

# SOUTHERN SENTINEL.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY,  
BY WM. P. BRADBURN.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ZACHARY TAYLOR, of Louisiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

MILLARD FILLMORE, of New York.

ELECTORAL TICKET:

First District, JACQUES TOUITANT.  
Second District, J. P. BENJAMIN.  
Third District, MANUEL J. GARCIA.  
Fourth District, C. ADAMS, JR.  
Fifth District, JOHN MOORE.  
Sixth District, JAS. G. CAMPBELL.

I have no private purposes to accomplish, no party projects to build up, no enemies to punish—nothing to serve but my country. I have no concealment. I hold no opinion which I would not readily proclaim to my assembled countrymen, but I do not intend to discuss matters of policy, which may be brought to-day and wrong to-morrow, or, perhaps, not the best test of fitness for office. One who cannot be trusted without pledges cannot be trusted in office on account of them. I am a Whig but not an ultra Whig. If elected, I would not be the mere President of a party. I would endeavor to act independent of party domination. I should feel bound to administer the Government, untrammelled by party schemes. The veto power: The personal opinions of the individual who may happen to occupy the Executive chair ought not to control the action of Congress upon questions of domestic policy; nor ought his objections to be interposed where questions of constitutional Government and acquiesced in by the people. Upon the subject of the tariff, the currency, the improvement of our great highways, rivers, lakes and harbors, the will of the people, as expressed through their representatives in Congress, ought to be respected and carried out by the Executive. I sincerely rejoice at the prospect of peace. My life has been devoted to arms, yet I look upon war at all times and under all circumstances as a national calamity, to be avoided if compatible with national honor. I shall engage in no schemes, no combinations, no intrigues.—Extracts from Gen. Taylor's Letter to Capt. Allison.

"I go for the country—the whole country."—ZACHARY TAYLOR.

"I disavow most unequivocally, now and forever, any design on my part to interfere with the rights of what is termed the property of the citizens of the other States."—MILLARD FILLMORE.

PLAQUEMINE:

MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1848.

**OUR VILLAGE.**—The new comer to Plaquemine cannot fail to notice the evident improvement going on amongst us in repairing and building. But while this is evident, it appears to be the result of sheer necessity alone—that those who build do so mainly through force, for a residence for their family.—Rent here is extremely high; and at present we do not know of a single house for lease, while there are several needed. Why do not our monied men build? Why is it that valuable lots are suffered to remain unimproved, when the expenditure of a few hundred dollars in the building of a neat cottage, would save the tax on such property, and ensure beside a large interest on the money expended? Surely, the denizens of our beautiful village are entirely regardless of their pecuniary interests, and of the prosperity of the town. If they do not better themselves and awaken from this singular lethargy, we will have to invite capitalists from New Orleans to pay us a visit—for we assert without the fear of contradiction, that a cottage in the upper part of the Second Municipality in the city, can be rented cheaper than one here. In the summer season, when the Bayou is closed, much business is transacted through this place, and traveling, from the Attakapas country, which warrants the impression that much stimulus will thereby be given to the growth of the place. A fine Court-house and Jail are about to be erected—we have two churches, a seminary of learning and a bank—and after the 7th of November next, we trust to see the enterprise of our citizens displayed in building, and hold out inducements for strangers to settle amongst us. It is by such a spirit only that money will be plenty in our community, property become more valuable, and Plaquemine arise to a size and importance which will ensure to us, at a cheap rate, all those luxuries and enjoyments which can only be had in a thickly populated town or city.

The planters generally, we believe, in this parish, commenced grinding cane last week. The weather for sugar making is propitious—the rains having subsided some three or four weeks since—and there is every prospect of a continuance of this present dry, cool and balmy season. From what information on the subject that we have been enabled to obtain, we should judge that an average crop of sugar would be made in Iberville.

