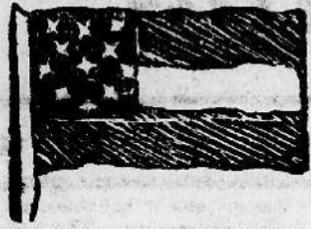


**OUR FLAG.**



HOME MANUFACTURE.

Shreveport Daily News.

J. N. DICKINSON  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Thursday, July 4, 1861.

Job Work must be paid for on delivery.

**AGENTS.**

Mr. JOHN W. TABER, is our authorized agent in Natchitoches.

Mr. D. D. O'BRIEN, No. 6, Exchange Place, New Orleans, is our authorized agent for that city.

Mr. H. C. CLARKE, Bookseller, is our authorized agent for Vicksburg and Natchez.

Mr. J. H. LOFTON, is our agent at Bellevue, Bossier Parish.

Those friendly to our undertaking, who may hear of any local, or other items, that will prove of interest to our readers, will favor us by handing in the same at the office the News.

We will be pleased to receive contributions from our friends, in and around Shreveport. An occasional article from our planters, relative to the crops, will be very acceptable. In fact, we desire correspondence from every section of the States.

Personal articles will not be published, either as communications or advertisements.

**See every page.**

Owing to the change in the Mail Arrangements, "The Daily News," will not make its appearance at as early an hour in the morning as usual. This we are compelled to do to enable us to furnish our readers with the latest intelligence.

**Sad Accident.**—Yesterday afternoon a shed in course of construction for Messrs. Howell & Buckner, in the rear of their warehouse, fell down, severely injuring Mr. W. K. Harrison a carpenter, and two negroes who were assisting him in shingling the roof. One of the negroes was completely scalped, and the other horribly mangled. The sufferers were doing well at last accounts. The negroes belong to Mr. Howell.

The procession this morning, will commence moving about eight o'clock.

There will be no paper issued from this office to-morrow, as our printers do not work to-day.

This is the 60th number of the Daily News, and it still breathes. It has not been "burst," yet, nor has the editor been compelled to box up materials and leave town. Queer, ain't it. Some say money makes the mare go—so does a whip. Kind friends do any of you now think, as before, that WE can't keep it up? if so, send us your address, for future reference. Patience, perseverance, and industry, accomplishes many things. Why don't everybody take the News? Can't afford it.—Pshaw! just depriving yourselves of only two drinks a week, and the thing is accomplished. Only two dimes a week.

**Tableaux Vivants.**

As there will be plenty to see and do to-day, in the way of amusement, our citizens must not forget that at night the benevolent ladies of our city propose to end the performances of the day, by an amusing and unique exhibition at the Theatre. Hold on to some of your change, friends, or it will be no go with you, for the admission is cash on the spot.

**The Day We Celebrate.**

In times past, the 4th of July; the old fourth; the glorious fourth; was a day which afforded us an opportunity, "as local," of distinguishing ourselves among the corps, editorial. Since then dear readers, what a change has taken place in the history of our nation. We hope, and cannot help but think, it is for the better. In the "fourths" gone by we would grasp the hand of each other, with feelings purely brotherly, whether, in this city, or that. We would have laid down our lives in the defence of each other. How stand we to-day?

Arrayed on the field in Marshal order, each anxiously awaiting the word of command to commence a terrible onslaught, unequalled in the annals of history. This well. How can you celebrate or claim the "Fourth?" we are asked by some who still cling to the wreck Union, with hopes never to be realized. We answer by right and justice, it is ours; we have ever cherished the events attached to it, and we are to-day following the example set by our forefathers who established it, making it, if anything, still dearer to the offsprings of the brave defenders of their liberty, now reposing in the mansion of the Allwise; smiling upon us with holy love for daring to attempt sundering the chains which bind us, contrary to the Constitution, which gave us equal rights, as the preamble shows:

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this constitution for the United States of America.

After reading the above let no man dare say or think that we are in the wrong, for such a man is a fool or knave. We are right, and knowing this we follow the advice of that old hero, Andrew Jackson, "know you're right, and go ahead." What the next fourth may bring forth no man knoweth, few of us may live to see it, but we pray to our God, that all may be in the land of the living, if only to know that the stars and bars, wave

"Over a people brave and free,  
By the Almighty blessed."

We publish the following rather spicy correspondence between Gen. Butler and Col. McGruder.

