the glories of the immortal battle field of—of—of—" but the discomfited orator could not for the life of him think of the name of the battle-field with which every "man, woman and child" was supposed to be so "familiar;" and, as no man, woman or child present seemed able to come to his relief, he had to sit down, leaving the name of the terrible battle-field unspoken.—*Louisville Journal.*

### SUCCESSION DE DAME ELIZABETH LABAUVE.

Cour du 6eme District—Paroisse d'Iberville.

**ATTENDU** qu'à une vente publique des biens appartenant à la succession de feu Dame Elizabeth Labauve, veuve Denis Landry, faite par le sous-signé le 3 juillet 1848.

Alexis Gauthier est devenu adjudicataire d'une certaine mulatresse nommée Julienne âgée d'environ quarante ans, pour le prix et somme de cinq cent cinquante piastres et le dit adjudicataire ne s'étant par conformé aux termes et conditions de la vente; à la requête de Mr. J. B. Roth, Administrateur de la dite succession, j'exposerai en vente publique **JEUDI, le 17 Août, 1848**, à 10 heures, A. M., à la maison de Cour de la dite Paroisse, à la folle-enchère, conformément à l'Article 2589 du Code Civil de cet Etat, et au risque du dit Alexis Gauthier premier adjudicataire, la dite mulatresse Julienne comme appartenant à la dite succession.

### CONDITIONS DE LA VENTE.

Un tiers du prix d'adjudication payable comptant le jour de la vente, un tiers payable le trois juillet, 1849, et un tiers payable le trois juillet, 1850. L'acquéreur fournira ses billets endossés à la satisfaction de l'Administrateur de la succession, lesquels billets porteront intérêts à raison de huit pour cent par an, en cas de non paiement à échéance, depuis l'échéance jusqu'à parfait paiement.—Hypothèque spéciale sera retenue sur la dite esclave, pour assurer le paiement desdits billets et de tous intérêts éventuels.

J. L. PETIT, Sécrif.  
 Iberville ce 15 Juillet, 1848. j22

**SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, FAHN ESTOCKS VERMIFUGE, AN BRISTOLS SARSAPARILLA,** just received from head quarters; also **JW DAVID OR HEBREW PLASTER; AND WRIGHTS PILLS,** for sale at **RICHARDS' Drug Store.**

**SALERATUS**—300 £ superior Saleratus in store and for sale by L. C. THOMAS, Druggist.

**COPAL VARNISH**—A superior quality in store and for sale by L. C. THOMAS, Druggist.

**WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,** for sale at Jan 15 **RICHARDS' Drug Store.**