

# Shreveport Daily News.

VOL. 2.

SHREVEPORT, LA., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1861.

NO. 22

The Shreveport Daily News,  
published every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday morning,  
Office, on Texas Street,  
three Springs, near the Mayor's office.

**TERMS:**  
Daily, per year in advance, \$2.00  
Delivered by carrier, 20 cents  
per week.  
Sundays (Monday) in advance, 2.50

**ADVERTISING RATES:**  
FOR THE WEEKLY:  
For each square of twelve lines or less  
for the first insertion, \$1.00  
For each additional insertion, per  
square, 50  
FOR THE DAILY:

No. of Squares	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th
1 square	5	7	9	10	12	13	17	20				
2 squares	9	12	14	16	17	18	25	30				
3 squares	12	15	18	21	23	25	35	40				
4 squares	15	19	22	25	27	30	40	50				
5 squares	18	22	26	30	32	35	50	60				
6 squares	20	25	30	34	36	40	55	70				
7 squares	22	28	34	38	40	45	60	80				
8 squares	25	31	38	42	45	50	70	90				
9 squares	28	35	42	46	50	55	80	100				
10 squares	30	38	46	50	55	60	90	110				
11 squares	35	45	55	60	65	70	100	125				
12 squares	40	50	60	65	70	75	110	150				

For professional and business cards, (including the Daily paper,) not exceeding 12 lines, for 12 months, \$15—without per \$10.

The privilege of yearly advertisers is hereby limited to their own immediate and regular business; and the business of an advertising firm is not considered as including that of its individual members.  
Advertisements published at irregular intervals, \$1 per square for each insertion.  
Announcing candidates for a District or State office, \$10; for a Parish office, \$10; for city office, \$5—to be paid in advance.  
All advertisements for strangers or transient persons, to be paid in advance.  
Advertisements not marked on the copy with a specified time, will be inserted till paid, and payment exacted.  
Marriages and deaths will be published in news, obituaries, tributes of respect, and funeral invitations as other advertisements.

**DENTAL SURGEONS.**

**S. HINSON,**  
DENTIST,  
Office nearly opposite the  
Post Office,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

**GEO. W. KENDALL,**  
DENTIST,  
Office, corner Market and Milam sts.,  
Opposite the Bank,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

**MEDICAL.**

**DR. A. F. CLARK,**  
Office at T. H. Morris' Drug Store.  
Residence,  
Corner of Spring and Farrin Sts.,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.  
No 9—dly.

**SMITH & LEWIS,**  
DEALERS IN  
Drugs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes &c  
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN MORTAR,  
Shreveport, Texas St.  
No 9—dly

**Vicksburg Whig.**  
Published in Vicksburg, Miss. by  
M. Shannon. Terms, in advance,  
Daily per annum, \$8; Weekly, \$3.

**ICE! ICE! ICE!**  
A CARGO of Rockland Lake,  
Crystal ICE, just received and for  
sale by  
**A. ENGLE & CO.**  
Shreveport, April 25-n11-tf

**ATTORNEYS AT LAW.**

LEON D. MARKS. THOS. G. POLLOCK.  
**MARKS & POLLOCK,**  
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,  
Shreveport, La.

**PRACTICE** in copartnership in all the courts held in the city of Shreveport, and in the parishes of De Soto and Bossier.  
Office on Market street near Milam.  
n3-d-y.

ROBT. J. LOONEY. SAM'L WELLS.  
**LOONEY & WELLS,**  
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law.

**WILL** practice in the Courts of Caddo and surrounding parishes, and in the Supreme Court at Monroe and Alexandria. Office on Market street, near the Postoffice, Shreveport, La.  
n14-lyd

**HODGE & AUSTIN,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
Office over Childers & Beard's Store,  
Cor. Texas and Spring sts.,  
n1-lyd  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

**J. C. MONCURE,**  
Attorney at Law,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.  
Office with L. M. Nutt, corner of Milam and Market streets. n34-d-ly

**EMMET D. CRAIG,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
Office, opposite Post Office,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

Will practice in the Courts of Caddo, DeSoto, and Bossier. 1dly

**L. M. NUTT,**  
Attorney at Law,  
Office, corner Milam & Market Streets,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

**ASSOCIATIONS.**

**MASONIC.**  
SHREVEPORT LODGE of F. and A. M. No. 115, meets every Friday at 7 P. M.  
JOHN W. JONES, W. M.  
J. H. Brownlee, Sec'y.  
Shreveport Chapter of R. A. M. No. 10, meets on the 2nd and 4th Monday of each month, at 7 P. M. J. G. MCWILLIAMS, T. C. Waller, Recorder. H. P. Shreveport Council, R. and S. M. No. 5, meets on the 1st and 3d Saturday of each month, at 7 P. M. EMMET D. CRAIG, Henry Levy, Recorder. T. G. M Place of meeting, at the Masonic Hall on Texas street, over Mayor's office. no24