**SLAVERY.**—We sincerely wish that a few of those Free-Soil-Abolition-Cassites of the North could have been in our village on Sunday the 8th. Our planters were then about to commence sugar making, and on that day their slaves had turned out more numerous than previous weeks, to sell what they had earned in their leisure hours. The town on the above occasion was literally crowded with wagons of hay, corn, fodder, wood, &c., all opened by slaves. A ready sale was found for their produce, and in the afternoon they could be seen quietly returning to their homes with happy and joyful faces with the articles they had purchased for their comfort and luxury during the winter, and for the bridal festivities of the young. Hoot at slavery and trample upon the rights of Southerners would you, Northern supporters of Lewis Cass!—for they are throwing up Van Buren—hoot on while you can, for your votes will be taken in a few days.

**Great Whig Meeting at Salem, Mass.**—The Whigs of Salem had a very large meeting on the 28th ult., numbering some 4000 persons, who were addressed by Rufus Choate and others. The meeting was convened by the burning of Bengala lights, ascension of rockets, and the illumination of the buildings. A delegation was present from Boston and many other places.

**The Candidates.**  
We have had on hand for some time a communication from a friend at Bayou Grosse Tete, which has been hitherto unpublished on account of its length, not of its matter, and which even now, we must take the liberty of giving extracts only:

"It is amusing to witness the efforts made by the leaders of the locofoco party, to prove that Mr. Fillmore is an abolitionist. They would if possible make the people believe that his defeat was a matter of primary importance; yet when they speak of their own candidates, they make the election of Wm. O. Butler only matter of secondary importance. They warn the people not to vote for Mr. Fillmore, and then appeal to them to vote for Gen. Cass. The truth is, they know Gen. Taylor has not an assailable point—that his character is known and appreciated by his fellow citizens of Louisiana, and that every slander against his fair fame will only recoil upon their own heads. They therefore strive to divert the attention of the people from the first candidate on the Whig ticket, and direct it to Mr. Fillmore, the candidate for the Vice Presidency, against whom they have manufactured something which they deem worthy their abuse, and against whom they hurl the bitterest denunciations. Their very efforts, directed as they are, show the lameness of their cause, and the desperate straits to which they are reduced.

Mr. Fillmore is, I contend, a safer man for the South than Gen. Cass. If he acted (as the Democratic leaders in the South assert he did) with Messrs. Giddings, Slade and Adams, when he was a member of Congress, how comes it that they all now bitterly oppose him? Who ever heard Mr. Fillmore charged with abolitionism before he was a candidate for the Vice Presidency? If he had expressed abolition sentiments while in Congress, is it natural to suppose that the Democratic members who were with him in the House and of course knew what his sentiments were, would all remain silent upon the subject? No—it would have been rung from the St. Lawrence to the Rio Grande."

Our correspondent then alludes to Gen. Cass's Nicholson letter, and in speaking of the 'change' that had been going on in that gentleman's mind respecting the Wilmot Proviso, says:

"If he (Cass) has once changed to gain Southern votes, what assurance have we that he will not, as soon as he is firmly seated in the Executive chair, if the public mind should undergo another change, change also, in order to conciliate the North, and secure his re-election? If he believed it necessary, in order to obtain that object, he would not hesitate a moment to sacrifice the South. What dependence can be placed in a man who thus watches which way the breeze of popular opinion blows, and shifts his sails to suit every changing flaw? The duty of the South is plain. It is to give her vote to Gen. Taylor—a man whose sound sense, good judgment and pure integrity have never been questioned—a man, whose urbanity of manners is only equalled by his honesty of purpose—and than whom, this Government does not possess a purer patriot or more gallant soldier. J. H."

"We refer our readers to the advertisement of J. HATMAN & Co., in another column. Their lime, for sugar making, said to be of a superior quality, should be tried by our planters.

**CASS NO SLAVEHOLDER.**—Gen. Cass has said that he is no slaveholder, he never was, he never will be, and he wishes slavery was abolished from the face of the earth, but, like his namesake, ex-king Louis of France, with whom he has pretended to be so intimate, he would make white men act in the same manner that Southerners exact from their slaves. We have before us the Niles Intelligencer of the 19th ult., an able paper published in Niles, Berrien county, Michigan, (Cass's own State) in which there is a communication from a 'Plebian,' which shows very plainly that Cass would make slaves out of poor white men if he could. This communication is on our first page, and we ask our readers to peruse it.