*Gen. Butler to Col. McGruder.*

DIVISION HEAD-QUARTERS, June 11.  
To the officer commanding the forces at County Bridge:

Sir—Capt. Davies and Lieutenant Potter, of the 7th regiment, New York volunteers, are about to proceed to the scene of the late engagement, near County Bridge, for the purpose of bringing away any dead or wounded that may have been left behind. I trust the courtesies of civilized warfare will be extended to these gentlemen, as I have no doubt they will be. I have some prisoners, taken with arms in their hands whom you may desire, or be willing to exchange for any persons who may have been so unfortunate as to fall in your hands. If you deem such a course desirable, a flag of truce with a proper cartel might be arranged, through the bearer of this note, Capt. Davies.

I have the honor to be, most respectfully, your ob't serv't,

BEN. F. BUTLER,  
Major General commanding.

*Col. Magruder to Gen. Butler.*  
HEADQUARTERS, Yorktown, June 12.  
Major General B. F. Butler, commanding Fort Monroe:

Sir—Our people had orders to bring any communications intended for the commander of the forces at County Bridge, or Bethel, to this place, and by a particular route—hence the delay. I understand from Capt. Davies,

the bearer of the flag, that you had four prisoners, to wit: one trooper, and three citizens, Messrs. Whiting, Carter, Lively and Merriam, the last being a citizen of Virginia, in your possession. And you state that you are desirous to exchange them for a corresponding number of Federalist troops, who are prisoners with me. I accept your offer, so far as the trooper (who is a vidette) is in question, and will send to-morrow, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, if it will be convenient, a Federal soldier in exchange for him.

With respect to the wounded, my first care was to have them attended to; medical advice and careful nursing have been provided.

Your dead I had buried on the battle field, and this was done in sight of the conflagrations that was devastating the homes of our citizens. The citizens in your possession are men who, doubtless defended their homes against a foe, who to their own certain knowledge had, with or without the authority of the Federal government destroyed the property of their neighbor, breking up even the pianos of the ladies, and committing depredations numberless and of every description.

The Federal prisoner, if it suits you, will be sent to Hampton by a sergeant, who will receive the vidette, Carter, who was captured by your troops before the battle commenced. I do not think a more formal proceeding necessary. You have but one prisoner of mine, and he was not taken in battle. If my proposition, to deliver one Federal prisoner at or near Hampton, by a sergeant, to be exchanged for private Carter be accepted, please inform me, or the officer in command at Bethel Church, and it shall be done. It is scarcely necessary for me to say that the gentlemen who bore your flag have been received with every courtesy by our citizens, as well as by ourselves.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully yours, &c.

J. BANKHEAD MAGRUDER  
Col. Commanding.

**A Phenomenon.**

Some of our people were not a little surprised and scared night before last, by the appearance in the heavens.—The conclusion arrived at was that the strange sight was a comet, with considerable of a tail, it was also observable the previous evening. Some of the old folks while looking at it shook their heads, and made predictions.—As regards ourselves, we acknowledge our ignorance about the matter.

The Sentinels are ordered out to-day at eight o'clock, A. M. Let their be punctual attendance.

The programme selected for to-day, will be found elsewhere.

R. W. Loughery, Esq., the able editor and publisher of that sterling sheet the Marshall "Republican," paid us a visit on yesterday.

Our friends both old and young, must bear in mind to-day before "spreading" themselves, that the article of gunpowder, may be in demand after a while, therefore use it economically; don't waste it.

**To our Patrons.**

We will not issue any "extras" after date on our publication day, as we hope to be enabled to lay before our readers in the columns of the "News" the latest intelligence received. To do this we have deferred the publication of our paper until after the arrival of the stage. Our subscribers therefore, need not purchase any extras, after date. There is now no necessity for extras, and we presume our community will not be bored with them any more. As it is such news as we at present receive, is not worth the space it occupies in a paper, but the appetites of the populace must be appeased. Should any dispatches be received on Sunday or Monday morning, which are really important (not otherwise) we shall place them before the public.

**Lincoln's Impudence.**

From the Richmond Examiner, 13th. A piece of impudence, entirely in character with Lincoln's government was attempted towards Gov. Letcher, which was promptly and pointedly repelled.

A pardon was sent by Lincoln to the Governor for a convict in the penitentiary, who had been sentenced for robbing the mail, by the late Federal court in this city, which the Governor returned with the following letter:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,  
Richmond, Va. June 7, 1861

To his Excellency Abraham Lincoln,  
President of the United States:

Sir—I am instructed by his excellency, the Governor of Virginia, to return to you the accompanying documents from the department of State, U. S. A.

The commonwealth of Virginia, not being one of the United States of America, the power of the chief Executive of that nation is not recognised by the government of this State.

I am very respectfully,  
Your ob't servant,  
S. BASSETT FRENCH.  
A. D. C. to the Gov. of Virginia.

We see it stated that there are four widow ladies in Culpepper county, Va., who have nineteen sons in the Confederate army.