**I. O. O. F.**  
The regular meetings of **NEITH LODGE**, No. 21, are held on Wednesday evenings, at 7 o'clock, at their Lodge Room on Texas street.  
**JNO. DICKINSON, N. G.**  
**N. SELIGMAN, Secretary.** n110

**COMMISSION MERCHANT**

**J. E. PHELPS. J. V. ROGERS**  
**Phelps & Rogers,**  
(Successors to T. H. Etheridge)  
**Grocers & Commission Merchants**  
Cor. Commerce and Milam sts.,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.  
Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of **Staple and Fancy Groceries, Hay, Corn, Oats, etc.**  
Advances made on consignments to our friends in New Orleans. n18dly

**J. R. Simpson. G. M. Calhoun.**  
**Simpson & Calhoun,**  
**WAREHOUSE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
Receiving and Forwarding Agents,  
SHREVEPORT, LA.

Having leased the popular and commodious Warehouse of Messrs. Howard, Tally & Co., and having had long experience in business, we hope to receive a share of the public patronage, and pledge ourselves to do all in our power to give entire satisfaction in all business entrusted to our care.  
**All we ask is a trial.** no25

It should be borne in mind that the *Daily News* contains the latest intelligence received at this point. The paper does not go to press until after the arrival of the mail. It is delivered by Carrier for \$8 per year or \$4 for six months. 21

[Written for the Shreveport News.]  
**Abe's Wagons.**  
Air—Wait for the Wagon.

**By P. M.**  
Come all ye sons of freedom, and join our Southern band,  
We're going to fight the Yankees, and drive them from our land,  
For justice is our motto, and God is our guide,  
So jump up in Abe's wagons, and all take a ride.

So wait for the wagons,  
Abe's Yankee wagons:  
Wait for the wagons,  
And we'll all take a ride.

Secession is our watchword, our rights we will demand,  
And to defend our firesides, we pledge our heart and hand,  
Jeff. Davis is our President with Stephens by his side,  
When Beauregard and Johnson, will join us in a ride.

Wait for the wagons.

Our wagon is plenty big enough, the running gear is good,  
Tis stuffed with cotton round the sides, and made of Southern wood,  
South Carolina is our driver, with Georgia by her side,  
Virginia holds our flag up, and we'll all take a ride.

Wait for the wagons.

There's Tennessee and Texas, are also in the ring,  
And wouldn't have a government, where cotton isn't king,  
Alabama too and Florida, have long ago replied,  
Mississippi's in the wagon, and she's anxious for a ride.

Wait for the wagons.

Missouri, North Carolina, and Arkansas where slow,  
They must hurry or we'll leave them, then were would they go,  
There's old Kentucky and Maryland, each can't make up their mind,  
So I reckon after all, we'll take them up behind.

Wait for the wagons.

Louisiana's just and holy, her men we brave and true,  
She's joined with us to whip them, is all she'll have to do,  
God bless our little army, in Jeff. Davis we do confide,  
So come boys in the wagon, and all take a ride.

Wait for the wagons.

We met them at Manassas, all formed in bold array,  
And the battle was not ended, when they all ran away,  
Some left their guns and knapsack, in their legs they did confide,  
We overhauled Scott's carriage, and his epuletts beside.

Wait for the wagons.

Louisiana's Tiger Rifles, they rushed in for their lines,  
And the way they slayed the Yankees, with their long bowie knives,  
They laid there by the hundreds, as it next day did appear,  
With a countenance quite open, that gaped from ear to ear.

Wait for the wagons.

The battle being ended, and Patterson sent back,  
Because he did fight us, for courage he did lack,  
Abe Lincoln he got so very mad, when his army took a slide,  
And we jumped into his wagons, and we all took a ride.

Wait for the wagons.

Work of necessity—Unbuttoning a young gent's vest, to enable him to pick up his cane.

**TELEGRAPHIC.**

Cairo, Sept. 5.—The gunboats Tyler and Lexington, when off Hickman, engaged the Confederate gunboats fired twenty shots, and returned to Cairo, uninjured.

Grant took command to-day.  
Syracuse, Sept. 5.—Herman J. Redfield is the Permanent Chairman.

Both the Mozart and Tammany Hall sets of delegates have been admitted to seats, casting 17 votes each.

St. Louis, Sept. 5.—Prince Napoleon has arrived here. Fremont has prepared a huge escort for him, but the Prince slipped quietly to the Planters House.

Washington, Sep. 5.—The steamship R. B. Ford, has arrived at the Navy Yard.

The Captain, first and second mates, boat-swain and carpenter, were arrested and double chained. Charge unknown.

There was skirmishing near Baily's before daylight. The Confederates came down in considerable force from Munson's Hill, and drove in the pickets, but at 4 P. M., the Federals had crossed the road.

Louisville, Sept. 5.—It is denied that the Union Committee have a dispatch from Lincoln relative to Fremont's proclamation.