**THE TAYLOR BARBECUE AT CAMP AND HAGAN'S POINT.**—We have been informed by a gentleman who was present, that the Taylor meeting and barbecue last Thursday at the above named place, was a magnificent affair. About a thousand persons were present, including the beautiful fair ones of this and the adjoining parishes. Messrs. Pilié, Proulx, Sevier and Crockett, and a young Fillmore Ranger, Mr. Flower, were the speakers on the occasion. The utmost enthusiasm prevailed, while the most convincing evidence was adduced by the orators that Louisiana would go for Taylor by a large majority. The spot selected for the Barbecue, seemed formed by nature, in the arrangement of trees and shrubbery, for just such a festival, and through the exertions of Messrs. CAMP and HAGAN every thing that art could do was done to beautify the scene. Saw dust was laid over the ground for several acres, where the festivities of the day were to be ended by a carnival at night.

**FROM CALIFORNIA.**—Mr. B. CHOUTEAU, says the St. Louis Republic, arrived at Santa Fé on the 15th of August from California. He left on the 4th of July. Mr. C. reports that the American troops stationed at Fort La Paz were attacked, a short time before he left, by about 200 Sonorians, and that the Americans (about 60 in number) were obliged to fall back upon the fortifications. No list of killed or wounded was received, and the battle was not regarded as a very important affair. Business is represented as dull. The New York volunteers were not satisfied with the country, and most of them were expected to return home. Robberies were frequent in this region, particularly on the road from Los Angeles to San Francisco. The bands of robbers were made up of American deserters and Indians, and so formidable that the troops were sent out to hunt them. Mr. Chouteau reports that a man found two pieces of virgin gold near San Francisco, California, worth two thousand dollars.

From our Extra of Saturday, 14th.

## THE UNION IS SAFE!!!



### GLORIOUS NEWS!!

Having fortunately an opportunity, we hasten to inform our friends in the direction of Grand River, that we have received the Picayune of yesterday, which gives us this happy intelligence: "The Whigs are sweeping Pennsylvania, the return from 34 counties show a Whig gain, as compared with the last Presidential vote, of 7,223; the Congressional delegation will stand 17 Whigs, 1 Native, and 6 Democrats.

The Whigs will carry Ohio by about 6000—the Democrats give up the election in Pennsylvania.—Johnson is now certainly Governor of Pennsylvania, likewise Ford, of Ohio.

In South Carolina, the Hon. Isaac E. Holmes (Taylor candidate) has beaten his opponent for Congress 467 votes. Mr. Porter (Taylor candidate) has been elected to the State Senate, and 13 Taylor Representatives out of 17 have been elected." The Picayune says, that the telegraphic despatches which give the above are remarkably distinct.

**FLORIDA.**—By way of Savannah, says the Bee, we have further news from Florida. Duval county gives 35 majority to the Whig candidate for Governor, and 44 to Cabell for Congress. Four precincts in St. Johns give 20 Locofoco majority for Governor, and 27 for Congress. The Whigs have probably gained a member of the Legislature. Nassau, (four precincts) 14 Whig majority. Alachua, (one precinct) 47 majority for Brown, (L. F.) and 38 for Duval (L. F.) There is an uniform Whig gain in all these counties. The Democrats in Savannah concede that Florida has gone Whig.

**NASHVILLE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.**—A despatch to the Baltimore Sun, dated Nashville, the 3d inst., says:—"The Nashville municipal election has resulted in the choice of a Whig Mayor and Whig Council."

**DELAWARE.**—A despatch in the same paper says: The Democratic majority in Wilmington is 30, and in Christiana the Whig majority is 157."

**MARYLAND ELECTION.**—On the 4th instant, there was an election for State Senators in several counties in Maryland. A despatch to the Charleston Mercury says, that the returns show a large popular gain for the Whig ticket.

**Latest from Europe.**  
The steamer Cambria has arrived, she left Liverpool on the 23d ult. The Bee and Picayune give the following telegraphic news by her:

In addition to the information conveyed to us by our Telegraphic despatch, on Tuesday, we find further details in the Mobile papers. The despatch of the Tribune and Herald, says: There had been a sanguinary revolt at Frankfort.