*A Little too Willing.*—The following little scene occurred not a thousand miles from our whereabouts:

Enthusiastic individual volunteers for the war; wonders what effect the news will have upon his wife; goes home to impart the direful intelligence to devoted wife; expects any amount of sobs, shrieks, hysterics, etc., from devoted wife.

Husband—*timidly*—"well, Molly! I've got something to tell you—something that won't exactly please you, but—"

Wife—"Oh, well! Thomas, out with it!"

Husband—"The fact is, Molly, I—I—; but first promise me that you won't cry."

Wife—"I won't cry, Thomas, unless it is very, bad."

Husband—"Well, Molly, I—I—I—am going to the wars with Capt. —'s company; now, don't take on, my cherished angel!"

Wife—"Oh, no! Thomas, I won't. I am satisfied and much pleased at your determination. I can take care of myself while you are gone."

Husband—"Astounded at Wife's indifference; "And you are willing that I shall go and leave you unprotected!"

Wife—"composedly"—"Certainly; perfectly willing. I can take care of myself—don't be alarmed on my account."

Husband—thinks he smells a rat—"You say that you are perfectly willing that I shall go and fight in my country's defense?"

Wife—"Yes, Thomas; what can be more noble than to die in defense of one's country!"

Husband—to whom the idea of dying never occurred—"And you tell me coolly and dispassionately that you are willing that I shall go?"

Wife—"Yes, Thomas, perfectly willing."

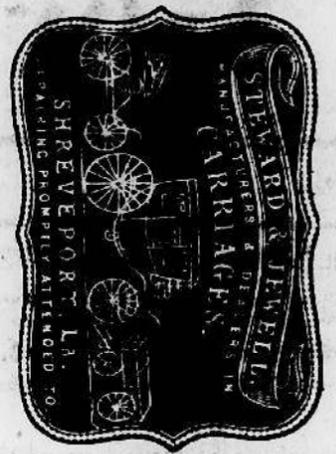
Husband—starting up in a rage—"Well, Molly, Molly, all that I have to say is, that you are a little too d—d willing."

And Thomas joined the Home Guards.

*Trade in the Confederacy.*—We are grieved to learn that our merchants are now receiving large supplies of coffee, and other merchandise, from New Orleans, via Memphis. Also that several shipments of rice have been made by railroad to Richmond, Memphis, Mobile, and other points in the Confederate States.

We hear that upwards of 2000 bales of cotton have been sent over the Charleston and Savannah railroad, to fill up vessels now loading at Savannah for Liverpool.—Mercury.

According to the Boston Advertiser, a private letter received in Springfield, Mass., states positively that Mr. Preston, the U. S. Minister there, has been using all his influence at the Spanish Court in behalf of secession and the interests of the Southern Confederacy.



Terms invariably CASH. 43-v-1-ly

**DRINKING SALOONS.**

**Confederation House**

TEXAS STREET

Between Market and Edward.

SAWYER,

Proprietor.

The very best Liquors kept at the Bar. n10-dly

THOS. H. SHIELDS, ARTHUR W. HYATT.

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DEALERS IN

TYPE, PRESSES, INKS,

News, Book, Wrapping & Printing

Papers,

CARDS AND CARD BOARDS,

Foreign and Domestic Stationery,  
59 GRAVIER ST. and 10 BANK PLACE,  
New Orleans.

n1-ly

**Amusement.**

THERE will be a series of interesting

**TABLEAUX.**

On the evening of 4th of July, 1861, by the Ladies of our city for the benefit of the Shreveport Grays.

The Mansfield Pelican and Bellevue Banner will please notice.

**Vicksburg Sun.**

Published in Vicksburg, Miss., by T. S. Martin, Chas. A. Cone, and Geo. H. Elwell. Terms, \$10 per annum for the Daily; Weekly, \$3. The Sun is the only paper in Vicksburg published every day in the week. v1-n54-tf

**Restaurant.**

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Shreveport and vicinity, that he has opened a RESTAURANT on Texas street, near Market, where he is prepared at all times to satisfy his friends and customers, from 7 o'clock, A. M. until 11, P. M., with warm or cold meals. To Boarders by the month or week, a liberal deduction will be made. v1n54-6m J. A. JEHLE.

JUST RECEIVED.—A fine lot of Dried Buffalo Beef from Texas, which will be sold cheap for cash by [no 22-tf] L. BAER.

**Leslie's Infirmary,**

AT THE LATE COURT HOUSE,  
MARKET STREET.

Opposite the Presbyterian Church.

Is fitted up to receive patients at all times.

The rooms are spacious, well ventilated, and have every convenience for the sick. Persons visiting this Institution for medical treatment will receive all the attentions and comforts of a home.

There are suitable apartments for Slaves, and the owners may rest assured of their receiving proper attention.

Shreveport, June 11—ly.