Quincy, Ill., Sept. 5.—2000 Confederates with two pieces of artillery are between Hunnewell and Shelby.

The telegraph and railroad stopped.

Pope proceeds to the scene of action.

Hurlbut is reported west of Shelby with 1500 Federalists.

Syracuse, Sept. 5.—On re-consideration, the Mozart Hall Delegation were expelled from the Convention.

Louisville, Sept. 5.—Magoffin's message on Federal relations is mostly retrospective, shewing neutrality to have been thrice ratified at the ballot box, and that his own course in refusing men to Lincoln, and his efforts to keep belligerents off Kentucky soil, have met with the nearly unanimous approval of the Kentuckians.

He says "and now addressing myself to the representatives of the people of Kentucky, I protest in their name and presence, in the name of constitutional liberty, and in the presence of heaven and earth against all and every one of the President's usurpations, unconstitutional and illegal acts; and I protest furthermore against the prosecution of a war, professedly for the object of restoring the government, an object utterly impossible of attainment by such insane means as a war of coercion; and I protest moreover against Kentucky being made the camping ground or the pathway for the movements of forces by either belligerents, and I recommend earnestly to the General Assembly the prompt passage of resolutions requiring both belligerents to keep off our soil, and to respect in good faith, the neutrality which the people of Kentucky, with unexampled unanimity, desire to preserve."

Louisville, Sept. 6.—Capt. Gorsuch, of the State Guards, has been arrested for removing the guns of the company southward.

Gov. Harris, of Tennessee, telegraphs Gov. Magoffin that the Tennesseans, occupy and are fortifying Hickman and Chalk Bluffs. Gov. Harris disapproves of the proceeding. His message will be submitted to the Senate. A special committee has been appointed to investigate the matter and report to-morrow.

Rumors are afloat here that Lincoln's gunboats had shelled Columbus, but the rumors cannot be traced to any reliable source.

Syracuse, Sept. 6.—The resolutions of Mr. Long express love for the Union and the pushing forward of the war or honorable peace, and an utter detestation of the Republican party.

Washington, Sept. 6.—B. G. Gallagher, pay-master of the navy, and a native of Virginia, has been arrested.

The government is endeavoring to make contracts for provisions, payable in treasury notes.

New York, Sept. 6.—Flora Temple has been seized as property of a Maryland secessionist.

The ship Merion has been seized.

Washington, Sept. 6.—Gentlemen from Georgetown Heights report heavy firing between 11 and 12 o'clock, in the vicinity of Munson's Hill.

The New York Post has advices from Virginia, which leaves no doubt that the civil and military leaders have agreed to attempt an advance.

Hudson, Mo., Sept. 6.—The eastern portion of the bridge over Platte river, on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad has been burned nearly through. The engine, baggage car and two passenger cars bound west were precipitated into the river. Many were killed and wounded.

New York, Sept. 5.—Cotton quiet at 20@22 cents.

Information has been received from Maryland, stating that seven thousand Confederates were at Leesburg. New entrenchments were being thrown up rapidly. Confederate pickets line the shore along the river to guard the fords.

Boston, Sept. 6.—Butler is here and will address a Union meeting at Faneuil Hall.

Hudson, Mo., Sept. 6.—The train which was precipitated into Platte river on the Hannibal and St. Joseph railroad, by the burning of the bridge, had from eighty to one hundred passengers on board of which only three or four escaped uninjured.—Seventeen were killed.

Richmond, Sept. 6.—Albert Sidney Johnston has arrived. He ranks in the Confederate army second only to Adjutant-General Cooper. The rank of Generals has been fixed by an act of the late Congress, and approved by the President.

Vague rumors are still current about the capture of Rosencrautz's army, but they are not reliable.—Some few private dispatches in Southern papers give authority for their statements by saying the report was confirmed by a dispatch received at the War Department. Such statements are only made to deceive publishers and readers, and create the opinion that the correspondents have news facilities superior to those enjoyed by the general telegraphic news agent.

Passengers by this afternoon's train, from Manassas, state that the Confederates killed 300 federalists, and lost 23 on our side, in a sharp skirmish yesterday, on the Confederate taking possession of an important hill near Arlington Heights. The report is given as received.

New York, Sept. 6.—Sales of cotton to day 1,500 bales at 22c.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 6.—The proceedings of the Legislature are unimportant. Several petitions against the embargo and in favor of the removal of the federal camps have been referred.

Gen. Anderson arrived unofficially and unexpectedly, and met with no reception.

What Lincoln is Fighting for.—The Washington correspondent of the Springfield Republican writes: "The President is very firm. To all who despair of putting down the rebellion he says, remember that it is just as necessary to conquer the rebels, to dictate decent terms of separation, as it is for the purpose of preserving the Union. If we were to stop fighting now, the rebels would dictate just such terms as they shall see fit. There would be no living with them in peace."—Ex.