The Irish rebellion has been suppressed. An armistice has been entered into between Germany and Denmark.

Six millions of the new loan has been negotiated at London, at considerable loss.

**CHARLESTON, Oct. 8.**—Paris is in great excitement. Louis Napoleon was momentarily expected to arrive to take his seat in the National Assembly. [We infer that he was elected for the Department of the Seine on the 17th ult.] Crowds of excited admirers were waiting his arrival. Cavaignac has decided not to object to his seat, but is taking extensive precautionary measures to prevent an insurrection. A change of ministers was about to take place.

**HIGH-HANDED ACT.**—Some days since, says the Crescent of last Friday, a new steamer named the Mameluke, arrived here from Cincinnati, under command of Capt. McCulloch. She was owned either by Capt. McCulloch or his son, and on her arrival here was seized by sheriff Lewis for debts due by the parties. A keeper was placed on her by the Sheriff, and she remained at the wharf until Wednesday morning last. At 2 or 3 o'clock that morning, Capt. McCulloch's son, aided by his father, gagged the keeper, an old man, tied him and put him in a state room. They then, with the help of some hands, got up steam and started up the river, with the keeper still on board, until they arrived at the parish of St. Charles, when they released him, and, having landed him, proceeded up the river. As soon as sheriff Lewis found the boat gone, he sent a dispatch by telegraph to the sheriff of East Baton Rouge, requesting him to seize her when she passed and arrest those on board. An answer was received that she had not yet passed that point. Since then several officers have gone on a steamer in pursuit of her, with the requisite authority from the Governor to have the boat seized and the guilty parties brought to justice, should they be found beyond the limits of the State. The taking off the vessel under such circumstances is technically highway robbery.

**COSTLY SPEECH.**—Mr. Benton's speech occupied 87 columns of the National Intelligencer and Union. By a late resolution of the Senate, matter of this kind is paid for out of the treasury at the rate of \$750 per column. This makes the cost of Benton's speech exceed \$1300.

The friends of Gen. Cass take great trouble to justify conduct at Hull's surrender, and to land his course in relation to that event. Fortunately the friends of Gen. Taylor have no such trouble, as he never surrenders.

**THE CHOLERA.**—It is contended in England that the cholera does not attack persons who live near breweries or mineral springs, in consequence of the counter influence of carbonic acid gas evolved there. All the watering places with springs that emit this gas escaped the pestilence, in Germany, Spain and England. Balston and Saratoga, it is said, also escaped.

A proposition will be submitted to Congress at its next session, to construct, by the Federal Government, a central railroad from the Mississippi valley to the Pacific ocean.

Among the many rumors growing out of the disturbed state of affairs in Europe, is one that Pope Pius is about to abdicate. With some, the wish may be father of the thought.

FRANCE.—It is thought that Cavaignac will not succeed in establishing a republican form of government in France. The aspect of affairs there is bloody.

**DEATH IN PRISON.**—John H. Farmer, who was committed to jail in Carroll Parish, on a charge of the murder of a person named McDorman, in June last, died in prison on the night of the 24th ult.

### BY THIS MORNING'S MAIL.

#### The Latest Election News.

We gave in an extra on Saturday, contained in to-day's paper, the telegraphic despatches of Friday, saying that the Whigs had carried both Ohio and Pennsylvania by a large majority. But in Saturday's Picayune, we find the following despatch, which changes the aspect of things pretty considerably; we should think:

**CHARLESTON, Oct. 12 O'Clock and 20 Minutes P. M.**—The returns from Ohio show a considerable Democratic gain. The Democrats claim Welles as elected.

Fifteen counties remain to be heard from in Pennsylvania. If Johnson gets Clay's vote in these counties he will be elected Governor by about one hundred majority.

The Courier, at the reception of this news, hoists the rooster, knocks the coon on its back, crows till it gets hoarse, and then struts off and destroys about a dozen brandy slings. But behold! presto, change! here is the despatch contained in the same paper of Sunday, which places things about as they were at first:

**CHARLESTON, Oct. 14.**

**PENNSYLVANIA.**—The Whigs have gained two members of Congress in Pennsylvania, have a majority of about ten in each branch of the Legislature and have elected their Governor (Johnson) by nearly six thousand majority.

**OHIO.**—The returns from OHIO are contradictory. Returns from Western Reserve indicate the election of Ford (Whig) by about five thousand. The excitement is very great. A despatch from Wheeling claims the State for the Democrats.

The Democrats have elected their Governor and gained three members of Congress. The Whigs claim the Legislature.

We are ahead so far, that's certain, and if we don't crow while we are able, it's our fault.

#### To Our Subscribers.

Entertaining the desire to send our paper to our subscribers as early an hour as possible, and to accommodate all as far as it is in our power, we have determined, for the benefit of our West Baton Rouge and Bayou Grosse Tete patrons, to issue our paper on Wednesdays and Saturdays, so that their papers will be received by the next days' mails.—Our paper will likewise be issued on Mondays and Thursdays, for the benefit of our town and down-river subscribers, containing the election and other news of moment by the mails of those days, which same news will afterwards appear in the Wednesdays and Saturdays editions. We trust that this evident disposition on our part to spare neither trouble nor attention in our efforts to make our paper acceptable to our friends, will merit their continued approbation and generous support.

**A COMFORTABLE DWELLING** for a small family can be rented or leased if early information is given at this office.

#### PUBLIC MEETING.

THERE will be a TAYLOR MEETING at the Court House on Tuesday, Sept. 17th, at 10 A. M., which will be addressed by Mr. J. G. Sever, of New Orleans, and Dr. Wm. B. Wood, of Baton Rouge. It is hoped our citizens will generally attend, as the Whig party count few more able and eloquent exponents than these gentlemen. oct16 11

#### JUST RECEIVED.

A. LEVYSTEIN would respectfully inform his customers, that for the purpose of adding to his already extensive stock of Goods, he has enlarged the dimensions of his store, and has just received a new assortment, among which are the latest styles and most fashionable

**FANCY GOODS AND JEWELRY,** and trusts that his friends—particularly the ladies—will call and examine for themselves. oct16

#### SUGAR LIME.

**To Planters.**—The subscribers keep constantly on hand, direct from the quarries, "GLENN'S FALLS MARBLE LIME," decidedly the best article extant for sugar making, put up in extra large barrels, and in fine order for transportation. Also, Philadelphia White Lime in hogheads and barrels. Also, St. Genevieve and Thomaston Lime always for sale on moderate terms by J. HAYMAN & CO., oct9 6m 98 Magazine st., New Orleans.

#### NEW GOODS!

**ROTH, BROTHER & CO.** are now receiving from the North a general assortment of Best quality Jewelry—received direct from the manufacturer, and is warranted in all cases of the best material and make. Clothing for gents, of best quality and style; Shoes and Boots of all kinds, and well made; A general assortment of Hardware. au21

**GENERAL assortment of Fancy Goods for Ladies,** for sale by

**ROTH, BRO & CO.**

**GENERAL assortment of Willow Ware,** for sale by

**ROTH, BRO & CO.**

**Rough and Ready Club.**—Extract from the minutes of the proceedings of the "Rough and Ready Club," at a meeting held on the 31st ult.:

"On motion of J. C. Davis, Esq., it was resolved, that article 1st of the by-laws of the Rough and Ready Club be amended so as to read thus:—Art. 1st. The meeting of this Club shall be held at the Court House every Saturday at 10 o'clock. A. M. On motion of J. M. Jones, Esq., it was resolved, that the Recording Secretary be and is hereby requested and instructed to have the above time and place of meeting of the Club published in the Southern Sentinel as a standing advertisement during the campaign."

J. L. HORNSBY, President.  
J. S. WEBB, Recording Secretary.

**Selling off at Cost for Cash.**  
BEING desirous to close out our old stock of B goods, previous to receiving our Fall and Winter supply, we now offer our entire stock of Dry Goods at present on hand, at cost for cash. au14 11

**A SUPERIOR LOT of Old "Bourbon" Whiskey,** for sale by

**BRINEGAR.**

**JUST received a fresh supply of superior Kentucky Lard,** and for sale by

**BRINEGAR.**

**A LARGE supply of superior sugar cured Hams,** just received and for sale by

**BRINEGAR.**

#### PRINTING TYPES

ARE SOLD AT

**BRUCE'S NEW YORK TYPE FOUNDRY,** At the following very low prices, for approved six months' notes:

	Roman.	Title, &c.	Shaded, &c.
Pica, per lb	30c	50c	90c
Small Pica, do.	32	56	95
L. Primer, do.	34	60	100
Bourgeois, do.	37	66	108
Brevier, do.	42	74	120
Minion, do.	48	84	132
Nonpareil, do.	58	100	150
Agate, do.	72	120	180
Pearl, do.	108	160	220
Diamond, do.	160	250	300

Larger sized Job Types are at proportionally low rates. Our Fancy Fonts are invariably charged by the pound and not by the font, and the prices are in no instance higher than the above. These prices, in consequence of increased facilities for manufacturing, are much reduced from former rates. A liberal discount for cash in hand at the date of the invoice.

Presses, Chases, Cases, Wood Type, Ink, &c., furnished at the lowest manufacturers' prices, either for cash or credit.

Our Specimen Book for 1848 is now ready for distribution to Printers who will send for it, and contains many new articles that we have never before exhibited, such as Writing Flourishes, Ornaments, Ornamental Fonts, &c., of which we have an ample stock for the prompt execution of orders.

We are now preparing and will shortly have ready for sale, an original cut and very superior Running-hand and Script, suitable for printing circulars, &c.

Printers of newspapers who choose to publish this advertisement, including this note, three times before the 15th of November, 1848, and send us one of the papers, will be paid for it in type when they purchase from us, of our own manufacture, selected from our specimens, five times the amount of their bill.

For sale, several good second hand Cylinder and Platen Power Presses, Standing Presses, Hand Printing Presses, &c.

**GEORGE BRUCE & CO.,**

13 Chambers st., New York.

**REGULAR PACKET.**—For the Coast, Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, Waterloo,

Bayou Sara.—The regular packet steamboat ELISKA, J. G. Landry master, will leave New Orleans every SUNDAY at 9 A. M., and WEDNESDAY at 9 A. M.; returning will leave Bayou Sara every Monday and Thursday at 10 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board or to

**BRAUD & LANDRY, Bienville street.**

**GERARD & FERRIER, Conti street.**

Aug. 28—11.

#### FANCY DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING STORE!!

HAVING commenced business on my own account, I beg leave to inform the citizens of this town and Parish, that I have just received a large stock of

#### DRY GOODS

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

—A180—

A variety of TRUNKS, and a large assortment of PLANTATION GOODS, such as Kerseys and Linseys, Blankets and Russets. I will also keep constantly on hand a large stock of

**Fancy Goods and Pertinery,** and a great many other articles too numerous to mention. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine before going elsewhere.

sep18 **A. LEVYSTEIN.**

**FIFTEEN bbls Packing Yarn;**

25 bbls Lard Oil for sugar house;

10 bales Oakum;

10 tons assorted Iron, suitable for plantation use;

Barrel and Hoghead Truss Hoops; White Lead and Linseed Oil.

For sale by [au21] **ROTH, BRO & CO.**

#### ROUGH AND READY COOPERAGE

AT BAYOU GOULA LANDING.

THE undersigned has now on hand a large quantity of MOLASSES BARRELS, of 40 gallons. Also a large lot of HALF BARRELS, of 20 gallons; and will keep constantly a large supply of the above on hand, which he offers for sale at the most reasonable and accommodating terms. He will engage to furnish Sugar Hogheads at moderate prices, in any number that may be ordered. Barrels, Half Barrels and Hogheads, warranted to be of the best workmanship and materials.

sep11 **C. H. MENSILAGE.**

**THE GENUINE WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEG. TABLE PILLS,** are for sale at the Plaquemine Drug Store, a new invoice just received from the proprietor and inventor; they are a sovereign remedy for bilious diseases and indigestion. Call and try them where you can procure the original pills from Wm. Wright at

sep18 **RICHARDS' Drug Store.**